# OUR FARM PAGE:

ITEMS OF INTEREST TO EVERY FARMER

ers in Canada!

Their Majestles Visit CBC

Special Addresses

because of the holiday week-end, but

that the series will recommence on

September 8, at 10.00 p.m. EDST. The

speaker on that date will be Henry

The BBC series, "Spiritual Issues of

the War." in which various leading

British churchmen have already spok-

en, will-continue on Sunday Septem-

ber 1, when His Grace the Archbishop

of Canterbury will be heard, from 1.30

Adventure in the Stars

Vacation is over, and Just Mary tells

mouse one vacation time long ago

when she was no bigger than a lady-

bird herself. It seems they found a

followed directions and came to

map, the mouse and Mary . . . they

queer land the like of which they'd

never seen before. The ground was

rubber and Mary bounced so high in

her delight that she got caught on a

star by her apron string and there

she dangled. How she got off? Well

.... . Just Mary is telling the whole

story at 1.15 p.m. EDST on Sunday

September 1, for CBC's littlest listen-

ers, but their big brothers and sisters

French Masterworks

The South American planist-teach

er. Albert Guerrero, is to be the re-

seem to like to listen, too.

of an adventure she had with

Luce, publisher of "Time," "Life" and

"Fortune" magazines.

to 1.45 p.m. EDST.

# Harvest Progressing Satisfactorily Throughout Entire Dominion

Bank of Montreal issues crop re- OVER 2,000 OBSERVERS IN port for Dominion under date of Aurust 22nd:-

Harvesting is progressing rapidly in Manitoba and Saskatchewan and foreign insects or sudden development operations are well under way in of large scale infestations by native damage if not successfully controlled. Southern Alberta. In Manitoba gener- pests constitutes a continuous menace Every potato grower should keep a ally good average wheat yields - are to one of the principal natural rebeing obtained and early threshed sources. Ceaseless vigilance is necestrain is grading well. Crop conditions sary to discover insect outbreaks in ologist, Division of Botany and Plant in Saskatchewan vary widely, but on the whole prospective yields are fairoccurred in some parts of Alberta and been reported. In the Province Quebec crops are maturing "well and perospected continue good for grain, potatoes and other roots. Tomatoes and corn, which were backward, have improved rapidly and the yield of tobacco promises to be fair to good. In Ontario satisfactory grain yields appear assured and corn and roots are progressing favourably. A comparatively light crop of tomatoes is forecast, also a slightly below-average yield of apples, with other tree fruits and granes only fair and tobacco below average. In the Maritime Prowinces grains, potatoes and other roots and apples continue developing well under generally favourable conditions. In British Columbia yields of hay and second alfalfa crops have been above average, the grain crop is below normal. Most other crops have made good progress, and on the whole give antisfactory promise.

Province of Ontario Harvesting operations have been delayed slightly by rain, but satisfactory grain yields appear assured. The moisture has benefitted root crops, corn and pastures. Threshing of good crop of Fall wheat nears compiction. Harvesting of barley cats is advanced, the straw is long and heads are well filled. A heavy second growth of alfalfa is being cut. Pastures are holding up well. Corn and roots continue to make progress under favourable growing conditions. Tomatoes are coming on the market, prospect. A slightly below-average yield of apples is now indicated. Only fair returns are expected from peaches, pears, plums and grapes. Harvesting of tobacco is under way, the prospective yields for both flue-cured and burley varieties are below average.

