



TO THE VOTERS OF LAKE, McHENRY AND BOONE COUNTIES:
I wish to announce that I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative from the Eighth Senatorial District at the primaries on September 13th, 1916. If elected, I shall be faithful to the trust reposed in me, and shall devote myself unselfishly and honestly to the service of the public. I respectfully ask your support.

Sincerely,
JOSEPH A. MELLOY,
Libertyville, Ill.



Cool Breezes
from
Western Electric FANS

HOW refreshing it is to step out of the baking hot sun and be greeted by cool breezes. It freshens the surrounding atmosphere and puts life into you.

Our little home fan that can be carried wherever needed is a summer comfort that every housewife should have—can be operated at high, low or moderate speed—costs about 1/4 of a cent per hour to run. We have fans for every use. Take a few minutes to-day and come in to look over our line.

H. W. HUBER ELECTRIC CO.
Phone 597



LEN. SMALL
KANKAKEE, ILL.

for
State Treasurer

A vote for Len. Small is a vote for

True Republicanism
Integrity & Efficiency
Faithful Public Service
Honest Dealing

Help to insure Republican Success by Nominating this Republican of State-Wide Reputation in

Republican Primaries, Sept. 13, '16

Telephone 909

J. P. STEFFEN

Fresh Butter, Eggs and Poultry

331 McDaniels Avenue
HIGHLAND PARK, ILL.

Guaranteed Tire Vulcanizing WILL IT PAY?

It Pays, Mr. Owner
Reasonable attention to your tires will often double the mileage ordinarily received. Cuts, blow-outs, fabric breaks, stone bruises, if not repaired promptly, gradually get more serious and have but one ultimate result—costing more to fix and requiring the inner tube to be repaired as well. One day of prompt attention will eliminate weeks of expense and trouble.

Satisfaction or your money back.

CARL ARNSWALD
203 W. Central Ave., HIGHLAND PARK, ILL.

DR. WATSON
DENTIST

45 St. Johns Ave. Highland Park
Telephone 37

Be sure to keep your property insured with D. M. Erskine & Co. and then you will know that you are insured. Best companies and lowest rates.

A. W. Morrow

Architect

Office: 1461 Howard St., Chicago, Ill. Tel. Harrison 4086

We Want Several Good Stenographers

Applicants should be young ladies of intelligence, fair education, some business training, substantial experience in stenography and present or prospective residents of this vicinity. Free transportation between the C. & N. W. station and our office.

Wilder Tanning Company

Waukegan, Illinois

Hand Wrought Sterling Silver & Diamond Jewelry Made to Order
FRANK S. BOYDEN
1312-1313 Newark Building
29 East Madison Street CHICAGO
Antiquis Gold, Silver Bought

ROADS AND THEIR USES.

Likewise Their Materials, and Also Some Sarcastic Comments.

A road is a device of long standing, which in modern times is used for autos to wear out. Roads are also used to raise dust and taxes and kill chickens, dogs and children.

Roads are very common, almost as common as accidents. We see them everywhere. It is quite difficult, indeed, to go any distance without running across one.

Roads are made of various materials. In the northern part of this country they are made of bluestone and macadam. In the southern part they are made of mud. Of the two kinds of material the mud is likely to be more durable, which, as the Scripture so beautifully expresses it, "sticketh to one like a brother."

Roads are not always friendly with each other, and, although they can be seen constantly mingling together, they are likely to be cross. When a road enters a city it becomes puffed up with importance and is then known as a street, a boulevard or an avenue.

Life in cities, however, in spite of the fact that it is not always agreeable to roads, which are then likely to be afflicted with various diseases, among which we may mention gaspneitis, telegraphitis and gramonony.—Life.

Beethoven's Fits of Rage.
Beethoven's behavior was often atrocious. In giving lessons to young ladies he would sometimes throw the music to pieces and scatter it about the floor or even smash the furniture. Once when playing in company there was some interruption. "I play no longer for such hogs!" he cried and left the piano. He once called Prince Lobkowitz an ass because a bassoon player happened to be absent.—Dole's "Famous Composers."

LEATHER FROM THE SEA.

The Product of Shark, Sturgeon and Angel Fish Skins.

