POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some Short Sentences Which Confain Truths Uttered in Humor-

The man who is wedded to art should have a model wife. Money often wins the first battle, but seldom the second.

Some girls change color because the first

oox is unsatisfactory. Usually the more a man is wrapped up in himself the colder he is. It's a wise philosopher that knows when there is a brick under the hat. Poor is the minister whose voice fills the

church and empties the pews. A woman's idea of strategy is to spend dime in an effort to save a nickel. All geniuses are more og less eccentric. A few have even been known to pay their

Eve had her faults, but she never went through Adam's pockets while he was asleep. Love blinds some men, and it makes lots of others too near-sighted for military service. A chainless wheel renders trouser guards unnecessary, but it's different with a chainless dog.

When a man is continually talking about his troubles, his neighbors never troublevery much about his talk. The intense love of an old toper for liquor goes to prove that familiarity doesn't always

breed absolute coutempt. Many a man who doesn't know enough to go in when it rains knows enough to raise the best umbrella he can get his hands on.-Chicago Evening News:

Has Not Slept for Five Years.

It is reported that a man in Indiana has not had an hour's sleep for five years. He constantly walks about, unable to rest, and is now little more than a skeleton. There are thousands of men and women who are unable to sleep more than an hour or two a. night because of nervousness, weakness, dyspepsia, headache and constipation. A certain remedy for these disorders is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. All druggists sell it.

The War Is over

And now our thoughts are all of peace and There are, too often, people to be found who have no home, and it is to them. these few words are addressed. If you really want a home you can easily get one, but you should act at once before the relapse from the war puts prices on the advance. In Marinette County, Wisconsin, the very finest farming land is to be had now at a most modest figure. Excellent home markets are at hand to take whatever the farmer raises, and good prices are given. These lands are on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and full information conterming them will cheerfully be furnished by C. E. Rollins, Immigration Agent, 161 La Salle Street, Chicago.

" "A Home in Texas" Is the title of a pamphlet giving full description of 30,000 acres of fertile farm lands on sale at Chesterville, Colorado County, lexas. This with full particulars in regard. to cheap rates, etc., furnished free upon application to Southern Texas Golonization Company, John Linderholm, Mgr., No. 110 Rialto Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

A Dose in Time Saves Nine of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for Coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Pimples

Are the danger signals of impure blood. They show that the stream of life is in bad condition, that health is in danger of wreck. Clear the course by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and the blood will be made pure, complexion fair and healthy, and life's journey pleasant and successful.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness

and sizes, for DRILLING WELLS for house, farm, City and Village Water Works, Factories, Ice Plants, Breweries, Irrigation, Coal and Mineral Prospecting, Oil and Gas, etc. LATEST and BEST. 30 YEARS EXPERIENCE. Write us WHAT YOU want. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO



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Allen's Ulcerine Salve is the only sure cure in the world for Chronic Ulcers, Hone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcars, White Swelling, Fever Sores, and all Old Sores. In never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. Best salve for Bolls. Carbuncles, Piles, Salt Rheum, Burns, Cuts and all Fresh Wounds, By mail, small, 33c; large, 63c. Book free. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE Co., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Druggists.

benefit. Retains the electricity of the human body. It stops the pain of Rheamstism and Neuroigie and greatly assists weak vitality. Cures Sleeplessness, etc. Write at once for circulars giving full particulars. Agents Wanted.

A: W. SLAYTON, Mgr., Tecumseh, Mich, U.S. A.

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HEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertises ment in this paper.

CONTRACTOR OF THE POPULATION O RICHES FOR TRADERS

Philippines a Great Field for Enterprising Americans-Some of Their Commercial Features. [Special Manila Letter.]

HE TRADE of the Philippines can be classed under four heads: The export and import, the inland, the inter-island and the native or domestic. The export and import trade is carried on by foreign firms who have establishments at Manila, Ilo-Ilo and Cebu, but the great bulk of the trade is done at Manila. Great Britain leads in both exports and imports, with the United States a close second exports. France, Japan and Germany coming in for only a small proportion of the whole, while Spain, who should be at the head of the list, is at the foot. There are three staple articles of commerce now extensively produced, sugar, tobacco and the fiber of a species of banana plant called abaca, but better known commerciall



MANILA GIRLS MAKING CIGARS.

hands of the Chinese residents. There tion from the crop of the bird, the

mous quantities and at a reduced price. the case where a half dozen young The same can be said of the sugar in- men club together and rent a "bungadustry. The policy of the Spaniard, has low" to seeure the services of a probeen one of repression. They have vidore and live in homelike comfort. done all in their power to keep the In no other land can one live so cheap. ally left the country in disgust.

