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Canadian Champion

AND COUNTY OF HALTON INTELLIGENCER.

$1 A YEAR! "THE PRESS—The Palladium of the People's Rights." IN ADVANCE.

VOL. IV.] MILTON, COUNTY OF HALTON, THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1864. [No. III.

The Canadian Champion
IS PUBLISHED
EVERY THURSDAY
At the Office,
OVER WILLMOTT'S DRUG STORE,
Main-st., Milton.
BY
JAMES A. CAMPBELL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
At the Extremely Low Sum of
ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!
In Advance,
And contains the Latest and most authentic Reports of Foreign and Domestic News.
Great inducements are offered to Merchants and others, to Advertise in the "Champion" by the year.
All persons advertising by the quarter or half-year, can contract for space at low rates.
A trial is respectfully invited.

Georgetown Directory.

Wetenhall & Forsayeth,
BARRISTERS, CONVEYANCERS, &c.
GEORGETOWN.
OFFICE—The building on Mill Street lately occupied by Wm. Barber, Esq.
G. J. WETENHALL. R. FORSAYETH.
Georgetown, Dec. 16, 1863. v3-30-1y

JOHN LIVINGSTON, LL.B.
Barrister & Attorney-at-Law,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,
CONVEYANCER, &c.,
GEORGETOWN.
34-tf.

DR. FREEMAN,
RESIDENCE—Nearly opposite the Congregational Church, Georgetown. Office hours from 8 to 10 a.m. daily. Consultation day every Friday.

ROBERT YOUNG,
Division Court Clerk, Commissioner in Queen's Bench. Office Main st., West.

J. F. TAYLOR.
Saddle and Harness Maker, opposite Mr. H. Wright's Store, Main St.

JAMES MOORE,
General Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery. Corner of Main and Guelph Streets. 1-1y

SILAS STATHAM,
Tinsmith and General Dealer in Tinware, Stoves, &c., Main-st. 1-1y

WM. MCMASTER,
Dealer in Family Groceries, Produce, &c. Main-st. 1-1y.

HUGH MILLOY,
Carriage and Agricultural Implement Manufacturer, and General Blacksmith, Krin. 1-1y.

G. C. McKENZIE,
Iron and Brass Founder, and Machinist, Foundry on Water-st. 1-1y.

T. RUSTON,
Chemist and Druggist, Dye-stuffs, Seeds and Stationery, Main street. 1-1y.

E. TRAVIS,
Cabinet Maker, Turner and General Dealer in Furniture. Coffins always on hand or made to order on short notice. 1-1y.

PRESTON'S HOTEL,
Silver Creek. Every convenience for the Travelling Public. Attentive hostler in attendance. 1-1y.

D. McKINNON
General Blacksmith, Main Street. Saw-gumming, etc., done on short notice.

RAILROAD EXCHANGE,
BY JOHN HIGGINS.
This House is situated at the Grand Trunk Railway Station, Georgetown. Good accommodations for the travelling public. Attentive hostlers constantly on hand.

JOHN BAILEY,
TAILOR, GEORGETOWN, C. W.
Work done on short notice, at reasonable rates. 1-1y.

JOHN RUE,
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
MAIN STREET, GEORGETOWN.
Opposite Culp and McKenzie's Wagon Shop.
Garments made or cut to order on short notice, and at low rates. 2 91y.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
BY THOMAS CLARK,
GEORGETOWN, C.W.
BUSSES to and from the Station, regularly. Every attention paid to the travelling public. Good Stabling and attentive Hostlers. 3-5-1y.

ISAIAH BAILEY,
Merchant Tailor
GEORGETOWN, C. W.
MR. B. begs to return his thanks to his numerous customers for the support they have tendered him during the last 20 years, and would intimate that he is still to be found in the old place, always ready to attend to all orders in his line of business. Garments made in the latest fashion. All orders punctually attended to.
Georgetown, Aug. 31, 1863. z3-15-1y.

MR. L. BENNETT,
Surgeon Dentist,
HAS taken an Office in Travis' Building, GEORGETOWN,
Next door to Willson's Photograph Gallery, and will be in attendance each day from 9 o'clock a. m., until 5 o'clock p. m.
All operations guaranteed. Teeth set singly or in sets, on the most approved principles.
Georgetown, May 17, 1864. 51-6m.

