

DISCUSSES CHANGES IN ELECTION LAWS

JUDGE JARECKI'S IDEAS Speaks Before Institute of Government at Northwestern and Tells Some of Remedies He Would Favor

Judge Edmund K. Jarecki, county judge of Cook county, spoke on "Proposed Changes in Illinois Election Laws" before the delegates to the Institute of Government which was in session at Northwestern university recently.

"In the fall election of 1924, which was both the presidential, as well as the usual bi-annual county election, we had a very unusually large ballot. The ballot was so large that it was almost impossible to mark it in the booth, and inasmuch as it was necessary to use candles to light the booths, since in many places electric lights are not available, in very many instances the ballots caught fire before the voter had completed the marking of the ballot.

Other Changes Considered "At this conference not only the shortening of the ballot was discussed, but the amendment of all the election laws was considered, such as shortening of the ballot, central registration, central counting station of ballots after election, distribution of sample ballot directly to the voter's home from the election commissioners, reduction in the number of elective offices, non-partisan election of judges, mayor, etc.

"When it was realized that all these matters could not possibly be taken up before the legislature and successfully considered and passed, because of the large volume of business pending before it, it was decided to concentrate our efforts upon two of the bills, namely: the central registration bill and the arrangement of the presidential electors in blocks instead of individually, as they are now arranged on the ballot.

"A joint committee of both the senate and the house, on elections, joined the members of the organizations meeting in my chambers, and discussed the matter of the amendment of election laws. As a result of the co-operation of this committee, we received great help and assistance in the legislature. After many visits to Washington, both bills passed the legislature but were vetoed by the governor.

"The legislature is at present in session and the following changes are advocated:

Changes Advocated "First—The shortening of the ballot, eliminating the electors and placing them in blocks instead of individually in line, as heretofore; register every four years instead of every two years and continuously in between the various dates of registration;

"Third—A law permitting the canvassing board to open ballot boxes in precincts from which the returns would indicate that there has been

an improper count, by summoning the board before it and having the ballot boxes containing the ballots returned to the election commissioner, opened, and the ballots re-counted and the result of the election verified, and if incorrect, corrected. This would have an effect upon all judges and clerks of election in adhering strictly to the law and in carefully counting the ballots;

"Fourth—Compensation for judges and clerks of election to be raised and fixed at \$10.

"Also various other minor changes, such as moving the dates for various operations further apart, which would give more time for the printing of the ballot. Under our present law, which has been in existence for several years, it at times is almost impossible to prepare everything necessary for an orderly election, in the time allotted under the law, and the employment of a large force of men continuously, night and day, to have everything in readiness on the day of election is necessary."

WORLD'S CHEAPEST GASOLINE IN U. S.

Everything Else Increases in Price More Rapidly Than Petroleum Product

About \$11,000,000,000 capital is invested in the petroleum industry. It pays national, state and local taxes precisely as other property does, and, in addition, an astonishing variety of special taxes and fees. In some states as high as 40 per cent of the total state revenues come from the oil industry.

While foreign countries turn but five to eleven per cent of crude petroleum into gasoline, our oil companies extract about 35 per cent gasoline, and every year the proportion is increasing. This fact, in spite of exorbitant taxes and increased cost of production, gives the United States the cheapest gasoline in the world.

While house furnishings increased 126.5 per cent in price from 1913 to 1926; anthracite coal, 125.5; wooleens and worsteds, 189; and farm products, 33.7 per cent, gasoline increased but 24.8 per cent—the least of a group of 20 classifications.

The Latin-American presidents never have to worry about the third term problem so long as they keep plenty of machine guns on hand.

(OFFICIAL STATEMENT)

North Shore Trust Company

Report of the condition of North Shore Trust Company, located at Highland Park, State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 23rd day of March, 1927, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

Table with 2 columns: RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Includes items like Loans on Real Estate, Surplus, Capital Stock, etc.

I, W. M. Dooley, Cashier of the North Shore Trust Company Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

W. M. DOOLEY, Cashier State of Illinois, County of Lake, ss: Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of March, 1927. LILLIAN E. WAHLMAN Notary Public (SEAL)

RELATION OF WATER SUPPLY TO HEALTH

Continued from page 1

Water Borne Diseases

Still later, in fact within the memory of most of us here, medical science discovered the nature and action of bacteria living in water supplies which cause typhoid fever and other intestinal disorders. This discovery placed a new and greater importance upon the filtration of public water supplies. These discoveries were made only after whole communities had been wiped out by these dreaded diseases. In these days typhoid is seldom encountered due to its control by doctors and health departments when it does break out, and to the filtration and chlorination of water supplies in most communities. Highland Park has been particularly free from typhoid but should two or three cases break out here unobserved for a short time we would all be in danger through contamination of our drinking water.

Epidemic Now Raging

The newspapers have been carrying articles during the past few days telling of an enormous epidemic of typhoid raging in one of the big Canadian border cities where there are something like 700 cases and two score deaths. This hardly seems possible in these times of advanced medical knowledge and skill and yet we do not have to go beyond the borders of our own Great Lakes to discover it, and this only emphasizes again the importance of a water supply that is beyond reproach; the importance of carrying out the plans of the present administration to build and put into operation a modern and up to date filter plant.