One of the most important natural pines. productions that abounds in all of the hundreds of islands of the archipelago are the immense virgin forests of hardwood timbers. There are at least 50 different kinds, among them many that are found in no other part of the world. I noticed three kinds that were equal to ebony in hardness, and of most extraordinary colors. One was of a deep of Gen. Winfield Scott Hancock is fallorange yellow, one dark olive green, jug into ruin. and one light ruby red. They were all of extremely fine grain, and capable of being highly polished. They will retain their colors for years. I have seen | Philadelphia. There was a great native furniture made from these funeral when he was buried, and the woods that had been in the same family in daily use for over 60 years, and was still good for many more, and the colors were as bright as though made from freshly-cut material, although they had never been either oiled or varnished. The green and yellow varieties are certain to become in the future most valuable timbers for interior decorations and for fancy furniture.

Among the exports that deserve special mention are the edible birds' nests that are so highly esteemed by the as Manila hemp. In the production of Chinese, the finest quality bringing alall these they still use the most prim- most fabulous prices. I have seen \$160 itive methods in both cultivating and paid for one small nest. What they preparing for market. The plow is a can see in them, either in taste or crooked stick, drawn by a water buf- smell, I cannot understand, for the falo, which, with the single exception soup, of which the nests form only a of the sloth, is the slowest Brute on small part, is one of the most insipid earth, and the sugar cane in many of and tasteless dishes I have ever samthe islands is crushed by the natives pled. These nests are found in caves with large mauls or clubs, this being the in some cases as far as 30 miles from reason of the low grade of sugar pro- | the seashore, and as the lining of the duced there. At the present time, and rests is of a peculiar kind of seaweed for years past, the inland and inter- laid within a small framework of island trade has been exclusively in the twigs, and glued together by a secre-



TUGUEGABAO, AN INLAND VILLAGE IN NORTHERN LUZON.

are very few large plantations, and | time and work required to build a nest of the islands are the result of small other article of trade and is universal- proven itself an unqualified success. been entirely due to the "push" and en- | and stomach troubles. ergy of the Chinaman. Many years ago the land.

and easy-going. He is utterly lacking | day. in those characteristics of economy,

the pig-tail. manufacture can be produced in enor- | rer meal, or in some cases per dish. | express trains on Italian railways.

nearly all the agricultural productions | must be great. The betel but is anfarming by the hatives and Chinese ly used by all the natives. The nut coolies. The Chinese trader is the is wrapped in a species of pepper tree "middleman" who gathers the small leaf that has been coated with a lime lots together, puts them in marketable paste, made from the ashes of a cershape by baling and boxing, and ships | tain kind of wood, and is chewed in them to the nearest post, disposing to the same manner as tobacco. They the exporter and wholesale dealer. claim there are certain astringent and The small degree of prosperity the stimulating properties in the nut and country has heretofore enjoyed has leaf that act as a preventive of fevers

The markets are more like bazars, as the Spanish became jealous of the Chi- you can find all kinds of merchandise nese, who were becoming immensely there; they are kept by the women, wealthy and influential, in spite of the | and the patrons are usually women, as heavy taxes they were forced to pay, men consider it beneath their dignity and they were banished from all the to do any such work. You will find islands and made to return to China. in the markets a profusion of vegeta-The Spanish officials soon realized that | bles, fruits, chickens, eggs and hunthey had made a bad blunder, for the dreds of other edibles. The prices that native, left without the necessary spur prevail are simply astonishing; chickand stimulation of the Chinese trader, ens at from two to three cents each, produced only enough for their imme- eggs three and four cents a dozen, and diate wants, and left nothing for the everything else in the market that is tax gatherer. They found that they of home production at correspondinghad "killed the goose that laid the | ly low prices. As in all countries where golden egg," and that the despised Ce- the necessaries of life are cheap, there lestial was a necessary evil, and they is an enormous amount of small copwere obliged to allow the Chinese, not per coin in circulation, some as low only to return, but extra inducements as one-fourth of a cent. The reason in the way of concessions and monop- for this is that most of the articles of olies, since which time they have had everyday use among the natives cost full sway, and have become a power in less than one cent, and the cost of the raw material for an ordinary native The native is by nature improvident family would not exceed six cents a

All the supplies for the day are sethrift and acquisitiveness that are in- cured early in the morning, and they born traits of the Chinese race, and the never think of laying in a supply of ufacturer. result has been that the native has seen | enything, but all articles used to preall of his best lands slowly but surely pare the meals are purchased from absorbed by his shrewd neighbors with day to day. It is customary among I nife has been traced back as far as the foreigners who live there to let 2,240 B. C. the contract for their meals to a "proimproved methods of cultivation and the butler here. He gets a stated price steamers is now greater than that of

