

# The Acton Free Press.

ACTON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10th, 1935

Eight Home-print Pages—Five Cents

Sixty-first Year—No. 15.

## A Selection of News Items

### Purchased Business in Milton

Mr. Howard W. Allison has purchased a meat market in Milton and he and Mrs. Allison have removed to the County Town to take charge. They have been esteemed residents of Acton for several years and, while many friends regret their removal, all wish for them success in the new business.

### Moderation League Lost First Round

The Moderation League of Ontario lost the first round of the battle in its claim that the Canada Temperance Act has precedence over the Liquor Control Act in Peel County when Magistrate L. J. C. Bull convicted William Varley, Toronto lobbyist and League member, on two charges of breaches of the L. C. Act. Intimidation was offered following the conviction that the case would be appealed. Varley was fined \$100 for illegal consumption and \$100 for illegally having in a place other than his residence. He was also asked to pay costs. Varley drank a glass of whiskey in the rounds of the Cookville Inn on September 17th, while two Provincial officers watched him.

### Knox Guild Officers

The nomination meeting of Knox Guild was held on Monday night. The meeting opened with a hymn, after which Mrs. H. L. Bennie took the scripture reading and prayer. The following officers were elected:

Honorary President—Rev. H. L. Bennie, President—Mrs. J. Harvey Hassard, Secretary—Mr. Norman Wright, Treasurer—Mr. Clarence Henderson, Pianist—Miss Ursula McDonald, Assistant Pianist—Miss Margaret Brown.

Ushers—W. Brownlow, B. Patrick, W. Hall, M. Hassard, J. Blow, B. Mainprize, Group Leaders—Mr. Malcolm Brownlow, Mr. Wm. Burton, Mrs. Mainprize, Miss Margaret Brown. The next meeting was called for Monday, October 21st. The newly-elected President closed the meeting.

### Teachers' Convention Next Week

The annual convention of the Teachers of Halton Inspectorate will be held at Bronte next Thursday and Friday, with morning and afternoon sessions. Addresses on the program include, "The New Health Course," by Miss Muriel E. Willis, B. A.; "A Glimpse of Elementary and Secondary Education in India," by Miss Marjorie A. Whitaker, Woodstock College, Muskoka, India; and "Primary Work," by Miss Isabel Wilson, Toronto. Discussions and other features point to a program of interest to the teachers of the Inspectorate. The officers are:

Honorary President—J. M. Denyes, B. A., Milton.  
President—E. O. Cathcart, Bronte.  
Vice-President—R. Langmaid, Streetsville.  
Secretary—Miss M. Z. Bennett, Acton.  
Treasurer—Miss D. Foster, Acton.  
Executive—Miss A. M. Pell, Etobicoke; Miss G. Storey, Nassagaweya; Miss E. Dunkin, Nelson; Miss J. M. Black, Trafalgar; and the Principals of the Urban Schools.

### Institute Meeting

The regular business meeting of the Women's Institute was held at the home of Mrs. W. Hill on Thursday last, with the President, Mrs. Gamble, in charge. A five minute talk was given on the motto, "Be it ever so humble, there is no place like home," by Mrs. Rescor. Current events were taken by Mrs. Jas. Noble and roll call answered by "An Industry in Halton County, and Where Located." Mrs. A. J. Buchanan gave a very interesting and helpful paper on "Education," and a piano duet was rendered by Mrs. L. Worden and Miss Ethel Franklin, and a piano solo by Miss Ethel Franklin. Mrs. George Agnew, District President, of Mount Union, gave a splendid talk on "Home," and also stated that Halton Women's Institute would be 35 years old next year. Mrs. Merry, District Secretary, gave a good paper on "How to Live on 24 Hours a Day," and also spoke on the Girls' Conference, which will be held in Milton on October 26th. Mrs. Stewart Lamb, Mrs. Grace Lantz, Lillian Lawrence, Margaret Hall and LaVerne Smith were chosen as delegates. Mrs. McDonald, President of Dublin Institute; Miss Cree, President of Bannockburn Institute; Mrs. Reid, President of Mt. Union Institute, and Mrs. Downs, President of Hornby Institute, also spoke on Institute work. Plants and shrubs were given to be buried in the Pioneer Cemetery. Mesdames Collier, Hall and Davidson and Miss E. Hawthorne attended the "Bunmanship Course" in Milton on Friday. Mrs. Merry reported a varied display of thirty articles from different branches of Institute at Milton Fair. A very hearty vote of thanks was given to Mrs. Hill for the use of her home, also those who assisted on the program. The meeting closed with the singing of "Blest be the Tie that Binds," after which a social time was spent.

