Try Salada Orange Pekoe Blend

"SALADA" TEA

Your Eyes

Headaches, Tired, Burning Feeling are symptoms of Eye Strain. We specialize in a Thorough Eye Examination — 25 years experience. For Glasses of QUALITY that give comfort . . . For Glasses of a reasonable price . . . Consult

O. T. WALKER, R.O.

OPTOMETRIST, EYESIGHT SPECIALIST, Brampton

who is at HOWEY'S DRUG STORE, GEORGETOWN, the second Wednesday of every month.

Or you may consult O. T. Walker at his office in Brampton

Payment of 1937 Taxes

The Second Instalment of Taxes is due and payable at the

MUNICIPAL OFFICE

GEORGETOWN . . .

— on —

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday

November 3rd, 4th and 5th

Prompt payment of Taxes on above dates will be appreciated by Council.

W. G. MARSHALL, Collector.

You'll be surprised at the number of people who really want you to have a telephone. Many of them don't even know you but they're interested nevertheless because of what your telephone means to their service. Too few telephones curtails service and the value of each individual instrument as well. The more telephones in service, the greater the value to each user. From the viewpoints of both service cost and service scope, every farmer is interested in seeing that every entire farmer has a telephone.

NEW LOW RATES
for farm telephone service are now in effect!

TRAVEL BY RAIL
The Kings Highway
SAFE • DIRECT • ECONOMICAL
LEAVE GEORGETOWN (Eastern Standard Time)

TO TORONTO	TO KITCHENER	TO OWEN SOUND
a 7.05 a.m. 4.35 p.m.	x 9.35 a.m. c 7.15 p.m.	8.05 a.m. 5.50 p.m.
8.35 a.m. 6.50 p.m.	11.30 a.m. e 4.35 p.m.	d11.30 a.m. d4.55 p.m.
12.30 p.m. 9.25 p.m.	x 1.55 p.m. x 6.55 p.m.	e12.30 a.m. b4.50 p.m.

x—Through to Yorkton; a—Daily except Sundays and Holidays; b—Sat. and Hol. only; c—Sat. only; d—Daily except Sat., Sun. and Hol.; e—Sat., Sun. and Hol. only.

COACH CONNECTIONS AT TORONTO FOR
North Bay — Ottawa — Montreal and intermediate points

Tickets and Information at
W. H. LONG — PHONE 80

Treasurer's Sale of Land for Taxes

MUNICIPALITY OF CHINGUACOUSY, COUNTY OF PEEL, TO WIT:

By virtue of a warrant issued by the Mayor of the Corporation of the Town of Chinguacousy, bearing date of 15th day of June, 1937, a list of lands available for sale for arrears of taxes has been prepared and is being published in an advertisement in the Ontario Gazette on 7th day of August, 1937, 4th day of September, 1937, 2nd day of October, 1937, and

In default of payment of taxes and costs as shown on such list on Monday, Wednesday, November 10th, 1937, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, or before Wednesday, November 10th, 1937, at the Municipal Office in the Town of Chinguacousy, I shall at the said time, and at the Municipal Office in the Town of Brampton, proceed to sell by public auction, the said lands or such portion thereof as shall be necessary to pay such arrears, together with the charges thereon.

A list of the above lands may be seen at the Treasurer's Office, Chinguacousy.

The [illegible] sale, [illegible] at the same place and hour on Wednesday, November 24th, 1937.

And further take notice that [illegible] of the Corporation of the Town of Chinguacousy [illegible] offered for less than the total amount of arrears, interest, costs and charges thereon, [illegible] Section 136, sub. 2, [illegible] and the [illegible] Act, 1937.

Treasurer's Office, [illegible], 1937.

F. H. [illegible], Treasurer.

SHE NODDIT TO ME

It is said that of all the panegyrics and tributes in prose or verse ever written to Queen Victoria, the one that pleased her most was the following quaint little poems which originally appeared anonymously in an obscure Scottish newspaper:

I'm but an old body
Livin' up in Deeside
In a two-roomed bit hoosie
Wi' a toofa beside;
Wi' my coo an' my glumphy
I'm as happy as a bee
But I'm far prooder noo
Since she noddit to me!

I hae nae far past wi't,
I'm wry trig an' hale,
Can plant twa' three tawties,
An' look after my kale;
An when oor Queen passes
I rip oot to see
Odds by luck she micht notice
Ah' nod oot to me!

