

Latest Type of Tourist Cars

One of the features in Canadian National Railways' Daily Services Toronto-Winnipeg-Vancouver

The Canadian National daily transcontinental train, Toronto-Winnipeg-Vancouver made its initial trip from type of steel tourist cars as part of its equipment, the first of an order of twenty such cars in whose construction every point has been considered for the safety and comfort of passengers. This modern type of tourist car, with antiscoped devices of similar design to the standard sleeping coach, the exception being they are upholstered in leather instead of plush.

Electrically lighted throughout, all berths, upper and lower, are provided with berth lamps. A new feature for this class of car is that lamps have been installed under the seats in the aisle of the car, so that when the ceiling lamps are turned out for the night light may be provided under berth curtains, a great convenience for passengers when going through the vestibule.

Those who prefer to sit in the upper berth which provides any possibility of the upper berth closing when in use. Separate berth curtains are provided so that passengers in the upper berths will not disturb passengers in the lower.

The kitchen has the latest steel range, facilities for washing dishes, and lockers enable passengers to store their food. Lavatories have received special attention, and provide greater conveniences than the older type. An electric thermostat heating control can be so adjusted as to regulate the temperature of the car, thus preventing overheating.

Thus with the introduction of the daily service of Canadian National lines between Toronto-Winnipeg-Vancouver, is the added convenience of the very latest type of tourist cars for second-class passengers who can enjoy a transcontinental trip in every comfort at minimum expense.

The \$6,000 chimney at the Dale Estate, Brampton, was finished last week. It is 170 feet above the ground and carries a sign in white brick on the red, horizontally, "Dalea."

1500 Cans of Sweet Milk Wanted Highest Market Price Paid

By selling your milk to me you always gain. You don't lose any time, in regard to shipping, etc. All you do is bring milk to me and return with same cans. Therefore the feed for pigs is very high. Will give 95 per cent. of the milk absolutely free, so you will always be on the safe side if you sell your milk to me. Call and see me, James Longo, Tern Cottis cheese works.

AUCTION SALE!

Farm Stock, Implements, Etc. The undersigned has received instructions from JOSIAH TOWNSEND to sell by public auction at lot 26, con. 11, Esquimaux, one mile from Tern Cottis, on Wednesday, November 6th, 1919, at 1 o'clock sharp the following: Horses—Bay horse, 5 yrs., H. D.; Bay mare, aged, H. D.; Spring colt, H. D.; Sorrel mare driver, 5 yrs.; Grey mare driver, 5 yrs. CATTLE—30 head choice Holstein dairy cows 20 Holstein heifers, 2 yrs., old all in calf; 6 steers, 3 yrs. HOGS—3 broods sows. IMPLEMENTS—M. H. Grain binder, 8 ft. cut; New M-H hay tedder; disc harrow; Oliver single riding plow; Verity plow; Side rake M-H; 15 disc seed drill; barrel sprayer; rubber tire buggy; Climax (b) cutting box; No. 3 Cockshutt manure spreader and many articles too numerous to mention. TERMS—\$10 and under cash over that amount 9 months credit approved joint notes, 6 per cent. per annum for cash. B.F.N. PETCH, Auctioneer.

This Is For You

YOU are interested in the High Cost of Living. Suppose you had to replace your house or the contents of it and buy everything over again. You would need double as much money to do it as in September, 1914. Everything has gone up. The purchasing power of the dollar is about 47c compared with September, 1914. Building costs of all kinds have nearly doubled. Clothing is going up every day; boots and shoes, furniture, curtains, carpets, food, fuel—everything costs more. Fire may destroy your entire property any minute. Your \$100,000 policy won't buy half what it would three years ago. So you need more insurance. One thing in the world has not increased in cost—that is insurance—the thing you need most! In short, what you most need is the cheapest thing you can buy—Protection. You need the best kind of protection you can have. The best cost no more than the worst. Phone me what you most cover you require and I will give you a plan, or we will call, value your property and give you the necessary protection.

R. J. Hynds, General Insurance Agent, Phone 281, Georgetown

NO "BEST" MONTH

Time of Birth Has Little to Do With Genius.

Statistics Show That Nature Practically Plays No Favorites in Her Production of the Gifted Ones of the Earth.

