

(1) Prescribing the forms of records of purchases of liquor by the holders of permits, and the reports to be made thereon to the board, and providing for inspection of the records to be kept;

"(m) Prescribing the manner of giving and serving notices required by this act or the regulations made thereunder;

"(n) Prescribing the duties of officials authorized to issue permits under this act;

"(o) Prescribing the fees payable in respect of permits and licenses issued under this act for which no fees are prescribed in this act, and prescribing the fees for anything done or permitted to be done under the regulations made thereunder;

"(p) Prescribing, subject to the provisions of this act, the books, records and returns to be kept by the holder of any license for the sale of liquor under this act;

#### Distribution of Supplies.

"(q) Supervising the distribution of supplies and the manner in which liquor may be kept and stored;

"(r) Supervising the hours and days upon which, and the manner, methods and means by which vendors and brewers shall deliver liquor

under this act, and the hours and days during which, and the manner, methods and means by which liquor under this act may be lawfully conveyed and carried;

"(s) Governing the conduct, management and equipment of any premises upon which liquor may be sold or consumed under this act;

"(t) Generally for the better carrying out of the provisions of the act."

Section 12 empowers the board, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, to purchase lands or buildings, and to equip buildings required under the system, to purchase liquor for sale in the stores; to appoint officers, inspectors, vendors, servants; to define their duties and fix their remuneration.

Several sections following deal with the ownership of property acquired by the board, the financing and accounting by the board, and the profits.

#### Profits to Go to Crown.

Section 13 provides that the board pay expenses, liabilities and debts from the moneys received in administration, and that the profits shall be the property of the Crown. The Crown holds the property rights to all buildings, lands and moneys acquired by the board.

According to Section 14 the board shall from time to time make reports to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, and must give a yearly report containing a statement of nature of business transacted by each vendor, a detailed financial statement, general information and remarks as to the working of the law, and any other information required by the Minister administering the act. This annual report, if made during the session of the Legislature, is to be laid before the House "forthwith," or if made between sessions is to be tabled within 15 days after the House opens. The books and records of the board are to be examined and audited by the Provincial Auditor and the persons authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

#### Sales Under Permits.

Part II. deals with the establishment of Government stores and sales under permits, with the sections reading as follows:

"30. Stores to be known as Government stores may be established by the board at such places in the Province as are considered advisable for the sale of liquor in accordance with the provisions of this act and the regulations made thereunder, and the board may from time to time fix the prices at which the various classes, varieties and brands of liquor shall be sold and such prices shall be the same at all such Government stores.

"31. The sale of liquor at each Government store shall be conducted by a person appointed under this act to be known as a 'vendor,' who shall, under the directions of the board, be responsible for the carrying out of this act and the regulations made thereunder, so far as they relate to the conduct of such store and the sale of liquor thereat.

"32. (1) A vendor may sell to any person who is the holder of a subsisting permit, such liquor as that permit is entitled to purchase under such permit in conformity with the provisions of this act and the regulations made thereunder.

#### Conditions of Sale.

"(2) No liquor sold under this section shall be delivered until:

"(a) the purchaser has given a written order to the vendor, dated and signed by such purchaser and stating the number of his permit, and the kind and quantity of the liquor ordered; and,

"(b) the purchaser has produced his permit for inspection and endorsement by the vendor; and

"(c) the purchaser has paid for the liquor in cash; and

"(d) the vendor has endorsed on the permit the kind and quantity of the liquor sold and the date of the sale.

"33. No liquor shall be sold to any purchaser except in a package sealed with the official seal as prescribed by this act and such package shall not be opened on the premises of a Government store.

"34. No officer, clerk or servant of the board employed in the Government store shall allow any liquor to be consumed on the premises of a Government store nor shall any person consume any liquor on such premises.

"35. No sale or delivery of liquor shall be made on or from the premises of any Government store nor shall any store be kept open for the sale of liquor:

"(a) on any holiday;

"(b) on any day on which polling takes place at any Dominion or Provincial election held in the electoral district in which the store is situated;

"(c) on any day on which polling takes place at any municipal election held in the municipality in which the store is situated or upon any question submitted to the electors of the municipality under any act of Ontario;

"(d) during such other periods and on such other days as the board may direct.

