

Imperial DYEERS & CLEANERS

INCORPORATED
214 EAST CENTRAL AVENUE Telephone Highland Park 265

MAIN OFFICE AND WORKS
2123-2133 Lincoln Avenue, CHICAGO
Telephones Lincoln - 1948 Diversy - 8152

Even if You Have No New Clothes for Thanksgiving



It doesn't follow that you cannot look as spick and span as any one else.

Our Cleaning

will restore the newness of any garment worn by men or women. Send us a suit, a gown or anything you would like to wear Thanksgiving Day.

SEND IT NOW

Cleaning and Pressing

Why not have your clothing renovated here this week and give our work a fair trial?

Our CLEANING AND DYEING of ladies' and gent's garments, oriental rugs, carpets, portiers, draperies, piano covers, lace curtains, etc., cannot be duplicated by any local cleaner, as we have the LARGEST and most SANITARY plant in the West.

A wagon will call for and deliver your garments

Building Material

Sand Gravel Stone Lime Cement Plaster Brick Tile Fire Clay Sewer Pipe Cinders Roofing

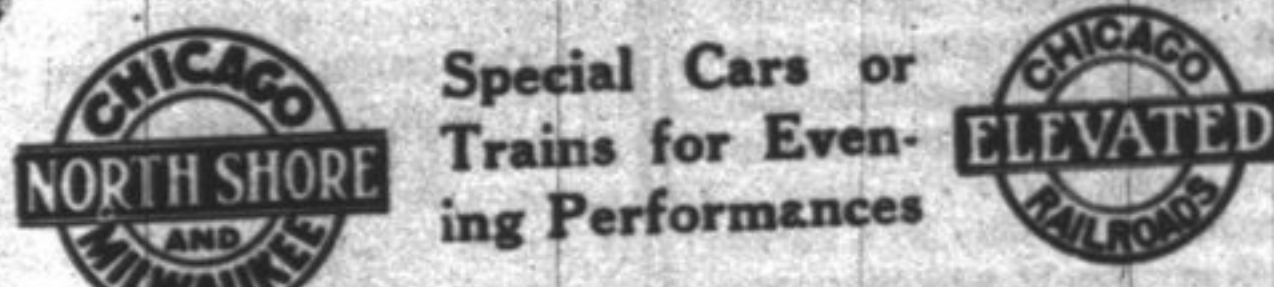
Red and White Screenings for Driveways

Good Quality Prompt Delivery

North Shore Fuel & Supply Co.

230 N. St. Johns Avenue
PHONE 67 HIGHLAND PARK, ILL.

NOTICE Grand Opera Patrons



Special Cars or Trains for Evening Performances

The Grand Opera season commenced at the Auditorium Monday, November 13th. Parties attending the Grand Opera can make arrangements to charter a Special Car or Special Train. When so chartered, trains will be operated from points on the North Shore Electric direct to the Auditorium, without change, by the Northwestern Elevated Railroad Company.

Passengers will leave the train at the Congress and Wabash Station, whence they may go under cover directly into the Auditorium. After the performance they may board the train at the same station at any time previously arranged for by the party chartering the train.

By chartering a Special Car or Train the opera party secures an agreeable privacy and exclusiveness. This electric service all the way is assurance of a clean, comfortable trip and will contribute much to the enjoyment of the opera.

Steel Equipment—Reasonable Rates

Milwaukee to Auditorium (Congress & Wabash)	2 hours	35 minutes
Racine to Auditorium	2 hours	5 minutes
Kenosha to Auditorium	2 hours	35 minutes
Waukegan (Edison Court) to Auditorium	1 hour	35 minutes
Lake Forest to Auditorium	1 hour	15 minutes
Highland Park to Auditorium	1 hour	5 minutes
Glencoe to Auditorium	55 minutes	55 minutes
Winnetka to Auditorium	55 minutes	55 minutes
Winnetka Ave. to Auditorium	55 minutes	55 minutes

For Rates or Information Apply to:
J. H. Mallon, Traffic Agent, Northwestern Elevated R. R. Co., Room 1247 Edison Bldg., 72 West Adams St. Phone Central 8289

WEIGHS ONLY 3005 POUNDS; ECONOMICAL; FULL OF ACTION; \$1280.

Just the kind of a car for the sensible man—is the 7 passenger 6-30 Chalmers. Everything in the car that anyone could want. A quality car from axle to axle. The price \$1280 lasts until November 30. After that \$1350. (All prices Cash Delivery)

A. G. McPherson
Highland Park Garage
111 E. Park Avenue
Phone 140

THE WEAR OF COINS.

Chemical Action Has More to Do With It Than Has Abrasion.

In the latest report of the British mint Sir Thomas K. Rose, a well known metallurgical expert, calls attention to the effect of grease derived from the sweat of the fingers or from other sources in accelerating the wear of coins, which is usually attributed entirely to abrasion.

