ONTARIO

WARNING TO TRUCK OWNERS

HALF-LOAD REGULATIONS NOW IN EFFECT

Permit card must be carried in vehicle or by operator at all times

THE HIGHWAY TRAFFIC ACT PROVIDES that the loads which may be carried by various types of vehicles during the months of March and April shall be limited as follows:

SOLID TIRED VEHICLES — Solid tired trucks and trailers shall not carry a load of more than half their registered carrying capacities.

PNEUMATIC TIRED VEHICLES — Pneumatic tired trucks and trailers with a registered carrying capacity of 3 tons and not more than 6 tons, shall be limited to a 3-ton load.

Pneumatic tired trucks and trailers with a registered carrying capacity of more than six tons shall be restricted to a load of not more than half their registered carrying capacities.

HORSE DRAWN VEHICLES — Horse drawn vehicles with a carrying capacity of more than one ton shall be limited to 250 lbs. per inch in width of tire.

THESE LIMITATIONS APPLY ONLY ON THE FOLLOWING ROADS, whether paved or unpaved, outside the limits of cities, towns or villages:

ALL COUNTY ROADS

ALL TOWNSHIP ROADS

THE FOLLOWING KING'S HIGHWAYS:

No. 2	Belle River to Tecumseh	No. 17	Arnprior to Pembroke
4	Clinton to Durham	18	Amherstburg to Kingsville
6	Williamsford to Chatsworth	19	Tillsonburg to Pt. Burwell
7	Lucan to Arkona	21	Petrolia to Oil Springs
7	Perth to Peterboro	21	Morpeth to Thamesville
9	Cookstown to Primrose	24	Galt to St. George
9	Orangeville to Grand Valley	29	Arnprior to Almonte
10	Dundalk to Chatsworth	30	Brighton to Campbellford
12	Beaverton to Atherley	33	Trenton to Marmora
12	Orillia to Midland	34	Lancaster to Hawkesbury
14	Foxboro to Sterling	37	Corbyville to Actinolite
15	Gananoque to Elgin		

REGULATIONS NOW REQUIRE THAT THE PERMIT CARD ISSUED FOR A COMMERCIAL VEHICLE must accompany the vehicle at all times. It may be carried by the operator or in some readily accessible part of the body or cab of the vehicle.

PENALTIES—Highway Traffic Officers have been instructed to be especially vigilant in apprehending those who disobey these regulations and the Highway Traffic Act prescribes severe penalties for infractions of the weight regulations or for failure to carry permit cards.

Ontario's good roads represent an investment of millions of dollars which must be protected, especially against preventable damage. Every owner and driver of a commercial vehicle must assume his full share of responsibility.

Ontario Department of Highways

The Honourable Leopold Macaulay,
Minister.

"Ann is going to get MARRIED!"

"Yes! She's engaged to a nice boy. He's not making a big salary yet, but he's a hard worker. They'll have to be careful of their money, at first!"

Careful of their money! With a home to find, furniture to buy, marketing to learn . . . with the thousand and one little emergencies to meet that newlyweds never dream of! . . .

And a young girl, inexperienced in these practical problems, is expected to be careful of her money!

Ann will bless advertising. In the pages of this newspaper she will find the very experience she lacks—the advice she needs!

It is when every penny counts that advertising gives its best service. The advertisements you read are valuable lessons in everyday economy. They help, as nothing else can, to make your dollar go the longest distance. For advertisements show you which article, at the price you are willing to pay, is going to suit you best. And the very fact that it is advertised is its guarantee that it will give you satisfaction after you have bought it.

The advertisements in this newspaper are a most valuable guide to wise buying. It pays to read them regularly.

Institution for Study of Human Intelligence

The most curious museum in the world is in Vienna. It is attached to a scientific institute for the study of human intelligence and its exhibits consist entirely of brains. Already the museum contains the brains of many men who achieved great eminence in their day, and nearly 1,000 persons now living have bequeathed their brains to it.

The brain of the average European man weighs about forty-five ounces, and that of a woman forty ounces. Generally speaking, the more intellectual its owner the heavier the brain. Byron's brain weighed 60 ounces, Kant's 55, and that of the great Russian, Turgenieff, 67 ounces.

The weight of the brain can be calculated with extraordinary accuracy from measurements of the skull. It has thus been possible to find how many types of primitive man compared, as regards brains, with human beings of today. "Missing links," such as the apeman of Java, the Pekin man, and the Piltdown man, had very light brains; but the people who lived 20,000 or 50,000 years ago and made the wonderful flint implements found in some parts of France, or the beautiful paintings discovered in Spanish caves, had brains as heavy as those of modern man.