T. J. WHEELER,
PRACTICAL
WATCH
AND
CLOCK MAKER!
FROM TORONTO,
CAN always be found at A. Galbraith's Shop, Main Street, GEORGETOWN, where he is prepared to repair all descriptions of Watches and Clocks in such a manner as will ensure satisfaction, and at prices that will defy competition. Jewelry neatly repaired.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry For Sale!
Georgetown, May 17, 1864. 51.

W. Barber & Bros.,
PAPER-MANUFACTURERS,
Georgetown.
Printing & Wrapping Paper
Constantly on hand and made to order
WOOL CRDING
AND
CLOTH DRESSING
on the shortest notice. Cotton Rags in any quantity will be received at their Paper Mill in return for Cash. Highest price paid in Cash for Wool.
Blank Deeds and Memorials
FOR SALE BY THE DOZEN OR OTHERWISE, AT THIS OFFICE.

Milton Business Directory.

JOHN DEWAR, Jr.,
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,
CONVEYANCER &c.,
Main Street, Milton. 26-1y

G. T. BASTEDO
Crown Attorney, Barrister, &c.,
MILTON.
Milton, Dec 1. 31-1y

COYNE & LAIDLAW,
Attorneys-at-Law,
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
CONVEYANCERS, &c., &c., &c.
OFFICES—Brampton and Milton. Office in Milton, next door west of Wallaces' new Hotel.
Feb. 10, 1864 37-tf

T. CROOKER, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
Coroner for County of Halton.
MILTON, C. W.
RESIDENCE—The house lately occupied by Dr. Hume.
N. B.—Diphtheria and all affections of the Throat and Chest treated successfully.
Milton, Oct. 27, 1863. v3-23-1y

A. LAIDLAW, M. D., & J. L. WATSON,
Physicians, Surgeons, & Accouchers,
HAVE located in Milton for the practice of their profession.
RESIDENCE—In the house occupied by the late Dr. Hume, next door to G. T. Bastedo.
Milton, Feb. 10th, 1864. 37-1y

George Brockhit Abrey,
Provincial Land Surveyor,
CIVIL ENGINEER, &C., &C.,
MILTON, COTY HALTON
A STUDENT WANTED.
30-tf.

P. M. McKAY!
COMMISSIONER for taking affidavits in the Queen's Bench. Agent for Colonial Life Assurance Company, also, for Victoria Mutual Insurance Company, Accountant, &c., &c.
OFFICE—Town Hall, Milton.
January 5th, 1864.

W. PANTON,
ISSUER OF
MARRIAGE LICENSES!
AGENT OF
Royal Insurance Company,
AT OFFICE OF CLERK OF THE PEACE
MILTON.
Milton, Nov. 19, 1861. 29-1ly.

Wm. Hutcheson,
Carpenter and Building Contractor, Main Street, Milton. Plans and Specifications of Buildings furnished to order on short notice.
Milton, Dec. 12, 1862. 31-1y.

ABRAM MOFFIT,
PORTRAIT, FLAG, AND BANNER, HOUSE SIGN AND CARRIAGE PAINTER, DECORATOR, &c.
MILL STREET, MILTON.
All orders punctually attended to. 42-3m

JNO MOFFATT,
HOUSE PAINTER,
Grainer, Glazier, and Paper Hanger,
MARTIN STREET, MILTON.
All orders attended to with punctuality and on reasonable terms. 30.1y

ROBERT ANDERSON,
BOOT AND SHOE MAK'R
Main-st., Milton.
WOULD inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to furnish them with everything in his line of business.
Repairing done on short notice.
Work Warranted. No Machinery.
Milton, April 5, 1864. 3-15 1y

ALBION HOTEL,
BY
J. B. LINDSAY,
COMMERCIAL STREET.
MILTON.
HAVING Fitted up this commodious House in excellent style, the Proprietor assures those visiting Milton that comfortable quarters will be at their services at all times at moderate rates.
Liquors of the best brands. Good Stables and Hostlers in attendance.
Milton, Jan 20, 1862. 37.tf.