#### CANADIAN FORESTS ON INSECT SURVEY

Invasion of the forests of Canada by or at least reduce widespread losses which may seriously affect the national economy. A thoroughly organized intelligence service, known as the Forest Insect Survey has been put into operthe express purpose of keeping unceasinsect population of the forest.

but the Provincial Forest Bervices, the serious disease. forest industries and the protective associations take an active part in this detected only late in the growing seaproject. Over 2,000 observers, sta- son. The symptoms are very variable tioned in all parts of Canada, make but the most characteristic ones are district. The organization has been ence Service Circular which may be operating with increasing effectiveness obtained free on request from the and success since 1836. In 1939 over Publicity and Extension Division. Since the beginning of 1940, notwithstances brought about by the war, which resemble the condition someover 4,500 samples and reports have times seen in healthy plants in dry

in a westerly direction, new records eventually dying. being obtained from Muskoka and areas as soon as possible.

very consists in the reports on the field. The tips of stalks of avenue of control is being carefully in- | are usually more or less stunted. vestigated. On the other hand, there but a comparatively light crop is in seems to be little change in the status from sound to completely rotten; but borer continues to be a serious pest in the Maritime Provinces. This insect seems to be rapidly increasing in the province of Quebec and is quite prevalent throughout central Canada.

### Canadian Peaches Now on Market

CROP OF 754,000 BUS.

1940 crop of peaches at 754,000 bushels No. 3. The grade mark must, accordof which Ontario will account for ing to the regulations under the Fruit, 568.000 bushels, about 190,000 bushels Vegetable and Honey Act, be plainly less than in 1939, and British Columthis orchards are expected to yield which the fruit is offered for sale. 185,600 bushels, about 8,600 bushels more than last year.

The early varieties of peaches are now an the market and this Canadian largest produced in Canada. largest was 1,075,000 bushels in 1920 of which Ontario accounted for 983,-000 bushels and British Columbia 92,-900 bushels.

This year's crop of Canadian grown peaches is of excellent quality. Of all the fruits grown none is more healthful as food whether eaten just as they are picked sun-ripe from the trees as fresh fruit, or in the many other ways they can be served fresh, or preserved. Canadian peaches cannot be excelled for flavour.

Peaches are sold by grade, the grades in order of quality and size being A preliminary estimate places the Select, No. 1, No. 2 or Domestic and marked on the basket or container in

FLUE-CURED TOBACCO ACREAGE Wants to meet a lady, who

It is estimated that the area planted grown fruit will be available at rea- to flue-cured tobacco in Ontario has Dark-eyed damsel is desired, sonable prices until late September or been reduced to approximately 40,000 Clinging-vine type most admired, carly October. While this year's crop acres. Although a few farms are Must be cheerful, neat and thrifty, is about 181,000 bushels less than in growing tobacco for the first time, Weigh around one hundred fifty-1940 it is 182,000 above the five year the number of these farms is small Dizzy blondes need not apply average 1934-1938. In 1939 the crop in comparison with the number on Unless they are prepared to dye. of 935,000 bushels was the second which tobacco culture has been dis-The continued or postponed. Reductions in If there's one is this community, acreage to the extent of one-third of She can answer with impunity, that grown previously are general.

RESCUE BOATS FOR AIR FORCE

A \$600,000 contract has been placed by the Department of Munitions and Supply for six large rescue boats for the Royal Air Force. The launches are between 60-70 feet in length. Powered with three engines they will be capable of doing 35 knots.

READY FOR ANY EMERGENCY

### THREAT TO POTATO CROP

From now till harvest is the best their initial stages, in order to avoid Pathology, Dominion Department of ation by the Dominion Government for fected tubers should be sent, as bading watch over the fluctuations of the scopic examination. The whole-hearted co-operation of every grower Not only the Dominion government essential for the suppression of this

As a rule, diseased plants can be regular reports on conditions in their | described by H. N. Racicot in a Sel-8.000 reports were received in Ottawa. Dominion Department of Agriculture. Ottawa. The first symptons are usustanding the unfavourable circum- ally a rolling and wilting of the leaves been received up to the end of last | weather. The affected leaves soon lose their normal green colour and feel The survey shows that in 1940 the thin and smooth to the touch. The territory invaded by the notorious whole or part of the leaves turns spruce sawfly has increased somewhat | yellow, then brown, the affected parts

