

Kids Are Just Kids, After All, It Seems, Despite All the Fuss

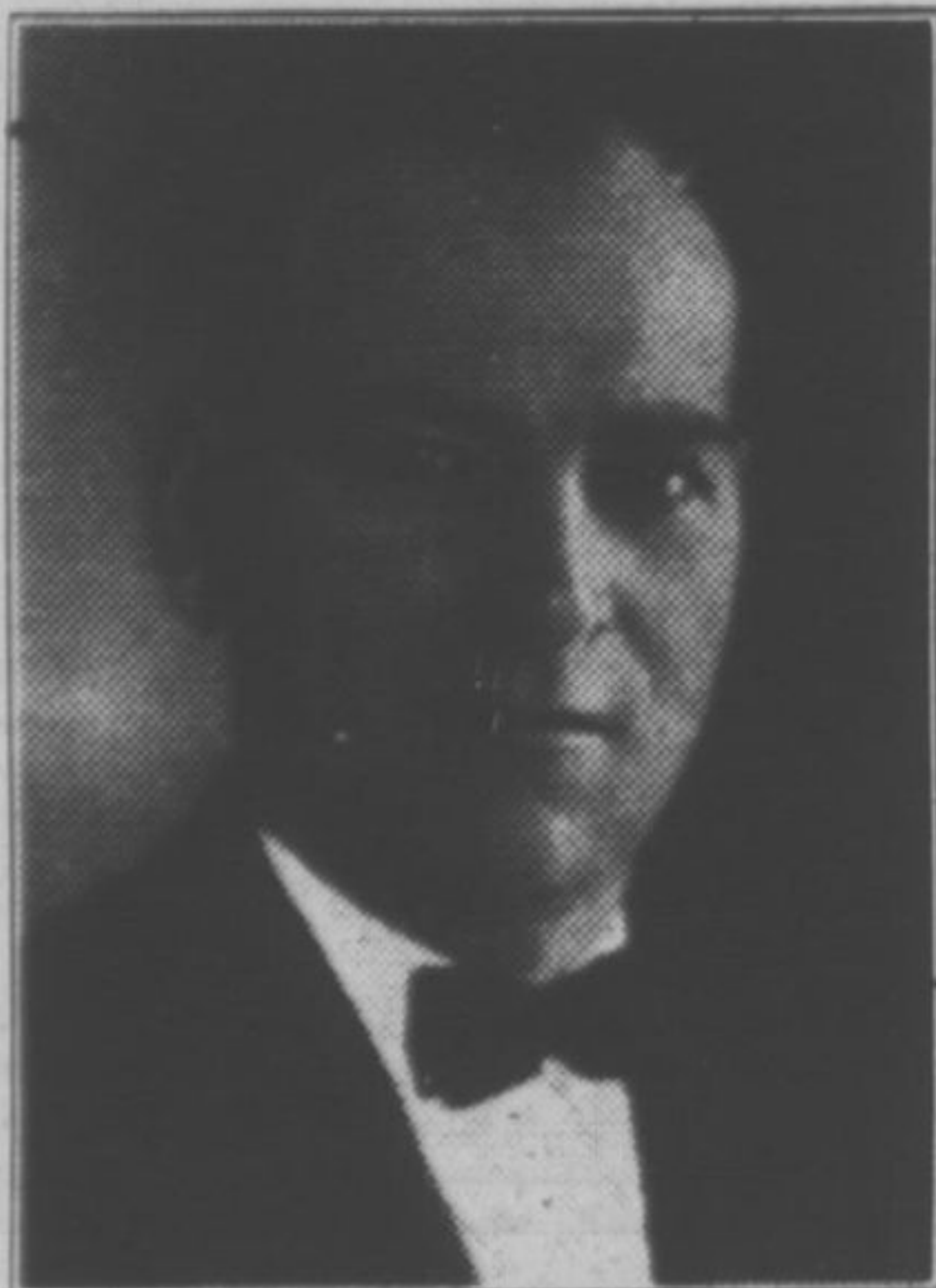
In this age of researches, surveys and investigations, it is sometimes encouraging to note that in most cases things are just about as sensible folks suspected before we had so much research.

For example, after an elaborate study of many school pupils by ex-

perts of Wittenberg college, it was discovered that students from large families were as bright as those from small families. Also that there was a fair degree of uniformity among students who happened to be the oldest; middle or youngest in their respective families.