## RECONSTRUCTIONISTS' MEETING

Final Local Meeting of the Campaign Held Last Night—Candidates and Others Addressed the Electors

A crowd of 100 to 150 assembled at the Town Hall last night to hear the speakers for the Reconstruction party and Jimmy McLaughlin, President of the campaign. Mr. Louis Brownlow, President of the Acton Club, presided. Major Cousins introduced the first speaker, Mrs. Bell, of Oakville.

Mrs. Bell pointed out the important part women play in the affairs of the Dominion and emphasized the need for them to seriously consider their franchise. She urged the use of the privilege to bring about better conditions in Canada and the election of unselfish men for the welfare of Canada.

Mr. E. E. Barr, Acton, was pleased to introduce Mr. Robinson as the Reconstruction candidate. The new party was really an amalgamation of those from both old parties who felt they had not been getting a square deal from the politicians. We must find a place for the youth of the land. He was just the same as any other business man, if the common people made money, he prospered with them. The Reconstruction party was out to balance the budget—the politicians have never tried. The old parties were both tied to the big interests. The Reconstructionists were out for the masses. He told of Mr. Robinson's experience in service to his country and the public and his capabilities that made him a candidate above par. He urged that the movement be assisted to save the youth of Canada. The old folks can't be saved. Free trade would be a calamity. If we want a new deal for youth then vote for the Reconstruction party. The promises of the old party are vague, while Stevens is practical.

Mr. Robinson said the chief issue of the election was not the tariff or external trade. The prime issue was social security and justice and giving more to the masses of the good things of life. He felt neither party would really monkey with the tariff. Both old parties were controlled by the industrial magnates of the country. He told of large contributions, of which he knew, that were made by big interests to the old parties.

Mr. Robinson gave the reason for England's prosperity to a national government, with a definite plan. A fair return for the producer of the primary products, and the housing scheme were cited as part of this plan. He also mentioned the program of self-sustaining England's program of self-sustaining agriculture. He traced Mr. Stevens' march to the interests of the public. His exposure of the Robert Simpson Co. and Imperial Tobacco were cited. The investigation had shown that on a 25c package of tobacco the growers' share had been 1.4c.

Mr. Robinson wanted the little fellow to have a chance and enforce the demand on the big fellow for this chance. King's policy was one of masterful selfishness. Bennett blows both hot and cold. He doubted if Canada was yet ready for Mr. Woodworth's co-operative state. Stevens' policy was for the state to regulate and control business. Don't vote for Stevens if you think business doesn't need regulating.

Mr. Perry, who was a speaker advertised, was unable to be present and Mr. Mackenzie, a former Conservative member in Nova Scotia, took his place. He said he was not a disgruntled Tory, but a disgusted one. He had come to Ontario to get away from politics and had taken no interest until Stevens' entry. He told of the lack of funds of the new party and termed it a crusade or movement rather than a new party. He predicted Stevens will have the largest group after the election and come close to having a majority. The greatest danger was not of Bennett and Stevens uniting, but of Bennett and King amalgamating and the measures that would then be brought in.

Part of Stevens' plan was to utilize the coal of Canada rather than import it from the United States. Stevens would give every consideration to the veterans and was anxious to do something about youth. The only man to break the control of the big interests was Stevens. It was a duty to go out and work for Robinson and a leader who had no strings attached to him.

The National Anthem brought this meeting to a close.

## THE EVENING MEAL DIGESTER

Helen: "Did you ever think seriously of marrying?"  
Tony: "Of course I did. So I didn't!"  
"I want a cigar for my husband," said the customer to the assistant in the tobacco stall.  
"A fairly strong one, madam?" asked the man behind the counter.  
"Yes, the last one broke in his pocket."  
"How did you get that smudge on your face?" asked the engineer's wife of her husband.  
"How do you expect me to run 1,500 miles without getting grease on my face?"  
"I don't, but when did the railroad start using red grease?"

## Dr. Smart Bearer of Messages of Goodwill from Acton, Eng.

Received by Citizens at Gathering in Town Hall—Beautiful Silk Flag Presented with Acton Coat of Arms—Mrs. Kent and Mrs. Knight also Guests—Doctor Smart Tells of Acton, England—Entertained by Reeve and Mrs. C. H. Harrison.

