

Drink Milk

Fresh, Country Bottled, Milk

Your efficiency depends upon your health. Drink more milk and be more efficient.

Bowman Dairy Co.

Telephone Highland Park 9

ESTABLISHED 1854 C. H. JORDAN & COMPANY

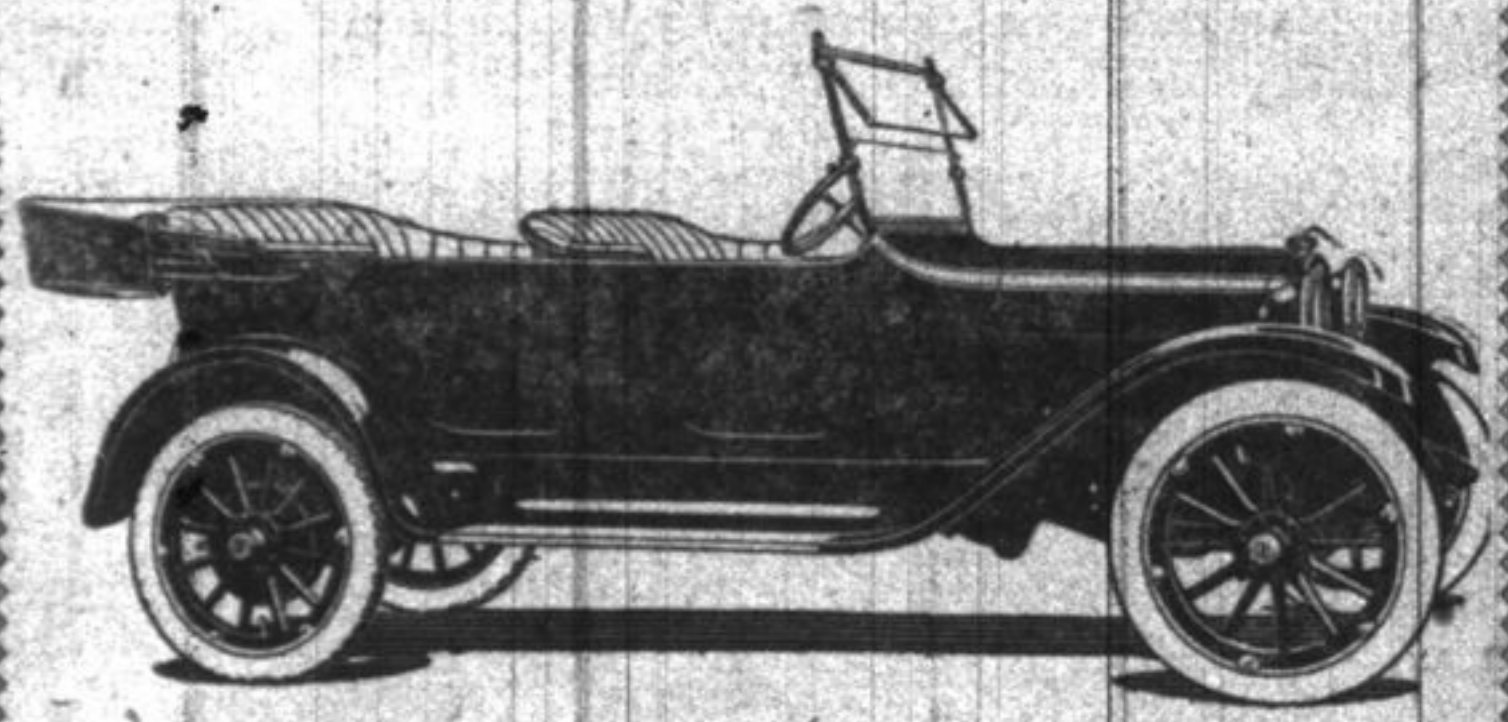
FUNERAL DIRECTORS FOR 67 YEARS
612 DAVIS STREET EVANSTON, ILL. PHONE EVANSTON 449
CHICAGO PHONE 164 N. MICHIGAN AVE. RANDOLPH 1346 & 1347