THOMPSON HOUSE
MILTON.
CHARLES H. THOMPSON,
BEGS to inform the public that having purchased the Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. J. Wallace, he will be most happy to wait upon his old customers and the public generally.
A good Livery Stable in connection where Horses and Carriges can alway be had on reasonable terms.
Milton, Feb. 24, 1864. 39-1y

M. ARMOUR,
CHRONOMETER AND
WATCH MAKER!
JEWELER, &C.,
OPPOSITE THOMPSON'S HOTEL
(Main-street, Milton.)
All orders promptly attended to. Terms moderate.
Milton, January 6, 1864. v3n32

Stewarttown Directory.

JOHN MURRAY,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
STEWARTTOWN, C. W.

ESQUESING BROOM FACTORY
THE Subscriber begs leave to announce to the merchants of Halton and surrounding Counties that he is carrying on the manufacture of Brooms in the
VILLAGE OF STEWARTTOWN,
Esquesing, in the premises lately occupied by Gaud & Search, where all dealers can be supplied with a No. 1 article, Cheap for Cash.
Orders Punctually attended to.
Richard Gaud.
Stewarttown, June 3, 1863. 33-1y.

STEWARTTOWN HOTEL,
BY
A. RYAN.
THIS HOUSE has been thoroughly refitted and much repaired. The Subscriber takes this opportunity of inviting the patronage of the traveling public. Every attention paid to the comfort of guests.
Good Stabling and attentive hostlers
Stewarttown, Aug. 31, 1863. v3n15-1y

Hamilton Advertisements.

JOHN McKEOWN,
Barrister &c.,
COMMERCIAL CHAMBERS
JAMES STREET, HAMILTON,
3 42-1y

DAVIS'
NEW BILLIARD SALOON!
KING STREET WEST,
Directly opposite the Telegraph & Express Office.
HAMILTON, C. W.
Hamilton, Dec. 14, 1863. v3 n30.1y

A CARD.
THOMAS WHITE, Collector of Inland Revenue, Hess Street, near York. Office hours from 9 to 4 o'clock
Hamilton, Oct. 27, 1863.

YOUNG CANADIAN
RESTAURANT & BILLIARD SALOON,
James St. Hamilton, opposite the Mechanics' Hall.
M. MURRAY, RESTAURATEUR & PURVEYOR. All Choice Liquors, Cigars and all the Delicacies of the Season. Dinners, Lunches, &c., provided for Public or Private parties.
Hamilton, August, 3, 1863. v3n11-1y.

THE
INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
HAMILTON, C. W.,
WM. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.
THE Subscriber having leased the premises known as the International Hotel, King Street East, has had the whole building refitted and furnished at considerable expense, the result of which is that he is now enabled to offer to the traveling public accommodation and conveniences surpassed by no other hotel in the Province. His long experience in the business of hotel keeping will, he trusts, secure to him a share of that patronage which he has enjoyed for so many years.
The locality of the International Hotel—situated in the centre of the business portion of the city—is of itself a flattering recommendation, and in conjunction with other more substantial advantages which the proprietor has introduced, will earn for this Hotel, the subscriber hopes, the favor and good will of the business community.
The large dining-room of the Hotel—one of the most commodious rooms in the city—will still be open for Dinner Parties, Concerts, and other Social Entertainments; and his sample rooms for Commercial Travelers, are by at the best in the city.
In connection with the Hotel will be kept an extensive Livery Establishment, where Horses and Buggies can be had at all times, and at a reasonable rate of remuneration.
The International Hotel will be the depot for Stages to Collodonia, Port Dover, Dundas, Guelph and other places.
An Omnibus will run regularly to the Station, connecting with trains east and west.
WILLIAM RICHARDSON,
Proprietor.
Hamilton, Aug. 3, 1863. v3n11-1y

THE VICTORIA MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF CANADA.
THE Directors of this Company hope to secure for it a share of public favor by strictly adhering to the following principles:
Economical management. Careful selection of risks. Conditions as liberal, and rates as moderate as they can be, consistent with perfect safety. The dealing with insurers in a fair and liberal spirit. The avoidance of litigation and technical objections, and strict candour in regard to accounts.
The Board meets weekly for consideration of proposals.
HEAD OFFICE: Weatherbe's Chambers, Corner of Main and James Streets, Hamilton, C. W.
GEO. H. MILLS, Esq., President.
JOHN WHITE, Esq., M. P. P., Vice President.
Thos. M. Simons,
Sec. and Treasurer.
Agent for Milton—P. M. McKay.
" " Halton—G. B. Abrey, P. L. S.
Hamilton, January 26, 1863. v3-34-1y

