

The "Pony" that replaces a Team

WITH the introduction of the "Pony" tractor, Massey-Harris extended the advantages of power farming to practically everyone who makes his living from the soil. There are thousands of farmers and market gardeners whose acreage does not justify the investment in large-size tractor equipment. Such men were barred from the use of power machinery until the "Pony" came into the picture. Today, it is helping them to increase their farm output, reduce production costs, and eliminate old-fashioned drudgery.

The "Pony" is an outstanding example of the farm-minded engineering that lies behind every Massey-Harris machine. In designing the 'Pony", Massey-Harris engineers were not content merely to build a small-size lowcost tractor. They studied the kinds of work

that a small tractor would have to do, in practical farm use, to give satisfaction to its owner ... and they calculated the requirements of power, traction, weight, and endurance that such work would call for. As a result, the Massey-Harris "Pony" out-weighs, out-pulls, and out-works every other tractor in its class. It will do more work than a team, and much more work than a little walk-behind tractor.

Going further, Massey-Harris engineers designed an assortment of quick-mounted tools for the "Pony" . . . exactly the right size to yield the maximum amount of finished work per hour of time and per gallon of gasoline. With these tools, the "Pony" not only does more work than a team, but does it better, faster and cheaper.

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Georgetown Boy Assists In Navy Rescue

Cadet Douglas Latimer, son of Mr. Donald Latimer of town had a thrilling experience and a real taste of the sea recently, when his ship, H.M.C.S. Iroquois participated in the sea rescue of a crippled Panamanian freighter. Doug, who will enter second year Arts | at Toronto University this: fall is spending the summer in training with the RCNVR. . The following article, which appeared in the Halifax Chronicle-Herald tells the story of his experience:

Winning a running fight against mountainous scas and a . 40-milean-hour norwester, the H.M.C.S. destroyer Iroquois, under command of Lifeut-comdr. T. C. Pullen . arrived in Halifax late Saturday afternoon, a few hours before the disabled 4,200 Panamanian freighter Evgenia, who had called for assistance Friday afternoon due to rudder trouble while 75 miles of

The Iroquois, recently commissioned as the R.C.N. cadet training ship to replace H.M.C.S. Magnificent had just anchored south of George's Island shortly after o'clock, Friday afternoon after cruise to Provincetown, Massachusetts, when she received the terse Navy signal to proceed "with all dispatch" to a point 75 miles off Halifax to aid the disabled craft. Fortunately, under Lieutenant Art Blackie Dartmouth, Chief Engineer all was in readiness for a quick start. In less than half-an-hour the Iroquols was on its way back to sea, slipping along at 25-knot pace and aided by the 40-mile gale.

For the 80-odd cadets of the Royal Canadian Navy who were aboard the "training cruise" suddenly developed into a race which could have meant human lives. Less than an hour after leaving Halifax, the Iroquois wireless room under Communications Officer Lieutenant "Hank" Sprott, of Toronto, had established contact with the crippled freighter which at that time was believed to be drifting at the mercy of the '40mile gale and the heavy seas. The Evgenia had hoped that sleek Canadian tribal class destroyer would be along side to supply aid before darkness settled down. Around 7.30 o'clock Lieut. comdr. Pullen brought the Iroquois to the position where it was thought the Evgenia should have drifted during the four hour race. During that time contact had been lost with Hallfax and the disabled ship was unable to provide anything resembling a corrected

As darkness settled down, the Navy destroyer continuing at ace better than 23 knots covered the area. Seachtights played the skies, rockets were fired.

The destroyer captain then decided on a new bit of strategy. However, before leaving that posttion he decided to fire another rocket. That was at approximately 9.33 p.m. Almost a half-hour later the Evgenia reported that she had seen a "white rocket" a "few minutes later." That was the first break in the long search. For two hours it was strictly hide-and-seek. Anxious eyes scanned the darkened skies as officers, members of the ship's regular company and cadets hoped that they would be able to reach the distressed freighter before she was in serious danger.

ator reported that a boat was lo- the same position.

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Then around 11.40 the hide-and- inciding with this report came the troyer began to move in near the seek chase began to bear fruit for announcement from the bridge by disabled freighter. Almost an hour the patient Iroquois' captain. His Officer of the Watch Lieutenant later the distance had been coverstrategy plus the sharp navigating Barry Brissenden of Kemptville, a ed, and the Navy destroyer still of Navigation Officer Jack Farqu- Queens' university student and a battling the high winds and rough har, Oakland Road, Halifax, be- member of the R.C.N. reserve, that seas, was alongside. Due to ocean gan to pay off. The radar oper- a faint light was seen in almost conditions it was decided that in

cated about 28,000 yards away a- Lamp signals were flashed, faint- any effort to put a tow line aboard

view of the high winds and seas round the 330 degree mark. Co- ly they were returned. The des- would be left till morning as it was then know that the freighter was in no immediate danger. At this time the freighter stated that by using the wiach to support the rudder they were able to proceed at approximately five knots over an erratic course. This was the route for the night. The Iroquois at about nine knots loafed alongside the ship ready to give help in the case of emergency. Early in the morning a sharp change in wind almost tossed the disabled craft to the bow of the destroyer, and collision was averted by a quick "full astern" movement.

Throughout the morning the Iroquois actually could have filled the bill of an "escort ship." The freighter moved slowly ahead, and with information supplied from the destroyer was able to place itself on the incoming lane of Halifax. This continued until around 1.30 p.m. when the Evgenia signalled that she could proceed "on her own". Several hours after the destroyer reached Halifax the Evgenia made port and remained in the stream. This morning she will berth Pier. 7 where work on the rudder repair will be started.

The heavy seas, which at times was accompanied by a driving rain, took its toll. During the night the big waves, which carried over the bow of the ship and right we over the front guns, toesing spray over the bridge, drove one of the dinghies against the iron rail of the ship, splintering the small heat to

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AND DOES, HER INHERENT FEAR OF FIRE COMPEL HER TO PLACE A FIRE EXTINGUISHER HEAR GRAN'PA WHO ALWAYS SMOKES HIS CIGARETTES UNTIL THEY ARE OUT OF SIGHT?





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