

**OCCUPATION OF CUBA.**  
 Notified That Troops Will Take Possession of the Island December 1.  
 Washington, Oct. 12.—Instructions have been sent to the United States military commission in Cuba fixing December 1 as the date when Spanish control over the island shall cease. The commissioners, upon these instructions, have notified the Spaniards that their reports and customs receipts and management of municipal affairs shall pass into the hands of the American military commander in the island. His order was not intended to work for the Spanish troops or for the benefit of the Spanish government, but it was thought best to fix a definite time to end Spanish rule and to begin operations under the United States.

It is probable that United States troops will go to Cuba before that date. By December 1 it is expected that there will be no Spanish troops to be seen there. The Spaniards have been ordered to leave Cuba and to be quartered in barracks until they can be taken away. In the language of Secretary Alger, the United States will be the host and the Spaniards the guests after October 18. The United States will not ship the remaining troops to Spain at its own expense. That was no part of the proposal. The custom houses, the money received for customs, and the government of the islands will pass completely from Spanish control on the date set. The present custom regulations under proclamation of the president will prevail.

Madrid, Oct. 12.—The Spanish government announces its intention to maintain a strong force of troops in Cuba until the treaty of peace with the United States is definitely signed. Immediately after peace is signed, the cortes will be convened and measures dealing with the reorganization of all the state departments will be submitted to parliament.

Washington, Oct. 12.—When the attention of the officials of the war department was called to the statement made in Madrid that a strong force of Spanish troops would be kept in Cuba until the treaty of peace had been signed, it was simply stated that there had been and would be no change in the orders to the United States troops, and that the instruction given to the American military commission in Havana to take possession of the island on December 1, irrespective of the presence or absence of the Spanish officials, would be rigidly adhered to. The Spanish troops may stay in Cuba for a time after that date if evacuation is not complete, but they will no longer be the masters of the island, and United States officials will administer all of its affairs.

Paris, Oct. 12.—After a fourth joint session—lasting from two o'clock Wednesday afternoon to a quarter past six—the American and Spanish peace commissions adjourned without having reached a final conclusion as to any point in the protocol. Thus far there has been no joint formulation or crystallization of views to be returned to each commission to its government, the embodying in the final treaty. The question of the Philippines has not yet been considered in joint session. Though the Americans at their separate sessions have acquired exhaustive information from persons who have lived in the Philippine islands and done business there. They are now, therefore, well equipped to discuss the subject when it comes up. The Spanish commissioners have presented written views, expressions and propositions to which there have been written rejoinders. These, in the original and in translations, have been read at the joint sessions, while during the recesses they have been respectively dictated and responses formulated to them, rendered into both English and Spanish for the next joint session.

The Spanish, it is believed, have asked to have the Cuban debt assumed by the United States, urging that the debt should pass with the sovereignty, the debt so presented for American assumption covers the expense of the 19 years' insurrection; the recent insurrection and the war with the United States, as far as Spain's outlay in the war can be classified against her. The Americans probably have replied that if indeed any part of the Cuban debt is allowable, the part incurred in suppressing insurrections or in the war with the United States is not allowable.

Had Served in the Senate.  
 New Haven, Conn., Oct. 12.—Benjamin Stark, one of the most prominent citizens of eastern Connecticut, died Monday night, aged 79 years. In middle life he was a prominent resident of Portland, Ore., and a pioneer in the building of that city. In 1862 he was appointed United States senator from Oregon to fill a brief vacancy and was in Oregon delegate to the national democratic convention of 1864.

**FIFTY YEARS OLD**

Why let your neighbors know it? And why give them a chance to guess you are even five or ten years more? Better give them good reasons for guessing the other way. It is very easy; for nothing tells of age so quickly as gray hair.