The visit of Dr. J. Ewart Smart, M. C., Ph. D., M. A., B. Sc., of Acton, England, with his message of goodwill from the Motherland and his gift of a silken flag from the town of the same name in England, was an occasion of interest to the Town Hall, which was well filled with friends who desired to meet the visitor and hear his message.

Accompanying Dr. Smart from Toronto were Mrs. Kent, wife of the second Mayor of Acton, England, who is visiting in Canada and her sister, Mrs. Knight, of Toronto.

Reeve O. H. Harrison was in charge of the gathering and after singing the National Anthem expressed the pleasure the citizens felt in welcoming Dr. Smart and the friendly feeling that had developed between the Acton towns as a result of these little interchanges, which had been instituted by the late H. P. Moore on his visit in the Old Land. Dr. Smart was presented to the audience by Reeve Harrison.

Dr. Smart first presented the beautiful silk flag, which was received on behalf of the citizens by Mrs. H. P. Moore. The flag has painted on it the crest of the Borough of Acton, England, and is a beautiful emblem. In presenting it, Dr. Smart said it came from all the citizens of Acton, with the best of goodwill, and asked that the intercourse between the two towns be continued and the children of each be encouraged to correspond.

Dr. Smart explained the reason of his present visit to Canada as a member of the National Council of Education. This delegation of twelve was touring Canada and seeing its educational features. He also gave some conception of the Acton in England. It is a city of 70,000, five miles from London. Its kind of historical features which made it famous and of notable families who had been resident there. There are 400 or 500 industries in Acton, England, and unemployment there was practically nil.

Dr. Smart then told of the flag presented. It was a message of goodwill. In these days we need to stick together and do all possible to preserve peace—not peace at any price, however. He urged that in the teaching of children that peace be instilled and that they be taught to see the other man's point of view. He recalled great men of the British Empire and pointed with pride to the heritage that is ours.

In England the wide spaces are not to be seen as in Canada, but it is a magnificent land—a garden. He told of the beauties of various parts. He also gave a description of the Coat of Arms and left descriptive booklets of the Jubilee year and of Acton. It was his pleasure to convey the warmest greetings from the Mayor, Councillor W. Atkinson.

Reeve Harrison expressed the thanks of the citizens here and on their behalf asked Dr. Smart to convey greetings to his Government in England. He also gave tribute to the late H. P. Moore, who had been the means of founding this happy connection between the Actons.

Mrs. Kent, who had been present on the occasion of the presentation of the flag by Dr. Moore in England, spoke briefly. It was her first visit to Canada and she had enjoyed the hospitality of Canadians. If she could choose a place in which to live, it would be Canada. She had many happy memories of her Canadian visit.

Mr. Warden A. Mason joined in extending the appreciation of citizens for this token. He paid tribute to the memory and the citizenship of the late H. P. Moore, and the part he had played in establishing this connection with the Motherland. He was pleased that Mrs. Moore was well enough to be present on this occasion and accept the flag on behalf of Acton.

Schoolmaster George Mason, on behalf of the Acton Troop of Boy Scouts, asked Dr. Smart to take back to the Scouts in England for their club rooms, a mounted collection of Ontario wood, prepared by the Scouts. It was presented to Dr. Smart by Scout Lashby. The visitor assured the Troop that he would be glad to do this good turn and that the Troop there would appreciate their thoughtful gifts.

Reeve Harrison thanked the citizens for attending this function and the singing of "O Canada," closed the reception. Citizens then had an opportunity of shaking hands with Dr. Smart and Mrs. Kent. Miss Margaret Harrison played the accompaniment for the singing of the gathering. The stage decorations of Maple Leaves, in their autumnal colorings and the fall flowers added greatly to the setting for the event.

Following the reception at the hall, the visitors were entertained at the home of Reeve and Mrs. Harrison, where delightful refreshments were served prior to motoring back to the city.

Your city is no place for a man who is always waiting until to-morrow to grab the opportunity that is offered him to-day.

## Y. M. C. A. PLANS

Board of Directors Adopt Budget, Order Equipment and Set Fees for Membership

A meeting of the Provisional Board of Directors of Acton Y. M. C. A. was held on Tuesday evening, when many matters of importance were dealt with prior to the actual work commencing.

