

# The Bishop of Niagara

By Oswald Robert Rowley  
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It is a difficult undertaking to convey in a few paragraphs the impression of a great personality; it is like the effort to produce in a marble effigy the play of feature in a human face. One can only sketch the outline of his character, and leave it to imagination to fill the gaps in the record.

The Right Rev. Lewis Wilnot Bovell Broughall, D.D., Anglican Bishop of Niagara, was born in Toronto on 27 March, 1876, the sixth son in a family of seven sons (three of whom took Holy Orders) and five daughters, of the Rev. Canon A. J. and Georgina Harriet (Hurd) Broughall. His grandparents left Ireland and settled in Cobourg, Ont., where his father was born. His mother was the youngest daughter of Major Samuel Proudfoot Hurd of Toronto, in early life an ensign at the Battle of Waterloo, and later Surveyor-General of Upper Canada.

Wilnot Broughall never remembers a time when he did not look forward to taking Holy Orders. He began his education at Trinity College School, Port Hope (one of the best residential schools for boys in Canada), stood high in his examinations, entered Trinity University, Toronto, graduated in 1897, when he was also Jubilee Scholar in classics and arts. He took his M.A. in 1899. In 1925, when he became Dean of Niagara, Trinity conferred the degree (Jure dignitatis) of Doctor of Divinity. Eight years later, Wycliffe College conferred upon him a similar degree, for conspicuous services to the Church.

Mr. Broughall was ordained deacon in 1899, and priest in 1900. Both ordinations were by the Bishop of Toronto (Sweetman) and both took place at St. Alban's Cathedral, Toronto. As a divinity student, he spent the summer holidays at Minden Mission, where on ordination he was one of two curates to assist the incumbent of Minden, who had seven out stations. The three lived together, on one man's salary, in a log hut, known as "The Clergy House". After two and a half years' strenuous work he became incumbent of Hagersville where he spent two happy and most successful years. He accepted, in 1903, a curacy at All Saints', South Wilminton, Surrey, England, where he gained a wide experience in social service work.

Returning to Canada in 1905, he was appointed assistant curate at St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, the senior curate being the Rev. D. T. Owen (now Archbishop of Toronto and Primate of All Canada) whom Mr. Broughall was destined to succeed in 1925, as Dean of Niagara, and again in 1933 as Bishop of Niagara. These two spiritually-minded curates served happily together and with fruitful results for upwards of two years. The Rev. Mr. Broughall was next appointed Rector of the important parish of Oakville, where he served with distinction until 1911. He then became Rector of St. Catharines with its ancient and historic St. George's Church. During his fourteen years at St. Catharines he was appointed a Canon of the Hamilton Cathedral. In addition to his pastoral duties, he took an interest in everything looking to the welfare of the city and district; was an enthusiastic Rotarian, also organizing Secretary, and first President of the Rotary Club.

In 1925, Canon Broughall, who holds the King's Medal, was chosen Rector of Christ Church Cathedral, Hamilton, and Dean of Niagara. In subsequent years he was also Secretary of the Anglican National Commission, Prolocutor of the Synod of the Ecclesiastical Province of Ontario, and first President of the Local Council of Churches.

On 19 December, 1932, Dean Broughall was unanimously elected to the See of Niagara. No less than ten bishops took part in his consecration on the 26th January, 1933, at Christ Church Cathedral, Hamilton, where he was enthroned sixth Bishop of Niagara. In 1938 he was one of seventy delegates from all parts of Christendom to attend at Holland, the World Conference of Faith and Order, Life and Work.

Bishop Broughall is a Mason, a past principal of Hiram Chapter, Oakville; Past Master of Oakville Lodge, A.P. and A.M. He holds the 33rd degree Scottish Rite, is a member of Barton Lodge, No. 6, Hamilton, and of the Supreme Council.

Dr. Broughall has always been a "watcher for souls as one who must give account". He has spent forty years in the Diocese of Niagara, almost fourteen as Bishop, knows the work intimately, is readily approachable, courteousness personified, instantly fair minded, and beloved by his fellow Churchmen.

The Bishop of Niagara exemplifies in his life the Christian character. He inspires all who meet him with his sincerity, and his tireless devotion to Christ and His Church. His long and splendid ministry has been marked by fidelity, wisdom, and winsome kindness, which has gained for him the high regard and affection of earnest Christian men and women who are not Anglicans. He has a charming personality, splendid executive ability, abundant common sense, a sympathetic heart, and is universally respected as man and Bishop.

