habits, and if hard anything Mr. Balfour honor. He had been a member, and he and those asted with him on that side of the se would welcome him to the position. They were sorry he was in poor salth, and honed he was in poor

stored. He hoped he would soon be rehave a pleasant time in his Speakership.

The motion was then carried, and the new Speaker, now the Hon. Mr. Balfour, took the chair and made a brief speech acknowledging the honor conferred upon him by the House in choosing him Speaker. Those who had been associated with him in the House for twelve years knew that he would try fearlessly and impartially to discharge the duties of so honorable an office. He trusted he would have the advice and counsel of the leaders of both sides of the House, and not only their advice but their assistance, and that of all the honorable members in maintaining the members' rights and the dignity of Parliament. He thanked the members for their kindness, and hoped that during the time in which he held the position he would do nothing to forfeit their con-

fidence. A fifteen-minute adjournment was then made, at the end of which Mr. Balfour more: took the once chair and the gubernatorial procession re-ent red. In ancient formula Mr. Balfour announced to the Lieutenant-Governor that he had been elected Speaker of the House, and prayed that if he should err his Honor would consider it as his fault and not that of the Assembly, whose servant he was. He then claimed all rights and privileges, especially those of free speech and free access to his Honor's person. His Honor solemnly promised to grant these boons, and then with the customary formalities read the speech from the throne, as follows :-

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the

Legislative Assembly:

In opening this, the first session of the eighth Parliament of the Province, I am glad to welcome you as the representatives of the people assembled for the despatch of business.

While the past year was unfavorable

to the agricultural interests in some respects, the prices of many products, especially grain and stock, remaining unusually low, it is very gratifying to know that increased interest has been taken in improved methods of farming and in the reports and publications of the Department of Agriculture. Various agricultural associations and organizations have been making increased demands for instructors. The special dairy work in connection with the Agricultural College at Guelph has been prosecuted with very satisfactory results, and I am pleased to learn that last year proved to be the most successful year in the history of the college.

From time to time public attention has been directed to our northern districts as suitable for settlement by an agricultural population. At the present time considerable interest is being manifested in this direction, and it is proposed to establish, with your approval, at a moderate expense, a pioneer dairy farm to attract further attention to these new districts, and also to prove their adaptability to agricul-

During the past year the Rainy Lake region has come into notice as a gold field. Many explorers have been attracted to it, a number of promising locations have been taken up and partially developed, and it is expected that several mills for treating ore will be in operation this year. The prospect of gold mining in this district will no doubt promote settlement of the rich agricultural lands in the Rainy River valley.

A bill will be laid before you containing some supplementary provision which the experience of the last general election has indicated to be desirable in the election laws. The registration of voters act of last session with respect to cities having work? I satisfactorily, you will be asked to consider the propriety of extending its operations

Your attention will be invited to a measure designed to lessen the number of appeals in the courts of the Province and otherwise to simplify the proceedings of the Superior Courts; a measure to provide, in matters of Provincial jurisdiction, that where jurors vincial jurisdiction, that where jurors are not unanimous ten jurors may give

law reform.

You will further be asked to consider bills for extending the benefit of the factory act and the children's protection act; for revising and consolidating the acts relating to agriculture, and the acts relating to mechanics' institutes and free libraries.

The Supreme Court of Canada having held that the Province has no power to pass a prohibitory liquor law, my Government is taking the necessary proceedings for an appeal to her Majesty's Privy Council upon this question, and the appeal is expected to be heard and disposed of before the end of the present year.

In accordance with the promise made to the House last session, I appointed a commission to collect and report the facts bearing on the views which have been expressed with respect to the mode of remunerating and appointing certain Provincial officials now paid by rees and with respect to the extent of the remuneration they should receive, including in regard to the said matters respectively the practice and experience of other countries. The commissioners have pursued their task with diligence and have made full inquiry into the matters referred to them. Their report is about completed and will soon he placed in your hands for your consideration, with a view to such legislation as may appear to be proper.

The question of the maintenance of Government House at the expense of the Province will no doubt receive your earnest attention; and I trust that the policy which may be adopted will be such as may prove to be generally satisfactory.

Since the last session the main building of the Brockville Asylum has been completed, and patients were admitted before the end of the year, relieving thereby the crowded condition of some of the other institutions.

I am pleased to be able to inform you that considerable progress has been made during the past year by the arbitrators to whom were submitted all questions relating to the unsettled accounts between the Dominion and the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and between the two Provinces, and the parties interested have shown their sincere desire to have the differences between them settled speedily and amicably.

The public accounts for the year just closed will be placed in your hands at a very early day. You will be glad to know that the total expenditures of the Province were kept well within the appropriations, and that the actual receipts were considerably in excess of the estimate.

The estimates for the current year will, without delay, be submitted for your approval. They will be found to have been prepared with a due regard to economy and the necessition of the public service.

The session will I trust be noted for the wisdom and prudence of your deliberations, and for measures calculated to premote the best interests of the Province.

After the speech had been finished and the Lieutenant-Governor has ed some formal business was transcors ed. The writs and Judges' certificates in the cases of London, West Algoma, Kingston, South Perth, West Wellington and East Northumberland were laid before the House, and Sir Oliver Mowat introduced the formal bill respecting the oath of office to Justices of the Peace, which is every session introduced on the opening day. The consideration of the Queen's speech was set for to-morrow, and the appointment of select standing committees ordered. Then on motion of Sir Oliver Mowat the House adjourned till 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

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