

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resumptions, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

WAR NEWS.

Gen. Merritt and Admiral Dewey were instructed that the Philippine insurgents must recognize the authority of the United States and that there could be no joint occupation of the city.

The massacre of more than 100 natives of Puerto Rico by Spanish troops is confirmed, the only offense of the people being in raising an American flag at Ciales.

The president has announced his decision to muster out of the service from 75,000 to 100,000 of the volunteers.

Reports from Manila were to the effect that the American loss in the recent battle was six or eight killed and 40 wounded, while the Spanish loss was quite heavy. Manila was said to be under martial law, with Gen. Merritt as military governor.

It was reported at Ponce, Puerto Rico, that 80 natives who took refuge from Spanish soldiers in the belfry of the cathedral at Ciales were overpowered and massacred.

It was reported that Gen. Merritt had prepared a proclamation to the residents of Manila defining the form of government that will prevail.

Hong-Kong advices say that the terms of the capitulation of Manila as agreed upon between Gen. Jaudenes and Gen. Merritt include the cession of the Philippine archipelago to the United States.

In an interview Premier Sagasta stated that Spain does not recognize the surrender of the Philippines, as the islands were relinquished by the Spanish commander after the signing of the protocol.

Private Otto Hoffer, of the Ninth New York, during a thunderstorm at Chickamauga, Tenn., was struck by lightning while standing against the pole of his tent and instantly killed.

The Spanish cabinet has appointed Gen. Gonzales Parrado, Rear Admiral Luis Pastor Landero and Marquis de Montoro as the commission for the evacuation of Cuba.

Charles W. Gould, of New York, has been appointed by the president a special representative of the department of justice on the Cuban military commission.

The war department has promulgated the tariff rates for Puerto Rico. The rate is the Spanish minimum tariff rates heretofore enforced in the island.

Gen. Shafter has informed the war department that it will not be necessary to send any more troops to Santiago for the preservation of peace and good order.

The attorney-general has rendered an opinion in which he holds that the word "goods" in the new war revenue measure as applied to packages sent by express or freight includes packages of money.

New York gave a royal welcome to the North Atlantic squadron under command of Rear Admiral Sampson. The ships were the New York, Iowa, Indiana, Brooklyn, Massachusetts, Oregon and Texas.

Maj. Gen. Merritt notified the war department that the cable from Hong-Kong to Manila is again in operation.

A dispatch from Manila states that the Spanish loss during the bombardment and the assault by the American troops was 200 killed and 400 wounded. The American loss was 3 killed and 43 wounded.

President McKinley cabled to Admiral Dewey and Gen. Merritt his and the nation's congratulations upon their capture of Manila.

Adj. Gen. Lawton, in command of the military department of Santiago, notified the war department that he has enough troops to maintain peace in that province.

The American transports Peru and Puebla, having on board Gen. Otis and Gen. Hughes, arrived at Manila.

DOMESTIC.

At Stanford, Ky., George Stephenson (colored) was hanged for the murder of Joe Tilford, a white boy 14 years old, at Crab Orchard July 4.

The barn of Peter Foy, ten miles north of Independence, Ia., was struck by lightning, and five sons, the eldest being 16, who were sleeping in the mow, were burned to death.

Charles O. Kaiser, who was under sentence to be hanged September 6 for the murder of his wife, committed suicide in his cell in the county jail at Norristown, Pa.

The Admiral Dewey, the first of the four steamers being built by the Cramps for the American Mail Steamship company, was successfully launched at Philadelphia.

Four men were killed and five others badly injured by the collapse of a cornice on a new building in the course of erection at Philadelphia.

Alphonso Dayton, a private in the Twenty-third Kansas volunteer infantry, and another negro, name unknown, were run over and killed by a train near Kansas City, Mo.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 19th aggregated \$1,273,106,331, against \$1,122,929,527 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week in 1897 was 7.9.

There were 195 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 19th, against 196 the week previous and 221 in the corresponding period of 1897.

Alex Walker, a troublesome negro living near Pleasant Hill, Ala., was taken from his cabin by a party of white men and beaten to death with buggy traces.

The national conference on the foreign policy of the United States was opened at Saratoga, N. Y., and an interesting address was delivered by Henry W. Rogers, of Chicago.

Joseph A. Choate, of New York, was elected president of the American Bar association in session at Saratoga, N. Y.

The Black Diamond Coal company, operating mines in the Jellico district, near Knoxville, Tenn., has been placed in the hands of a receiver. The liabilities are placed at \$165,000.

Charles Stegar and William Miller quarreled over a debt of 15 cents at Davenport, Ia., Stegar finally killing Miller with a knife.

A cloudburst in Sawmill Run near Pittsburgh, Pa., caused the drowning of six children and did great damage to property.

