

A FITTING WELCOME.

Rousing Reception of Sampson and Schley on Their Return.

Imposing Pageant in New York Harbor of the Ships That Sent Cervera's Fleet to Destruction—Salute Gen. Grant's Tomb.

New York, Aug. 22.—Hundreds of thousands of people lined the banks of the Hudson Saturday to welcome the return of the North Atlantic squadron under command of Rear Admiral Sampson, and as fine an August day as could be desired was nature's tribute to the return of the victors. For almost three solid hours steam whistles of all sizes, steam sirens and small guns along the shores shrieked and boomed in the effort to display the heartiest enthusiasm for the homecoming of the naval heroes with their battle-scarred ships.

Seven Big Ships in Line.
Early in the morning the seven big ships, the New York, Iowa, Indiana, Brooklyn, Massachusetts, Oregon and Texas, lay in New York bay just off Tompkinsville, S. I. There was no idea with Admiral Sampson that New York city was prepared for a rousing reception, but the news was brought shortly by a tug from the navy yard, and all the ships of the squadron were immediately put under preparation for dress review. By nine o'clock the big, dull-looking fighting ships, looming high above the picturesque confusion of smaller craft which had come down

BIG SUM OF MONEY.

The Appropriations Made by the Last Congress Amount to Over Eight Hundred Millions.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The volume of appropriations, new offices, etc., required by law to be prepared at the end of each session of congress under the direction of the committees on appropriations of the senate and house of representatives, has just been completed for the second session of the Fifty-fifth congress by Mr. T. P. Cleaves and Mr. J. C. Courts, chief clerks respectively of the senate and house committees. A summary of the appropriations shows the grand total to be \$893,231,615. Of this amount \$361,559,927.26 are to meet expenses on account of the war with Spain.

The total number of new offices and employments specifically authorized amount to 301,383, at a cost of \$53,691,911, of which number 274,909 at a cost of \$43,240,380 are for the military establishment and 25,996 at a cost of \$9,544,109, for the naval establishment, on account of the war.

A comparison of the total appropriations for 1899, excluding the war appropriations for 1898, shows an increase for 1899 of \$2,636,608.

SPAIN'S COMMISSIONERS.

Names of Those Appointed by the Madrid Government under the Peace Protocol.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The state department received a call from M. Thibaut, secretary of the French embassy, and in charge during the ab-

OLD GLORY IS RAISED.

The Stars and Stripes Are Now Floating Over Hawaii.

President Dole Turns Over the Islands to Minister Sewall, Who Accepts Them in the President's Name—The Ceremony.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—The steamer Belgic brought the following: Honolulu, Aug. 12.—Precisely at eight minutes to 12 o'clock to-day the Hawaiian flag descended from the flagstaffs on all the government buildings, and at exactly five minutes to the same hour the stars and stripes floated on the tropical breeze from every flagstaff.

An Impressive Ceremony.
The ceremony was a most impressive one. To hear the strains of "Hawaii Pono!" for the last time as a national anthem; to hear the bugle blow taps as the Hawaiian ensign sank from its position, and to notice the emotion of many who had been born under it and had lived their lives under it, was solemn. But then came the bright call for the raising of old glory and the strains of "The Star Spangled Banner" broke forth as that banner was unfurled to the breeze. Then the cheers broke forth, and eyes that had been dim for a few minutes became bright and lightened up when the stars and stripes blew out.

The Transfer.
The ceremonies opened with prayer. United States Minister Sewall then rose, and, addressing President Dole, presented him with a certified copy of the joint resolution of congress annexing the Hawaiian islands to the United States. President Dole answered, acknowledging the making of a treaty of political union, and formally yielded to Minister Sewall, as the representative of the government of the United States, the sovereignty and public property of the Hawaiian islands. Mr. Sewall replied:

TO RETAIN CONTROL.