But I've aye been unlucky,
Ah' the blinds were aye doon
Till last week,-the time
O' her weedi cam' round;
I waved my bit apron
As brisk as I could do,
An' the Queen lauched fu' kindly,
An noddit to me!

My son always in Egypt—
It's nae ease o' frein—
An' yet when I think o't
I'm nair like to greet;
She may feel for my sorro'
She's a mither, ye see
An' may be she kent
When she noddit to me!

POTATO CROP IN 1937 HIGHER THAN IN 1936

According to the first official estimate, the 1937 potato crop in Canada of [illegible] bushels is slightly larger than the 1936 crop, of 85,564,000 bushels. As usual, there were considerable differences in the provincial yields as a result of the varying weather conditions. Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia, after an unusually dry summer and autumn, are estimated to harvest lower yields on an increased acreage with a total production somewhat below that of 1936. New Brunswick and Quebec are also estimated to get lower yields per acre, but the increased acreage of New Brunswick will give that province a slightly higher production.

Consequent upon dry conditions during the period of tuber development, yields per acre in Quebec are running lower than in 1936. In Ontario, both acreage and yields are higher than in 1936. The ample rainfall in Manitoba in 1937 has contributed to a notable increase in the 1937 crop over the drought-affected crop of 1936. With the exception of Saskatchewan the western provinces show very substantial increase over 1936 which appears to preclude any possibility of higher prices.

The general outlook may also be affected to some extent by the fact that one of the largest crops on record is reported in the United States. Unless an appreciable export demand for table potatoes develops in the Maritimes, thereby reducing the quantity available for Central Canada, it does not appear as if there will be any substantial price advances during the season. Present price levels are comparatively low due to the large volume of local truck movement. With colder weather, however, and the narrowing down of trading to normal commercial channels the prices established will be more indicative of what may be anticipated during the season.

PICOBAC

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Matter of the Estate of HOWLEY WELLBURN, commonly known in business transactions as JOHN WELLBURN, late of the Town of Georgetown, in the County of Halton, Gentleman, deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate of Howley Wellburn, commonly known in business transactions as John Wellburn, late of the Town of Georgetown, in the County of Halton, gentleman, deceased, who died on or about the 18th day of June, 1937, are requested to send same to the undersigned solicitor on or before the 13th day of November, 1937, otherwise, the estate will be distributed without regard to their claims.

GEORGE E. ELLIOTT,
Milton, Ontario,
Solicitor for the Administrator.

Milton, Oct. 18th, 1937.

AUCTION SALE!
—OF—
Valuable Business Property
— in the —
Town of Georgetown

PURSUANT to the terms of a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction by Frank Petch, auctioneer, upon the premises on the North side of Mill Street, Georgetown, Ontario, on

Saturday, November 13 1937

at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following lands and premises:

ALL AND SINGULAR those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Town of Georgetown, in the County of Halton, being composed of Lot number Eighteen in the Eighth Concession of the Township of Esquesing and being part of Town Lot number Two West of Main Street in Frail's Survey of the said Town of Georgetown, and also being composed of part of Town Lot number Forty-nine West of Main Street in the said Town of Georgetown more particularly described as a certain mortgage dated the 15th of April, 1930, and registered in the Registry Office for the Registry Division of the County of Halton on the 19th day of April, 1930, as Instrument No. 5561 for the Town of Georgetown.

There is said to be upon the property a two-storied brick building containing six suites of offices and two apartments.

This property is situate adjacent to the main business intersection of the Town of Georgetown.

The property will be offered for sale subject to a reserve bid.

TERMS—Ten per cent (10%) at the time of sale and the balance on the 11th day of December, 1937.

For complete description of the property and for further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the undersigned solicitors for the mortgagee.

DATED this Twentieth day of October, 1937.

GRAHAM, GRAHAM & BOWYER,
Brampton, Ontario,
Solicitors for the Mortgagee.

