hour, a rate that is much higher than

MUST HALT PARKING

All big cities in the United States

#### SURVEYS BUILDING IN UNITED STATES

ARGEST VOLUME PENDING

National Review of Situation by Straus & Co. Indicates Increases In Wage In Structural Trades

With a larger volume of buildin activities pending throughout the country than has ever before existed at this period of the year, a tendency toward higher wages in the building crafts is strongly in evidence.

Advances of sufficient magnitude to cause a marking up of building costs indices have gone into effect within the last thirty days, according to a national survey of building labor conditions completed recently by S. W. Straus & Co. One such index, the survey points out, has been marked up as much as four points as the direct result of higher wages in the

While these increases have been such as to affect the cost of a considerable percentage of current building operations, they have not been of wide range geographically. In New the International Union. The pay plicate at least the volume which was York and the Metropolitan zone, where about 20 per cent of the building activities of the entire country are \$1.50 to \$2 a day. New York brick- from \$1.10 to \$1.25 a hour, the scale now in progress, increased labor costs will cause an added outlay of from \$50,000,000 to \$75,000,000 this year, a day. according to recent authoritative es-

Increases Elsewhere

New York, Chicago, Boston, Pittsburg, Kansas City, Cincinnati and a number of smaller places scattered over the country also are listed among the centers where pronounced wage increases recently have been granted or where strong pressure is being brought by the labor element to secure additional pay.

The demands for wage increases in point out, make it compulsory for spring agreements are noted in many young men to serve three and four small towns and cities where the pay years as apprentices at wages ranging rates are considerably lower than from \$14 to \$18 a week before they those prevalent in cities like New start out with their own kit of tools York, Chicago, Pittsburg and St. as journeymen. New York builders

crafts among the smaller trades prin- 59.5 per cent in 1925. cipally in about twenty cities have been granted slight increases in spring agreements, according to pres- shortage of building mechanics, al-

Within the last few weeks there mental iron and steamfitting trades have been approximately 150 individ- there appears to be a demand for a ual demands of this nature made by better quality of men. The plasterers building trades in the country. The are asking for establishment of a five- Motor industry generally is in an excellent day week and a wage boost from \$1.50 position and with the possible excep- to \$1.75 an hour in their new agreetion of Cleveland, labor disagree- ment on May 1. ments have not been of sufficient im- The carpenters also have asked for portance to produce much slowing up. a wage increase from \$1,37 1/2 to \$1.50

in several cities and the demand of 1. Builders say they are not taking pumper, the chances are that the first the Chicago plasterers for the estab- the demands of the carpenters seri- days of the life of that car saw hard a 44-hour work week. shop division of trades.

Cause of Trouble Internal trouble in the affairs of the | Chicago builders class the plastertwo building trades councils in Cleve- ers in the present negotiations as ocland, caused, it is averred, a depres- cupying a keystone position. By sicn in construction activities and granting the plasterers' demands many of the resident building trade there would likely be an automatic inworkers have sought employment in crease in the wage of the city's thirtyother cities. Cleveland's building ac. two building trades. At present there tivities, however, as indicated by per- are two divisions of trades as regards mits issued, are about 9 per cent pay status-those that receive \$1.371/2 ahead of what they were during the an hour like the carpenters, iron first three months of 1925. Eighty workers, and those that receive \$1.50 million dollars of construction in an hour - electricians, plasterers, Cleveland is held up temporarily with bricklayers and lathers. In Chicago, 13,000 building mechanics affected di- building laborers get 871/2 cents an rectly and indirectly.

In New York City a strike of is paid in most cities. steamfitters' helpers which has been Boston, Baltimore and Cincinnati in progress for several weeks was report that resident builders expect settled a few days ago by officials of the volume of 1926 construction to durates of 100,000 other building work- erected last year. In Boston the iron ers were raised on the average of workers were given a wage increase layers were recently granted a \$2 a to remain in effect until 1928. day increase, the scale now being \$14 SAYS BIG CITIES

In New York

New York builders contend that the steamfitters' union should abolish the status of the helpers and in their eventually will be forced to prohibit stead select apprentices who would automobiles from being parked in have to serve three years at a small business sections, according to Bert wage rate before they could qualify as N. Wheeler, director of public safety journeymen steamfitters. The build- at Duluth, Minn. Wheeler, who has ers claim it is not fair or just to pay been attending the second national steamfitters' helpers \$8 or \$9 a day street and highway safety convention, from the day they start to work as predicted that the "no parking" ban beginners. Other trades, the builders would be in full force within 20 years. claim that labor absorbed about 46 A total of approximately 100 local per cent of building costs in 1914 and

> Chicago Situation Chicago builders report there is no

though in the structural and orna- HARD USAGE CAUSES

CAR TO PUMP OIL

Club Expert Suggests That Machine Not Always To Blame

With the exception of the painters an hour to become effective on June plains that his car is a chronic oil organized and belongs to the closed time to season cylinder castings to missing and hard starting, which the parts so that they fit perfectly."

