

**A SAD ACCIDENT.**

Tuesday, at 9:30 a. m., Mr. Fred Kopp, son of Mr. Wm. Kopp, of Ravinia, was the victim of an unavoidable accident while unloading water pipes near the depot, between Central Ave., and Elm Place. The rope holding a section of pipe weighing 2 tons broke, allowing the pipe to fall on Kopp, badly shattering the left leg above the knee. A physician was summoned and he ordered the man taken at once to the hospital. Mr. E Laing, for whom he was working took him in to the Augustana hospital, where the physicians found that the splinters of bone had cut so many arteries that they may not be able to save the limb. No blame could be attached to anyone at the work, for the rope used was a new one.

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Louis J. Gurnee, Sec.

L M Bergen and w to Martha B Watson, e pt lt 8 blk 20 Highland Park, wd.....	1 00
L M Bergen and w to J. E. Rounseville, w 70 ft e 170 ft lt 8 blk 20 Highland Park qc	1 00
City of Lake Forest to Harriet A Jones et al pt Sheridan Road through Lake Forest, in sec 3 Deerfield Twp qc...	1 00
P A Montgomery and w to Emma M. Montgomery, lt 1 and e pt lt 7 blk 15 Highland Park, wd.....	11,000 00
Jno Caesar and w to Henry Caesar, pt secs 7 and 8 Deerfield Twp, wd.....	1 00
Henry Caesar to Elizabeth Caesar, pt secs 7 and 8 Deerfield Twp, wd.....	1 00
Albina R La Bar to M R Bortree, s 1/2 lt 4 (ex w 40 ft) blk 14 Highland Park, wd.....	1 00
J S Prall and w to F P Hawkins, lt 59 Ravinia, qc.....	50 00
Richard Kennedy and w to Evelina Turner, 10 acre lt in ne 1/2 ne 1/2 sec 5 Deerfield Twp wd.....	3000 00
Palmer Boat Co Incorporation to manufacture boats at Highland Park	
Benj Newhall to J B Payne s 225 ft lt 2 blk 4 Hamiltons 2nd add to Highland Park...	1575 00
Mary H Richards & hus to J E O'Connor nw 1/4 se 1/4 (40 acs) sec 18 Deerfield twp w d.....	3000 00

**Highland Park State Bank.**

Having succeeded to the business of the Highland Park Bank, with an increased capital, and under state Supervision, solicits checking and savings accounts.

**Bonds and Mortgages Bought and Sold**

**3 PER CENT INTEREST**

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The Bank is equipped with fire and burglar proof Safety Deposit Boxes, renting at from \$3 per year upward.

F. W. CUSHING, President.

D. A. HOLMES, Cashier.

**BATTLE LINES DRAWN**

**Aspirants for the Gubernatorial Nomination in Illinois Eager for the Fray.**

**Conventions Yet To Be Held.**

Only seventeen counties remain to hold conventions outside of Cook. Of these, the calls for four primaries and conventions have not yet been issued. These counties are Clinton, Fayette, Stark and Putnam. The dates of conventions still to be held in other outside counties are announced as follows:

Jo Daviess, April 7; DeKalb, April 11; Christian, April 11; Effingham, April 11; Mason, April 14; Cumberland, April 14; Wabash, April 16; Edwards, April 30; Pike, May 2; Boone, May 2; Kane, May 2; Adams, May 3, and LaSalle, May 4. A convention also will be held in Sangamon county on May 3, by the Yates faction in the county and delegates will be named to contest against the delegates selected by the Hamlin forces several weeks ago. The split grew out of a disagreement over the manner of calling the primaries and convention in the county.

Just what the outcome of these coming conventions will be cannot, of course, be predicted with confidence, but it is safe to assert that practically all of the delegates yet to be chosen outside of Cook county will be divided among Lowden, Attorney General Hamlin and Governor Yates. Indications are that Colonel Lowden will capture the Adams county delegation, with twenty votes in the state convention. The Lowden wing of the party in Adams county won out over the Yates faction by a vote of 27 to 24 in the matter of fixing the county convention date, and the managers of the Lowden campaign are confident of carrying the county and controlling the convention.

**Matter That Causes Discussion.**

There has been considerable discussion of the likelihood of the four outside candidates for the nomination for governor entering into the Cook county campaign and their final decisions in the matter are awaited with much interest. For several weeks past Governor Yates has had the matter under consideration. Several conferences have been held with his lieutenants and campaign managers, at which the advisability of such a step was discussed at length, but up to the present time the executive has not announced what course he will pursue.

Early in the campaign Governor Yates announced that it was his intention to visit every county in the state in his speechmaking campaign for renomination, excepting only Cook county. At that time it was expected by the Yates managers that the governor would be able to secure enough support outside of Cook county to assure his nomination. The result of the campaign up to the present time, however, has not met the full expectations of the governor's adherents, and they are now frank to confess that they must look to Cook county for support if their candidate is to win.