How Disease Is Carried

The germs of intestinal diseases are of course communicated at once to our sewers and thence to the lake where wind and current take them out to our intake. It has been observed that these germs will live sometimes for many days waiting opportunity to be received again thru the agency of drinking water into another human body to start again their deadly cycle of propagation in the human intestines.

Present Conditions in Highland Park

It is true that chlorination is very effective in its extermination of bacteria and our city government has within the last year purchased and installed the latest and most approved chlorinating plant but this interposes only one barrier against the intrusion of the deadly disease. Then too, there is very little danger as long as our community has a clean bill of health, but one uncontrolled case will spread with alarming rapidity and cause havoc that may be very serious and impossible to repair.

A modern filter plant such as the one planned by your city commissioners will remove not only all bacteria but all other sediment, color and odor, and will literally polish up the water served at your taps so that it will sparkle in the tumbler on your table. It will not be only a pleasure to use it but it will be safe and wholesome to drink, to cook with, and to bathe in. It is the duty of every citizen to come to the polls at the next election and vote for Mr. Cheney and his ticket and for a clean water supply.

(Signed) Dr. Robert R. Bosworth

CO-OPERATING GROUPS DO WALL STREET WORK

Era of Individual Effort Now Largely Past; To Complex For This Type

"The main burden of the work of Wall Street is no longer borne by outstanding individuals, but by co-operating groups," says Nation's Business Magazine. Accordingly, the era of individual fame is passing. No one in the present generation of bankers precisely fills the role of the late J. Pierpont Morgan. The tasks of the street have become too complex and far-reaching to rest on individuals.

"Recently a class of twenty-one alert young students in financial journalism at Columbia university was

asked by their instructor to identify a list of Wall Street figures. The men whose names were included were: Lewis E. Peirson, John Mellough, Charles E. Mitchell, Francis H. Sisson, James A. Farrell, Eugene G. Grace, M. S. Sloan, Frank Hedley, Ivy L. Lee, and Benjamin Strong. Ivy L. Lee, publicity man to the Rockefeller's, the Pennsylvania railroad and other interests, "proved the best known, and Charles E. Mitchell, president of the largest bank in the country, was the second most fami-

lar. The publicity man was better known to this group than the head of the largest bank, the largest trust company, the largest industrial corporation, the leading figure in the Federal Reserve system, and the presidents of two local public utility corporations."

Great Britain and Russia are getting sorrier at each other every day, which shows how much good it did England to recognize the soviet government.

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION HIGHWOOD STATE BANK

Report of the condition of the Highwood State Bank, located at Highwood, State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 23rd day of March, 1927, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

Table with 2 columns: RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Includes items like Loans on Real Estate, Surplus, Capital Stock, etc.

I, J. E. Engquist, Cashier of the Highwood State Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

J. E. ENQUIST, Cashier State of Illinois, County of Lake, ss. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of March, 1927. W. W. BARTLETT, Notary Public (SEAL)

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION Highland Park State Bank

Report of the condition of the Highland Park State Bank, located at Highland Park, State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 23rd day of March, 1927, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

Table with 2 columns: RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Includes items like Loans on Real Estate, Surplus, Capital Stock, etc.

I, C. F. Grant, Cashier of the Highland Park State Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

C. F. GRANT, Cashier State of Illinois, County of Lake, ss. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of March, 1927. ELLA M. KRUEGER, Notary Public (SEAL)

Easter Footwear - Now in Stock - WE HAVE A VARIED STOCK OF ROSE BLUSH, PARCHMENT, PASTEL WITH GINGHAM TRIM, SHELL GRAY, STEEL GRAY, PATENT LEATHER, BLACK SATIN, CALF OR KID AND ARCH SUPPORT FOOTWEAR FOR LADIES. Prices \$5.50, \$6.50, \$7.50. Spring Line of Men's Shoes Have Arrived Also Good Shoes For Children at Moderate Prices. Phone 451 Butler's 12 N. Second St.

FOR RENT New Stores in Fast Growing Deerfield Rent as Low as \$60 Per Month - Ask - FRANK W. RUSSO Telephone Deerfield 130

Sanitary Analyses of Sample of Water from: Highland Park Water Supply; Interstate Carrier. Table with columns: Source, Raw Water, Treated Water, Tap, City Hall. Rows include Laboratory No., Date collected, Collected by, Turbidity, Sediment, Color, Odor, Nitrites Alkalinity, Nitrate Alkalinity, Chlorides, Bacteria, E. coli, and Presumptive counts.

Call at this store or phone H. P. 144 or 363 for DRUGS. Anything you need in this line you will find at this DRUG STORE. Established over 30 years ago, and business better than ever at the present time, shows our customers have faith in our ability to look after their DRUG NEEDS. Leave your prescriptions and drug orders with us, and rest assured we will give them the care and attention only the most capable and efficient of druggists can. Robert W. Pease PHARMACIST 726 Renall Store Opposite the Northwestern Passenger Station Telephone Highland Park 144 Free Delivery Service