The Sovereign

DIRECTION OF MR. ALBERT
HAVE you dined at The Sovereign? For sea foods, chafing dishes and fine seasonable specialties The Sovereign is becoming far-famed. Do you know of its delightful dinner dances every Thursday and Saturday evening? Here you may enjoy the best of music and dancing without motoring on into town

KENMORE AVENUE AT GRANVILLE
Just two blocks south of Devon
6200 block north
BY TELEPHONE SHELDRAKE 1600

You are Cordially Invited to make use of the privileges of the
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE READING ROOM
387 Central Avenue
Hours 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Sunday: 2 to 6 p. m.
Maintained by First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Highland Park
CHURCH SERVICES: Sunday a. m. at 10:45, Sunday School immediately following; Wednesday Evening Testimonial Service at 8:00



DODGE BROTHERS TOURING CAR

"It is not the original cost but the upkeep."
The upkeep of a Dodge Brother's Car is lower than any other car on the market.
Ask any one of the 600,000 owners of Dodge Brothers cars what they think of their car and they will invariably tell you that it is the best car in the world not only from a point of economy but of all-around reliability as well.
Buy now while prompt deliveries can be made.

A. G. McPherson & Son
Distributors
HIGHLAND PARK, ILLINOIS
Phones: Highland Park 120 - 121

MORE CHILD LABOR IN COUNTRY THAN CITY

TENANT FARMING BLAMED Urge Compulsory Education With Adequate Machinery For Enforcement in Rural District

"There is more child labor in rural than in urban America, and some of it is just as bad as in the cities," says Owen R. Lovejoy, general secretary of the National Child Labor Committee. This statement appears in the American Child, the current issue of which is devoted to child labor in agriculture. "The idyllic conception of country life stands in the way of popular appreciation even of the existence of rural child labor. Long ago we standardized our ideas of farm life as wholly delectable and hence we assume that because the million and a half children 'gainfully employed' in agriculture are in the great outdoors their condition is necessarily fortunate. Hundreds of thousands of these young farm laborers under sixteen, it should be borne in mind, are working for persons other than their parents. Moreover, the children listed by the census as 'gainfully employed' on farms represent but a fraction of the number unfortunately affected by farm work, particularly as regards school attendance.

"The conspicuous feature of rural child labor is, indeed, its interference with school attendance. The average rural school term in the United States is 140 days, while the city term is 180 days. Of every hundred children enrolled in city schools the daily attendance is 80, while of every hundred enrolled in rural schools only 68 are in daily attendance. So that for every hundred days of schooling received by the average city child, the average country child gets only 65. Studies made by the National Child Labor Committee show that child labor on farms and ranches cause as much absence from school as illness, bad weather, bad roads, distance of home from school, and indifference of parents or children all combined—and sometimes even exceeds the absences caused by all these other factors.

"The enforcement of compulsory attendance laws in rural school districts is notoriously poor throughout the land. No one section of the country can justly point the finger of scorn at any other section because of its sin in this respect, for one's sin is as great as another's. No law restricts or regulates farm work by children; the only laws that relate to the subject in any way are the compulsory school attendance acts, and they apply only in school hours, and are but little respected."

The effect of tenant farming on the rural child labor situation is discussed by Charles E. Gibbons, specialist of the National Child Labor Committee on rural life. The tenant system of agriculture, Mr. Gibbons shows, puts a premium on the labor of children, even that of children too young to go to school. The migratoriness of tenant families is a large factor in reducing school attendance. In a study in the one-crop sections of Tennessee Mr. Gibbons found that the farm owners had owned their land an average of 164.0 months, while the tenants had lived in the same place an average of only 28.8 months.

"Moving time is usually about the first of the year. Frequently the parents, when they are late in the fall in getting their crop out, do not start their children to school, knowing they will move about Christmas time; then after they have moved, they argue that it won't be long before school closes and spring work opens up, so it is of no use to start them at all. Many children were found who had been out of school for a whole year at a time." Mr. Gibbons says further that tenancy, wherever found, interferes with school attendance, and where there is an excessive amount of it, as in the one-crop areas, it undoubtedly influences owner parents in not sending their own children to school.