HOME 20 WEEKS AT [illegible] RHEUMATISM WITH [illegible]

Wife Feared Husband Would Never Work Again

When her husband had been at home 20 weeks with rheumatism in his back, this woman began to think he would never be the same. She said to [illegible] in her own words, "like a chen," and [illegible] in her letter: place was, in [illegible] is subject to rheumatism." Hop[illegible] suffered terribly with "My husband [illegible] time ago. I had matism and [illegible] 20 weeks with it in his back. Som[illegible] think he would ever him in the ho[illegible] tried all the different really didn't [illegible] salts you could mention work again. W[illegible] of them did him any erent kinds of [illegible] said, 'Let's try Kruschen, but none [illegible] them, we have proved good. Then I [illegible] to be worth its weight chen.' Since [illegible] husband is back at his job, thanks to [illegible] Kruschen. The change in gold. My h[illegible] a miracle."—(Mrs.) E. [illegible] salts in Kruschen are it made is like [illegible] solvents of uric [illegible] Two of [illegible] to science. They the mos[illegible] sharp edges of the acid crystals [illegible] and concert them into [illegible] ful crystals [illegible] tion, which is then [illegible] a harmless solu[illegible] natural channels expelled through [illegible]

THE MORAL ISSUE IN THE DRINK PROBLEM

(International Temperance [illegible] Sunday)

International Uniform Sunday School Lesson, October 31, 1937.

GOLDEN TEXT: "Walk in the spirit and ye shall not fulfil the lust of the flesh." Galatians 5:16.

LESSON PASSAGE: Romans 13:13-14; I Corinthians 6: 9-11; Galatians 5: 16-24.

Hold that your dreams!
Within your heart
Keep one, still, secret
Where dreams may go.
And sheltered so,
May thrive and grow—
Where doubt and fear are not.
O, keep a place apart,
Within your heart,
For little dreams to go!
—Louise Driscoll.

This Dangerous Era, 13-14.

Nero fiddling while Rome burned is the classical example of shirking responsibility. Yet we live to-day in danger of a world-wide conflagration more dangerous far than the burning of imperial Rome. There is piracy in the Mediterranean, civil war in Spain, war on a large scale in China, rearmament by even peace-loving nations, the clash of rival forms of government! How will people act in such an emergency? Is it an indication of indifference that in Canada, the United States and Great Britain the consumption of alcoholic beverages is mounting steadily, that sports engross the thought of more and more people, that the amusement business is prosperous and that many churches are half filled,—and this while the world rushes on nearer and nearer to the abyss of war? It is not that people do not know. Newspapers, motion pictures and radio keep us informed but we build up a defense mechanism, shrug our shoulders and act as though nothing matters as long as it does not happen to us. We have all the agencies mechanically to arouse the public opinion of the world: we lack the imagination and heart to be profoundly moved.

There is a Difference, 9-11.

It would help us all if once a day we should pause and repeat to ourselves this simple affirmation: "There is a difference between right and wrong and there is a relation between cause and effect." The difference between right and wrong may not be evident immediately, but let one man be a total abstainer for thirty years and another a steady drinker and at the end of the period the difference in health, mentality and moral power will be manifest. Watching the faces of people passing a corner in a city slums, there is revealed even to a casual observer a story of sensual choices, deferred hopes, defeated ambitions and weakened wills. Physicians can trace the effects of sin upon the body and psychiatrists can uncover the effects of sin upon the mind. It is an unfailing law that we reap as we have sown.

A Positive Power, 16-18.

Christ holds the secret of victory over moral defeat. When he fills our hearts the love of evil is driven out. One cannot hale darkness out of a room: all that is necessary is to open the windows and let the light stream in and the darkness vanishes. We cannot banish evil from our lives by mere force but when the love of Christ comes in the desire for what is sordid and low goes out. Either the flesh or the spirit is going to be in control. The flesh and the spirit are in conflict, the flesh lusting against the spirit and he spirit striving against the flesh. The surest way to inner harmony is to surrender fully to God and let his Spirit take control of our lives. If we have the indwelling spirit of Christ, conscience, the inner voice, someone beside ourself inside ourself will tell us what to do. There is a beyond that is within. The underlying faith of the Bible, both Old and New Testaments, is that the Spirit of God may live in us and give us victory over self and sin.

Our Tricky Partner, 19-21.

It is foolish to underestimate the enemy. We live in constant moral danger and the sooner we recognise the fact the safer we shall be. A very saintly man said that he was constantly appalled at the possibilities of evil in him. Paul mentions seventeen specific sins and there are few of us who have not been tempted by all of them. Of course we should prefer to make a modern list expressed in our familiar terms, but the ting of evil that never before had he realized how sly the devil could be because his mind had been filled with mean thoughts from which he had been free while in vigorous health. As we see a criminal being led away under arrest almost any one of us may well say, "There go I but for the grace of God." We only endanger our moral security by assuming any rosy optimism and boasting of the good in human nature. The human heart can be desperately sinful and we need the wisest strategy to gain victory.

