

Highwood.

The new Gibbs block walls are up one story.

Friends visited Mrs. Col. Coolidge this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Holland, of Chicago, visited at Harry Marsh's Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Bubb went to Washington D. C. for a week or ten days visit with friends in the national capital.

Four years ago the Democrats of this precinct polled 55 votes. This year they polled 126 and the Republicans 160 votes.

The two Miss Eckers who have been visiting their sister, Mrs. Capt. Normoile, have gone to Colorado Springs for the winter.

President and Mrs. W. F. Hogan celebrated their silver wedding Thursday evening with many friends and valuable presents.

The election returns were received in the Park pavilion by special wire and received by a big audience with mingled feelings of joy and sorrow.

Supervisor Hogan went to Waukegan Thursday with C. B. Easton of Deerfield to settle up with the contractors for the new Hillday bridge.

Mrs. Lieut. Svitzer of the 4th Infantry is home from Manila visiting friends at the Post. The Capt. is at his post of duty in the Philippines.

Rev. E. J. Vatman, the Post Chaplain went to his home in Fulton Ohio, to vote for McKinley and was the guest of the President in Canton Tuesday night as the election returns were received.

Mrs. Geo. Lloyd Wheaton and Mrs. John Dent have gone to Denver to attend the wedding of Miss Campbell, a niece of Mrs. Wheaton. Miss Campbell is one of the society bells of the "Silver City."

Chaplain McKinnon who went to Manila with the volunteers, was so active in actions that he was wounded seven times but kept at his post while able to be on his feet. He so endeared himself to the soldiers and natives by his brave, manly, christian conduct that they have asked the church authorities to make him archbishop and put him in charge of the educational work in the islands. The chapel at the Fort was crowded last Sunday morning to hear him speak of his experiences out there. He returns to Manila via San Francisco to see his sick mother.

Winnetka.

Miss Nellie Riggs visited in Winnetka this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Eddy left Winnetka on Tuesday for Portland Oregon.

Miss Irene Russell was the guest of Miss Florence Capron last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Coffin have returned to their home on Sheridan Road, Winnetka.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Smith are occupying their house in Winnetka for a short time.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Winnetka Club give a Cinch party at 2 o'clock on Monday.

Mrs. Orth is spending a month or six weeks with friends in her old home at Hiawatha, Kan.

Mrs. Empy, who has been visiting Mrs. McDonald for about 6 weeks, has returned to her home in Chicago.

Miss Nellie Gillespie is expected back soon from Madison, Wis., where she has spent some months.

Mrs. D. R. Moulton is suffering from several broken bones and some bruises as a result of a fall down a flight of stairs on Monday.

Owing to the meetings of the People's Club there will be no Sunday

evening services at the Congregational church during the winter.

Mr. Holmes and his wife formerly of Chicago, visited Miss Ruth Smith, of Winnetka, this week, and have now returned to their home in Minneapolis.

Dr. O. W. Nixon, of the Inter-Ocean, will address the People's Club on Sunday evening November 11, at 7:30 o'clock. His subject will be Marcus Whitman and Oregon.

The Woman's Foreign Society of the Congregational Church met in the lecture room of the church on Thursday when those who were present were enough to attend listened to a paper given by Dr. Virginia Murdock regarding her escape from her perilous journey across the country.

An audience of 228 Winnetka people was present to greet Miss Jane Addams, of Hull House, at the town hall last Sunday evening.

Besides Miss Addams' very interesting address there were two very beautiful solos by Miss Margharite Oster and a very gratifying report by the president of the People's Club regarding its progress and present condition.

Mr. Klotz and family, of Chicago, suffered a severe loss from a fire last Monday evening. Mr. Klotz had recently purchased the Ell's house in Cairnduff division and just in time to witness the destruction of his furniture and to see his house burned almost to the ground. The family are staying for the present with Mr. and Mrs. William Case.

A Dramatic entertainment was given at the Winnetka Club House on Tuesday evening. Two comedies were given, both of which were appreciated by the audience. Between the plays the election returns on a large sheet that all might see and the shouts and whistles which showed an undiminished enthusiasm until the night.

Mr. H. A. Lindwall has erected a new building on Lincoln avenue opposite the depot, and moved into it from the old place on west Elm street. His store is in fine shape, a full stock of up-to-date goods for this town. Just give Mr. Lindwall a visit before you go to Chicago for goods in his line, and save your time, car fare, and what is more important, your sweet temper.

Glencoe.

Mrs. C. D. Swain entertained at luncheon Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Sherman were guests at Mr. J. L. Danvers' over Sunday.

A number of ladies gave a dinner last Saturday at the Cokie club house.

Mr. Paepcke and family returned to their home in Chicago the first of the week.

Mr. Heaton Owsley and family returned to their city home the first of the week.

Miss Janet Thompson was the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. B. Orde, over Sunday.

Madam Calhower returned last week from a summer outing in Eastern New York.

Miss Thomas, of South Chicago, was the guest of Miss Tipton the first part of the week.

Mrs. C. H. Howard was called to Bangor, Me., Sunday by the serious illness of her mother.

The ladies of the Episcopal Guild will meet in the Guild room of the church Wednesday at 1:30 a. m.

The women's missionary meeting will be held in the church parlors

from 3 to 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Coleman Doffer died Monday evening after an illness of several months. Services were held at the Catholic church, Cakeside, Thursday morning.

The Woman's Guild will hold a special meeting Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 in the church parlors. To prepare the missionary box a full attendance is desired.

The young ladies' missionary society will meet with Miss Howard this Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Dr. Virginia Murdock, lately of Pe-kin, China, will address the meeting.