Admirals Sampson and Schley Will Keep Their Respective Commands in the North Atlantic Squadron.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Rear Admiral Sampson will retain command of the North Atlantic fleet, notwithstanding his service on the Cuban military commission, and Rear Admiral Schley will continue in his present naval command, although serving temporarily on the Puerto Rican commission. This statement was made authoritatively at the navy department. The list of naval assignments posted contains that of Admirals Sampson and Schley to the Cuban and Puerto Rican commissions respectively, but no reference is made to any change in the fleet commands.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Admiral Sampson called on President McKinley Monday and spent 35 minutes with him in discussion of the Cuban commission's plans and other matters.

TROOPS ORDERED HOME.

Will Go Into Camp at Various State Capitals—May Soon Be Mustered Out.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Orders were issued by Adj. Gen. Corbin Thursday night for the Second New York, now at Fernandina, Fla., to proceed with all its equipment, except wagon transportation, to Troy, N. Y., and there go into camp; the Second Maine to proceed from Chickamauga to Augusta, Me.; the First Illinois cavalry to proceed from Chickamauga to Springfield, Ill., and the Twenty-third Kansas, now in camp at Topeka, to proceed

REAR-END COLLISION.

Conductor Falls to Wagon Engineer of an Incoming Train—Seven Passengers Killed.

Sharon, Mass., Aug. 22.—A frightful rear-end collision occurred in the Sharon station of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad at 7:30 Sunday night, when an express train which was running as the second portion of a long train crashed into the first section, composed of local cars. As a result seven persons were killed and 26 seriously injured. The injured were nearly all removed to Boston on a special train, which was met by ambulances and surgeons. The rear car of the local train was completely demolished and a portion of the second car, while the engine of the express train was crippled.

The Dead are:

C. R. Fry, selectman of Revere, Mass.
Franklin M. Walters, Somerville, Mass.
Mrs. William J. Fitzpatrick, Boston, her granddaughter, Mary Fitzpatrick, ten years of age, and her grandson, 15 years old.
A woman supposed to be Mrs. Watson, of Westbury, N. Y.
Mrs. C. H. Briscoe, Revere, Mass.

MERRITT IS MASTER.

Says He Has Sufficient Troops to Control Aguinaldo and the Philippine Islands.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Gen. Merritt is master of the situation at Manila. He is in a position to control Aguinaldo and his insurgent horde.

He sent word to the war department that he needed no more troops. This statement was in response to an inquiry from the white house.

The president and his war managers are much pleased with the general's dispatch. They accept it as an assurance that the American commander has the Filipinos under control.

Fatal Fire at Hot Springs.

Hot Springs, Ark., Aug. 22.—A fire which resulted in the loss of two hotels, a livery stable and several private residences and cost at least three human lives started in the National hotel at three o'clock Sunday morning. The identified dead are: Abe Matthews, Greenville, Miss.; W. H. Wills, Randolph county, Ark., and Mr. Hughes, Tulsa, I. T. Among the seriously burned are Mrs. Eula Jefferys, a visitor from the Indian territory, and Patrolman Wiley, of the local police department. A dozen or more were more or less injured, and it is believed by some of the guests and employees of the hotel that more lives were lost and that when search is made in the ruins several bodies will be found.

Seven Men Killed.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 23.—A terrible accident by which seven men lost their lives occurred in the tunnel of the Chartiers division of the Pan-Handle railroad at Carnegie.

The work of tearing out the tunnel has been pushed night and day by a force of 200 men. Much blasting has been done, and although it is said every precaution had been taken to prevent casualties it seems that, by using too large a quantity of explosive, an unexpected amount of earth and rock was loosened, which caved in on the workmen.

Miles Coming Home.

Ponce, Puerto Rico, Aug. 23.—The steamer Aransas, with Gen. Miles on board, left for New Orleans, Congressman Wadsworth accompanying him. Gen. Brooke has returned to Guayama, where his headquarters will be located until the commission arrives, when he will proceed overland to San Juan. Immediately upon his departure Gen. Wilson's headquarters will be moved to this place.

First in Havana.

