piece of wood until surface is fevel. Leave room for water. In the tray press rows with a ruler or strip of lath. Place seeds sparingly in the rows. Cover large seeds lightly with the moist mix. Leave very small seeds bare. Cover tray or small pots with glass or plastic sheet and keep dark, moist and warm until seeds germinate. When growth appears move to the light

With help of a pencil, thin out weaklings, shift seedlings growing too close to their neighboors. Keep

moist. When first true leaves appear, transplant to small pots containing this mixture with, perhaps a little potting soil added. Make a hole in soil with pencil so roots can be set in place easily. Firm soil about roots and water the plant well. Keep out of bright

light for several days.

2 Stem Cutting Use a sharp knife to make a cutting from 4 to 6 inches long. Make the cut just below where leaf joins the stem. Remove lower leaves to have an inch or two of bare stem. Touch the end of cutting to rooting hormone powder and place about one inch in a similar

and keep in cool, light location. After 3 weeks remove stem to check root development. Depending on the type of plant it takes from 3 to 6 weeks to produce roots large enough to transplant to separate pot. Use a 3 or 4 inch pot. Supply bottom drainage. Spread roots as you fill with All Treat potting soil. Don't forget that All-Treat has a very competent

University of Guelph Soil professor aiding them with their soil preparation. Water well and keep away from sun for a few days. If cuttings show a wilting tendency, enclose the pot and cutting in a plastic bag using a rubber band to hold in place.

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