"36. It shall be lawful to carry or convey liquor to any Government store and to and from any warehouse or depot established by the board for the purpose of this act, and when permitted so to do by this act and the regulations made thereunder and in accordance herewith, it shall be lawful for any common carrier, or other person, to carry or convey liquor sold by a vendor from a Government store, or beer, when lawfully sold by the board or a vendor, from the premises where-in such beer was manufactured, or from premises where the beer may be lawfully kept and sold, to any place to which the same may be lawfully delivered under this act and the regulations made thereunder, provided that no such common carrier or any other person shall open, or break, or allow to be opened or broken, any package or vessel containing liquor, or drink, or use, or allow to be drunk or used, any liquor therefrom while being so carried or conveyed.

#### Classes of Permits.

"37—(1) The board may issue two classes of permits under this act for the purchase of liquor:

"(a) Individual permits.

"(b) Special permits.

"(2) Upon application in the prescribed form being made to the board or to any official authorized by the board to issue permits accompanied by payment of the prescribed fee, and upon the board or such official being satisfied that the applicant is entitled to a permit for the purchase of liquor under this act, the board or such official may issue to the applicant a permit of the class applied for, as follows:

"(a) An 'individual permit' in the prescribed form may be granted to an individual of the full age of 21 years, who has resided in the Province for the period of at least one month immediately preceding the date of his making the application, and who is not disqualified under this act, entitling the applicant to purchase liquor in accordance with the terms and provisions of the permit, and the provisions of this act,

and the regulations made thereunder.

"(b) An 'individual permit' in the prescribed form may be granted to an individual of the full age of 21 years, who is temporarily resident or sojourning in the Province and who is not disqualified under this act, entitling the applicant during a period not exceeding one month to purchase liquor in accordance with the terms and provisions of the permit, and the provisions of this act and the regulations made thereunder;

#### Special Permits.

"(c) A 'special permit' in the prescribed form may be granted to a druggist, physician, dentist or veterinary, or to a person engaged within the Province in mechanical or manufacturing business, or in scientific pursuits, requiring liquor for use therein, entitling the applicant to purchase liquor for the purpose named in such 'special permit' and in accordance with the terms and provisions of such 'special permit' and in accordance with the provisions of this act, and the regulations made thereunder;

"(d) A 'special permit' in the prescribed form may be granted to a priest, minister of the Gospel or any other minister of any religious faith authorized to solemnize marriage in Ontario entitling the applicant to purchase wine for sacramental purposes in accordance with the terms and provisions of such 'special permit';

"(e) A 'special permit' in the prescribed form may be granted when authorized by the regulations, entitling the applicant to purchase liquor for the purpose named in the permit and in accordance with the terms and provisions of such permit, and of this act and the regulations made thereunder.

"(3) No one who has been convicted of keeping, frequenting or being an inmate of a disorderly house shall be entitled to a permit until after the expiration of at least one year from the date of such conviction.

"(4) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this act, the board may refuse or direct any official authorized to issue permits to refuse to issue a permit to any person, and no official so directed shall issue any such permit.

#### Expire in October.

"38. Unless sooner cancelled, every permit shall expire at midnight on the 31st day of October of the year in respect to which the permit is issued, except in the case of

"(a) Special permits issued under Clause (e) of Subsection 2 of Section 37, which shall expire in accordance with the terms contained therein;

"(b) a permit which, according to its terms, sooner expires.

"39. Every permit shall be issued in the name of the applicant therefor, and no permit shall be transferable, nor shall the holder of any permit allow any other person to use the permit.

"40. No permit shall be delivered to the applicant until he has, in the presence of some person duly authorized by the board, or in the presence of the official to whom the application is made, written his signature thereon in the manner prescribed by the regulations for the purpose of his future identification as the holder thereof, and the signature has been attested by a member of the board, or other official authorized to issue the same.

"41. No person who is the holder of an unexpired individual permit under this act shall make application for, or be entitled to hold any other individual permit, whether of the same or another class; provided, however, that the holder of a subsisting and unexpired individual permit may, without any claim to, or for rebate, return such permit to the board or official authorized to issue permits and then be entitled to make application for a permit under this act, and any person whose permit has been lost or destroyed may apply to the board or other official by whom the permit was issued, and upon proof of the loss or destruction of the permit, and subject to the conditions contained in the regulations, may obtain a duplicate permit in lieu of the permit so lost or destroyed, for which duplicate permit a fee of 50 cents shall be paid.