Havana, Aug. 22.—There arrived here Sunday from Sancti Spiritus Lieut. Wight with some American cavalry. Capt. Johnson, of the Tenth United States infantry, has also returned from the field. Capt. Stewart Brice, of the volunteers, a son of Senator Brice, arrived here this morning on the Norwegian steamer Bratsberg from Santiago de Cuba. He will sail for New York on Thursday, on account of illness.

Gen. Morales Is Dead.

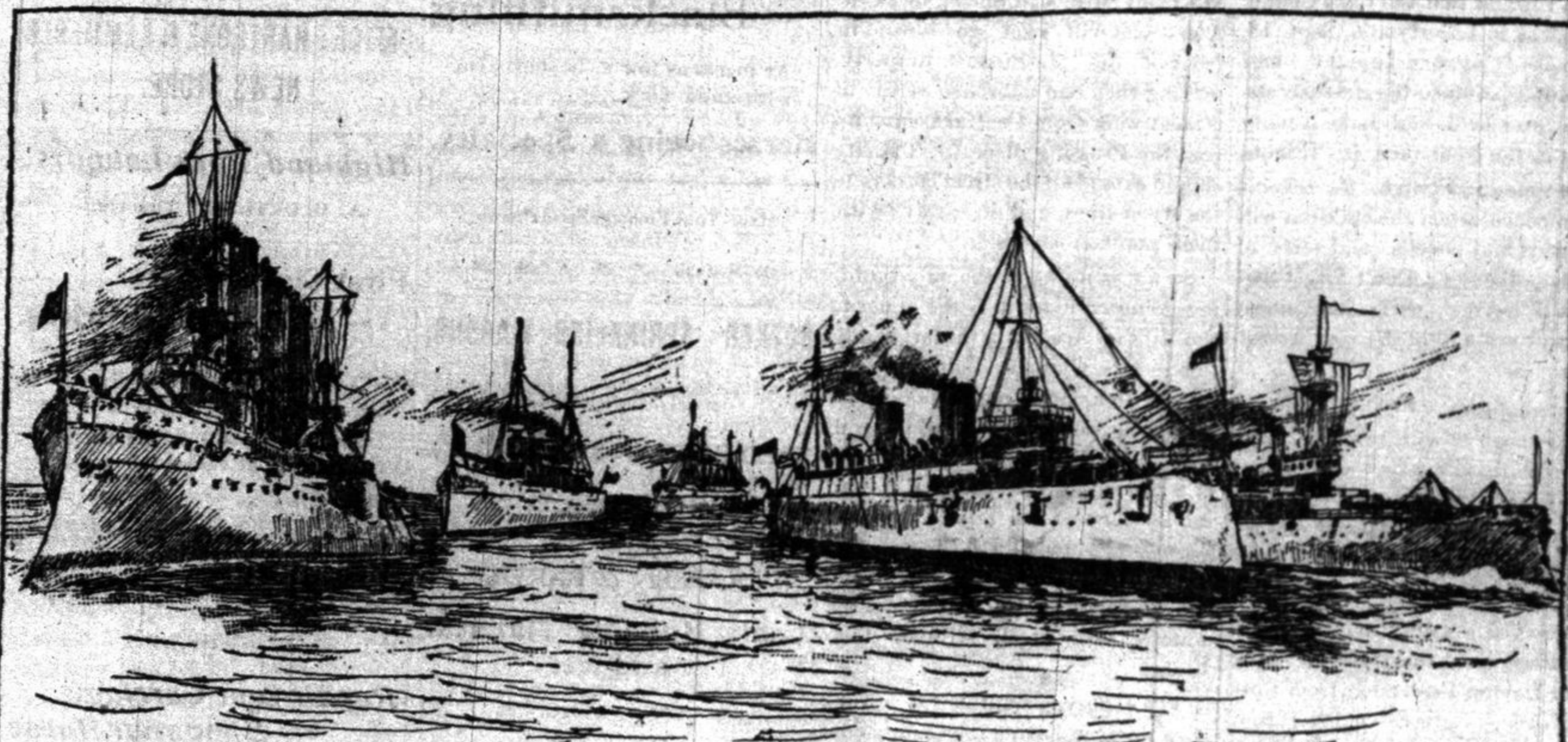
Panama, Colombia, via Galveston, Tex., Aug. 20.—The insurrection headed by Prospero Morales is finally crushed, ending in his death. Morales was captured and his forces were defeated and scattered. His followers betrayed the hiding place of Morales. When captured he was very ill, and died soon after the capture. He is supposed to have been exhausted by privations while hiding among the rocks of the mountains.