It is a curious fact that many sorts of leather are got from sea creatures, some of which are very beautiful. The skin of sharks is a beautiful burnished gray or bluish color. The surface resembles finely grained leather since it shows many tiny prickles all set one way. This property of shark skin renders it especially valuable to the manufacturer of shagreen. Since the skin is at once tough and easy to work it can be used for many purposes where decorative effects are desired.

In spite of its lumpy armor the sturgeon furnishes a valuable and attractive leather. It has been found that when the bony plates are removed the patterns remain on the skin, just as the patterns of alligator scales remain on alligator leather, a circumstance that adds greatly to the value of the product. From the sturgeons that abound on our Pacific coast and in the great lakes we get a tough leather that is used for the making of laces to join leather belting for machinery. It is said that the lacing frequently outwears the belting itself.

There is found in Turkish waters a strikingly unattractive fish called the angel fish, classed among the littoral sharks. This fish yields an extremely high quality of green leather, much esteemed in the Ottoman dominions.—Kansas City Journal.

THE DARK HORSE.

How the Name Was Applied to a Political Possibility.

A novel written by Disraeli, earl of Beaconsfield, entitled "The Young Duke" and published in 1831, contained a description of a horse race in which the following sentence occurred:

"A dark horse which had never been thought of and which the careless St. James had never even observed in the list rushed past the grand stand in sweeping triumph."

This was only a horse race, but it gave prominence to the fact that the race was won by a dark horse which had not attracted any notice until he came in a winner.

This may have been the origin of the phrase "a dark horse," which, as used in American politics, means a person not prominently considered as a candidate when a convention meets or during its earlier ballots, but who suddenly develops unexpected strength and wins.

A notable case in point was that of James A. Garfield in the Republican national convention of 1880. On the first ballot for president he did not receive a single vote, but he received ten votes on the second ballot, one vote on the twentieth ballot, fifty votes on the thirty-fifth ballot and was nominated by 309 on the thirty-sixth ballot.—Philadelphia Press.

Foot of the Fly.

You have seen a boy use what he calls a "sucker," a round, flat piece of leather, which is soaked in water and flattened against a stone so that all the moisture between the stone and the leather is pressed out. He picks up a brick with a string attached to the leather. Since there is no air between the leather and the stone the atmosphere presses the leather so firmly against the stone that the stone can be picked up by the leather.

A fly has suckers on his feet, the Popular Science Monthly explains, which act very much on the same principle. As soon as he puts down a foot he automatically squeezes the air out between it and the surface upon which he is walking. The atmosphere therefore presses him against the ceiling or wall.

Knocked Down.

Some years ago in a certain county court, which was not one of the best fitted up places, three auctioneers were seated in a pewlike contrivance awaiting the judge's order to give evidence.

All at once there was a terrible noise in court, and a dense cloud of dust flew up.

"What's that?" asked the judge.
"Oh, it's nothing, your honor," replied a ready and facetious lawyer. "It's only three auctioneers gone off in one lot."

The seat had given way.—Chicago News

The First Steam Engines.

The first known use of steam to drive a kind of steam engine was described by Hero of Alexandria, probably in the first or second century B. C. But the first real steam engines were those used at the end of the seventeenth and in the early eighteenth centuries for pumping water out of mines. Newcomen's engine was used in English mines about 1711.

Another Story.

A Glasgow antiquary recently visited a ruined castle and asked one of the villagers if he knew anything of an old story about the building.
"Aye," said the rustic, "there was another auld story, but it fell down long since."—London Telegraph.

One of Many.

"Then you think you won no permanent place in her heart?"
"I'm just a notch on her parasol handle; that is all."—Louisville Courier-Journal

Summed Up.

Kat-ker—Of what does a shed consist? Flicker—A backbone, a wishbone, a funny bone and then some.—New York Times

The grand maxim nowadays is "to work, always to work and still to work."—Leon Gambetta



MAYOR A. V. SMITH
CANDIDATE FOR STATE'S ATTORNEY
IF NOMINATED AND ELECTED I PLEDGE MYSELF

(a) To use every possible effort to enforce ALL the laws of the State of Illinois, and to do this impartially and without distinction or favor. This includes the so-called liquor laws and local option law.