CAMPBELLVILLE
THE neighborhood of Campbellville has been long famed for being the best angling ground in Canada West; but until lately the disciples of Isaac Walton did not make the discovery. The consequence is that the streams and mill-ponds in the immediate vicinity are teeming with fine speckled trout. While enjoying their favorite amusement Sportsmen can have the very best accommodation at
William Easterbrook's Hotel,
where choice liquors and every delicacy of the season can be had at reasonable rates. A daily stage to and from the G. W. Railway. Excellent stabling and attentive and careful hostlers.
N. B.—In season the hunting in the vicinity is equal to any in the country.
Campbellville, Sept. 7, 1863. v3n16ly

Miscellaneous.

Robert Swanton Appelbe,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, and SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
OAKVILLE.

GEO. DICE, M.D., C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
ERIN VILLAGE, C. W.
May 25th, 1864. v35-1y

D. ROBERTSON, M. D., C. M.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.
Residence—NASSAGAWEYA, C.W.
Nassagaweya, May 23, 1864. 3-22y

S. F. RAMSEY, M. D.,
GRADUATE of University of Toronto, Coroner for United Counties of York and Peel. Residence—Exchange Hotel, Main Street, BRAMPTON.
May 31 1864. v4n1 1y.

S. R. Lister,
DIVISION COURT CLERK, Commissioner in Queen's Bench, Licensed Auctioneer, Accountant, &c. Debts collected on Commission.
Nassagaweya, April 5, 1864. 3 45-1y

GREGORY'S
Restaurant, Billiard Saloon,
AND GAME DEPOT, 49 King-st. East,
TORONTO. 3-41y

GRAND TRUNK HOUSE,
Union Station, in rear of Depot, TORONTO.
SAM. HIGGINS, - - Proprietor.
Meals furnished at all hours for 25c. Good Lodging. 3 44 1y.

UNION STATION HOTEL,
Second House from Railway Depot, York Street, TORONTO.
WILLIAM OSBORNE - - Proprietor.
Board $1.00 per day. Meals 25 cents. 3-43-1y.

Drs. BUCK & STREET,
Palermo, C. W.
Office hours—From 7 to 10 A. M. daily. Consultation day—Every Friday.
A. BUCK, M.D., M.R.C.S.E. W. H. STREET, M.D. v3n35-tf

DR. CARTER,
(LATE OF NELSON),
Having removed to Norval, will practice in place of Dr. Laidlaw, (Late of Norval).
Feb. 17th, 1864 38-tf

Jas. Campbell,
DEALER in Dry Goods, Groceries and Hardware, Medicines, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and Ready Made Clothing.
BALLINAFAD, Jan. 1864. 3 34-1y.

ROBINSON HOUSE!
NORVAL, C. W.
THOS. ROBINSON, Proprietor.
THE Proprietor, thankful for past patronage, solicits a continuance of the same. Busses to and from the Cars regularly. Good Stabling and attentive hostlers. Horses and Carriages on hire. v3 n34-1y

GEORGE GREEN
BARRISTER-AT-LAW,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c
OFFICE—Hughes & Thistle's Buildings,
BRAMPTON. 01-1y

Dalton & McNab,
Barristers &c.,
OFFICE—Court House, Toronto.
D. G. DALTON. JOHN McNAB. 30-1y

TYRONE HOTEL.
HORNBY EAST, BY THOMAS McCALLUM. This is a New House, and is fitted up in a comfortable manner as any House in the county. Good stabling. Every attention paid to visitors.
N. B. There is a Store in connection with this Hotel. Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., kept constantly on hand. 2-5 1y

NELSON HOUSE,
VILLAGE OF NELSON, C.W.
J. C. BURGER, ... Proprietor
EVERY attention paid to the travelling public. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
Nelson, Jan. 27th, 1863. 36-1y.

HORNBY HOUSE.
East Hornby, C. W. By Geo. Sparling.
THIS House has been neatly fitted up for the comfort and accommodation of visitors. Every attention paid to the wants of guests. Good stabling, &c.
Hornby, July 30, 1862. 2.13 1y

James Matthews
DIVISION COURT CLERK, No. 4; Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Commissioner in Queen's Bench, &c., &c.,
ACTON, C. W.
N. B.—Mr. Matthews is authorised to take subscriptions and advertising for the CHAMPION, and receive payment for the same.
Oct. 6th, 1863. v3-20-1y.

