# WORDS MATTER WHEN REFERRING TO MENTAL HEALTH

their mental health prob-

lem minimizes everything

else about that person. Per-

son-first language, such as

"she has an addiction"

rather than "she is an ad-

dict", recognizes that we

are not defined by our men-

tal health problems - we

are all people with unique

qualities and experiences

first and foremost, and our

language should reflect

one has a physical health

problem, we don't say "He

is a migraine" or "She is

back pain", and it should be

the same for mental health.

fer from depression" or

"suffer from anxiety" can

really minimize their resil-

ience. While we want to

recognize that mental

health problems can be

challenging, we also want

to recognize that people

have strengths and can re-

cover and cope in positive

health problems can and

do have meaningful and re-

warding lives in which they

are not always "suffering".

Saying that someone is "liv-

People who have mental

Saving that people "suf-

'SUFFERS FROM'

Think about it - if some-

## IT CAN MAKE A DIFFERENCE, WRITES MELANIE MCGREGOR



#### AND THE LIKE Labelling someone by

that.

ways.

Words are powerful, and the language we use makes a real difference when it comes to talking about mental health.

Even if we may not intend for someone to feel judged or labelled, we need to be intentional with our language and strive to be respectful, accepting, and inclusive.

So, what should we be mindful of and strive for when choosing our words? Following are some terms we should avoid in order to reduce minimization, stigma, and judgment.

#### 'COMMIT SUICIDE'

The word "commit" is negatively loaded. We talk about "committing a crime" or "committing a sin", so when "commit" is coupled with "suicide", it carries judgment that people affected by suicide say makes them feel criticized and blamed.

The preferred language is to say that someone "died by suicide" or that someone "suicided".

'ADDICT, SCHIZOPHRENIC,'

ing with depression" or "living with anxiety" better reflects that recovery is possible and that each and every one of us can have positive mental health.

**'JUST'** "He just has depression" and similar statements are often ways of dismissing what someone is experiencing, sometimes because we may not know what we can do to help.

It suggests that people living with mental health problems should be used to their symptoms and there is no reason for them to need help or support.

There is no "just" about it - we can all benefit from some compassion and support at some point, no matter where our mental health is at.

Our language can either judge and label or respect and include, so let's work towards making positive choices with our words.

Melanie McGregor is the communications and advancement specialist at the Canadian Mental Health Association Halton Region Branch, which provides mental health/ addiction community support and education. Visit www.halton.cmha.ca for more information and follow @cmhahalton on Twitter.



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