Bishop Broughall in 1904, married



BEGAN AS SINGER

One of Canadian radio's best known "emcees" is Cy Mack, who may be heard every Monday as narrator and interviewer on "Canadian Cavalcade," broadcast over the CBC Trans-Canada network at 8 p.m. EST. Cy Mack started in radio as a singer in 1930; has since been active in almost every phase of radio entertainment.

## O.H.A. Disallows Acton Protest Against Grimsby

A protest entered by Acton Tanners against Grimsby Peach Kings was disallowed last week by the O.H.A. The president of that body said that Acton hadn't proved their case but there was a lot of merit in the points put forward and although the protest was disallowed, the \$25 deposit fee was returned to Acton.

Acton claimed that four Grimsby players were residents of Hamilton, that at least one (Zuke) played also in a Hamilton Industrial league and that Grimsby did not have eight players on their team who were bona fide residents of Grimsby. They presented a sworn declaration by Fred Dawkins, president of the Acton Athletic Association, supporting these allegations. Grimsby claimed they had no knowledge of Zuke playing hockey in Hamilton, while Acton submitted two copies of the Hamilton Spectator in which his name was given in the line-up of Rogers Bros. team. A letter was produced signed by the proprietor of the Grimsby Hotel that Zuke, Kemp and Hale had taken up residence in the hotel on October 1st, 1946, and had resided there continuously ever since.

The Acton protest leaned strongly on a letter written early in the season by Secretary W. A. Hewitt of the O.H.A. stating that if any Milton and Burlington players were playing industrial hockey in Hamilton the Milton club would have to play in Intermediate A grouping.

The Acton Free Press comments: "It would appear that Georgetown and Milton Clubs did not get much of a break in getting players or else they had hotel keepers who were reluctant to give signed letters."

## Prominent Evangelist To Speak At Linchouse

The Rev. Dr. Morris Zeldman of Toronto will address a public meeting in the Linchouse Presbyterian Church, on Thursday evening, April 24th, at 8 o'clock.

Dr. Zeldman is well known in Canada as the superintendent of the Scott Mission, on Bay Street in Toronto, which carries on a Christian Mission to the Jews. Himself a Polish Jew, Dr. Zeldman has recently travelled through his native land observing the devastation wrought by the Germans during the Nazi occupation. Through the lecture will be sponsored by the Church's missionary society, the silver collection will be in aid of the work conducted by the speaker.

The subject chosen by Dr. Zeldman is, "Poland and the Nazi Occupation," and it is expected that he will tell a vivid story. The public is cordially invited to hear this outstanding address.

Sophia Margaret, daughter of the late J. H. G. Hagarty, Toronto, and granddaughter of the late Sir John Hagarty, late Chief-Justice of Ontario. They have a son and two daughters.

## How about Your Children's Eyes?

Are they free from eyestrain? If you are in doubt you can find out here at no cost.

**E. P. HEAD**  
OPTOMETRIST  
58 St. George's Sq.  
GUELPH  
PHONE 1529

## Social and Personal

Miss Rita Brynne of Weston spent the week end in town with Mr. and Mrs. A. G. M. Brynne.

Miss Marjorie Bricey and Mr. Arthur Coulson of Toronto were week-end visitors with Mr. and Mrs. Art Booth. Mr. A. E. Shain is in Toronto General Hospital at present undergoing treatment for a foot injury he sustained last fall.

Miss Ruth Brow of Wayne, Michigan, is making an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Shain at their home on the Norval Road.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Emond and son Paul of Ajax were week end guests in town with Mr. and Mrs. Graham Farnell.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Duncan have moved from Simcoe to Hamilton, where Mr. Duncan has been transferred to the head office of the Canadian Can Company. His mother, Mrs. Angus Duncan, is visiting with them there at present.

At the Sunday morning service at St. George's Church, Toronto Dale Kennedy, baby son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Kennedy, was christened by Archbishop W. G. O. Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Macdonald, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Macdonald and Mr. and Mrs. Ken Macdonald of Acton attended the Lambton's Convention in Toronto last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold McLaren left yesterday for Richmond Hill, where Mr. McLaren has accepted a position with Mr. H. A. McLean at Sprucedale Farm.

Mrs. J. H. Lilloo and Mrs. Donna Ryan attended the Hairdressers' Convention at the Royal York Hotel on Monday.

On Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. George Lake celebrated their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary by holding open house at their home near Langstaff. Those from town who attended included Mr. Lake's sister, Mrs. A. H. Feller, Mr. and Mrs. William McNally and Mrs. Walter Blehn.

(Continued from last week)  
Beverly Clark, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Clark, Charles St., entertained a group of her little friends on Saturday afternoon at a party celebrating her sixth birthday. The children included Gail and Doug McGilvray, Judy Boushan, Patsy Squires, Carolyn Blinn, Judy McCumber, Joan Bickle, Virginia Barber, Maureen Ebburn, Myra Green, and Beverly's brother, Donald.