Again, it didn't seem to make much difference in the intelligence of the offspring whether either or both of the parents were college graduates or not.

I Feel Deeply Indebted to Lake County



And want to thank all of the citizens for their loyal support and assure them they will never have any cause for regret, for I shall carry out my part as you have been promised. Let us all unite in thanks and believe me to be

Sincerely yours,

For Law and Order

LESTER T. TIFFANY

CENSUS TAKERS WILL NEED ATLAS HISTORY

In Recording Names of Aliens Enumerators Must Present Name of Country

The 100,000 census enumerators who will begin on April 2 to collect facts about the people of the United States will need to know their geography and also something about the recent history of the world, according to instructions which are being sent out from the Census Bureau in Washington. Among the most important questions to be asked of everybody in the coming census are those relating to the place of birth of the person enumerated and the place of birth of his father and mother. Each person must be credited in the census records to the state, territory, or foreign country in which his birthplace is now located, regardless of what the birthplace was called or what nation owned that territory at the time the person was born.

May Need Atlas

If the person or his parents were born in Europe, the census taker may have to get out his atlas to find out what nation now owns the locality. If, for example, a person was born 20 years ago in the province of Bohemia, which was at that time a part of the Austro-Hungarian Empire, the census enumerator should put down Czechoslovakia as the person's birthplace, although no such country existed when the person was born. If the person was born in Bessarabia 30 years ago and his father was born in exactly the same place 30 years before that, the person will probably tell the census taker that his father was born in Turkey while he was born in Russia, but the wise census taker will put down Roumania as the birthplace of both.

By reason of changes brought about by the World War and the Treaty of Versailles, boundary lines in Europe have wavered like ribbons in the wind. On the present day map of Europe there are seven countries and one free city which did not exist in 1914; and the boundary lines of most of the old nations have changed considerably. In the Near East, five new nations have sprung from the territory which was formerly called the Ottoman Empire.

Other Questions

In most instances, the person enumerated will know what government now controls his place of birth, for immigrants and their children usually retain a lively interest in the affairs of that part of the old world from which they came. When the person does not know what has happened to the place of his birth, the census enumerator will be expected to be able to supply information. In case neither is familiar with the facts in the case, the enumerator will put down the city or province in which the person was born, and the Census Bureau in Washington will insert the name of the country.

If both the person and his parents were born in the United States, the answer will be fairly easy, because all the enumerator will have to do will be to put down the state or territory in which a person was born,

and there have been comparatively few changes in state boundary lines or names within the lifetime of people now living. If a person was born in the old Indian Territory, the birthplace should go down on the census records under Oklahoma, its present name. A person whose father or mother was born in the old Louisiana or Oregon territory will be asked to name the state in which his parent's birthplace is now situated.

Records from 1920

In the white population of the United States as enumerated at the census of 1920 there were 13,712,754 persons who were born in foreign countries; and there were 22,686,204 persons born in the United States whose parents were born in foreign countries. These two classes comprised 38.5 per cent of the total white population; so it may be seen that the census takers may wear out several atlases finding where all these people and their parents were born.

To our foreign-born population Russia contributed a larger share than any other of the countries as they existed before the World War, the total number of persons born in Russia being 2,020,646; Germany ranked next with 1,915,864; then came Italy, 1,615,180; then old Austria, 1,445,141 (of whom only about 575,000 were born within the confines of the present Austria); and next Ireland, 1,164,707. The coming census will show the changes that are taking place in the composition of our foreign-born population as the result of immigration restriction and other influences, Census officials have pointed out.

Merger of Knox and Lombard Colleges at Galesburg Is Planned

Merger of Knox and Lombard colleges, at Galesburg, Ill., rivals for nearly 75 years, was in prospect as committees representing the two institutions started work on a plan of consolidation.

A statement telling of the proposed merger was issued by Albert Britt, president of Knox, and George G. Davis, president of Lombard, after the executive committees of the boards of trustees of the colleges unanimously voted approval of the idea.

"By getting together we believe a better piece of work can be done than if we continue in our separate ways," stated President Davis.

The merger, if it is given the final approval of the trustees of the two schools, will not mean a larger college but rather a stronger small one the presidents stated.

No change will be made during the present academic year if the union is favored, it was reported.

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