The subject of Rev. M. W. Darling's discourse for Sunday morning: "What I know, what I believe, what I hope for in religion." Evening: "The Century's Progress; what it has done for better homes and common comforts."

At the town meeting Thursday evening of last week a number of subjects were discussed. Mr. Kletzing, president of the school board, spoke of the school finances, Mr. Park of the sewerage question, and Mr. Culver, president of the village, spoke of revoking the village charter and going in under the general law. The much discussed question of the old school building was brought up and fully discussed. A new committee was appointed to take charge of the meeting for the coming three months, and adjourned to meet the first Thursday in December.

The Temperance Fight Won in Glencoe.

Glencoe, Ill., Nov. 7, 1900.

Editor of the News-Letter:

Glencoe is a Republican town by a large majority, but the national result was not the only gratifying result of yesterday's work. A vote was taken on the question of giving up the present village charter and reorganizing under the general law of the State, and the result, for reasons to be hereafter mentioned, is very satisfactory to a very large majority of our people.

The Glencoe charter was granted by the Illinois Legislature in 1869, the year before the adoption of the present state constitution, which forbade any more special legislation of that kind. Our present charter contains, among other things, a stringent provision against traffic in intoxicating liquors within the village. After the adoption of the constitution of 1870, the legislature provided how villages having special charters might abandon them and organize under the general law. In 1897 an act of a supplementary nature was passed, with a view of further promoting such surrenders of special charters, providing that villages organized under such charters might give them up and yet retain the prohibitory clause if they had one. But a case being made under this act and taken up to the Supreme Court, that court pronounced the supplementary act an evasion of the constitution. The case, "People vs Board of Trustees," is reported in 170 Ill. p 468. This decision left the special charter villages in the same situation as before the act of 1897; they could simply choose between retaining their charters or surrendering to a regime, under which the question of licensing liquor traffic would rest in the discretion of their councils, leaving that irrepressible conflict between liquor and prohibition liable to be thrashed over in every election.

Last Spring a petition to the Glencoe Council asking that an election be held on the question of surrendering the charter, under the act which was supposed to permit us to retain the prohibitory clause, was circulated in Glencoe and received the necessary

Shoes, Shoes, Shoes.

Ladies' Shoes, Men's Shoes, Boys' Shoes.

I have a specially fine line of Pingree & Smith Ladies' Shoes on hand just now and will make you extra inducements to buy during the next ten days.

Repairing done neatly and quickly. Send your repairs by the children. They will receive attention.

number of signatures. To get a full expression, the Council postponed the election to the day of the general elections, November 6th. The petition stated the proposition to be, in the words of the act of 1897, for or against "village organization under the general law by retaining the prohibitory clause." Many signed it on the presumption that prohibition was in no wise endangered in such a reorganization. When it came to the election, the ballots were worded in the same way; so that the issue presented to our people was not in either case the issue that actually had to be decided. It was only a few days before the election that the discovery was made, and announced at a "Town Meeting," that the act of 1897, permitting the retention of the prohibitory clause, had been declared unconstitutional. This wholly changed the issue as put before our people, and also immediately changed the interest in the question from a passive acquiescence in the proposed surrender of our charter, as involving nothing but administrative detail, into a strenuous opposition to giving away the temperance status of the village. The time was short, but the issue was acute.

The count of the votes at the close of the election on the question showed one hundred and thirty-two (132) against the change to sixty (60) in favor of it, or more than two to one against. It would seem from this result that there is a well-defined and well-entrenched public opinion in Glencoe adverse to any public traffic in intoxicating liquors within the village. There is no desire here among the body of citizens to have Glencoe converted into another Gross Point, or Highwood. It wants a better reputation, and knows that saloons will not help it.

Ivanhoe.

John Meikle is being treated in a Chicago hospital. We have not learned the exact nature of the trouble.

Charley Dolph who recently broke his collar bone, is improving and is in school again.

Arthur Payne is home from Chicago where he has been under treatment for two weeks.

Invitations are out for a Crokinell party and oyster supper to be held in the Woolman hall on November 9th. They are issued by Fred Beach and Everett Wells.

Look over Reliable Laundry ad. There are some prices in it that will surprise you.

THE PRESIDENT AT HOME.

Use of the White House Front Door as an Index to Simplicity of Our Public Life.

The use of the front door of the white house tells an impressive story of the simplicity of our republican form of government. In and out this one portal go the president and his family; the ladies of fashion who call upon the president's wife; the copyists, telegraphers and messengers who are employed in the clerical work of the executive mansion, and they number a score; the office-seekers and all visitors to the white house on business; parties of tourists on their way to see the historic East room; and the ambassadors of foreign monarchs going to present their credentials to the president of the United States.

In the palace of a European monarch there would be several entrances. The public would have one door, the family another, and the diplomatists a third.

The only attempt made at the white house to secure privacy for the president and his wife, says the Youth's Companion, is this: When they enter or depart, two of the guards about the door quietly take places at the head of the little flight of steps which lead up to the portico, and hold the public back a few seconds, while the president and wife step out to the carriage or go in from it. Usually a little bevy of people collects to see the president pass so near, and to them he always bows cordially.

Inside the door it is expected that no one will accost the president while walking to and from his private apartments. But there is nothing to prevent one from doing so. Not long ago a "green" reporter, who had just come to Washington, took this occasion to approach President McKinley and question him upon the issues of the day. The president, recognizing the innocence of the intruder, chatted pleasantly with him. The next day the young man was warned by the guards that he should not do so again. Even a president must occasionally have a few minutes to himself.

Oct 31