MONEY TO LOAN
Apply to
G. B. ABREY,
P. L. Surveyor.
Milton, Sept. 1, 1863. v3n15

MONEY TO LOAN.
TO be Loaned on Mortgage Security on Real Estate, about $800—being Clergy Reserve Money of the Town of Milton.
Apply to
W. L. P. EAGER,
Treasurer.
Milton, March 16, 1864. 42tf

P. B. ZIMMERMAN,
Contractor for House Building, Valuator, &c. Plans of Buildings drawn on short notice. Carpenter and Joiner work attended to at reasonable prices.
Milton, May 25, 1864. 3 1y-52

Poetry.

The Child and the Dew-Drops.

"Oh, dearest mother, tell me, pray,
Why are the dew-drops gone so soon?
Could they not stay till close of day,
To sparkle on the flowery spray,
Or on the fields till noon?"

The mother gazed upon her boy.
Earnest with thought beyond his years.
She felt a sharp and sad annoy,
Which meddled with her deepest joy,
But she restrained her tears.

"My child 'tis said such beauteous things
Too often oved with vain excess.
Are swept away by angel wings,
Before contamination clings
To their frail loveliness.

Beyond yon rainbow brightening yet,
To which all mingled hues are given,
There are thy dew-drops, grandly set
In a resplendent coronet
U on the brow of Heaven.

No stain of earth shall reach them there;
Woven with sunbeams there they shine,
A transient vision of the air,
But yet a symbol pure and fair,
Of love and peace divine."

The boy gazed upward into space
With eager and inquiring eyes,
While o'er his fair and thoughtful face
Came a faint glory and a grace
Transmitted from the skies.

Ere the last odorous sigh of May,
That child lay beneath the sod;
Like few his young soul passed away,
To mingle with the brighter day
That veils the throne of God.

Mother, thy fond foreboding heart
Truly foretold thy grief and pain,
But thou didst choose the Christian part
Of resignation to the smart,
And owned thy loss his gain.

—Chambers' Journal

And Then?

Filippo Neri was living at one of the Italian universities, when a young man, whom he had known as a boy, ran up to him with a face full of delights, and told him that what he had been long wishing, above all the things in the world, was at length fulfilled; his parents having given him leave to study the law, and that he had come to the law school at this university on account of its fame, and meant to spare no pains nor labour in getting through his studies as quickly as possible. In this way he ran on a long time; and at last he stopped, his friend who had been listening to him with great patience and kindness, said:

'Well, and when you have got thro' your course of studies, what do you mean to do then?'

'Then I shall take my doctor's degrees,' answered the young man.

'And then?' asked Filippo Neri again.

'And then,' continued the youth, 'I shall have a number of difficult and knotty cases to manage; shall catch people's notice by my eloquence and zeal and gain a great reputation.'

'And then?' again repeated the other.

'And then,' pursued the young lawyer; 'then I shall live comfortably and honorably, in wealth and dignity, and shall be able to look forward quietly to a happy old age.'

'And then?' asked the attentive auditor.

'And then,' said the youth, and then—and then I shall die.'

Here Filippo lifted his voice and again asked—

'And then?'

The young man made no answer, but looked embarrassed, and went away.

This last 'And then?' had pierced like a flash of light into his soul, and he could not get rid of it. Soon afterwards he gave himself to the service of Christ, and spent the remainder of his days in making Him known to others.

Now, dear young reader, I want you to put Filippo Neri's question to yourself. 'And then?' For you have, no doubt, many bright dreams about the future. You draw many pleasure pictures of your success in life; of your home joys; of your fame among your fellow-men. Nor is it wrong to look forward; indeed it is sometimes necessary to do so, but the error into which we all are prone to turn, is that of not looking far enough.

Councils to the Young.

Never be cast down by trifles. If a spider breaks his web twenty times, twenty times will he mend it again.—Make up your mind to do a thing, and you will do it. Fear not if troubles come upon you; keep up your spirits though the day may be a dark one—

"Troubles never last forever,
The darkest day will pass away."

If the sun is going down, look up to the stars; if the earth is dark keep your eyes on heaven. With God's presence and God's promise, a man or child may be cheerful.