under the rapid temperature changes eliminate. that are encountered in every day "Motorists are warned by the man driving, and the motorist who takes to follow in the wake of hard usag a new car and steps on it taxes the during the early life of the car, b cylinder casting beyond their power the impatient driver cannot wait for to recover. If the cylinder barrels the speedometer to tick off the first distort, the engine becomes a chronic thousand miles. The manufacture

under this rough treatment, there will part. The test given the car before lishment of a five-day work week, ously, but are concentrating their atthere has been little or no agitation tention on the demands of the plas- mechanical first aid department of loss of power and compression. The engine, but the driving the owner does this spring for a 40-hour instead of terers, a trade which is 100 per cent the Chicago Motor club. "It takes entrance of air and water will cause brings about an adjustment of the

the point where they will stand up installation of a new gasket will no

ufacturers of the ills that are sure has relied upon the driver to work in all the parts, and the factory canno "Should the head casting distort be blamed if the owner fails to do his

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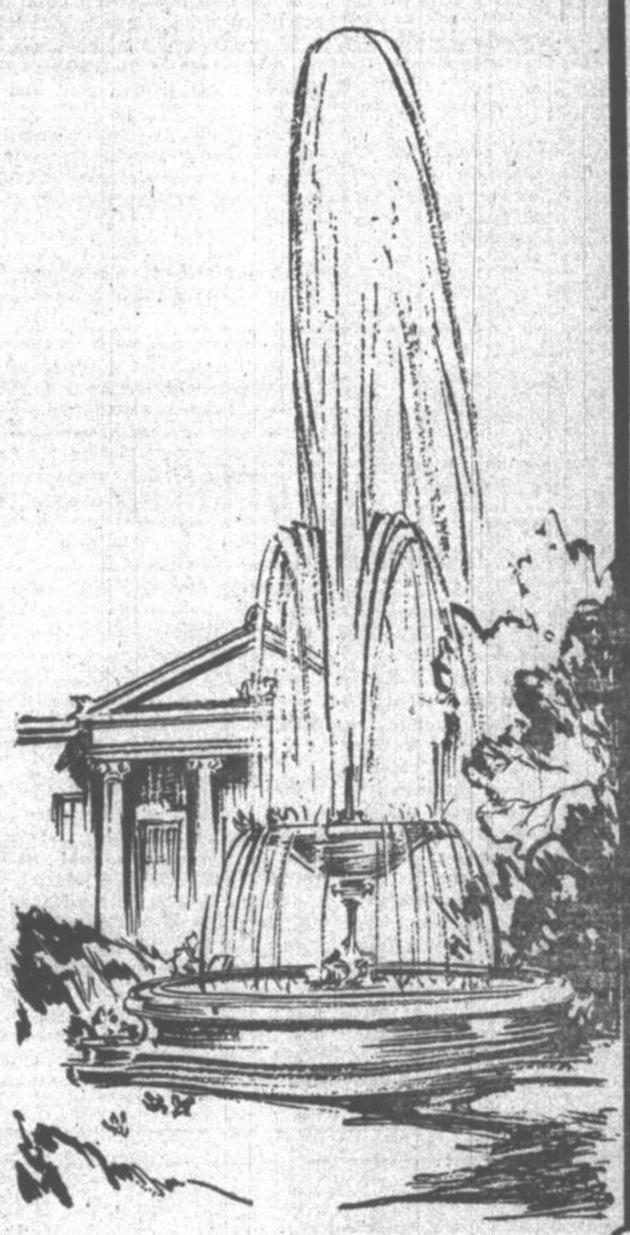
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	A.M. 5 50 6 35 6 45 7 00 7 25 7 10 7 40 7 28 7 45 7 57 8 20 8 15 8 45 9 25 9 45 A.M. Saturday	A.M. 9.59 10.38 10.56 11.50 12.47 1.37 3.53 3.58 4.32 5.31 5.53 6.40 7.32 9.56 10.35 P.M.	A.M. 10.45 11.15 11.45 12.30 1.25 2.45 4.57 5.30 6.15 6.40 7.15 8.15 10.50 11.15	A.M. 3.45 6.00 * 7.00 7.05 7.45 8.05 9.00 9.05 10.05 A11.20 B11.20 B11.35 B12.02 A12.05 B12.25 B12.48 A 1.00*	A.M. 4 50 6 50 ★ 7 31 8 00 8 18 8 51 9 37 10 09 10 50 A12 09 B12 01 B12 24 B 1 00 A 1 04 B 1 16 B 1 16 B 1 31 A 1 35 ★	P.M. 2 15 3 05 3 14 3 40 A 3 46 A 4 19 A 4 21 A 4 26 4 50 5 03 5 24 6 20 8 15 9 00 9 15 10 00 10 30 10 35	P.M. 3 11 A 3 42 4 04 4 32 A 4 25 A 4 44 A 5 09 A 5 18 5 54 6 25 7 14 9 15 9 34 10 09 10 34 11 07 11 28
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★ HOLIDAY SERVICE — On Christmas, New Year's, Memorial Day, July Fourth, Labor Day and Thanksgiving, SUNDAY SCHEDULES will be in effect. WEEK-DAY trains indicated by a ★ will also be operated on the above holidays.

Effective May 3, 1926-Subject to change