Some of the governor's officeholders in the city of Chicago are advising him to enter upon a vigorous campaign for Cook county delegates. Others are counseling him to stay out of the fight there, believing that his interference would not only fail to produce direct results in the matter of delegates, but would endanger his chances of securing the support of Cook coun-

ty delegates as a "second choice." It is generally expected, however, that Governor Yates will decide to enter the contest in an effort to scoop in twenty-five or fifty delegates.

**Hamlin to Speak in Cook.**

It is practically settled that Attorney General Hamlin will make a number of speeches in Cook county between now and the date of the state convention. Attorney General Hamlin's entrance into the arena, however, is not with the expectation of gaining delegates. The attorney general is not widely known among the rank and file of the voters in the city of Chicago, and he is anxious to broaden his acquaintance there. If he can win favor as a "second choice" of any considerable number of Cook county delegates he will feel amply repaid for his campaign.

Whether or not Judge Sherman will do any speechmaking in the big city will probably depend solely upon the course adopted by Governor Yates. The former speaker's campaign is a strictly anti-Yates crusade, and if the executive undertakes to test the subtlety of his oratory upon the Cook county voters, Judge Sherman will follow his path and present his version of "The Truth About the Governor." Judge Sherman is probably better acquainted throughout Cook county than either of the other outside candidates, but he does not expect any delegates from that territory.

**Aspirants for Minor Offices.**

In addition to the candidates for governor, it has been practically decided by a number of the aspirants for minor places on the state ticket to turn their attention to Cook county. In fact, practically every candidate for a state office has announced his intention to establish himself in Chicago for a portion of each week at least. As the seat of political activity has shifted to the metropolis there is really little to be done by these candidates at any other point, while in Chicago they not only have opportunity of becoming acquainted with the party members and prospective delegates from that city, but also to meet the army of country politicians who congregate at the Great Northern hotel at every week's end. More active party workers can be seen in Chicago on one Saturday than could be visited in a week's active travel over the state.

When the city and country politicians get together in Chicago this week attention will be turned toward the organization of the coming state convention. This is one of the most important matters in connection with the campaign. The matter of controlling or being a party to the organization of the body may mean the fate of one or more aspirants for honors at the hands of the party, from the top to the bottom of the ticket. The unprecedented number of contesting delegations that will seek admission to the convention is the chief source of interest in this connection.

**Officers for the Convention.**

Up to the present time there has been little talk concerning the selection of officers for the convention. The name of John H. Pierce of Kewanee has been connected with the office of temporary chairman, but matters of this sort will not be seriously discussed until the all-important question of organization is disposed of. Gossip has conceived of every possible form of combination among the candidates for governor, in the matter of organization, but none of this babble is taken seriously. The candidates themselves insist that the question has not yet been considered.

**SENATORS FROM KANSAS.**

**Hoodoo Which Seems to Attach to Line of "Fated Succession"—Bad Luck Follows Them.**

John T. Ingalls' "fated succession" is vividly recalled to mind by the present trouble in which Senator Burton finds himself. The brilliant Atchison statesman so designated the line of Kansas United States senators that started out with Gen. James H. Lane.

Those in the "fated succession," says the Topeka Capital, were James H. Lane, Edward G. Ross, Robert Crozier, Alexander Caldwell, James M. Harvey, Preston B. Plumb, Bishop K. Perkins, John Martin, Lucien Baker and the present Senator J. Ralph Burton. Lane committed suicide. Ross committed political suicide by voting against the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, and was driven out of his party. Crozier, who served about a year by appointment, died without leaving a single mark by which his brief senatorial career can be remembered. Caldwell resigned after two years' service to escape investigation.

Harvey, although he had been governor of his state and had made a fairly good reputation as such, made a very insignificant senator, and was, after three years' service, defeated for reelection and dropped out of political life. Plumb died in office at Washington. Perkins served a brief term by appointment and is scarcely remembered as a senator. Martin served two years, and left the senate poorer in purse and with less prestige than he possessed when he went in. Baker was almost a total failure, and his crushing defeat for reelection at the hands of Burton is still warm in the memory of the people of Kansas.

**DISEASE NEEDS WATCHING.**

**Whooping Cough Not Simple Little Affair Many Suppose—Nearly as Fatal as Scarlet Fever.**

Eliza H. Root calls attention, says the Woman's Medical Journal, to the fact that this disease is too little dreaded by the medical profession and that it is by no means the simple affair that many seem to suppose.

From the United States census of 1900 we find that 663 died in New York from whooping cough and 549 from scarlet fever. In Chicago 141 died from whooping cough and 373 from scarlet fever; Philadelphia, 179 from whooping cough, 182 from scarlet fever, and so on in the different cities. Death from whooping cough occurs most frequently from pneumonia as a complication that induces heart failure, or a bronchitis may occur that ends in suffocation. Asphyxia or marasmus due to the continued ejecting of the food or loss of appetite may cause death.

Even when death does not occur, severe disturbance of the nervous system may remain, as weakness of the intellect and memory, imbecility. Visual defects, strabismus, blindness and deafness, partial or complete, and even deaf-mutism may remain. Whooping cough, it is evident, should be under the control of health authorities, subject to quarantine and other preventive measures as much as scarlet fever.

The poorest kind of economy is to try to save money by not paying your debts.