Our Divine Ally, 22-24.

If the foregoing picture is black, here is the brighter side. God made us for victory, not for defeat, but victory comes only through struggle and decision. When we crucify the flesh and let the risen Christ live in our hearts, we begin to display gladness, control, purposefulness, resourcefulness and availability. Our lives become fruitful with all fragrant qualities. Paul lists nine virtues and against these there is no law. We cannot have too much of these. Here is the way to moral victory, the way that is as old as the gospel and yet that is always be win its power anew. Open the heart of Christ, learn his words, have fellowship with him daily, make him the referee in every decision and we shall be surprised at the way the Holy Spirit leads us. In reality of God becomes an experience and the presence of Christ becomes constant. The Christian religion does hold the cure for the disease of sin. By sharing Christ's crucifixion and resurrection we become partakers of his divine power.

Questions for Discussion

1. Should the Christian Church be more concerned about world affairs?
2. Do many Christian congregations expect conversions?
3. How does Christ give moral victory?
4. Do young people receive adequate health instruction?
5. What are spiritual fruits does my life show

FINAL CROP REPORT

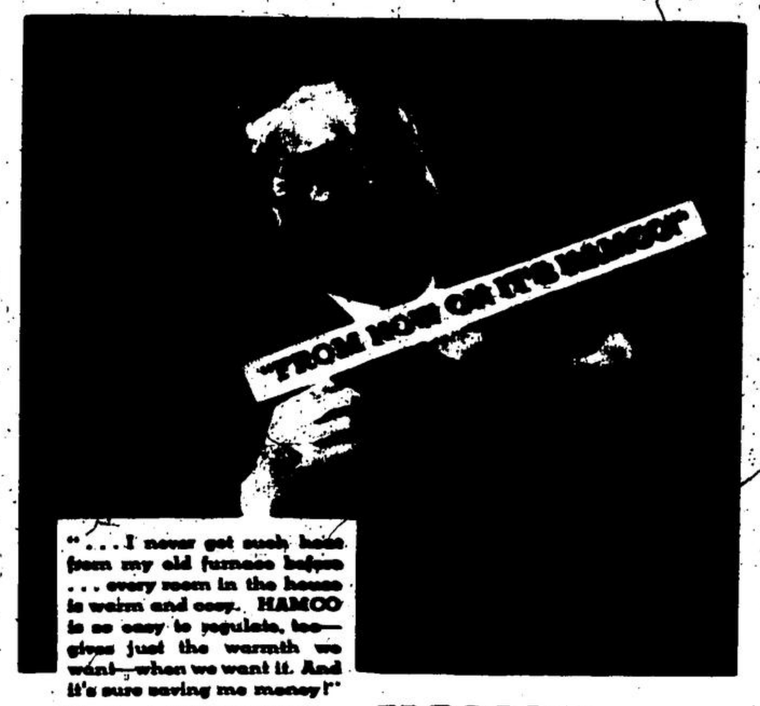
Below will be found a brief synopsis of telegraphic [illegible] reports received at the head office [illegible] of the Bank of Montreal from its Branches under date of October 21st:

General—This [illegible] final crops report for the Bank of Montreal [illegible] of a review of the year, is in the latter [illegible] conditions which prevailed throughout the season and [illegible] summary of the results in each of the [illegible] provinces. Put briefly, the situation, as [illegible] revealed, by the total final returns, is that while [illegible] Provinces wheat crop in the Prairie [illegible] unprecedented to be the lowest in [illegible] and lots of poor years, with grain [illegible] below quality high though somewhat [illegible] in all those of 1936, the crop yields [illegible] generally the other Provinces were [illegible] satisfactory, and in some cases [illegible] actually abundant, although grain [illegible] turns were somewhat on the light side. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics estimates the wheat production of the three Prairie Provinces at 184,000,000 bushels, which is 66,000,000 bushels less than last year and contrasts with a ten-year average of 353,375,000 bushels. The estimated average wheat yields by Provinces are: Manitoba 12.5 bushels, Saskatchewan 2.5 bus, Alberta 9.7 bushels. The 1937 wheat acreage in the Prairie Provinces, officially estimated at 34,500,000 acres in practically the same as last year. While the production of coarse grains is slightly higher than last year, there is an acute shortage of winter feed supplies in many districts. Oats are estimated at 146,522,000 bushels and barley at 36,457,000 bushels. Threshing is finished in Manitoba and Saskatchewan and is nearing completion in Alberta. Deliveries of wheat by farmers to country elevators from August 1st to October 15th totalled 74,736,000 bushels, compared with 115,745,000 bushels during the same period last year. In Quebec Province excessive heat in July and August caused the rapid maturity of all cereal crops and this, together with damage by rust, resulted in light yields in most districts. The warm weather, however, proved beneficial to the growth of canning and fodder crops and returns generally were above average, as also were those of apples, small fruit and tobacco. In Ontario there was an average yield of winter wheat and a slightly below average yield of spring grains. The hay crop was heavy, that of roots, corn and canning crops satisfactory, and fruits of all kinds were generally plentiful. The tobacco crop was exceptionally good. In the Maritime Provinces cereal crops generally were below average in yield and grade. Seeding was interrupted by cold rainy weather and a dry growing season during July and August resulted in crops maturing too rapidly. Apples and potatoes with few exceptions gave satisfactory yields. In British Columbia grain yields were below average, but hay and fodder crops yielded well, and other root crops were satisfactory. Berry crops other than strawberries were better than last year and, with the exception of cherries, which yielded poorly, the tree fruit crop on the whole was materially above that of 1936. Details follow.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