But the heaviest brain on record—it weighed seventy-five ounces—belonged to an idiot!

Fear Spread of Cancer Through Tarred Roads

The system of tarring roads has come into great vogue throughout France and several objections have been raised. In the first place, it is said that the dust arising therefrom gradually strangles the trees along the roadside, but a more serious matter is that Doctor Perveau of Coursaulles has uttered a cry of alarm and awakened the fear that tarred highways may cause an increase of cancer. He bases his fears on the existence of experimental cancer in mice succeeding local applications of tar on the skin and on cancers observed in workmen who handle tar.

Doctor Perveau fears that the dust of the road, when composed of siliceous granules with sharp points and edges, and impregnated with tar, may cause traumatisms of the mucosae of the respiratory and digestive tracts, capable of producing cancer, just as pulmonary tuberculosis may be facilitated in cutters of millstones by the siliceous dust that they inspire.

Move by the Calendar

When we think of nomads we invariably picture in our minds a people who wander from place to place picking up a living here and there as they go. Yet this is not a correct idea of nomad life as it was lived in Asia. It is true that in many parts of Asia, as well as in many parts of other countries, there are certain small tribes of gypsies and nomads who lead this kind of an existence. But in Asia, for centuries, thousands and thousands of Tartars, Armenians, Kurds and Yezidis have migrated from the lower regions to higher places for the summer. Alagoz is a great mountainous mass in the western part of Armenia, and the favorite summer resort of these people. Although they live in tents, their life is just as real as their winter life in villages. Babies are born, grandmothers die, gardens are made and sheep and cattle are fattened.

Few Wood-Carvers Left

As far back as 4000 B. C. we know that people liked to cut designs in wood with a sharp instrument, and excavations in Egypt have shown that people of that ancient time were skillful at the art. From that date on, in almost every land, carving has been a widespread and popular art.

But today, in most parts of the world, wood-carving exists only in the hobby or pastime of whittling. The hand working of wood is too slow for this rapid machine age. Only in Switzerland, France and, to a lesser extent, England, does the art hold its place among other occupations, and even in these countries there is little demand except for the work of the most famous carvers.

Fellow Enthusiasts

Pleasant portrait of the law in a moment of relaxation: Walking along a lane in a southern suburb of Manchester I noticed in front of me several small boys grouped about a policeman, who had got off his bicycle to speak to them. They carried pickle-jars and tattered muslin nets, and were gazing at him with awe. "Poor kids," I thought, "surely the law is being oversevere in this case." As I passed the group I saw that the policeman was holding his hands in front of him two feet apart. "It had funny-colored scales," he was saying, "and it was that big."—Manchester Guardian.

Old Frankfurt

Few cities with the trend of modern progress driving them so hard can have preserved so completely the ancient streets and buildings of their old beginnings as has Frankfurt in Germany. Frankfurt has kept almost intact the Fourteenth-century houses, guild houses, chapels and cloisters much as they were built. Round the cathedral whole blocks of old buildings have been swept away, leaving that fine old structure unencumbered, but the perfect square of the "Romerberg" remains.

Current Crop Report

Twenty meetings were held in connection with the Warble and Heel Fly campaign in Peel County during Mar. and it is estimated that over 70% of the cattle in Peel will be treated this Spring for these pests. Other counties also report the Warble Fly campaign under way. Dufferin County furnishes the encouraging word that livestock, particularly cows, are in very satisfactory condition. Lambton reports that the shortage of seed is not nearly as acute as early advices indicated. Injury to fruit trees is becoming more apparent as spring advances, according to a report from Lincoln. In Norfolk, severe weather during the winter resulted in considerable damage to cherries, plums, raspberries and apple trees. The condition of fall wheat is not good in a number of districts. From Hastings comes word that indications are for a short season for maple syrup. This is also the case in Prince Edward County, and there also, fruit growers are alarmed by the amount of damage in tree and bush fruits.

"If a girl marries the boy who kept her waiting, she'll have to wait on him hand and foot."

MUMMY WHEAT

Repeated Efforts of British Experts Have Failed to Make It Sprout.

For some time past there seems to have been an unusual revival of interest in the vitality of wheat claimed to have been found in the tombs of ancient Egypt.

Samples of this so-called "Mummy" wheat were received by the cereal division, Experimental Farm, Ottawa, from farmers who claimed to have produced the seed from samples coming directly from these Egyptian tombs.

Statements have also appeared which might lead one to believe that the tombs of Egypt possess some mysterious power to preserve the germinating ability of cereal grain for a long period of time. Apparently these statements attracted the attention of a number of Old Country people who appealed to certain officials of the British Museum for information as to whether or not wheat stored in tombs for a long period of years is capable of growing.