By this system one avoids the trouble of marketing and looking after the cook, as well as being insured against dishonest servants. The providore simply takes charge of your house, relieving you from all responsibility, and you are his guest in your own home. One good feature of this plan is that you know to a certainty what your household expenses are. It is often

hated foreigner from the land; they Taken all in all, in spite of the inhave discouraged and discountenanced | tense heat and humidity, the immense all innovations, and the introduction of amount of rain at certain times of labor-saving machinery. They have year and the discomforts and annoyadopted the most autocratic methods to ance of the little red ant, and the muprevent an outsider from getting a sical mosquito, all the year round, foothold, and when one succeeded in there are many worse countries on getting in and prospering, they invari- the face of the globe, and very few ably found some means of making it that present so many charms, and so uncomfortable for him that he usu- none that have such enormous future commercial possibilities as the Philip-J. B. GAYLORD.

HANCOCK'S GRAVE IN RUINS.

Move on Foot to Repair the Tomb of the Noted Soldier in the City of Philadelphia.

Neglected and forgotten, the grave

The remains of the famous soldier rest in a vault in the southeastern corner of the Montgomery cemetery, greatest men in the nation, together with thousands of his fellow citizens, turned out to see him laid to rest, But now the mortar has fallen from between the stones and no inscription of any kind marks the grave of Pennsylvania's greatest soldier.

This neglect is due in great measure to carelessness. There are few people who know where his body iles. The only guide to the location of the tomb is a metallic vase filled with flowers which was placed there by a chemical company, and the name "Hancock" being blown in the vase people are thus guided to the spot.

Directly across the river, in striking contrast, is a monument to Gen. John F. Hartranft. This is one of the finect monuments in this vicinity. Attention has recently been called to the disand there is a movement on foot to clean it and erect a suitable monument to the glory of the dead general.

Those in charge of the movement think that many democrats who voted for him in preference to Garfield for president will be glad to contribute.

NEW STYLE GUNS.

Twenty-Five Five-Inch and Twenty Five Six-Inch Guns or Brown Pattern Ordered.

Contrary to the recommendation of Gen. Flagler, chief of ordnance, Secretary Alger has made a contract for 50 of the newly invented "Brown segmental guns," which will cost \$200,000. The Brown gun differs materially in its construction from the ordinary guns used by the army. The central part consists of a block of steel which is rifled, around which are built longitudinal segments of solid wrapped wire. It is claimed by the inventor that this construction gives greater endurance to the gun than if it concisted of solid steel rings built ou from the rifled portion.

The Brown gun has, during the last year, received several severe tests, and, according to Gen. Alger, it has Gen. Flagler, however, in his annual report to the secretary opposed the adoption of the gun upon the ground that it in no way improved upon the ordinary method of construction. Notwithstanding this opposition on the part of the chief of ordnance Secand 25 six-inch guns made after the plan of the Brown gun.

Disproved.

"What nonsense!" exclaimed the roud young father, as he flung the book aside.

"To what do you refer?" asked the friend who welcomed any topic that did not lead to a description of phenomenal children.

"This statement that all men are born equal. It's an utter fallacy. Why, my baby weighed ten pounds when it was born and Tackley's weighed only seven and a half."-Washington Star.

Would Like a Change. Dorothy (who is accustomed to have Ler eggs prepared before they come to the table)-Mamma, can't I have my eggs cooked with the covers on some time, same's you do?-Judge.

Tectotaler, But Makes Corks. Lieut. Yates, of the Third Lanark volunteers, the winner of the queen's prize at Bisley, is 43 years old, a teetotaler, a non-smoker, and a cork man-

Ancient Chanese Coinage. Chinese coinage in the shape of a

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS.

Condition of the Crops. The crop report of the Illinois state board of agriculture for August 1, 1898, says:

The number of acres of spring and winter wheat harvested this season is 1,911,852. The total wheat product this year was 18,-383,943 bushels. The average price received was 62 cents a bushel, the total value of the crop being \$11,478,216. There is shown a total loss of \$5,161,016 on the crop. The area devoted to corn this year, 6,902,213 acres, is two per cent. less than last year. Corn has had a great deal to contend with, and taking everything into consideration, 79 per cent, of a reasonable average may be regarded as quite favorable.

Only One House Left.

