

**BY THE SIDE OF THE ROAD**

There are heroic souls that live withdrawn  
In the place of their self-content;  
There are souls, like stars, that dwell apart.  
In a fellowless firmament;  
There are poor souls that blase their pains.  
Where highways never ran—  
But let me live by the side of the road  
And be a friend to man.

Let me live in the house by the side of the road,  
Where the race of men go by—  
The men who are good and the men who are bad.  
All good and as bad as I.  
I would not sit at the corner's seat,  
Or have the right hand—  
Let me live in the house by the side of the road.  
And be a friend to man.

I see from my house by the side of the road—  
By the side of the highway of life.

The men who press with the ardor of the strife.

They are faint with the strife.

But I turn not away from their smiles nor their tears.

Let me live in my house by the side of the road.

And be a friend to man.

I know there are brook-glaudened meadows ahead.

And mountains of weariness height.

That the road passes on through the hills.

And stretches away to the night.

But still I rejoice when the travellers rejoice.

And weep with the strangers that

Never live in my house by the side of the road.

Like a man who dwells alone.

Let me live in my house by the side of the road.

Where the race of men go by—

They are good, they are bad, they are wise.

They are strong.

Wise, foolish—am I.

Then why should I sit in the snow?

Or hunt the cynos' ban?

Let me live in my house by the side of the road.

And be a friend to man.

## PRESERVE HEALTH WHEN YOU CAN

### Is Relief Becoming a Racket?

### Famous Scientists Guide

#### Great National Academy

The National Academy of Sciences, founded in 1843 during the Presidency of Abraham Lincoln, is the scientific organization of America. It is a group of distinguished scientists chosen for the responsibility of making studies for the federal government. It is also empowered to advise and distribute funds to facilitate important research undertaken in this field. The request of the National Academy for a permanent organization of its members was granted, and the National Research Council was founded, under the charter of the National Academy, for "the promotion and cooperative co-ordination of scientific research." The council occupies actively in research promotion; it publishes many scientific publications and it maintains a library of research publications, the funds for which up to June 30, 1936, amounted to more than \$40,000.

The Government itself, however, directly in research activities in an extent not generally realized, is the true standard of scientific health.

The purpose of the national research council is to assist the government in its scientific work.

It is to be emphasized, however, that the usual "don'ts" apply.

The fresh products.

Keep all quantities at

time, pack and sterilize as soon as possible after blanching or pre-cooking.

Test all jars before using.

Buy new rubbers each year. Test each one before using. Be sure that the rubber fit the type of jar. Wide rubber for apples, jars—narrower for lettuce, jars.

If the water bath is used keep jars covered with water—3 inches

over the top.

Keep the water boiling or over heat regular.

Use approved methods and allow time for sterilization.

Keep the jars at the end of sterilizing period.

Seal jars tightly at once.

When cool, store in a dry, cool, dark place.

Small sections for canning are given in the new Bulletin 834 "Canning Fruits and Vegetables," which is in the press and will be available in a few weeks time from the Publicity and Extension Division, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

## PRICES REDUCED

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### Misses Claridge

Herald Block Georgetown

## The SNAPSHOT GUILD

THE MAGIC OF FILTERS



The best clouds were obtained by taking a yellow filter over the lens. A medium yellow filter, K-2, was used for the picture above, taken with a slow shutter speed of 1/20 second, aperture f/8.3. A lighter yellow filter, K-1, caught the clouds in the right hand picture at 1/25 at f.11.

With all conditions seemingly perfect for a glorious landscape picture, how does it sometimes happen that those beautiful clouds are scarcely noticeable in the print and the sky looks very drab? May it be because when we took the picture we did not use a small enough lens opening, but even that would not always be the answer.

The failure is more likely due to the fact that we did not use a filter, that magical little gadget of colored gelatins fixed between glass discs, which, when placed over the lens, changes the effect on the film of the different colors.

Just what is the property in a filter that so cleverly captures the beauty of clouds, and helps to bring out distant details? It is the color that makes the difference, and generally yellow filters are used.

The reason is that in photographs the variations in the color of the scene, and the violet and blue rays we do most of the recording of images, and on all types of film their effect tends to predominate regardless of variation in the sensitivity of different types to different colors. Yellow, of a certain intensity, however, will extract these rays, holding them back and letting the other rays do their work on the film without interference.