## CARD OF THANKS

We would like to express sincere thanks to friends and especially Dr. C. V. Williams and Miss Vi Louth for their many kindnesses in our bereavement of a dear husband and father.

— Mrs. A. H. Baird and family

**DANCING**  
*Ryan's, Guelph*  
WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY NIGHTS  
One of Canada's Finest Dance Floors  
POPULAR ORCHESTRAS

# IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT NOTICE Respecting Price Control

The following is a convenient summary of Board Order No. 711—published for the guidance and protection of Canadian consumers. It does not give the full legal text. For full details of the law reference should be made to the Order.

CLIP THIS AND KEEP FOR EASY REFERENCE

## Summary of

## GOODS AND SERVICES REMAINING SUBJECT TO MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATIONS

As set forth in Wartime Prices & Trade Board Order No. 711—effective April 2, 1947

### FOODS

- All flours, flour mixes and meals.
- Yeast.
- Bread, bread rolls, and bakery products.
- Biscuits, except those completely covered with chocolate.
- Processed cereals, cooked or uncooked, including breakfast cereals, macaroni, vermicelli, spaghetti, noodles and other alimentary paste products.
- Rice, excepting wild rice.
- Pot and pearl barley.
- Shelled corn, but not including popping corn.
- Dried peas, soya beans, dried beans except lima beans and red kidney beans.
- Starch.
- Sugar, sugar cane syrup, corn syrup, grape sugar, glucose.
- Edible molasses.
- Honey.
- Tea, coffee, coffee concentrates.
- Malt, malt extract, malt syrup.
- Black pepper and white pepper, and substitutes containing black or white pepper.
- Butter.
- Caseln.
- Cheddar cheese, processed cheese and cream cheese.
- Concentrated milk products of all kinds.
- Ice cream.
- Salad and cooking oils.
- Salt.
- Fresh apples — 1946 crop.
- Raisins, currants, prunes, dried dates, dehydrated apples.
- Tomatoes, tomato sauce, tomato pulp, tomato catsup, chili sauce, when in hermetically sealed cans or glass.
- Canned pork and beans, canned spaghetti and canned soups.
- Canned corn, canned peas, canned beans excluding the lima and red kidney varieties.
- Canned apricots, canned peaches, canned pears, canned cherries, canned plums.
- Fruits and vegetables in the two preceding items when frozen and sold in consumer size packages.
- Jams, jellies, marmalades.
- Meat and meat products, not including game, pet foods, and certain varieties of cooked and canned meats.
- Sausage casings, animal and artificial.
- Live, dressed and canned poultry (but not including turkeys, geese or ducks, live, dressed or processed; poultry spreads, poultry stews and poultry in pastry or pie crust).
- Canned salmon, canned sea trout, canned pickards of the 1946 or earlier packs.
- Edible animal and vegetable fats including lards and shortenings.

### CLOTHING

- Men's, youths' and boys' coats, jackets and wind-

### breakers made wholly or chiefly of leather.

- Men's, youths' and boys' suits or pants made wholly or chiefly of cotton or rayon.
- Men's, youths' and boys' furnishings as follows:—blouses; collars; pyjamas; nightshirts; underwear, other than that made wholly of wool; dressing gowns, other than those made wholly of all-wool fabric; shirts, including sport shirts other than those made wholly of all-wool or all-rayon fabric.
- Women's, misses', girls', children's and infants' garments of all kinds (but not including:—(a) garments made wholly of all-wool fabric, (b) raincoats, or (c) jackets and windbreakers, except when made wholly or chiefly of leather).
- Women's, misses', girls' and children's accessories as follows:—dickies, bibs, halters, neckwear, collars, cuffs and aprons.
- Knitted wear for either sex as follows:—undergarments, other than those made wholly of wool; circular knit hosiery of cotton or rayon.
- Work clothing, including aprons for either sex, when made wholly or chiefly of cotton or leather.
- Uniforms for either sex.
- Gloves, gauntlets and mitts for either sex when made wholly or chiefly of cotton or leather, except those designed as specialized sports equipment or for specialized industrial uses.
- Brassieres; foundation garments, but not including surgical corsets.
- Diapers and diaper supports.

### HOUSEHOLD AND OTHER TEXTILES

- Textile products as follows, when made wholly or chiefly of cotton or rayon: bath mats, bedspreads, blankets except horseblankets, curtains, dish cloths, dish towels, drapes, face cloths, luncheon sets, napkins, pillow cases, sheets, slince cloths, table cloths, throw-overs, toilet seat covers, towels, wash cloths, window blinds, window shades.
- Floor rugs and mats chiefly of cotton.