Lake Nipissing, Ontario and Pontiac leaves, which is frequently at the mar-County and Papineau County, Quebec. gin. somewhat resembles late blight Parasites will be liberated in these but occurs only on the leaves of individual stems, while late blight Another important result of the sur- usually fairly evenly distributed in the steady increase of the spruce bud- affected leaves wilt, while the basal worm and the Jackpine budworm in part remains rigid. Eventually the many districts of central and eastern whole leaf dies. One or more stems Canada. The latter outbreaks are now in a hill may wilt, while the remainder under close observations and every appear healthy. The stems that wilt

of the Larch sawfly as compared with generally some of them show the the records of 1939. Bronze birch- crumbly, yellow rot, mainly in the region of the ring, that is so characteristic of the disease. Some of the apparently sound tubers contain the numbers in the eastern townships of causal bacteria. It is imperative that diseased crops should never be used for seed; for not only do slightly inbut they cause many healthy sets to erations of seed-cutting and planting.

The most important means of control is the exclusive use of diseasefree seed, but full details of what to do when disease has been discovered will be found in the circular.

#### FROM WANT AD. COLUMN

Widower of middle age, Recipient of steady wage, British born, Scotch extraction, Guaranteeing satisfaction. Needs a cure for feeling blue.

For none can really claim immunity To the knock of opportunity.

-In addition to 40,000 troops over seas, strength of the C.A.S.F. in Can- try of southern Alberta, is to be inada as of August 14th totalled 114,003. 26 Companies of these were veteran home guards. The non-permanent active militia stands at 100,731 of which Dr. Stanley, who writes that he has 21,500 are at training camps.

# BACTERIAL, RING ROT

time to detect the comparatively new but serious disease of potatoes knownas bacterial ring rot (bacterial will and rot). Already the disease has caused serious losses in widely scattered localities in Canada and the United States and threatens further sharp look-out for this disease, states H. N. Racicot, Associate Plant Path-Agriculture, and report at once any suspected cases. Specimens of vines and tubers should be sent to the Dominion Botanist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. Only slightly afly decayed ones are useless for micro-

This necrosis or scorching of the

The tubers from diseased hills range fected tubers produce diseased plants, become contaminated during the op-

citalist on the "Masterworks of the Pianoforte" programme for Monday. September 2, at 9.00 to 9.30 p.m. EDST. Mr. Guerrero went to New York shortly after his Chilean debut. and came to Toronto in 1919 as head of the plano department at the Hamburg Conservatory of Music. Subsequently he joined the staff at the Toronto Conservatory of Music. Guerrero's programme will be chosen from the works of the two French composers, Cesar Franck and Debussy, and will include Debussy's

Western Pioneers

charming idyll, "L'Ile Joyeuse," which

"Embarquement pour Cythere."

was inspired by Watteau's painting

CBC's Prairie Regional Talks Department have found a wealth of interesting material in the story of their own romantic part of the country. Dr. Stanley, M.P., one of the earliest doctors in the cow counterviewed by Richard Needham, editor of the Calgary Herald, at 7.45 p.m. EDST on Monday, September 2. been "curing the cowboys of turnmy aches and bringing their children into the world for the past fifty years," will tell some of his adventures as a

"horse and buggy doctor." Another pioneer, Canada's first woman police magistrate, who was always called "Judge" Emily Murphy, is the subject of the first in Beth Lockerble's new series of talks, "Pioneer Women," at 5.15 p.m. EDST on Fridays. The story of Judge Murphy, who in addition to being a champion of women's rights, was well known for her books, written under the pseudonym "Janey Canuck," will be told on Friday, September 6.