**Ayer's Hair Vigor**

is a youth-renewer. It hides the age under a luxuriant growth of hair the color of youth. It never fails to restore color to gray hair. It will stop the hair from coming out also. It feeds the hair bulbs. Thin hair becomes thick hair, and short hair becomes long hair. It cleanses the scalp; removes all dandruff, and prevents its formation. We have a book on the Hair which we will gladly send you.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed. Address: Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

**Write and tell us just how much you can afford to pay for an Organ. We'll attend to the rest.**

Estey Organ Co.,  
 Brattleboro, Vt.

**There is a Class of People**

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee.

The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee.

It does not cost over 1/2 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

**Try Grain-O!**  
 Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O Accept no imitation.

**PILES**

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."

C. H. KERTZ, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

**CANDY CATHARTIC**  
**CASCARETS**  
 TRADE MARK REGISTERED  
 REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip, 10c, 25c, 50c.  
 CURE CONSTIPATION.  
 Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Danvers, New York, 212

**NO-TO-BAC** Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

**A TRIUMPHANT TOUR.**

President McKinley Is Greeted by Cheering Crowds.

**Honors Are Paid the Chief Magistrate Along His Journey to Omaha —Eloquent Addresses Are Made.**

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 12.—President McKinley and the other members of the presidential party from Washington were greeted on their arrival in Omaha by the largest crowd that has ever lined the streets of the city. For several hours before the train reached the depot the sidewalks along the streets over which the president was to pass were densely packed by citizens of Omaha and visitors from all parts of the country who have come to participate in the peace jubilee celebration, and the welcome that was accorded to the head of the national government was enthusiastic in the extreme. At the depot to welcome the distinguished guests to the city were King Ak-Sar-Ben IV, in person and the board of governors of the king, Knights of Ak-Sar-Ben, and also the Equestrian club of South Omaha. The festival of Ak-Sar-Ben was held last week and the newly crowned king had ordered that his knights exert themselves mightily to do honor to the beloved ruler of the nation. The presidential reception committee, composed of prominent Omaha citizens and their wives, was also at the depot. Each member of the committee, with his wife, was given one particular guest to escort to the proper place in the line of carriages which was in waiting and they performed the tasks allotted to them without a hitch.

As soon as all were seated the procession started under escort of the two equestrian clubs for the city hall. The line of carriages moved north on Tenth street and west on Farnam to Eighteenth. Along the whole line the crowds on each side of the street and in every window kept up a continuous ovation. The buildings were gorgeously decorated with red, white and blue and with the Ak-Sar-Ben colors, red, yellow and green, and numerous pictures of the president appeared in the windows of stores and offices. The streets were also strung with lines of incandescent lights over each causeway, and arches of colored incandescent lights at every street crossing, making the whole line of march as light as day. At the city hall the party alighted and the visitors were assigned to seats on a temporary platform, from which they reviewed a magnificent parade of 40 floats. The floats were the same which had taken part during last week in the Ak-Sar-Ben parade of Tuesday and the electric parade of Thursday and the two gorgeous parades combined made a magnificent spectacle.

**Eloquent Talk at Boone.**

Logan, Ia., Oct. 12.—All through western Iowa the numbers and enthusiasm of the people remained unabated. Crowds were waiting on the platforms of stations not reached till long after dark. At Boone, Ia., one of the day's most telling speeches was made. Here the president was again escorted to a platform near the station, from which he spoke to another cheering multitude. Before he was introduced two pretty little school girls ascended the platform and in behalf of the Boone high school presented the president with a gold-headed cane tied with red, white and blue ribbons. Ex-Congressman A. J. Holmes introduced the president, who said:

"We are fortunate to-day, more fortunate than we have been for more than half a century in having an undivided and indivisible nation. [Applause.] Every section of this country loves the old flag dearly, and we have but one flag, and that the glorious old stars and stripes. [Applause.] I, in a slight way, behold that in our war the troops of the north were brigaded with the troops of the south. That Iowa troops were brigaded with the troops of the south, and commanded by that distinguished ex-confederate whose name is so familiar in the annals of the civil war. So that once more we dwell together—we were all together in the fight, we must be all together to the conclusion. [Cheers.] This is no time for divided councils; this is the solemn hour demanding the highest wisdom and the best statesmanship of every section of our glorious country, and, thank God, there is no north, no south, no east, no west, but all Americans forever. [Great applause.]