### DOMESTIC FUELS

- Coal, coke and briquettes; until April 16th, 1947.

### HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES

- Furnaces, fire-place heaters and other heating equipment except portable electric heaters.
- Jacket heaters and other water heating equipment.
- Soap and soap compounds.

### MOTOR VEHICLE ACCESSORIES

- Pneumatic tires and tubes when sold for the purpose of or as original equipment on agricultural machinery.

### CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS

- Lumber of all kinds.
- Millwork such as doors, sashes, windows, stairs and gates.
- Flywood and veneers.
- Pre-cut lumber products designed for use in residential or farm buildings, but not including fully pre-fabricated buildings.
- Gypsum board and gypsum lath.
- Wallboards and building boards.
- Cast iron soil pipe and fittings.
- Nails.

### AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, IMPLEMENTS, EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES

- Practically all items of farm machinery, including planting, seeding and fertilizing equipment, plows, tillage implements and cultivators, haying machinery, harvesting machinery, tractors, wagons, dairy machines and equipment, sprayers and dusters.
- Articles of barn and barnyard equipment.
- Incubators, brooders, poultry feeding and watering equipment.
- Stationary gas engines.
- Harness and harness hardware.
- Barbed wire and other fencing wire and fences.
- Binder twine.
- Wheelbarrows.
- Feeds and feed products of all kinds except horse meat, pet foods, straw, clam shell and poultry grit.
- Fertilizers of all kinds, but not including humus, muck, manure, sphagnum moss or peat moss.
- Gopher poisons.
- Seed beans and seed peas.
- Grains as follows:—wheat; barley; oats; flaxseed; buckwheat; rapeseed; sunflower seed; grain screenings.

### RAW AND PROCESSED MATERIALS

- Basic iron and steel products and alloys; including pig iron, cast iron, scrap, ingots, bars, plate, rods and wire.
- Primary, secondary and fabricated mill forms of the following non-ferrous metals and their alloys: copper, lead, tin and zinc.
- All fats and oils, including Vitamin A oils, of animal, vegetable or marine origin but not including refined medicinal cod liver oil.
- Glue stock, glues and adhesives of animal origin.
- Starches.
- Fibres, raw or processed, as follows: cotton, hemp, jute, sisal, all synthetic fibres and filaments excepting glass.
- Yarns and threads of, or containing any of the fibres listed above.
- Fabrics, over 12 inches in width whether knitted or woven of, or containing any of the yarns and threads referred to above.

### Sewing, embroidery and crocheting yarns, threads and floss of any of the yarns and threads referred to above.

- Bobbinet, dress and curtain nets and netting.
- Elastic yarns, fabrics and webbing.
- Hides and skins from animals of a type ordinarily processed for use as a leather.
- Leathers and synthetic leathers of all kinds.
- Sheepskin shearings, tanned, but not further processed than combed or sheared and coloured on the flesh side.

### PULP AND PAPER

- Waste paper.
- Wood pulp, except (a) dissolving grades, (b) "alpha" grades of bleached sulphate, (c) "Duracel".
- Duracel and unbleached sulphate grades sold for the manufacture of newsprint or hanging paper.
- Newsprint paper except when sold by manufacturers thereof.
- Paper board used in the manufacture of solid fibre or corrugated shipping cases.
- Boxboard grades of paperboard, except for wrapping newsprint paper or making newsprint cores.

### CONTAINERS AND PACKAGING MATERIALS

- Containers, packaging and wrapping devices of a type used for the sale or shipment of products, when made from a textile fabric and including bags, cases, envelopes, folders and sacks.

### SERVICES

- Transportation of goods and services associated therewith.
- Warehousing; dry storage of general merchandise and household goods other than wearing apparel; cold storage, including rental of lockers and ancillary services such as processing charges in cold storage plants.
- Supplying of meals or refreshments for consumption on the seller's premises, the supplying of beverages (except alcoholic beverages) by purveyors of meals or refreshments; the supplying of meals with sleeping accommodation for a combined charge, but not including the supplying of meals, refreshments or sleeping accommodation by an employer to his employees, directly or through a servant or agent.
- The packing or packaging or any other manufacturing process in respect of any goods subject to maximum prices, when performed on a custom or commission basis.

### USED GOODS

- Used bags and used bagging and baling material.

Any material shown above processed for incorporation into, or any fabricated component part of any of the above goods is subject to maximum prices. Also any set which contains an article referred to above is subject to maximum prices even though the remainder of the set consists of articles not referred to.

**DONALD GORDON, Chairman.**  
Wartime Prices and Trade Board.