Anne Jamison Comes Home

Toronto is very proud of Anne Jamison, who is appearing as Reginaid Stewart's guest artist with the Toronto Philhermonic Orchestra at the "Prom" on Thursday, September 5. Although Miss Jamison was born in Ireland and made her first public appearance there when she was only ten years old, it was at the Toronto Conservatory of Music that she began her serious study of singing, and she set her feet on the path to radio stardom when she made her debut at a Toronto station. Part of this concert will be broadcast on CBC's National Network from 10.00 to 11.00 p.m. EDST.

BLITZERIEG: ONE YEAR OF WAR -All Histrated Review

Come September 1 and war will be a year old and 12 months of swift and drastic international shakeup unmatched in history will have been concluded. Read, in the September 1 issue of The Detroit Sunday Times.

#### BREN GUNS



A skilled workman masked for protection against glare and heat, soldering clips for Bren guns in a Canadian factory. Canada is now producing thousands of these modern rapid-fire weapons.

RRAMPTON WAR GUEST

PRAISES CANADA'S

ally of Greet Britain in the present conflict is underestimated by Canadians, according to Mrs. H. H. Hampson, Brampton's first war guest, Mrs. Hampson, with her 9-year-old daughter. Christine, is the guest of W. J. things through to a finish, and the Abell, president of the Ontario College air raids are treated with contempt

"It is almost impossible to appreci-

own, that they don't receive the same never forget."

attention. I think that Canadians do not fully appreciate how vital is the PART IN THE WAR help which they are giving to us. If she was not so before. Canada is cer-The importance of Canada as an tainly a first ranking power in world affairs today."

Mrs. Hampson asserted Britons are confident of final victory, but are leaving nothing to chance. The people are everywhere determined to see

rather than fear. "At my home at Southport, close ate the importance of the war task to Liverpool, the residents are so acwhich Canada has assumed," Mrs. customed to the sight and sound of Hampson states. "When I left Eng- German bombers, that they treat a land a short time ago every one was raid as entertainment. Even the chiltalking about Canada, and the mar- dren enjoy them so much they provellous work which this Dominion is test against being hustled to air raid doing. To us, Canada seems almost shelters. Things are much better in like a strong man standing nearby, Britain than people in Canada bewho is ready to help in any way and lieve. The only things of which there is a shortage are luxuries.

"When we think of allies, we think "Over and above everything else, first and foremost of Canada, although | Canada's generosity has been a revelathis attitude may be rather unfair to tion to the British people, and par-South Africa and Australia. Both ticularly to those thousands who, like countries are doing their utmost to myself, are accepting her hospitality. help us, but they are far away, and It is a debt which we will never be they have so many problems of their able to fully repay, but which we will

## CheSNAPSHOT GUILD MORE THAN ONE PICTURE



"ONE subject, one picture," is the of formula that many amateur photographers use; but it often happens that more than one shot is needed to tell the story, or make the subject as interesting as possi-

The truth is, very few snapshots are complete in themselves. One album. shot presents just one phase-it serves as an introduction, but a second or third shot is often required to clear up all the details and round first picture is the best that can be out the picture idea.

Sometimes a second shot helps to explain the first and make it more pointed. Consider the pictures above, as a good example. The lower one is an excellent action snap-I'd be giad to have it in my album. But the upper one really makes the story complete—it points up the "follow-the-leader" idea, and explains why the dog is diving. Buch | quence is the medern way of tellpicture helps reinforce the effect of the other, and together they supply Dicture sequences will lead distincthe kernel of an amusing picture then to your albem.

In a sequence of this sort, it seldom matters which picture you take first. Often you can take one shot, and that will give you the idea-for a series of pictures-possibly all preceding the original picture. The final order of such a picture-sequence is worked out when you paste the various shots in your

Nearly every good subject deserves more than one picture, and it's unwise to assume that your obtained. Frequently a different angle, or a different camera posttion, will yield a second shot that is better. In movie-making, it's a regular practice to take a general view—then move up for a series of close-ups, showing details of the subject or action.

Be "sequence-minded" in your picture-taking. The picture se ing a story in pictures-and good