Claimed to Be 120 Years Old.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 23.—One hundred and thirty years of age was what Lewis Washington claimed to be, a colored man who died of old age at his residence here. His wife died in February, 1890, in this city, at an age of 104 years.

May Be Disbanded.

Madrid, Aug. 22.—The Spanish troops at San Roque have been ordered to Barcelona, where they will probably be disbanded, unless the Carlist agitation attains importance.



THE RETURN OF OUR CONQUERING FLEETS.

ADMIRALS SAMPSON'S AND SCHLEY'S VICTORIOUS WAR VESSELS ENTERING THE BAY OF NEW YORK.

to get a glimpse of the ships, were ready for movement. Strung out along their decks in long, regular lines were the white uniformed jacksies, with here and there a bluecoated officer, all strongly contrasted against the somber, lead-colored armor of the ships.

The Start.
When the hour for the start came it looked as if it would be impossible for the ships to make their way through the perfect jam of river craft. Suddenly there was a movement on the flagship New York as the big ship started forward with a slow, stately glide. She was immediately followed by the other six vessels in the following order: Iowa, Indiana, Brooklyn, Massachusetts, Oregon, Texas. It was some time before the ships could get into review formation, but by the time the New York's prow came in line with Governor's island the other ships had formed in a regular line. The start was accompanied by tremendous cheering, screeching voices and booming cannon.

At Gen. Grant's tomb, which marked the beginning of the return of the squadron, a national salute of 21 guns was fired. The salute ended, the return of the squadron along the line of review was begun. It was a repetition of the enthusiastic scenes on the way up the river.

The parade of the ships, from the time it passed the Battery on its way up the river to the time it reposed on its way to anchorage off Tompkinsville, S. I., occupied just two hours and 35 minutes.

Eruption of Vesuvius.
Naples, Aug. 19.—Vesuvius is again in a state of active eruption. Four streams of lava are flowing down the mountain side at the rate of 400 yards an hour. The chestnut trees on Mount Somma have been burned. Constant explosions are heard in the central crater, which is emitting smoke and flames.

Three Men Drowned.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 22.—A yawl containing five men was run down by a river steamer in the Delaware river opposite the mouth of the Scuykill river and three of the men were drowned.

sence of Ambassador Cambon, who bore a notification from the Spanish government of the military commissioners for Cuba and Puerto Rico. Under the peace protocol each government was to name its military commissioners within ten days, their meetings to begin within 30 days. The ten days was up Monday, and accordingly Spain gave the official notice of the appointments. They are as follows:

For Cuba—Maj. Gen. Gonzales Parrado, Rear Admiral Pastor y Landero, Marquis Montoro.

For Puerto Rico—Maj. Gen. Ortega y Dias, Commodore of First Rank Valerino y Carrasco, Judge Advocate Sanchez Del Agulia y Leon.

Beaten to Death.

Selma, Ala., Aug. 20.—Alex Walker, a negro living near Pleasant Hill, was called from his cabin by a party of white men and carried to the woods. Here he was strapped to a stump and beaten with buggy traces. He was released and managed to crawl back to his home, where he died very troublesome in the neighborhood.

Bank Failure.

Preston, Minn., Aug. 23.—The Fillmore county bank of this place has failed. M. B. Todd was cashier and his mother-in-law, Mrs. J. T. Greenleaf, was president. Todd assigns as the reason for its failure that he lost heavily in wheat options. The assistant cashier, J. J. Hagen, states that the deposits are about \$50,000.