A cold wet spring delayed seeding of spring grains, but subsequent favourable weather caused rapid growth and satisfactory progress was made excepting in the Southwestern and Northern sections. During August frequent heavy rains and high temperatures caused considerable damage curtailing anticipated yields and lowering grades. The average yield of spring grains by sections is variable and for the Province, while higher than in 1936, is slightly below average. Fall wheat wintered well and an average yield of good quality was threshed. Oats and barley were affected by excessive moisture during harvest, lowering expected yield and quality. Estimated yields are 33.0 bushels and 29.6 bushels per acre respectively as against an average of 35.4 and 30.9 bushels. Canning corn and peas were satisfactory crops. Tomatoes were damaged by excessive rainfall in Southwestern Ontario, while in Eastern Ontario the yield and quality were above average. Fodder corn was an excellent crop. Hay was a heavy crop but owing to intermittent showers curing was difficult and in many sections the quality is only fair. Early cultivation of roots was hampered by wet weather and the yield of sugar beets is expected to be substantially curtailed. Mangolds turnips and potatoes are satisfactory. Pasturage was excellent throughout the season. Fruits of all kinds were generally a good crop excepting late apples, more particularly Spy. The season was not favourable for clover seed production and yields are light. Priming of flue-cured tobacco commenced in late July and harvesting was completed before damaging frost. The total crop of above average quality, is estimated at [illegible] pounds, constituting a record. Excessive rainfall in June curtailed the acreage of burley tobacco on heavier land. The quality is good but the yield per acre is below average. There is an abundance of winter feed.

There is a heavy demand and a very good market in the eastern United States for frozen blueberries from Canada and Newfoundland, packed straight, without sugar, in 30-pound wooden tubs, paper-lined, and in 15-pound tubs packed four to the crate. Canadian supplies come principally from Nova Scotia.



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You too will like HAMCO — the dustless, smokeless, money-saving Coke for the furnace, range or heater. Order from your local HAMCO dealer—he deserves your fuel business.

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NOVEMBER 6 to Windsor and Detroit.
See handbill for train service

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DETROIT, Mich.	$3.90	Lansing, Mich.	$7.40
Port Huron, Mich.	$2.95	Battle Creek	$7.40
Flint, Mich.	$4.30	South Bend, Ind.	$7.40
CHICAGO		$7.40	

LOCALLY LOW FARES FROM ALL ADJACENT C.N.R. STATIONS

Ask for handbill and complete information from Agents. T-4411

"Ask Agents for particulars of Canada's Maple Leaf Contest. Eleven cash prizes. You may win $1000.00!"

CANADIAN NATIONAL

Making [illegible] dairy products

[illegible] Canada's milk in fluid [illegible] and evaporated [illegible] fully, but it [illegible] [illegible] about [illegible] approximately [illegible] [illegible] milk products [illegible] yearly by Canadians [illegible] 4,000,000 milk cows.

[illegible] and trade agreements have [illegible] [illegible] markets for [illegible] [illegible] with that consumers [illegible] year.

Since 1927 Canadian, through [illegible] and selling, has played a [illegible] the developing extra markets for both milk and butter fat products.

It is these extra markets that have helped [illegible] one of Canada's biggest source of [illegible]

Borden 1917