As a result of these inquiries Sir Ernest Wallis Budge, Keeper of Egyptian Antiquities in the museum, published the following article in the London Times:—

"Three gentlemen connected with the Press have rung me up and told me that they had received a report from America that a distinguished farmer had succeeded in making to grow wheat which he had obtained from the tomb of Tutankhamen, and asked me if I believed such a thing was credible.

"During my years of service as the keeper of Egyptian antiquities in the British Museum I was asked this question twice or thrice a week, and the director received many letters asking the same question.

"Dr. Birch had said, 'Ancient Egyptian wheat will not grow,' and we gave that as an answer to enquiries. Subsequently good fortune gave me the opportunity of buying, in 1897, at my own cost, in Western Thebes, a good specimen of a wooden model of an ancient Egyptian granary, which had just been found in a tomb of the Nineteenth Dynasty, say 1250 B.C.

"It contained little bins and the usual staircase, and the whole space not occupied by the bins was covered with a layer of darkish brown grain, wheat or barley (I know not which), several inches deep. I poured out the grain into a leather bag and brought it home in due course.

"I suggested to the director that we should give some of the grain to the authorities at Kew Gardens and ask them to make a careful experiment and let us know the result. With his approval I wrote to Dr. Thistleton Dyer, the curator, and asked his help, and he promised to give the planting of the grain his personal care and attention.

"He prepared soil and divided the grain into four little heaps, and he planted each heap separately, and covered each little plot with glass of a different color—white, yellow, red, and blue. The whole of the Kew staff was intensely interested in the experiment, and many botanists joined them in waiting for the grain to germinate.

"They waited day after day, week after week, but no shoot of any kind appeared. At length, after three months, they turned over the little plots and found that all the grain had turned to dust. As a result Thistleton Dyer reported that ancient Egyptian wheat or barley would not grow, and then went on to talk about the shortness of the life of the germinating properties in grain generally. Many others tried the same experiment, with the same result."

CANADA AND PROSPERITY.

Dominion's Wheat King Credited With Boosting Canada's Produce.

Wheat at a dollar, or even at the promise of a dollar, would end the depression in Canada. For, no matter what some economists may hold, Canada's prosperity under existing conditions is bound up with wheat. With wheat at a dollar an average crop brings $300,000,000 into this country. There is created a tremendous purchasing power; millions of dollars' worth of orders for eastern manufacturers; traffic for our railways and ports; a general increase in business activity in nearly every line.

In the circumstances, all of Canada should be grateful for Herman Trelle. He has taught the world that the world's best wheat is grown in Canada, which must be of enormous value to us all, and his achievement is an assurance that even in a period of surplus wheat there will always be a demand for the quality of the wheat that Canada can produce.—Ottawa Jounal.

EXCLUSIVE TREASURY NOTE.

The Government of Canada issues $50,000 notes, but you can't get any of them for your Saturday's shopping. Unless you are in a bank or the Finance Department, you don't even see them. They are used exclusively for transaction of business between banks.

These large bills are in circulation to the extent of $140,300,000. Almost as elusive is the Dominion $5,000 note. Occasionally one catches a glimpse of the $1,000 or $500 bills, which are available to the public—if you can afford them. Then come the fifty, five and the old familiar two and one dollar notes. Approximately twenty million of the latter are in circulation.

MADE IN CANADA SPORT GOODS.

Hockey sticks to the number of $74,414 valued at $177,489 at the factories, or about 30 cents each, were made in Canada last year. The number of tennis racquets produced in the Dominion during the same period was 88,365 with a value of $234,503 to the makers. There are 27 establishments in Canada specialising in the manufacture of sporting goods.

Early Marketing Means Better Prices

Now is the time to start the home season crop of vegetables required for the early market. At the Central Experimental Farm the following varieties are recommended:

Cabbage: Golden Acre, Copenhagen Market, Early Jersey Wakefield.

Cauliflower: Early Dwarf Erfurt and Snowball.

Celery: Paris Golden Yellow, Golden Plume and Phenomenal.

Onion: Sweet Spanish, Prizetaker (Denia), Southport White, Yellow and Red Globe for growing transplants.

Pepper: Harris Earliest, California Wonder.

Potato: Irish Cobbler which should be sprouted for four to six weeks prior to field planting.

Tomato: Abel, Alacrity, Canadian, Earliana, Bestal, Bonny Best or John Baer. The two latter are used for the main crop.

Man—I've got the greatest little umpire in the world.

Friend—What makes you think so?

Man—She always thinks I'm safe when I am out.

RHEUMATISM GOES WITH EXCESS FAT

Both Banished by Kruschen

When one realizes that the cause of overweight is closely associated with the cause of rheumatism, it is easy to understand how it is that the two troubles can so easily be overcome by the same remedy.

