

FIRST CHURCH FOR GYPSIES IN STATE

The first church exclusively for Gypsies has been built at Lyons by the students of the Moody Bible Institute. They acted as their own bricklayers and carpenters and erected their wooden Tabernacle on the line between Lyons and Berwyn—joining two big Gypsy camps. Although erected more than a year ago

they were not permitted to use it until recently because of a feud between the mayor of Lyons and the council, which revoked the building permit which had been granted the students and thus prohibited their use of the building. With a new council in power the permit was given a few months ago and now every Sunday Moody students conduct gospel services and Sunday school in the little edifice.

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NEW FUEL POSSIBLE BY TREATING COAL**DISTILLATION PROBLEM****Waning Petroleum Supply May Be Supplemented Thereby. In Opinion of Expert; Oil from Shale**

The waning petroleum supply of the country may be supplemented to great extent, according to Charles R. Fettke, associate professor of geology and mineralogy at Carnegie Institute of Technology, by taking enormous quantities of bituminous coal, now being burned in the raw state, for steam raising purposes and domestic use, and subjecting it to low temperature carbonization. Professor Fettke set forth this idea in the course of an address to the institute students.

Better Fuel

This process, he said, will produce a fuel that is in many respects superior to raw coal; the smoke nuisance of cities will be abated, and valuable by products will be recovered which will aid greatly in affecting a petroleum supply that is being rapidly depleted.

Professor Fettke emphasized the warning that the known reserves of petroleum are being so rapidly reduced that one of the problems to be faced within the next decade or two will be to find substitutes, in continually growing amounts, for the products now obtained from them.

Distillation of Oils

"The distillation of oils from oil shales, another important source of supply will be restricted to those regions where enormous quantities of the shales are found," said Professor Fettke. "Where bituminous coal is found in larger quantities than shale, it will be more economical to confine the business of oil distillation to coal."

"With the growing shortage of natural gas and anthracite coal and their consequent increase in price, other sources of domestic fuel must come more and more into use. One of these undoubtedly will be low temperature carbonization of coal in this respect will have the advantage of the oil shale industry. It will yield a valuable fuel as a residue, while the spent shale from the latter not only has little or no economic value, but means, will have to be provided for its disposal."

Many folks were not interested when they learned that the treasures in old king Tut's tomb were going to add to the learning of the world, but when they heard that these treasures were worth \$15,000,000, they began to prick up their ears.

Not every woman can be beautiful, but a lot of them are prepared to take part in the style shows.

Y. W. C. A.**Mother's Club**

A large and most enthusiastic group of club members greeted the program last Tuesday evening.

Unfortunately the flu played sad havoc with those originally planned for the entertainment and substitutes were called upon who provided a most interesting program even on short notice.

The meeting was opened with singing old time songs by the audience. This is a new departure and one that bids fair to be very popular with all groups.

After a short business session, the following program was offered:

Miss Dora Krueger playing a violin solo and encore accompanied by Miss Salome Brand. Several piano duets were given by Mrs. Breider and Miss Charlotte Brand.

The latter half of the program was given by Mr. Walkup of the Community Center who entertained with humorous sketches and dances that called for repeated evidences of appreciation from the audience.

Light refreshments were served at the close of a most enjoyable meeting.

Bunco Party

The senior clubs under the direction of the Young Women's Council are giving a Bunco Party tonight, March 15th, to which the public is cordially invited.

Tickets are for sale at the headquarters and the cafeteria.

The senior members are also disposing of them.

This party is given wholly for the social service work of the Y. W. C. A. girls and is worthy of all the support that can be given it. This especial piece of income is to be devoted to the probation work of Lake county.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

Subject for next Sunday's Lesson Sermon, "Substance."

Services are held in this church every Sunday morning at 10:45, Sunday school meets at twelve o'clock and is open to pupils up to the age of 20 years. The Wednesday evening meeting, which includes testimonies of Christian Science healing, is at 8 o'clock.

You are cordially invited to make use of the reading room at 387 Central avenue, which is open every week day from nine o'clock in the morning until six o'clock in the evening and Sunday afternoons from two to six o'clock.

PLAN TREE-LINED ROAD TO MILWAUKEE**KENOSHA HAS PROJECT**

Purposes to Plant Memorial Trees Along Green Bay Road Between The Two Cities

Kenosha plans to have an elm-lined highway between Milwaukee and Chicago, which last year centered on using the Sheridan Road—highway 15 for the purpose, have now been changed and reports from Milwaukee declare today that the committee in charge is now fostering a movement to have Highway 57, known as the Green Bay road, to be the highway lined with memorial trees. The change in plans came as a result of the objection on the part of some towns through which the Sheridan road runs, to the project of placing elms along the highway.