The village of Bowling Green, in Woodford county, was a very important place in the early days. From 1837 to 1843 it saw its most prosperous era, then having about 40 houses and 300 inhabitants. Then it was the formidable rival of Peoria, Bloomington, Versailles and other towns. Nothing is now left to tell of the former glory of Bowling Green but one solitary house in the middle of a plowed field, for corn is now raised where erstwhile were busy streets, halls and shops.

Takes a Long Sleep.

Mrs. Rosaline Haven, wife of D. S. Haven, of Wyoming, fell asleep weeks ago, and has since lain in a stupor from which nothing can arouse her. The case has baffled all the physicians of Kewanee. Mrs. Haven appears to sleep peacefully. She is given nourishment three times a day, and is apparently gaining in flesh, but she is entirely oblivious to all surroundings and happenings.

Change in Hendquarters.

The Illinois Holiness association, in session in Springfield, made arrangements for the transfer of the association headquarters from Bloomington to Springfield. Officers were elected as

President, Rev. L. B. Kent, Jacksonville first vice president, J. C. Beatty, Decatur Pana; secretary, Thomas Mason, Springfield; treasurer, J. W. Warren, Springfield.

Two Years for Forgery.

George W. Perry, a colored editor has been sentenced by Judge Allen in the United States circuit court in Springfield to two years in the penitentiary at Chester for forging a graceful condition of Hancock's grave, postal money order. Complaint was made by James Porter, colored editor of the Illinois Record.

Log Cabin Dedicated.

The old settlers' log cabin, for which plans have been under way for many years, was dedicated at Toulon to the surviving pioneers of the county. The cabin is built on the courthouse square, of logs used in erecting the first cabins of the county, as far back as 1829.

Aged Persons Pass Away.

Five persons died near Ramsey in one week-Mrs. Brown, aged 98 years, widow of Henry Brown, a soldier of the Black Hawk war; George Sarver, aged 67, a veteran of the civil war; M. Urse, aged 75; Henderson Conner, aged 75, and Jacob Poland, aged 83.

Told in a Few Lines. Texas fever has made its appearance among cattle on several farms near

Edwardsville.

Newman and blew the safe with dynamite, securing over \$150 in money and valuable papers belonging to Postmaster Hoeb.

William Head, a young man from Pine Creek, while despondent, committed suicide by shooting himself in San Francisco, Cal.

Charles Spalford committed suicide at LaFox by hanging himself. He had been employed as a farmhand.

Judge J. A. Arenz died at his home in Beardstown, aged 88 years. He was twice elected judge of Cass county, retary Alger has ordered 25 five-inch and in 1850 was elected the first mayor of Beardstown. Lloyd Young and William Wyatt, o

Paloma, were killed by the cars. After a search of 14 years Mrs. M W. Kerner, of Chicago, has found her daughter Bessie in the girls' indus-

trial school at Beloit, Kan. George Fairbanks, 98 years old, died at Morgan Park in the house where he had lived 25 years.

The laying of the corner stone of Chicago's government building will not take place till next spring.

John Taylor, one of the older residents of Wenona, dropped dead on Main

the United Breweries to Otto T. Barnard | due ceremony upon the walls of the and Gordon MacDonald, of New York, was recorded in Rock Island. It bears war revenue stamps representing \$1,-

Superintendent Andrews, of the Chicago public schools, considers it essential to teach the Spanish language in

Sixteen thousand people attended the sixth annual free fish fry by the Beardstown merchants.

Mrs. Melvina Wilcox Curtis, wife of Dr. Harvey Curtis, president of Knox college from 1859 to 1862, died in Galesprincipal in Knox seminary.

Albert A. Munger, a bachelor mil-

GORDON AVENGED.

Decisive Battle Won by the British in the Soudan-The Capture of Omdurman.

London, Sept. 5 .- The war office has

received the following: "Omdurman, Opposite Khartoum, Onthe-Nile, Nubia, Sept. 2, by Camel Post to Nasri.-The sirdar, Gen. Sir Herbert Kitch; ener, with the khalifa's black standard, captured during the battle entered Omdurman, the capital of Mahdiam, at four o'clock this afternoon at the head of the Anglo-Egyptian column, after completely routing the Dervishes and dealing a death blow to mahdism. Roughly, our losses were 200, while thousands of the dervishes were killed or wounded. Karl Neufeld was

rescued unharmed. "Last night the Anglo-Egyptian army encamped at Agaiza, eight miles from Omdurman. The Dervishes were three miles distant. At dawn to-day our cavalry, patrolling toward Omdurman, discovered the enemy advancing to the attack in battle array, chanting war songs. Their front consisted of infantry and cavalry, stretched out for three or four miles. Countless banners fluttered over their masses, and the copper and brass drums resounded through the serried ranks of the savage warriors, who advanced unwaveringly, with all their

"Our infantry formed up outside the camp. On the left were the First battalion Nerthumberland fusileers, the Second battalion Lancashire fusileers and the First battallon grenadier guards, with the Maxim battery, manned by the Royal Irish fusileers. In our center were the First battailon Warwickshire regiment, the First battalion Cameron highlanders and the First battation Lincolnshire regiment, with Maxims worked by a detachment of the Royal artillery, under Maj. William. On our right were the Soudanese brigades, commanded by Gen. Maxwell and Gen. Me-Donald. The Egyptian brigades held the reserves, and both flanks were supported by the Maxim-Nordenfeldt batteries.