The experiences told in the following letter are typical of those of many other sufferers:—"I first started taking Kruschen Salts for rheumatism in my ankle joints. Being rather stout, I thought perhaps they would remedy both troubles, and you cannot realize how surprised I was with the effect. I don't feel anything of my ankles now. And not only that—my weight has reduced 19 lbs. in just three weeks. I am still reducing, but yet I eat what I like, and I feel a different woman in every way."—(Mrs.) P.

Gently, but surely Kruschen ends the vicious circle of all fat-forming food refuse, of all poisons and harmful acids, which give rise to rheumatism, digestive disorders and many other ills.

Dairy Herd Improvement

H. B. Faith of Brantford, director of extension for the Holstein-Friesian Association of Canada, speaking at a recent meeting of Lambton County stock breeders, drew attention to the developing markets for dairy cattle both in Canada and abroad, at prices which have advanced considerably since the beginning of the year, and he expressed the opinion that any constructive efforts now made in building the herds of the County to higher standards in type, quality, and production would lead to returns from the industry in volume sufficient to compensate the farmer for his labor and investment. Mr. Faith dealt particularly with the need for more record of performance work on the part of all breeders, urged more blood testing for the control of Bang's Disease, and pleaded for the co-operation of all concerned in getting a better class of herd sires located under the bonusing policy of the Federal and Provincial governments.

He held out no encouragement to the breeder who was contented to continue with a breeding program which gave no promise of improvement, but turning to the farmer who had far-reaching ideals and made use of constructive methods, the views of the speaker were that the future looked as hopeful today as it had in any period of the past.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Of the Estate of MARY JANE GILLIES, late of the Village of Streetsville, in the County of Halton, Spinster, Deceased.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the Estate of the said Mary Jane Gillies, who died on or about the 11th day of March, 1934, at the Village of Streetsville, are required to send to the undersigned solicitor on or before the twenty-eighth day of April, 1934, full particulars of their claims and any securities they may hold therefore.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after the 28th day of April, 1934, the Executrix will proceed to distribute the said Estate having regard only to the claims of which she then shall have notice, and that she will not be liable to any person of whose claim she will not then have received notice for the assets so distributed.

DATED at Georgetown, this 8th day of March, 1934.

KENNETH M. LANGDON,
Georgetown, Ontario.
Solicitor for Annie Elizabeth Tracy, Executrix.
3t

RICH RED BLOOD is what *You* need

Take **C. C. & B. Tonic Tablets** For **Health--Strength--Vigor**

HAVE YOU STOMACH TROUBLE? [illegible]

THE BLOOD [illegible]

THE NERVES [illegible]

THINNESS [illegible]

REGAIN LOST PEP AND VITALITY [illegible]

C.C.&B. TONIC TABLETS [illegible]

For Sale in GEORGETOWN at

Robb's Drug Store, Phone 76

FUL-VU Rimless are in Style

The Examination of Your Eyes

In determining the glasses you should wear, we employ the most modern scientific equipment, and the newest of proven methods of examination. The results, under our system, are as certain as human effort can make them.

O. T. WALKER, R.O.

OPTOMETRIST, EYESIGHT SPECIALIST, Brampton

Who is at ROBB'S DRUG STORE, Georgetown, the second Wednesday of every month.

Or you may consult O. T. Walker at his office in Brampton

Spring - Hats - - -

We are now ready with an entirely new collection of Hats in Spring Styles and Materials, Colors and Trimming.

MISSES CLARIDGE

HERALD BLOCK (Upstairs) Georgetown

GIVE A MAN A JOB - -

Georgetown Community Club

MAKES IT'S BOW

This Club has been organized to help the Unemployed help themselves. Anyone who wants to help is eligible for membership. Unemployed have free membership—others make whatever contribution in cash they desire.

The Club wish to announce as their first attempt to help others the organization of an

ODD JOBS BUREAU

We are prepared to secure men for odd jobs, such as:—

WOOD SPLITTING	PAPERHANGING
FURNACE TENDING	PAINTING
CLEANING CELLARS	SNOW SHOVELLING
REMOVING GARBAGE	CARPENTRY
POLISHING FLOORS	CHIMNEY CLEANING
CLEANING WINDOWS	STOVEPIPE CLEANING
LAWN CUTTING	GARDENING

FARM HELP

And any other odd jobs you have.

CHARGES REASONABLE—None used for overhead—All goes to the man doing the job.

When you want a man or woman PHONE
THE ODD JOBS BUREAU 15 GEORGETOWN

A man will be at the phone from 9 to 12 every day except Sunday.