A budget presented by the Finance Committee was adopted, with some alterations. Fees are graded for those from 10 to 14 years, at \$1.00 per year; 14 to 18 years, \$2.00 per year; 18 to 21 years, \$3.00 per year, and 21 years and over, \$5.00 per year. Membership applications and cards are being prepared and as soon as the program is completed a prospectus will be issued.

The report of the Equipment Committee was received and sanction given for the bulk of the equipment to be purchased. It includes gymnasium mats, basketball, volley ball, badminton, boxing gloves, boxing mats, locker-room equipment, folding chairs, screening for windows, office equipment and other material incidental to putting the program into action. A piano is also part of this equipment.

Votes of appreciation were also made to those who had assisted in making the official opening such a success.

Secretary Alex. MacLaren, who is inaugurating the work in Acton for the Board, and is in charge, outlined the program for the opening night (to-night), a group of fourteen from Central Y. M. C. A., with the physical instructor, will put on a program of physical exercises and gym work that not one young man or boy in Acton will want to miss seeing. It commences at eight o'clock and finishes with group games, led by the visitors. Following the demonstration the visitors will be served lunch. Every boy and young man is invited to attend to see what can be done on the gymnasium floor. Boxing and wrestling will form part of the program.

A committee was also appointed to draft the constitution and by-laws for submission to the Board. The matter of formation of a Y's Men's Club will be dealt with at a latter meeting.

## FINE NEW PREMISES

Symon Family Have Conducted Business in Acton for Over 85 Years

This week the Symon Hardware moved into their new store on Mill Street, which is modern in every respect, both exterior and interior, and the latest addition to the improvement of Acton's business section.

The new store was part of the unfinished plan of the late James Symon, who died last February. His ill-health had not allowed the consummation of the plan but this summer the plans were carried into effect and the store is completed and occupied. The business is now carried on by Mrs. Symon and Mr. Mac Symon and Miss Marguerite Symon.

The Symon family have conducted business in Acton for over four-score years. The late Chas. Symon conducted a general store here among the earliest business houses. Messrs. Alex. and John Symon both commenced their business careers here, the former now at Milton and the latter at Kirkland Lake.

The late James Symon received his early training in the hardware business with the late J. W. Pearson. Twenty-three years ago he purchased the hardware business of Mr. H. P. Johnston, which was conducted in the Johnstone block. When the expansion of business of Johnston & Rumley required this section of the store also, the Symon Hardware was moved to the Johnstone block, on Mill Street. Mr. Symon, however, acquired the property adjoining the Johnstone block.

The new store was erected this summer. It has a modern store front, commodious and modern fitted interior, with basement and rear entrance. Above is a modern office and living quarters, which will be occupied by Dr. P. W. Pearson. The whole building is a splendid tribute to the successful and long business career of the Symon family in Acton.

Georgetown Fair  
There was a splendid exhibit of stock at the Georgetown Fair on Saturday and the hall classes were well filled, making a splendid showing in all classes. The heavy horse exhibit was a splendid event. Cold and unsuitable weather kept the attendance down at this annual event. Music was provided by Lorne Rifles (Scottish) Band, and James Nichol, Limehouse, and Hugh McCormack, Hillsburg, were the winning old-time fiddlers. The steeplechase race was one of the features of the day and provided thrills and spills.

## ALL TOGETHER

The Nomination Meeting in Milton, Where Currie, Cleaver and Robinson, All Spoke from the Name Platform

We've attended parts of other federal or provincial nomination meetings in the Halton County Town but on Monday we sat through the whole two hours of it and rather enjoyed the proceedings. The hall was packed by two o'clock, when returning Officer Leacock announced that George Currie, Hughes Cleaver and M. M. Robinson had been nominated as candidates in Halton County.

Then Dr. Anderson, a veteran in the field, announced that the candidates would all speak, and asked the meeting to choose a chairman. Dr. Anderson nominated H. T. Foster and W. S. Davis were all nominated, but on this occasion Mr. Davis won the decision and very graciously fulfilled the chairman's duties.

The timekeeper's watch was put on the table, with each speaker allowed half an hour. George Currie, Conservative candidate, led off and impressed the audience with the seriousness of the election. He told about his municipal experiences in "Township" and "County," then came the championing of Bennett's policies and the great benefits from trade treaties. He told how the growers of apples and the textile industry were benefitting from these arrangements.

The Farmers' Creditors' Act was not perfect, but would be perfected and in the meantime had saved many from bankruptcy. The same assistance should be given the home owner. He then pointed with pride to the enactments of the eight-hour day, unemployed insurance, pension at 60 for those who wanted it, 250 new industries had come into being in Canada since 1930. He appealed for election on the record of the Conservative Government of the last five years.