Going to Honolulu.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—A telegram has been received from the war department ordering all the troops of Gen. Merritt's department remaining here to be sent to Honolulu with at least four months subsistence and medical supplies and to be held there until further orders.

Admiral Schley Sick.

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 23.—Admiral Schley is confined to his summer home in Westport by illness, and no one except his attendants are allowed to see him or have any conversation with him. His illness is pronounced fever, the character of which is not yet known.

"Mr. President: In the name of the United States I accept the transfer of the sovereignty and property of the Hawaiian government."

After the Hawaiian flag had been taken down and the American flag raised, Minister Sewall read a proclamation stating that President McKinley directs that the civil, judicial and military powers of the government shall continue to be exercised by the officers of the republic of Hawaii. All such officers will be required to take the oath of allegiance to the United States and renew their bonds to the United States government.

The powers of the minister of foreign affairs will cease, so far as they relate to diplomatic intercourse between Hawaii and foreign nations.

The municipal legislation of Hawaii and the existing customs regulations will practically remain in force until the congress of the United States shall otherwise determine.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies the national guard was marched to the parade grounds where the oath of allegiance was administered.

A ball at the executive building, at which 2,000 guests were present, was the culmination of the festivities which followed the ceremony of flag raising.

End of War Causes Idleness.

Philadelphia, Aug. 23.—Notices have been posted at the Frankford arsenal to the effect that the services of all the extra men who were put to work since the outbreak of the war will be dispensed with on September 1. About 700 persons are affected by the order. The reduction in force will reduce the daily output from 30,000 to 40,000 cartridges.

Sigsbee Promoted.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The president has promoted Capt. Charles D. Sigsbee, U. S. N., now commanding the St. Paul, by advancing him three numbers on the list of captains in the navy for "extraordinary heroism."

Fatal Floods.

Simla, Aug. 19.—Heavy floods and dangerous landslides have occurred below Nainital, in Kumaon province. A brewery was destroyed. The European residents are believed to have escaped, but many natives were killed.

To Raise Spanish Ships.

New York, Aug. 23.—Lieut. Hobson has left this city on the Segurana for Santiago, where he will superintend the raising of the Spanish warships.

at once to Santiago, Cuba, and there report to Gen. Lawton. The Twenty-third Kansas is a regiment of colored troops and is said to be an excellent organization. It is the purpose to make the regiment a part of the permanent garrison of Santiago. The movements of the other three regiments is believed to be preparatory to mustering them out of the service.

Slaughter Continues.

London, Aug. 20.—The Hong-Kong correspondent of the Times says the slaughter in southern China continues. Corpses float past Wu Chau daily. Two hundred rebels who had entered Tai Wong Kong were defeated by Gen. Mawho, who killed 100 of the rebels and took 40 of them prisoners. The gentry in the districts of Paklan and Wungun daily send to the magistrates between ten and twenty rebels for execution.

Aged Couple Suicides.

Milwaukee, Aug. 20.—Hugo Zellner and wife, of Chicago, aged respectively 63 and 70, were found dead in their room Friday night at the boarding house of Mrs. Goetz, No. 91 Martin street, having committed suicide by taking chloroform. The aged couple came to Milwaukee on June 13, and have been here ever since.

Will Leave for Spain.

New York, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says that the steamer Reina Maria Cristina, which some time ago ran the blockade into Cienfuegos harbor, has arrived at Havana and is prepared to sail for Spain with mail, passengers and sick soldiers.

Garcia Resigns.

Havana, Aug. 23.—Calixto Garcia, the rebel leader who had trouble with Gen. Shafter at Santiago and tendered his resignation to the rebel government, is now at Gibara. He has handed in his resignation for the second time and it has been accepted.

Successfully Launched.

Philadelphia, Aug. 19.—The Admiral Dewey, the first of the four steamers being built by the Crumps for the American Mail Steamship company, was successfully launched at 2:40 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

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