

"I say to Parliaments, and to the taxpayers," said Mr. Arnott, "that if war were to break out, you would send our young men, and there would not be any difficulty here in Canada to finance the implements of war. It should not then be hard to support the young people in times of peace. It is a tragic situation when young people go begging for a job."

Sees Inspiration in Visit.

He suggested there should be further emphasis in the textbooks to the services of Canadians, rather than to the lives of current dictators. He believed their Majesties' visit would give an inspiration to youth, and that it should give to all an opportunity of voicing their appreciation to the Mother Country.

"When she is in trouble, in war, I say Canada is at war," declared Mr. Arnott. "There is no use of fooling ourselves any longer. We must share our obligation, and we must take the stand that we are 100 per cent behind the British Empire."

To the debate, J. J. Glass, K.C.,

Lib., St. Andrew, brought emphasis that the principles and ideals which made up the Empire—the moral strength of the British people—was greater than mere material strength.

He spoke quietly and with deep feeling of the persecutions of the Jewish race, and as a Jew, he said: "I am particularly happy in raising my voice to this resolution, realizing as I do that as long as we have a sovereign, there will be maintained within the Empire the principles of liberty, decency, humanity and fair play."

Mr. Stewart said he was particularly happy that in his maiden speech before the House, he was given the opportunity of expressing appreciation of the "priceless privilege of British citizenship."

He warned that while the Dominion as a whole held loyalty to the Crown, there were some subversive elements who, while enjoying freedom and liberty, sought to destroy the very thing they enjoyed.

"We should tell the world that we are proud of being British subjects," said Mr. Stewart. "We are united by loyalty. The people we represent love British institutions and freedom and are determined to preserve them."

The Conservative member saw in the resolution the spirit of a united Canada. Then, in calling citizens to a sense of their citizenship duties, he added: "If a country is worth fighting for, surely it is worth living for and to take an interest in so that it may be worth voting for. Let us do our part in preserving the unity of our country."

Mr. Conant emphasized that one of the strongest links of Empire lay in the Statute of Westminster, under which Canada assumed a new status, but under which her relation within the Empire remained as a fact with the King in the role of King of Canada.

Through the right of appeal to the Privy Council, he saw cause for deep satisfaction, in that having obtained a constitution by the British Parliament, it was fitting that the same constitution should be construed by a British tribunal.

"So in the final result in constitutional changes, we, as never before are able to say, 'God Save the King.'"

W. A. Summerville (Cons., Riverdale) and Goldwyn Elgie (Cons., Woodbine), also expressed support for the resolution.