7:20 a. m. the enemy crowded the ridges above the camp and advanced steadily in enveloping formation. At 7:40 our artillery opened fire, which was answered by the Dervish riflemen. Their attack developed on our left, and in accordance with their traditional tactics they swept down the hillside with the design of rushing our flank. But the withering fire maintained for 15 minutes by all our ine frustrated the attempt, and the dervishes balked and swept toward our center, upon which they concentrated a fferce attack. A large force of horsemen, trying to face a continuous hall of bullets from the Cameron highlanders, the Lincolnshire regiment and the Soudanese, was literally swept away, leading to the withdrawal of the entire body, whose dead strewed the

"Among the chief incidents of the battle was a brilliant charge by the Twenty-first lancers under Lieut. Col. Martin. Galloping down on a detached body of the enemy, they found the Dervish swordsmen massed behind, and were forced to charge home against appalling odds. The lancer's hacked through the mass, rallied and kept the Dervish horde at bay. Lieut. Grenfell, nephew of Gen. Sir Francis Grenfell, was killed; four other officers were wounded, 21 men were killed and

"When the Dervishes withdrew behind the ridge in front of their camp, the whole orce marched in echelon of battallons toward Omdurman. As our troops surmo ted the crest adjoining the Nile, the Soudanese on our right came into contact with the enemy, who had reformed under cover of a rocky eminence and had massed beneath the black standard of the khalifa, in order to make a supreme effort to retrieve the fortunes of the day. A mass, 15,000 strong, bore down on the Soudanese. Gen. Kitchener swung round the center and left of the Soudaness and seized the rocky eminence, and the Egyptians hitherto in reserve, joined the firing line in ten. minutes, and before the Dervishes could drive their attack home.

"The flower of the khallfa's army was caught in a depression, and within a zone of withering cross fire from three brigades, with the attendant artillery. The devoted mahdists strove heroically to make headway, but every rush was stopped, while their main body was literally mown down by a sustained deadly cross fire. Defiantly the Dervishes planted their standards and died beside them. Their dense masses gradually melted to companies and the companies to driblets Burglars entered the post office in beneath the leaden hail. Finally they broke and fled, leaving the field white with jibbah-clad corpses, like a snow-drift dotted meadows. At 11:15 the sirdar ordered an advance, and, our whole force in line, drove the scattered remnant of the foe into the desert, our cavalry cutting off their

"The heroic bravery of the Dervishes time their dispersed and broken forces reformed and hurled themselves upon the Anglo-Egyptians, their emirs conspicuouswounded and in death agonies they raised themselves to fire a last shot. Among the wounded is Col. Rhodes, the correspondent of the London Times and a brother of Cecil London, Sept. 5 .- The news of Gen.

Kitchener's victory over the Dervishes at Omdurman was received with the greatest satisfaction here, where it is held that England has at last wiped out the stigma attaching to her defeat in the previous expedition to the Soudan. Early Sunday morning crowds gathered about the statue in Trafalgar square of Gen. Charles (Chinese) Gordon, who was killed at Khartoom, January 26, 1885, after having been besieged in that city by the Dervishes for 337 days. London, Sept. 6 .- The war office received Monday evening the following dispatch, dated Omdurman Sunday, from the sirdar, Gen. Sir Herbert Kitchener: "This morning the British A mortgage for \$3,500,000, given by and Egyptian flags were hoisted with Saraya (the palace) in Khartoum. All the British wounded have left for Abadia in barges towed by steamers. I saw them before leaving. They were all doing well and were comfortable. The cavalry sent in pursuit of the khalifa were compelled to abandon the attempt, owing to the exhaustion of the horses, but I have ordered camel squads to continue the pursuit."

Populists Meet.

Cincinnati, Sept. 6 .- The middle-ofthe-road populist national convention met at 12:30 Monday and listened to a burg, aged 78 years. She was formerly speech by Ignatius Donnelly, the temporary chairman. Mr. Donnelly was very bitter against all fusionists, and