Sir Thomas says that the fatty acids of the grease have a corrosive action upon the metal. Copper in particular, even if present only in small quantity as an alloy for gold or silver, is converted into an oleate, stearate or other salt.

Haagen Smit of the Utrecht mint found by analysis that the dirt on a bronze coin contained 30 per cent of copper in the form of powdered compounds of the fatty acids. When the coin is handled the dirt is in part detached, and the coin undergoes a loss of weight.

Gold or silver is not readily converted into salts, but removing the copper leaves the less easily attacked metals in a spongy form that offers little resistance to abrasion.

In new coins the rapid loss of weight that occurs is doubtless caused at first by abrasion, but when the rough edges have been removed chemical action may prove to be of the first importance in the succeeding deterioration.

—Youth's Companion.

FREE CITIES OF GERMANY.

Bremen, Hamburg and Lubeck and the Hanseatic League.

Bremen, one of the "free" cities of Germany, is a republic. However, that is by no means the most remarkable thing about this seaport. Its mayor holds rank similar to that of our president. It has a senate of sixteen members and a "convent" or house of representatives of 150 members. When it was united with the German empire it retained all its republican principles, as also did Hamburg and Lubeck, the other two "free cities" of Germany.

When all the seas were swarming with pirates a curious league of cities in all parts of Europe sprang up. At one time there were ninety of them, and they formed a government of their own within and overlapping the geographical governments to which they belonged. They were all commercial centers and were known as the Hanseatic league, or the Hansa towns. The capital of the league was at Lubeck, and the assemblies which met there had sufficient power to coerce hostile governments and to deal drastically with the pirates that preyed upon the shipping of the league's members.

The last general assembly was held in 1600, after which Hamburg, Bremen and Lubeck formed a new Hanseatic union—Exchange.

Simply Terrifying.

An old lady was in the same railway car as a party of golfers.

"I found fearful trouble this morning," said one. "At the first I fell right into the middle of a blackberry bush and at the second I was stuck up on the top of a tree. I pitched out of bounds into the farmyard at the third, got caught by the wire at the fourth, stuck fast in a deep hole at the fifth, found myself buried in mud at the sixth, I was lying in a heap of rough stones at the seventh, got lost at the eighth and finished up at the bottom of that dirty ditch at the last hole."

"Gracious me!" cried the horrified old lady from her corner in the car. "and they told me that golf was an old man's game! I'll never let my Ed-win play again!"—Exchange.

Out of Abundant Caution.

There is a property owner in Pennsylvania who has endeavored to inculcate in his tenants the principle of arbitration with reference to their disputes, offering himself as arbiter.

On the occasion of the last dispute of this sort the owner before undertaking a solution put to one tenant the usual question:

"Now, William, if I consent to arbitrate will you abide by my decision?" William hesitated a moment, then said:

"Well, sir, I'd like to know what the decision is first."—Case and Comment.

Going All the Way.

"Elo's farming?"

"Fine! You know that abandoned farm I picked up?"

"That prompted my question."

"I sold quarry rights to one crowd and rented the surface as golf links. Now, if I can lease the air to some wireless company I'll have about everything under cultivation. Who says intensive farming doesn't pay?"—Chicago Journal.

Spanish Law.

The dilatoriness of Spanish law is almost incredible. A watch was stolen; the owner immediately informed the police of the robbery. Seven years afterward he was called upon by the authorities to give evidence as to the robbery.

His Reprieve.

Mose Pessum—Ah thought yo' was gone to work today, Pete. Pete Per-simmons—Ah got a reprieve. Mah wife died suddenly dik mawin!—Topeka Journal.

Not Edible.

Him—Are you fond of "La Boheme"? Her—I don't know. It depends altogether on what kind of dressing you put on it.—Toledo Blade.

Sad.

"You look worried, old man." "I am. I'm afraid all the money will be worn out before I get any of it."—Pittsburgh Press.

VISITING NURSE ASSOCIATION MEETS

Continued from page 1

simple removal of adenoids and enlarged, diseased tonsils has restored thousands of youngsters to really brilliant careers; that the correction of various forms of deafness and eye strain has made useful citizens out of truants and shirkers; that open windows and more nourishing food in the home have been known to correct laziness and immoral tendencies.

The object of physical examination in our schools is to take a complete inventory of the physical qualifications of every child. In this way only can many hidden defects be brought to light. Defects which are retarding the individual's mental progress and defeating our efforts to develop and educate the mind.

We must be first of all fair to the child, and by this I mean that every school child in the land to-day should have the right to demand a thorough understanding of its physiologic and psychologic construction. The educational career of a school youngster is at best a handicap race and to insure our much vaunted "square deal," due appreciation and allowance must be made for every physical defect and mental short-coming.

You may say why undertake this work in the schools which we have always looked upon as mental work shops only. Here is the answer: first you can not separate the mental and physical, and the mental effort required of children must be adjusted to the physical machinery.