**Our Only Danger.**

"The only danger for this people is that now and then they become indifferent and they quit too soon. Indifferent citizenship is always unfortunate; it is always unfortunate to be indifferent to a party, but it is always unfortunate to be indifferent to the country—always unfortunate to be indifferent to principle. In the United States we have grown to have convictions, and we have come to know how to put these convictions into public law and public administration. If I would have you remember anything I have said in these remarks, it would be to remember that at this critical hour in the nation's history we must not be divided. The triumphs of the war are yet to be written in the articles of peace." [Applause.]

Shore stops were made at Belle Plaine, Tama, Marshalltown and Ames, and at each point the president said a few words to the people. Tama is in the home county of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, who introduced the president to his neighbors. Cadets from the state agricultural college were at the depot at Ames and repeated their college yell time and again for the benefit of the president.

**THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED.**

He Had Moved His Wife's House Plants and Was Fit for a Hazardous Undertaking.

The grimy captain of the mountain battery hurried forward to meet the infantry colonel.

"Colonel!" he shouted, with a hasty salute, "I want you to detail a man from your ranks to help us work the guns. That last charge thinned us out."

"Certainly, sir," cried the colonel, "what sort of a man do you want?"

"I want a man who is strong in the arms," the captain replied; "one who is regularly accustomed to carrying heavy and awkward weights. I want him to handle the ammunition for gun No. 4. He must carry the shells and solid shot from the caisson to the gun."

The colonel turned to his command and in a ringing voice stated the artilleryman's desire. Then he called for a volunteer.

Instantly a little man with a pale face and a somewhat bent back stepped briskly from the ranks and saluted.

The colonel looked him over.

"He wants a man who is strong in the arms," he repeated.

"Yes, colonel," said the little man.

"But you—where did you acquire the necessary strength?"

The little man smiled and again saluted.

"Well, colonel," he said, with an air of conscious triumph, "I reckon I'm as fit as any man in the regiment. I moved my wife's house plants more than 400 times during the spring months!"

"He'll do!" roared the artilleryman, and the two hastily climbed the hill.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**His Happiest Moment.**

"John," she asked, cuddling up to him, for it was the seventh anniversary of their marriage, "what was the happiest moment of your life?"

"Ah, dear," he replied, "I remember it well. I shall never forget it. If I live to be a hundred years old that moment will always stand out as plainly as it does to-night."

She sighed and nestled a little closer, looking longingly up into his honest blue eyes. After a moment's silence she asked:

"Yes, but John, dearest, you haven't told me when it was."

"Oh," he answered, "I thought you had guessed it. Surely it ought to be easy enough for you to do so. It was when you came to me last fall, if you remember, and told me that you had decided to trim over one of your old hats so as to make it do for the winter."

Then the celebration of the seventh anniversary of their marriage became formal and uninteresting.—Cleveland Leader.

**A DOMESTIC INCIDENT.**

From the Observer, Flushing, Mich.

"Early in November, 1894," says Frank Long, who lives near Lenton, Mich., "on starting to get up from the dinner table, I was taken with a pain in my back. The pain increased, and I was obliged to take to my bed. The physician who was summoned pronounced my case muscular rheumatism accompanied by lumbago. He gave me remedies and injected morphine into my arm to ease the pain.

"My disease gradually became worse until I thought that death would be welcome release from my sufferings. Besides my regular physician I also consulted another but gave me no encouragement.



**On Getting Up from the Table.**

"I was finally induced through reading some accounts in the newspapers regarding the wonderful cures wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, to try them. I took the pills according to directions and soon began to notice an improvement in my condition. Before the first box was used I could get about the house, and after using five boxes, was entirely cured.