The plan is being fostered by a group of patriotic and civic organizations in cities all along the route. Not discouraged by the lack of cooperation shown along the Sheridan road the committee has turned its interest toward the other highway.

Residents Favor Plan
It is pointed out that communities along this route have received the project favorably. The road is now devoid of trees. Elms have been adopted because of their hardy resistance.

The co-operation of each county through which the road runs has been sought, and to date, favorable replies have been obtained. According to the present plan, each county would plant one tree for each of its world war veterans, both living and dead.

Legion Aids Work
The Milwaukee county park board has approved the project and promised its co-operation. At the time it was announced the park board would continue its own program of tree planting on other highways.

Last year the Cudworth post of the American Legion planted trees along the Port Washington road on both sides of the highways, starting from the city limits and extending for approximately five miles. Similar work on another road, not yet selected, will be done by this post during the present year.

NORTHWESTERN RAIL REPORT SHOWS GAIN

Total operating revenues of the Chicago & Northwestern railway jumped from \$9,947,817 in January 1922, to \$12,530,580, in January of this year. Total operating expenses also showed an increase from \$9,305,960 in the first month last year to \$10,917,480 in January of this year.

ALLOWS PRISONER TO VISIT MOTHER**GOVERNOR SYMPATHIZES**

Aged Woman in Illness Pleads to See Her Son, and Order By Chief Executive Is Issued

Mrs. Josephine Levora, Edwardsville, Ill., is in her 80th year.

Added to her weight of years are intermittent attacks of heart malady, a recent one almost proving fatal.

Mrs. Levora's weakened voice called out hourly and often for Anton, her son. Anton is an inmate in the Southern Illinois penitentiary, where he was sent nine years ago for a long term.

Any student of human nature easily can diagnose the case of the aged mother. Heart trouble, yes. But the cause is more than apparent.

Mrs. Levora's plaintive pleadings to see her boy were transmitted in hushed whispers by members of the family to intimate friends. Her paramount wish in the late sunset of life was broadcasted by sympathetic lips, falling upon ears tuned to the wave length of human kindness.

Then came action characteristic of small and medium sized towns when the voice of distress is lifted. Forces became active. Within a few hours the governor of Illinois, in his office at Springfield, was acquainted with the case in a brief telegram.

Governor Small sent two messages. One was an order to the warden of the state penal institution to permit Anton Levora to visit his mother. The other was to the committee in Edwardsville which had sent the appeal.

Anton spent thirty hours with his mother in her home. Before the expiration of the first five hours of the visit she refused medicine and declined further ministrations of the family doctor. She says she is going to get well now and wait for Anton's permanent return. She is buoyed by hope, since the same sympathetic forces are bringing the case to the attention of the parole authorities.

A flood of letters from the good people of Edwardsville have been received by the governor, praising him for his humanitarian act. Then there was one postmarked Chester. The chief executive read the four pages, tenderly folded the letter and locked it in a private drawer where he keeps such treasures.

WOODS USED FOR TELEPHONE POLES**CEDAR, CHESTNUT, PINE**

Where They Are Found and How They Are Treated; Some Interesting Facts About Them

The principal kinds of wood used for telephone poles are eastern cedar, western cedar, chestnut, and yellow pine. The eastern cedar now used for poles comes mainly from Minnesota. There are also extensive tracts in Canada, and some in northern Maine. In years past enormous quantities have been cut in both the northern and southern peninsulas of Michigan, and in northern Wisconsin. Locations in swamps and along streams afford favorable conditions for the growth of this timber.

Under normal conditions cedar poles require from one hundred to two hundred years to grow. Western cedar grows on both the eastern and western slopes of the Cascade Mountains and on the western slope of the Rocky Mountains in the extreme northwest section of the United States and adjoining parts of Canada.

Chestnut Hit by Blight
Chestnut is found principally along the Atlantic Coast and in the Appalachian Mountain regions. North of Virginia, chestnut has within recent years been practically exterminated by the chestnut blight. While the blight-killed trees have been available for poles, this region, after being cut over, will, in general, cease to be a source of future supply, at least for many years. To what extent the blight will enter the region south of Virginia, where are found principal stands of chestnut timber, cannot be answered at the present time.

Chestnut grows more rapidly than cedar, an average chestnut pole requiring from forty to sixty years to grow. Yellow pine grows principally in the south Atlantic and gulf states. Pine grows quickly, on the average taking somewhat less time than chestnut to produce poles. Chestnut, yellow pine, and western cedar are about equal in strength. Eastern cedar has about 70 per cent of the strength of these timbers.

Preservatives Used
To prolong the life of poles, the Bell System engineers have experimented extensively with various preservatives, and processes which kill the fungus growth that causes decay and tend to keep out the moisture have been developed. Coal tar creosote has been found to be the most effective pole preservative and is extremely used, being applied by various methods either to the entire pole or to the butt.

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