"Never despair when fog's in the air.
A sunshiny morning will come without warning."

Mind what you run after! Never be content with a bubble that will burst; or a firewood that will end in smoke and darkness. But that what you can keep and is worth keeping.

"Something startling that will stay,
When gold and silver fly away."

Fight hard against a hasty temper. Anger will come but resist it strongly. A spark may set a house on fire. A fit of passion may give you cause to mourn all the days of your life. Never revenge an injury.

"He that revenges knows no rest;
The meek possess a peaceful breast."

If you have an enemy, act as kindly to him as your friend. You may not win him over at once, but try again. Let one kindness be followed by another till you have compassed your end. By little and by little great things are completed.

"Water falling day by day,
Wears the hardest rock away!"

And so repeated kindnesses will soften a heart of stone.

Whatever you do, do it willingly. A boy that is whipped at school never learns his lessons well. A man that is compelled to work, cares not how badly it is performed. He that pulls off his coat cheerfully, strips up his clothes in earnest, and sings while he works is the man for me—

"A cheerful smile gets on quick;
A grumbler in the mud will stick."

Evil thoughts are worse enemies than lions and tigers, for we can get out of the way of wild beasts but bad thoughts win their way everywhere. Keep your heads and hearts full of good thoughts, that ad bthoughts may not find room—

"Be on your guard, and strive and pray
To drive all evil thoughts away."

A Self-acting Boot and Shoe Maker by Steam Power.

The old story of the machine which, having a sheep put into one end, turned out at the other end suits of clothes and roasted legs of mutton, was brought to mind by seeing the operations of this very ingenious apparatus, the invention of Mr. Southall, a shoemaker at Stalybridge. After four years of patient study and steady perseverance, he has succeeded in producing a machine which, in combination with the sewing machine seems likely to make a complete change in the present system of making boots and shoes; for while an ordinary workman will, on the avarage, make and finish by hand one pair, per day, at a cost of about 4s., Mr. Southall can by his invention, produce 150 pairs per day, from one screwing, cutting, and finishing machine, at one fourth the present cost by hand labor. He states, in fact, that he has taken a contract to make 2,000 pairs of bluchers, the uppers and leather for the soles being supplied to him, and to deliver 50 pairs per day at the minimum price named. All the attention required by this machine can be furnished by a couple of boys, whose duty is simply to secure the boot (ready lasted) in its iron holder, which firmly holds the boot until it is turned out from the machine in a finished state. The machine is not much unlike a double upright drill, occupying about five feet in length by one in width. A coil of brass wire is placed on the machine, the end passing respectively through a vertical shaft, a pair of dies and shears, each revolution of the coil causes a thread to be cut on the wire, the machine being regulated so as to cut any required number of threads by simply changing a wheel to increase or decrease the number of revolutions. The dies not only cut the threads, but they also draw down the wire, and force the screw into the boot sole without any hole having been previously made therein. A person not having seen the machine would imagine that the screw would force away the boot rather than penetrate the leather; but an enormous amount of pressure is brought to bear against the boot by a wedge shaped hammer, so that the screw is compelled to enter the shoe, and with the parts being so tightly pressed together the boot becomes entirely waterproof and very firm. As each screw is fixed this pressure is withdrawn, to enable the wire to be cut by the shears, and the boot to move the distance which it is intended to place one screw from another. In this manner, in about two minutes, each boot sole is firmly affixed to the upper leather, without being touched by hand. The boot is then removed to another part of the machine, where a tool is brought to act against the edge of the sole, and in a few seconds the edge is pared far better than any hand could do it. The cutting tool is then removed, the edge blacked, and a hot iron of proper form brought to bear against it; and the result is a beautifully finished edge, in a very short space of time, without the assistance of any human labor. The boot is then removed to have the heel attached, when it is again brought to the machine, where it is screwed in the same manner as the sole. That portion of the machine which finishes is used for the shaping of the soles and heels. A strip of leather is placed on a roller, when an iron pattern or tinplate of the exact form required is pressed thereon, the tool is applied, the machine set in motion and in a second the sole is cut, and an immense amount of labor is saved to the journeyman, for the sole is the correct form, and has no occasion to be again touched with the knife, except in the final paring operation. The insole and outsole having been thus formed, are tacked to the upper and then screwed in the manner described. We believe that a machine having a similar object, and not very unlike this in some of its details, was seen some years ago in this neighborhood; something incomplete in it, which Mr. Southall's ingenuity seems to have supplied. When the capabilities of his machine are fully developed, it may prove that Mr. Southall has made the greatest stride yet taken in automatic leather-working; and it is to be hoped that the inventor will be rewarded with the fruits to which his ingenuity and perseverence entitle him.—English paper.