Dr. Anderson explained he was pinching hitting for Hon. Thos. Kennedy. He supported Bennett because he was the greatest Premier of Canada. He praised his ability as a lawyer and business man. Stevens was a good man, but had no legal or business experience. The only difference between Bennett and Stevens was their attitude personally. They were identical on all other points. Following the Empire agreements the Empire peoples would be glad to have Mr. Bennett in England on their behalf. Dr. Anderson pointedly asked Mr. Cleaver if he was in favor of abolishing Empire trade agreements; if he favored New Zealand butter coming into Canada, King will change these policies. Nobody knows what Stevens will do. He told of the splendid tour that Mr. Bennett was just completing and of course urged all to vote for Currie and Bennett.

Paul Fisher, a fruit grower, was allotted ten minutes to speak for Hughes Cleaver. He told of tariff barriers enacted by the world and of the Bennett tariffs that had cut off \$800,000,000 of trade. King was going to take off tariffs. The fruit growers had enjoyed tariff protection. He was willing for those imports to be taken off, however, just as long as they were taken off the things he had to buy. There was no reason for paying \$400 more for a car in Burlington than in Buffalo. We have tried the high tariff theory for 5 years and all countries are willing to return to the former policy. Neither Mr. Currie or Dr. Anderson had said anything about balancing the budget. Ontario was going to balance the budget in a year. Roosevelt had tried the plan of interfering with business and Stevens in Canada is a direct parallel. The solution of the problem is to give people work and not a new group of public officials. If England wants Bennett for the House of Lords the speaker said he could be secured after October 14th, and George Currie would also be available.

Hughes Cleaver set about to answer questions asked him and the former speaker, before taking the twenty minutes allowed him. He told about the New Zealand butter and how its exclusion hadn't made the Ontario farmer get better prices. The Liberals had been the first to inaugurate a preferential tariff with the Motherland and would continue a policy of preference with the Motherland.

Cleaver said that Currie was trying to tell the audience that times were good and everyone was satisfied. He answered his statement regarding the extra business being done by the Oakville Basket Factory by assuring the crowd that the heads of two basket factories he knew of were going to vote Liberal. He claimed the masses were paying the taxes, rather than the classes and asked if the sugar tax were laid. He suggested conscription of wealth now as men had been conscripted in war.

The Liberals were for a truly National Bank. There was too big a wage to capital and the machine and not enough to labor. If equal division was made there was sufficient for every household to have an income of \$4,000 per year. He would like to see labor represented on every board of directors. Mr. Cleaver urged the audience to put aside prejudices and vote for themselves.

M. M. (Bobby) Robinson, the Reconstruction party candidate, said it was the same old story of tariffs by both parties and the problem wasn't going to be solved until we all learned to play ball together.

(Continued on Page Eight)

## Board Favors the Use of Gymnasium

For the High School Classes Physical Training—Inquire into Possibilities

The monthly meeting of Acton School Board, Trustees H. I. G. Fraser, W. K. Graham, Dr. A. J. Buchanan and Dr. P. W. Pearson were present. In the absence of Chairman J. M. McDonald, the meeting was presided over by Dr. A. J. Buchanan.

The Secretary read copies of letters that had been sent to those who were in arrears for school fees. A letter from the Department of Education gave permission to teach the Upper School subjects as requested. A letter from the Secretary of the Ontario School Teachers' and Ratepayers' Association asked that representatives be sent to the meeting in Milton on October 9th.

The seventh report of the Finance Committee recommended payment of the following accounts:

E. J. Hassard, supplies	\$ 8.85
N. P. Moore, repairs	.65
The Geo. M. Hendry Co., supplies	18.59
Clark's Iron, library	21.56
MacMillan Co. Ltd., library	1.60
Coop, Clark Ltd., library	8.33
Beardmore Leathers Ltd., supplies	5.95
	\$65.53

The report was adopted. Messrs. A. MacLaren and G. A. Dills, a committee from the Y. M. C. A., were present to discuss with the Board the possibility of utilizing the gymnasium and building for High School students and making arrangements covering this phase of the school work under better conditions.

The Secretary was, by motion, instructed to write the Department and investigate what might be done in this respect. The Board was very sympathetic and appreciative of the proposal and agreed to come to a definite decision after inquiry had been made.