Nathan Hollenbeck, poundmaster of Oakland, Cal., was shot dead by Quan Mon, a Chinese gardener, who was watching for vegetable thieves.

Hugo Zellner and wife, of Chicago, aged respectively 65 and 75, were found dead in their room at a boarding house in Milwaukee, having committed suicide by taking chloroform.

J. H. Haverly, of New York, who was well known years ago as a theatrical manager, and especially in connection with negro minstrels, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of \$327,749.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 21st were: Boston, .663; Cincinnati, .636; Baltimore, .620; Cleveland, .602; New York, .567; Chicago, .542; Pittsburgh, .505; Philadelphia, .480; Brooklyn, .386; Washington, .373; Louisville, .371; St. Louis, .283.

Six persons lost their lives by the burning of the National and Windsor hotels at Hot Springs, Ark.

Already exports of live stock from Texas to Cuba have begun.

The steamer Glenfarg arrived in San Francisco and brought word that the stars and stripes were raised in Hawaii on the 12th inst.

Trains crashed into each other at Sharon, Mass., and six persons were killed and many others were injured.

The Chicago Railway Terminal elevator was destroyed by fire, the loss being about \$360,000.

An unknown negro was lynched by a mob near Americus, Ga., for the murder of Mrs. Mary McGarrath, a wealthy widow, and her son James.

A cyclone in Dickinson county, Ia., killed Norman Eggstein and wife and wrecked many buildings.

The national conference on the foreign policy of the United States closed its session in Saratoga, N. Y., after passing resolutions asking that islands taken from Spain be considered as wards of America and commending President McKinley for his course in striving for peace and then pushing the war.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The republican congressional convention of the Fourth Tennessee district at Lebanon nominated George H. Morgan for congress.

John S. Robinson was nominated for congress at Norfolk, Neb., on the fusion ticket to represent the Third district.

Wisconsin republicans in state convention at Milwaukee nominated a ticket headed by Edward Scofield for governor.

Democrats of California in state convention nominated a ticket headed by Congressman Maguire for governor.

"Jim" Bradley, the well-known turfman, died at his home in Lexington, Ky., aged 32 years.

New York republicans will hold their convention at Saratoga on September 27.

J. W. Fordney was nominated for congress by the Eighth Michigan district republicans.

FOREIGN.

Gen. Tcherniaeff, the conqueror of Tashkend, died suddenly at St. Petersburg.

John Hay, United States minister to Great Britain, cabled to President McKinley his acceptance of the position of secretary of state.

Advices from Hong-Kong say merchantmen were leaving daily for Manila and a great rush of trade was expected.

The death of Dr. Zeller, the musical composer, occurred in Berlin. Sir William Augustus Frazer, Bart, the author, and one of the queen's body guards for Scotland, died in London.

United States Minister Hunter, of Guatemala, cables the state department that Gen. Morales, leader of the revolution, was captured in a cave and died on his way to prison.

Don Frederico Madrazo, the celebrated Spanish painter, died in Madrid, aged 84 years.

LATER.

Admiral Sampson called on President McKinley and spent some time with him in a discussion of the Cuban commission's plans and other matters.

Seven men were killed by the caving in of earth in a tunnel near Pittsburgh, Pa.

Admiral Schley was said to be confined to his home at Westport, Conn., by illness, the nature of which was not made ready in time. Gen. Butler will be accompanied by two aides, and it is probable that Gen. Wade, chairman of the commission, will have three.

Admiral Sampson says that the mines will be removed from Havana harbor before the commission enters. It is not known whether the United States will insist also that Morro castle be put under its control, but at all events the New York is not to be subjected to any disaster similar to that of the Maine.

Ponce, Puerto Rico, Aug. 24.—Senor Lopez, editor of the San Juan Correspondencia, is here. He reports that Gov. Gen. Macias is pushing preparations for the evacuation of the island. The obstacles in the harbor of San Juan are being cleared away and a ship loaded with dynamite has been removed. Gen. Macias, Senor Lopez says, will return to Spain in a few days, leaving the details of the evacuation to his subordinates.

Westport, Conn., Aug. 24.—Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, who has been indisposed at the Saugatuck residence of R. S. Wortley, his son-in-law, is improved. Dr. J. G. Gregory stated Tuesday morning that no symptoms of fever have been discovered. He characterizes it as nervous exhaustion and the reaction incident upon a sudden relief from the exciting events of the past few months.

London, Aug. 24.—The Standard's Santiago de Cuba correspondent, writing under date of August 9, tells of an interview with Gen. Demetrio Castillo, in which the latter claims to possess assurances from the Washington government that by May, 1899, not a single American soldier will be left in the island, which will be handed over to a duly elected Cuban government.