(b) To run the office in the interests of the taxpayers, as economically as possible, consistent with the proper enforcement of the law. I will not ask for the assistance of special counsel.

(c) I will not use the office in any manner to build up a political machine, nor to subvert it to the interests of any faction, "interest" or organization. My sole policy will be to conduct the office for the best interests of the public and the enforcement of justice.

(d) I will carefully investigate all cases before presenting the same to the grand jury. In presenting the same I will try to do so fairly and impartially, giving that body every opportunity of exercising a free and unswayed judgment, uncontrolled by the wish of the State's Attorney.

(e) I will not force any case to trial in which the evidence is of such a nature that guilt is not clear and a conviction is impossible.

(f) I will not selfishly exercise the great power of the office to ruin a political opponent, or to build up a reputation at the expense of the weak and probably innocent, but will conduct it fairly and justly to all, having in view solely the enforcement of the law and the best interests of the taxpayer.

Respectfully,
A. V. SMITH.

EDITORIAL FROM THE WAUKEGAN SUN

The endorsement of R. J. Dady for the state's attorneyship by the so-called "Good Government League," without a meeting of members of the league being called, has caused considerable feeling in the men who paid in their \$5 fees to become members of what they expected would be a league which would help elect men after primaries have disposed of the individual aspirations of various men. The failure of the men who signed themselves as in authority for the league to give Maj. A. V. Smith any consideration, even if unwilling to consider Mr. Welch, has caused some of these members to see in the origin of a league a cleverly put-over scheme for Dady, and for Dady alone. It is pointed out by these men that, so far as his stand on the dry-wet situation goes, Maj. A. V. Smith HAS DONE MORE to fight the saloonkeepers of the county than Dady has done in his two terms as prosecutor. It was Attorney A. V. Smith who dug up the law which brought thousands of dollars from the saloonists to the families of men who were made drunkards by saloonists; it was A. V. Smith who fought these cases to success and who kept applying this law in Lake county cases. It wasn't Dady who did this—it was MAJOR A. V. SMITH. It was Maj. Smith who started the ball going against the saloon—and, after it got a good, fast start and almost reached the end of its trip, Dady steps in and assumes the role of the one who gave it the original push and kept pushing it along. And, as always, the late arrival gets the credit in many cases for being the originator and the finisher as well. Because of Maj. Smith's activity along these lines, many of the league members and many of the major's friends have felt that the league certainly handed him a raw deal in not giving him an endorsement, at least one which would have made it appear that the league considered him fit to hold the office, even if the directors favored Dady's election over him. The entire ignoring of Maj. Smith by a league in which are many of his good friends, who were not permitted to express themselves, has embittered many north side families whose associations in the past have been rather close. A man against whom nothing can be said, against whom nothing can be pointed to a reflective nature, wasn't even considered worth mentioning by the so-called "Good Government League." Verily, Bill Weiss got in some fine work on some fine men whose intentions are good but whose vision is being clouded to such a point that they admit they don't know anything about politics but are trying to learn. And they are!

FROM THE WAUKEGAN GAZETTE

Many Civil War soldiers' names have appeared at the head of these little outlines of the men whom I have known, but today I am to deal with one who is on the battle field, and who may be sent into Mexican territory, bearing the Stars and Stripes to cast its sheltering shadow upon a devastated country, a sorrowing people, and restoring order in a land where guerrilla warfare has been going on for several years.

A. V. Smith was born at Fort Hill, Lake county, Illinois, December 1, 1877. He was educated in the public schools, graduated from the Waukegan High School and took a course at the University of Wisconsin, completing it in 1901. He was employed in the Waukegan postoffice, as assistant postmaster, studied at the Chicago Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1904.

In 1904 Battery C, Illinois National Guards, was organized and A. V. Smith was elected captain. He proved efficient, and on January 29, 1912, he was elected Major of the First Battalion, consisting of Batteries A, B and C Light Artillery.

In the practice of law Maj. Smith has been successful. He made a splendid record in cases where damages have been asked under the "Dram Shop" law, and in all his work bears a reputation for honesty and fairness. He is a Republican and has never been a candidate for office until this year, when he announced his candidacy for State's Attorney.