It was decided to hold a special meeting of the Board on October 15th, to discuss this matter in detail.

## ERAMOSIA COUNCIL

Township Boundaries to be Changed—Appointment of Constable Deferred to Next Meeting—Accounts Passed for Payment

The regular meeting of the Council for the Township of Eramosia was held in the Town Hall, Rockwood, on Monday, October 7th. Reeve Sims McLeish was in the chair, supported by Councillors Albert Lush, D. H. Storey, J. A. Stewart and John Hindley.

On motion of Messrs. Storey and Hindley, the Treasurer was instructed to release all claims on some Rockwood property, purchased for taxes, upon payment of taxes in full to the end of 1935.

A letter was read from the Township of Garafaxa, stating that the new township engineer intended that the existing agreement regarding boundary lines between the two townships be changed. The Reeve and Clerk reported that they had been advised that the engineer had no objection to the existing agreement. No action was taken.

The Clerk reported the disposal of some cases, involving arrears of taxes, at the recent sitting of the Board of Review, under the Farmers' Creditors' Arrangement Act.

An application for the appointment of a constable was laid over for consideration at the November meeting.

Various matters pertaining to relief and to road maintenance came up for discussion.

The receipt of a bouquet of roses, sent by the members of Council and officials to Mrs. Frank Day, during her recent stay in the Guelph General, was gratefully acknowledged.

Accounts passed for payment amounted to \$225.00, and Council adjourned to November 4th, at 1.30.

Ladies and Gentlemen (?)  
The public "baths" have been "in use" in the new Y. M. C. A. building for six months. It is the intent always to keep the surroundings clean and respectable. The young boys and some older, and the girls, and some who would like to be considered ladies, have been making it difficult. We were called in this morning to look at the conditions in the ladies' toilet after last night. We have, right now, a mighty poor conception of the manners of some of the young folks of Acton. It's condition is disgraceful. The men's toilet is getting worse. It has been necessary to shut off the hot water. Supplies of towels and toilet paper cannot be continued when wasted as at present. The soap containers have been broken and the soap taken from the building. On several occasions it has been necessary to close these conveniences, owing to the misconduct of some young folks. We have refrained from saying anything about it. But, frankly is this conduct fair? Possibly this can be taken as a warning. If not, further steps will be necessary that will be more costly to the folks who don't conduct themselves as ladies and gentlemen.

## Various Interesting Items of News

### Who's Who

A voter told us the other day that he believed a lot of the electorate had heard so much about the party leaders that they didn't know who the local candidates were and what leader they were following. We'll elucidate: If you want to vote for King, you'll vote for Cleaver in Halton. If Bennett is your choice, then vote for Currie. If it's Stevens you want to support, you will vote for Robinson; and if your name isn't on the voters' list, you won't vote for any of them.

### Hockey Club Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of Acton Hockey Club was held last Thursday evening and presided over by Dr. E. J. Nelson, President. It was decided to enter an Intermediate Team in the O. H. A. this year. The choice of a manager will be made by the Executive. Officers were elected as follows:

Honorary Presidents—Reeve O. H. Harrison, ex-Warden A. Mason, J. M. McDonald, J. R. Leishman, Wm. Arnold, A. E. Ritchie, H. S. Holmes.  
President—Dr. E. J. Nelson.  
1st Vice-President—V. H. Rumley.  
2nd Vice-President—H. I. G. Fraser.  
Treasurer—W. K. Graham.  
Secretary—W. G. Middleton.  
Executive—H. H. Elliot, F. J. McCutcheon, and F. Gibbons.  
Trainer—W. Eucalsh.  
Assistant Trainers—E. W. Masters, Thos. Gibbons.

A small balance of about \$10 remained in the treasury and matters of equipment and other details will be dealt with by the new officers.

At a later meeting the managers appointed were J. M. McDonald and Dr. E. J. Nelson.

### Address on Japan

The feature at the meeting on Tuesday of the United Church Young People's Society was an address by Mr. Stuart Lowrie, an Actonian, who has spent the past few years in Japan. Mr. Lowrie took his audience on his trip across Canada and the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description, were able to get some conception of the conditions in Japan. The large population crowded into the Pacific to Japan. He told of conditions in the Orient and of the peculiarities of the race and customs. They are a more contented people than Canadians and he refuted the stories of sweatshops and inadequate wages. The wages may be small, but they are in accord with prices that have to be paid. The climatic conditions were described and told about the audience, from Mr. Lowrie's description,