Attempts to over stimulate brain development at this period of growth must result in a wrong diversion of physical strength, and the production of a highly excitable, unstable, neurotic mind and a permanently lowered physical resistance. There are exceptional constitutions, so vigorous and robust as to withstand such methods. To the average child it is highly disadvantageous; to the physical delicate it is ruinous. I am not pleading for an unnecessary lowering of our educational requirements. The average curriculum in our public schools is probably nearly correct. What I desire to impress is the necessity for more systematic attention to the physical competency; a more natural and effective adjustment of the material machine to the mental requirements. We must study in other words, to elevate the physical, if possible, to that point where it may meet the demands of the curriculum with no unnatural strain or sacrifice.

The other reasons for carrying this work in the schools rests in the following facts:

During the first eight years of public school life, the child is for practically six hours a day under state control and receiving compulsory education; and this comprises the only period in that individual's life when it may be obliged to learn something regarding the preservation and protection of its own physical interests and its moral and legal obligations toward the individual and same period in its life begins with community interests of others. This the most impressionable and receptive age; a period when the mind is still unhampered; when concrete ideas are quickly grasped and where impressive instruction leaves a permanent imprint.

This then is the period when a simple yet broad and correct foundation for future instruction in physical race improvement should be laid. And no child is too young to receive such instruction.

Our visiting nurse association beg you to endorse this splendid work in our schools. To give to it the consideration and interest and finance necessary to carry it on in a complete and business-like manner, year by year. The expense less than one additional teacher's salary divided among all of our schools—will place this work where it belongs—on a solid, permanent basis.

Supply these funds and you in whose hands our community has placed the welfare of our one thousand school children, will we are sure, derive no small degree of satisfaction, in knowing that you were instrumental in producing a generation of men and women physically, mentally and morally more perfect. That you are contributing to our nation our share of millions of dollars annually in industrial values saved, that you are materially reducing the number of future pauper and prison charges and that lastly you will be placing Highland Park again on the map abreast of her sister cities of the North Shore.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Local Property Exchanges Recorded During the Past Week

John Griffith & wife to Arthur D. Paly & wife Lot 11 Washington Circle, Lake Forest. W. D. \$10.00
L. E. Wallace & wife to Rose St. Clair LeFils Lot 7 & 8 Bk. 2 Andersons Sub Lake Forest W. D. \$10.00
Anna R. Wells to R. E. Herman

Garden Settings

Ornamental Radiator Enclosures



Antiques Restored
General Cabinet Work

Marco Ugolini

9 N. Second St. Telephone 407

What is Pasteurized Milk?

Pasteurized Milk is Good Clean Milk heated to approximately 145 degrees Fahrenheit and held at that temperature for 30 minutes, then cooled suddenly.

This process in no way destroys the nutritive value of the Milk. It does however, destroy harmful germ life that Milk may contain.

We say "may" because there is always a chance that Milk "may" contain harmful bacteria no matter how carefully handled before it reaches us. So to Safeguard you we Perfectly Pasteurize it—then cool it—then automatically bottle and cap it. So it comes to you untouched by human hands.

TELEPHONES: HIGHLAND PARK, 9
GLENCOE, 70 Lake Forest 738

Bowman Dairy Company

101-109 Vine Avenue

D. A. R.

In a recent issue there appeared a letter written by the North Shore Chapter of the D. A. R. which was sent to Secretary of War Baker, referring to his speech made on October 16th, in which he was accused of having compared the continental army to "Mexican bandits."

The chapter has received a letter which was brought to the attention of the Board of Managers of the Sons of the Revolution of New York state. In the letter Secretary Baker denies the accusation and states that he stands ready to answer any questions on the matter.

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

NORTH SHORE TRUST COMPANY

Located at Highland Park, State of Illinois, before the commencement of business on the 15th day of November, 1915, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES	
Loans on real estate	\$ 69,791.39
Loans on collateral security	32,475.25
Other loans and discounts	2,908.43
Total Resources	\$105,175.07

MISCELLANEOUS RESOURCES	
Banking house	\$0.00
Furniture and fixtures	1,896.82
Total Resources	\$1,896.82

DUE FROM BANKS	
State	\$1,700.54
Cash on hand	6,894.00
Currency	121.45
Gold coin	30.00
Silver coin	7,045.50
Minor coin	30.00
Total Resources	\$163,819.86

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock Paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus Fund	20,000.00
Undivided Profits	34,176.32
Less current interest, expenses and taxes paid	418.38
Total Liabilities	\$154,757.94

DEPOSITS	
Savings, subject to notice	\$1,157.68
Demanded subject to check	12,267.52
Total Deposits	\$13,425.20

MISCELLANEOUS LIABILITIES	
Reserved for taxes and interest	214.52
Bills payable	16,000.00
Total Liabilities	\$16,214.52

I, E. J. GRUNDY, Cashier of the North Shore Trust Company Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. J. GRUNDY, Cashier

STATE OF ILLINOIS,)
County of Lake) ss

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22nd day of November, 1915.
James H. Duffy
Notary Public