"Since that time I have felt no return of the rheumatic pains. I am confident that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life and to try the same remedy. I will gladly answer inquiries concerning my sickness and wonderful cure, provided stamp is enclosed for reply.

Sworn to before me at Venice, Mich., this 15th day of April, 1898.

G. B. GOLDSWORTHY, Justice of the Peace.

**Too General.**

Smithson—You can always judge a man by the company he keeps.

Johnson—That's pretty rough on a jailer of a prison, isn't it?—Illustrated American.

**Coughing Leads to Consumption.**

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once, delays are dangerous.

Judge—"You say the defendant turned and whistled to the dog. What followed?"

Intelligent Witness—"The dog."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**Hall's Catarrh Cure**

Is taken Internally. Price 75c.

We have but little respect for a man who can't discover the easiest way to do things.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

From sudden weather changes come Soreness and Stiffness. From St. Jacobs Oil comes prompt cure.

Those who are always looking for favors are not the most willing to give them.—Ram's Horn.

I have used Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. Patterson, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

Many a pair of patent leather shoes cover socks that are full of holes.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

Go to work on Lumbago as if you intended to cure it. Use St. Jacobs Oil.

Nothing makes a man so sad as to have a girl jolly him.—Chicago Daily News.

Deep as is the Sciatic nerve. St. Jacobs Oil will penetrate and cure Sciatica.

**MRS. PINKHAM TALKS TO THE FUTURE WOMAN.**

Will the New Generation of Women be More Beautiful or Less So? Miss Jessie Eburn's Experience.

A pleasing face and graceful figure! These are equipments that widen the sphere of woman's usefulness. How can a woman have grace of movement when she is suffering from some disorder that gives her those awful bearing-down sensations? How can she retain her beautiful face when she is nervous and racked with pain?

Young women, think of your future and provide against ill health. Mothers, think of your growing daughter, and prevent in her as well as in yourself irregularity or suspension of nature's duties.

If puzzled, don't trust your own judgment. Mrs. Pinkham will charge you nothing for her advice; write to her at Lynn, Mass., and she will tell you how to make yourself healthy and strong.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound strengthens the female organs and regulates the menses as nothing else will. Following is a letter from Miss JESSIE EBURN, 1712 West Jefferson St., Sandusky, Ohio.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to let you know of the great benefit your remedies have been to me. I suffered for over a year with inflammation of the ovaries. I had doctored, but no medicine did me any good. Was at a sanatorium for two weeks. The doctor thought an operation necessary, but I made up my mind to give your medicine a trial before submitting to that. I was also troubled with leucorrhoea, painful menstruation, dizziness, nervousness, and was so weak that I was unable to stand or walk. I have taken in all several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and am now in good health. I will always give your medicine the highest praise."

**Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman best Understands a Woman's Ills**

**Arrested!**

for not chewing **Battle Ax PLUG**

"He don't chew Battle Ax, yer Honor." "He looks it!"

**Ignorance of the Law is no excuse, but ignorance of BATTLE AX is your misfortune—not a crime—and the only penalty is your loss in quantity as well as quality when you buy any other kind of Chewing Tobacco.**

**Remember the name when you buy again.**

"FOOL'S HASTE IS NAE SPEED." DON'T HURRY THE WORK UNLESS YOU USE **SAPOLIO**

**Stock Speculators**

I have valuable information of a profitable deal now under way. Write for particulars. E. P. J., P. O. Box 2497, New York.

**FISH-TACKLE**  
 Complete Double Reel \$9.95  
 Single Reel \$5.95

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**IF YOUR INCOME** is small, and you want to make a large amount of money, send for "Good Tips." No work. No canvassing. Legitimate. Profitable and Easy. High Incubator, Box 134, Denver, Colorado.

**FOR SALE** on EASY Terms, HARDWOOD TIMBERLAND in Township 24 North of range 12 West, Westford Co., Mich. Address CORNELL & HARRIS, Eaton Rapids, Michigan.

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 GIBBERNS WHILE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
 Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Cures in Time. Sold by Druggists.  
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