Clouds and blue sky both are rich in ultra-violet, violet and blue. So, if we put over our lens a yellow filter to hold these rays back, the other rays will do the work and the clouds will be distinguished from the sky. They will appear whiter than the sky. Strange as it

may seem, clouds also contain a certain amount of green and orange rays. So, if we use a film which is not very sensitive to the orange rays, and the chrome type, the contrast between the chrome and the ultra-violet will be cut down.

Yellow filter also makes grass and the leaves of trees photograph lighter instead of appearing black.

It also performs another valuable function, it gives a greater depth to the contrast obtainable by cutting through the base, which has an excess of blue light.

Also in taking pictures of flowers, or of indoor furnishings, a filter enables us to achieve correct tone-contrast.

There are five yellow filters suitable for cameras, each performing somewhat differently. Among them the K-2, which is a medium yellow filter, is the medium yellow filter, which has an excess of blue light.

If you have never tried a filter, put a K-1 or K-3 over your lens and take a picture. You will see the effect of the color, holding them back and letting the other rays do their work on the film without interference.

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is, JOHN VAN GUILDK

### Is Relief Becoming a Racket?

Are the men who are working hard every day and trying to retain a sufficient income for their families being paid? Surely that is a fair question to ask and in the interest of the home which show results; and successful food preservation depends on the use of bacterias.

Food preservation is a problem of further development. To accomplish this the food must be thoroughly heated to destroy the organisms and must be kept cool and tight to prevent the entry of other organisms.

Sugar, salt, vinegar are all aids to preservation of foods but years of experience have shown that the best method of home canning is really an easier way of canning than to boil the food in jars or cans in which it is to be stored.

It is to be noted that the National Research Council has been instrumental in the preparation of the National Code of Practice for Canning Fruits and Vegetables.

It is to be hoped that the

### TOO PLATONIC BY FAR

I had sworn to be a bachelor, she had sworn to be a maid. We both agreed in doubling when we made our誓言。 He believed I was my highest ideal, for science filled my heart.

And she said her ambitions were all wound up in her art, so we decided to make a pact.

That friendship gained five

years ago.

She was a girl and man,

I'd be a second David and the

Macbeth.

We'd like you other than we are,

but enough to say.

We just took a walk up in a

valley sort of way.

We shared our sorrow and our joy,

together hoped and feared.

With common purpose fought the great

which young aspiration reveres.

We planned and worked together,

and grew bright day by day.

We were truly confidential,

and called each other "chum."

And many a day we had to

work together.

We had a quiet evening in hours

of talk.

We talked about the heat,

the ruined mills,

and rustic bridges and the like, which

playfully makes.

To run over the hills and fields,

and move and sunny skies;

And many a quiet evening in hours

of talk.

We talked about the trees,

the birds and butterflies,

and the ruined mills.

And rustic bridges and the like, which

playfully makes.

But through it all no whisper word,

or "whisper look" or sigh.

Told myself I was warmer sentiment than

we had ever known.

We talked of love to coldly as we

talked of nebulae,

And thought no more of being one

than we did before.

"Well, good-bye, old fellow." I took

her hand, for the time had come to

say good-bye.

My heart ached, we did not know

if he had lived and said farewell with a very heavy heart.

For though we were but friends, you know, it's hard for friends to part.

"Well, good-bye, old fellow; don't forget your friends across the sea,

and don't forget your people.

It was a long, long time ago.

Time, just drop a line to me.

The words came lightly, gaily, but a

great deal of pain behind them.

Then she raised her eyes to mine,

great liquid eyes of blue,

Pull to the brim with dewy

eye lids.

Our love, I said, had been born,

in the same place, in the same

house, in the same room, in the

same bed.

Perhaps the tear meant friendship,

but I think the kiss meant

more.

The Hardy Musk Ox

By Arthur Khrasman

The musk ox is one of the most primitive species of the bovid family.

Upon his conquest of the Americas the musk ox was exterminated

throughout the continent.

Today the musk ox is found

only in the Arctic regions.

It is a large animal, weighing

about 1,200 pounds.

The musk ox is a native of

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