The Queen and the Danish Question.

It has been observed that both Lords Russell and Palmerston have, in Parliament, in speaking of the aggressions of Germany used language amounting to threats, which threats have not been carried out. This is not the habit of English statesmen—least of all, statesmen of such large experience and ripe years. It has been observed, also, that the journal which is in such matters understood to be inspired by the Premier himself, has consistently advocated a policy of action such as would make good these threats. It has been observed, too, that Lord Derby, after for a certain time supporting a policy of action, has suddenly come to the rescue of Government from defeat on such an issue. From these facts, the public draws the inference that the actual policy which has been adopted has been moved, not by the convictions of the Ministry, but by the deference which both they and the heads of the Opposition are disposed to pay to the personal wishes of the Sovereign in a matter in which the constitution makes her despotic and in which her own practice has made her arbiter. If the public is wrong in this, it will gladly be corrected; but such corrections has been vainly asked for in Parliament, and we ourselves, some weeks ago, invited it in vain. Therefore, till corrected, this explanation of our foreign policy is naturally assumed and believed to be true. If it should be so, we need scarcely point out how greatly the fact is to be deprecated. The nation, jealous always for its honor and duty, has ever felt bound to remonstrate against being pledged, by a single will, to a course of which it disapproved. It were surely an anomaly too strange to be witnessed in this century, if the thirty millions of Englishmen and Englishwomen, if the statesmen who have spent their lives in the service of the country, should be forced, in deference to the personal feelings of one exalted lady, most admirable as she is in all the private relations of life, to yield up their belief of what honor, public faith, the welfare of the State, and the interests of Europe in all time to come, now demand at their hands.—London Review.

A Tipperary Turk.

During the operations of the allies in the Crimea, it was resolved to carry the water in from a beautiful spring in the finest Croton of the camp. Leather pipe or hose was employed, which was laid on the ground. One morning, while the water was being supplied, the minaret sounded to prayers, and one of the Turkish soldiers immediately went on his knees to praise Allah. Unfortunately he went down upon the hose, and his weight suddenly, stoped the current of that 'first of elements,' as Pindar calls water.

'Get up,' cried an English soldier. 'Voulez vous la boute, mon cher Monsieur, la Turque,' cried a Frenchman, and with his native politeness, 'de se lever.'

'That ain't the way to make the Turk move,' cried another. 'This is the dodge.' So saying he knocked the tap off. Still the pious Musselman went on with his devotion.

'I'll make him stir his stumps,' said other Englishman, giving him a remarkably hard kick. To the wonder, of all, still the unturbaned, well-kicked follower of the prophet went on praying as though he was a fortyhorse parson.

'Hoot awa, mon—I'll show how we serve obstinate folk at auld Reekie,' quietly observed a Scotchman. He was, however, prevented, for the Turk, having finished his 'Allah ven en allah' rose and began to take off his coat—then to roll up his sleeves, and then to put himself it the most approved boxing attitude, a la Yankee Sullivan. He then advanced in the true Tom Syer style towards the Englishman who had kicked him in the lumber region.

'A ring! a ring!' shouted the soldiers and sailors, perfectly astonished to see a Turk such an adept in the fistic art.

The Englishman, nothing loath to have a bit of fun with a Turk of such a John Bull turn of mind, set to work, but found that he had met his master. In five minutes he had received his quantum sufficit. As the turk coolly replaced his coat and turban, he turned round and said to the admiring bystanders, in the pruset brogue:

'Bad luck to ye, ye spalpeens! whin ye're afther kickin' a Turk, I'd advise ye, the next time, to be shure he's not an Irishman!'

The mystery was solved—the Turk was a Tipperary man!

GEN. LONGSTREET.—The Richmond Sentinel says:—We are glad to learn from his Medical Director and attending Surgeon, that Gen. Longstreet has so far recovered from his wound that he will be able to take tee field in the course of the next three weeks.