Mr. Gibbons does not believe that anything would be gained at present by attempting to deal with rural child labor by direct legislative prohibition. "The indirect method—real compulsory education with adequate machinery for enforcement, holds out greater hopes," he says. Other articles in the Rural Number of the American Child are "What is Child Labor?" by Edward N. Clobber, and "The Work Needs of Children," by Raymond G. Fuller.

WILL NAME MEN FOR JUDICIAL CONVENTION

Lake County to Send 35 Delegates to Meeting at Rockford, April 9

A total of 114 delegates from the four counties in the seventeenth judicial circuit will attend the judicial convention of the Republican party to be held in the circuit court room in Rockford at 2:30 o'clock on Saturday April 9, when three judicial candidates will be nominated. A call for the convention has been issued by the chairman of the Republican Central committee of the 17th district.

Each county is allowed one delegate for each one hundred votes or major fraction thereof for the Republican

candidate for governor at the preceding election and on this basis Winnebago will have the largest number of delegates, 43; Lake county, 35; McHenry county, 23; and Boone, 13.

On the basis of the vote cast at the last primary for governor the vote in Lake county exceeded that in Winnebago county but the representation at the election was not so good. Had Lake county had a larger vote, and thereby more delegates the convention would have been held here, as that is the plan followed.

Judges R. K. Welsh, C. C. Edwards, and Edward D. Shurtleff will have no opposition for renomination in the convention.

Lake County's 35 delegates are to be selected at a meeting of the precinct committeemen of the county. It is expected this meeting will be held in a few days.

The people who claim the young folks don't work any haven't seen them fox trot at the dances.



Telephone 275.

DR. C. C. CHADWICK
DENTIST

State Bank Bldg. Highland Park

DR. WATSON
DENTIST

Sheridan Bldg. Highland Park
Telephone 374

Waukegan Rug Co.

at 1326 Victoria St., North Chicago, Ill.
Have reopened their business
Rug Weaving and Carpet Cleaning
All work guaranteed
Send your carpets in or write

The Percolation Process and Good Coffee

IT'S an easily understood process. A column of hot vaporized water is forced through the coffee grounds taking from them all their best qualities—their essence—condensing finally in a fluid you have only to taste to appreciate. It's the best coffee from any point of view you establish and the best machines to carry through the process are

Electric Coffee Percolators

Built of Copper and Nickel in art forms
Sold on Monthly Payments

Public Service Company
Of Northern Illinois

North Shore Trains

Offer a Convenient Schedule, a Direct Route, Economical Transportation

Trains for the Business Man	Leave Highland Park	Arrive in Chicago
	6:20 a. m.	7:25 a. m.
	6:50 a. m.	7:55 a. m.
	7:20 a. m.	8:25 a. m.
	7:50 a. m.	8:55 a. m.
	8:36 a. m.	9:38 a. m.
	8:50 a. m.	9:55 a. m.
And every half hour thereafter until:		
For the Luncheon, Matinee, or Shopping Trip	10:50 a. m.	11:55 a. m.
	11:20 a. m.	12:25 p. m.
	11:50 a. m.	12:55 p. m.
	12:20 p. m.	1:25 p. m.
	12:50 p. m.	1:55 p. m.
	1:20 p. m.	2:25 p. m.
	1:50 p. m.	2:55 p. m.
	2:20 p. m.	3:25 p. m.
Every thirty minutes thereafter until:		
Downtown to Dinner or to the Theatre	4:50 p. m.	5:55 p. m.
	5:20 p. m.	6:25 p. m.
	5:50 p. m.	6:55 p. m.
	6:29 p. m.	7:31 p. m.
	6:50 p. m.	7:55 p. m.

Thereafter express trains continue to run every half hour until 11:50 p. m., then 12:29 a. m. and 1:29 a. m. Ask for time-table at the ticket office.

This schedule is operated on Central Standard Time, which is one hour earlier than daylight time



Chicago North Shore & Milwaukee R. R.

Highland Park Ticket Office Phone Highland Park 1361