Havana, Aug. 24.—Capt. Stewart Brice, of the volunteers, a son of Senator Brice, arrived here on the Norwegian steamer Bradsberg from Santiago de Cuba and is now at Passage hotel. There were three newspaper correspondents on the steamer, but Gen. Blanco would not allow them to land.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—The transports Australia and City of Sydney have begun coaling. They will probably sail for Honolulu next Saturday with the Scandia, conveying the troops which may later on be sent to Manila. It is understood that the Eighth California will be one of the last regiments to go.

SAMPSON GETS POINTS.

Conference in Washington Over the Forthcoming Work of the Military Commission.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Admiral Sampson and Maj.-Gen. Butler, two of the members of the Cuban military commission, held an extended conference Tuesday with Assistant Secretary of State Moore. Gen. Wade, the other member of the commission, has not yet arrived. The purpose of the conference was to talk over the general features of the forthcoming work of the commission. The final instructions will be completed in about two days, and will be given to the commissioners in strict confidence, for their personal guidance.

The Cuban commission will sail on 5th of September, according to present calculations, either from New York or Port Monroe, on the New York, Admiral Sampson's flagship, if she can be made ready in time. Gen. Butler will be accompanied by two aides, and it is probable that Gen. Wade, chairman of the commission, will have three.

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FOOD FOR CUBANS.

Plans for Feeding the Starving People on the Island Considered by the War Department.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The war department is considering plans for feeding the people in Cuba who may be found in a starving condition when the Spanish troops evacuate. Very little information is yet at hand regarding the condition of the people, but from what was known of them before hostilities began, and the fact that very little opportunity has been afforded them since to secure food, it is believed that thousands must be destitute.

Michigan Prohibitionists.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 24.—Samuel Diekle, of Albion, was chairman of the prohibition state convention, which met here and nominated the following ticket:

Governor, Noah W. Cheever; lieutenant governor, N. Norton Clark; secretary of state, John Sweet; state treasurer, Robert King; auditor-general, Henry Andrus; land commissioner, Jacob Van Zollenberg; attorney-general, Myron H. Walker; superintendent of public instruction, David S. Warner; member of state board of education, Delevan B. Reed.

Soldiers Killed.

Philadelphia, Aug. 24.—Victor Tensly, of St. Louis, and William Chichester, of Jersey City, private soldiers of battery K, Seventh United States artillery, were instantly killed and two others seriously injured by having their heads crushed against the iron girders of the railroad bridge at the Ridge avenue crossing of the Pennsylvania railroad in this city.

Starving in Alaska.

Tacoma, Wash., Aug. 24.—Capt. Abercrombie has sent a letter to Secretary of War Alger from Fort Valdes, Alaska, asking the government to send a steamer there to bring home the stranded men who are already dependent upon Abercrombie's exploration party for food.

Nervous People

Are great sufferers and they deserve sympathy rather than censure. Their blood is poor and thin and their nerves are consequently weak. Such people find relief and cure in Hood's Sarsaparilla because it purifies and enriches the blood and gives it power to feed, strengthen and sustain the nerves. If you are nervous and cannot sleep, take Hood's Sarsaparilla and realize its nerve-strengthening power.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5. Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

Calico from Calicut in 1631.

Calico was first manufactured in a city of India called Calicut, from which it derives its name. It was introduced into England in the year 1631, and finally into this country, but as the United States consumes by far the largest quantity of calico of any country in the world, it is necessarily manufactured here most extensively. The highest grade made has a ticket on every piece upon which is printed the name William Simpson & Sons. These goods are noted for their general excellence, brilliancy and permanency of color.

Made Them All Work.

Mr. Luxoo—Then you don't believe in foreign servants? Mr. Tariff—With a wife and three grown daughters? Not I. I believe in encouraging home industry.—Brooklyn Life.

Wheat 40 Cents a Bushel.

How to grow wheat with big profit at 40 cents and samples of Salzer's Red Cross (80 Bushels per acre) Winter Wheat, Bye, Oats, Clovers, etc., with Farm Seed Catalogue for 4 cents postage.—JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

Not Wholly Hateful.

"Did you recommend to Marie that country place where you were last summer?" "No; I was tempted to but I didn't."—Detroit Free Press.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

No man should have stomach ache after he reaches an age of discretion. But as a rule, the older a man is, the less sense he has in eating.—Atchison Globe.

Write W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Queen & Crescent Court, Cincinnati, O., for free books and maps, \$5.00 Cincinnati to Chattanooga Excursion, Sept. 8-10.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A man who is always ready to suspect others is generally not any too safe himself.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

I have found Pijo's Cure for Consumption an unailing medicine.—F. H. Lotz, 1308 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

The Falling Leaves Give Warning of Winter. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. So the falling of the hair tells of the approach of age and declining power. No matter how barren the tree nor how leafless it may seem, you confidently expect leaves again. And why? Because there is life at the roots. So you need not worry about the falling of your hair, the threatened departure of youth and beauty. And why? Because if there is a spark of life remaining in the roots of the hair...

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