Remarkable Destruction of Caterpillars in Orchards.

Those of our readers who either have fruit-trees in their gardens, or who cultivate large orchards, will learn with much gratification that a certain instrumentality of destruction to caterpillars has been discovered. That coal-oil will cause instant death to these pests has been proved beyond all doubt. On Saturday last a letter was received at the Leader office, for publication, from one of our subscribers, an extensive farmer in the Township of Clark, county of Durham, stating the fact that, as a last resource, to endeavor to destroy the caterpillars (which had almost taken entire possession of the trees in his orchard) he experimented with coal-oil. Complete success attended the experiment. A brush of stiff feathers was made and portions of the trees smeared with the oil, in addition to placing a small quantity on the nests. Instant death ensued. The proprietor of the Leader at once tested the oil on his trees at Grove Farm, Yonge Street, where the caterpillars had collected in thousands; doing fearful damage. Capital oil for the purpose was purchased at the store of Mr. James Authors, Yonge street, and in a couple of hours one quart of it had cleared the orchard completely of caterpillars. The dead lay around in all directions. The effect of the oil on the pests seemed miraculous; there was no long delay to undergo, for one touch of the deadly substance to the nests spread desolution in all directions. This is, certainly, a cheap remedy, as well as a sure one, and all our subscribers troubled with caterpillars should adopt it. The valuable remedy just came in time from a Port Granby friend, and will, no doubt prove of universal benefit to fruit growers.

Healthful Observations.

1. To eat when you do not feel like it is brutal—nay, this is a slander on the animals; they do not so debase themselves.

2. Do not enter a sick chamber on an empty stomach, neither remain as a watcher or nurse until you feel nearly exhausted, nor sit between the patient and the fire, nor in the direction of a current of air from the patient toward youself, nor eat nor drink any thing after being in a sick room until you have rinsed your mouth thoroughly.

3. Do not sleep in any garment worn during the day.

4. Most grown persons are unable to sleep soundly and refreshingly, over seven hours in summer, and eight in winter; any attempt to force more sleep on the system by a nap in the daytime, or a "second nap" in the morning, renders the whole sleep disturbed and imperfect.

5. Some of the most painful "stomachaches" are occasioned by indigestion, this generates wind, and hence distention. It is often promptly remedied by kneading the abdomen with the ball of the hand, skin to skin, from one side to another, from the lower edge of the ribs downward, because the accumulated air is forced on and outward along the alimentary canal.

6. When you return to your house from a long walk or other exhaustive exercise, go to the fire or warm room, and do not remove a single article of clothing until you take a cup or more of some kind of hot drink.

7. In going into a colder atmosphere keep the mouth closed, and walk with a rapidity sufficient to keep off a feeling of chilness.

8. Two pair of thin stockings will keep the feet warmer than one pair of a greater thickness than both.

9. The "night sweats" of disease come on toward day light; the death-clammess and coldness is greatly modified by sleeping in a single, loose, long woolen shirt.

10. The man or woman who drinks a cup of strong tea or coffee or other stimulant in order to aid in the better performance of any work or duty, public or private, is a fool, because it is to the body and brain and expenditure of what is not yet got—it is using power in power advance, and this can never be done, even once, with impunity.

11. The less a man drinks of any thing in hot weather the better, for the more we drink the more we want to drink, until even icewater balls and becomes of a metallic taste; hence the longer you can put off drinking cold water on the morning of a hot day, the better you will feel at night.

12. Drinking largely at meals, even of cold water or simple teas, is a mere habit and is always hurtful. No one should drink at any one meal more than a quarter of a pint of any liquid even of cold water, for it always retards, impairs, and interferes with a healthful digestion.—Hall's Journal of Health.

GRANT'S UNPRECEDENTED LOSSES.—It has been ascertained by actual conut, that Grant loss more men in the terrible contest on the 12th ult., at Spottsylvania Court-House, then Napoleon Bonaparte lost on the memorable field of Waterloo. Since the commencement of the campaign Graht has lost ninenty thousand men. The desertion and straggling is wethout precedent. The country between the Rapidan and the Potomac literally swarms with stragglers.

THE DERBY.—For the information of our sporting readess we give the following item of news which arrived by the last steamer from Europe:—The Derby was won by Blair Athol, General Peel being second and the Scotish Chief Third.—There were 30 horses started.