Astrologists believe that the planets "swing" at the time of birth govern us throughout life, and that, from a literary point of view certain months are more favorable than others in which to be born.

Asking the hundred best British writers since the day of Chaucer, so far as the month of their birth is concerned, the following were named: February—John Galsworthy, G. K. Chesterton, E. M. Forster, D. H. Lawrence, Virginia Woolf, and others.

In February were born Charles Dickens, Pepys the diarist, and Thomas Moore, while of more modern date are George Meredith, Israel Zangwill, Anthony Hope, Hartman Altmeyer and Wilkie Collins.

Pop and Addison were both born in May, and so were Browning, Keats, Wordsworth, Byron, and Lewis Carroll. In June were born Shakespeare, Milton, and Addison.

August seems to be the birthmonth of poets. In August were born John Dryden, Herrick, Keats, Shelley, Southey and Tennyson.

Apparently November is an auspicious month for literary men, for among those who were born in November are Thomas Chatterton, who, in disappointment and poverty, committed suicide at eighteen; William Cowper, who suffered from melancholia and suicidal tendencies, and finally died insane; Oliver Goldsmith, continually in prison for debt; John Bunyan, who spent 12 years in prison, thereby giving us "Pilgrim's Progress"; Swift, subject to fits of passion and ill-humor, died insane; Robert Louis Stevenson suffered from almost constant ill-health, and died at forty-four.

So much for the "favored months." Of the others, January saw the birth of John Milton, who spent 12 years in prison, and also of Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

March was the birthmonth of Samuel Johnson and also of Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

In April was born the greatest genius the English language has known, William Shakespeare, while among others born in this month were Wordsworth, Keble, Heber, Swinburne and Herbert. Charlotte Bronte and Anthony Trollope were also born in this month.

June is not a very good month, Charles Reade and Charles Kingsley being the only two writers.

July gave us Thackeray and George Bernard Shaw, and those interested in astrology may find a resemblance between the two satirists.

September and October were both poor months. Mrs. Hemans and H. G. Wells being born in September and Coleridge, Keats and Sheridan in October.

Finally Milton, Gray and Matthew Arnold were born in December, as were also Jane Austen and Carlyle. So there is hope for most people as far as birthmonths are concerned.

Reproducing the Talmud. One of the circumstances due to the war is that it has been found necessary to reproduce the plates for printing the Hebrew Talmud, originally published in the town of Wilna, Poland. When this city was captured by Germany the electrotype of the Talmud, it is reported, were used for ammunition. To reset the work in Hebrew would take years with an ordinary outfit.

It was found necessary that the plates should be made by photo-engraving, and this work is now being done in Montreal under the auspices of the Union of Jewish Communities of the United States and Canada.

HAS NEW IDEA IN SCULPTURE

Tennessee Girl Uses Dried Apples to Fashion Her Models of the Human Form Divine.

Down in Knoxville, Tenn., lives Miss Isabel Milton, who has created a new and distinct art. Her hobby, she has developed dried apple sculpture with remarkable results.

For years Miss Milton has been interested in the various types of manufacturers who come down to her father's store to trade. Having artistic ability, she tried a good many things to model their quality and weather-beaten faces by the conventional methods of sculpture, but the results did not satisfy her.

One evening, while cutting apples to dry them for the future, she picked up a piece of partially-dried apple and noted the striking resemblance to the wrinkled face of the usual elderly manufacturer, when she was endeavoring to do duty.

Taking up a sharp knife, she did a little cutting, and so forth, fashioning the wrinkled apple into a human face. The outcome was most successful; she saw possibilities in this newly discovered art; and she set to work endeavoring to dry-dried apple sculpture. Little by little she became quite expert in making dolls whose heads are simply dried apples, cleverly cut before they are dried.

Miss Milton has found a satisfactory preservative with which she varnishes the dried apple heads when they have reached the desired state of dryness. The costumes and accessories are carefully copied from life as far as possible. Miss Milton always has some particular person in mind when she carves a little doll with a dried apple face.

HOME OF FAMOUS ORATORS

Eminent Men Who Have Occupied the Pulpit of Spurgeon's Tabernacle, London, England.

Commenting on Dr. A. C. Dixon's resignation of the pastorate of the Metropolitan tabernacle, London, which will probably be known to the end of time as "Spurgeon's tabernacle," a writer in the London Christian World says: "My dear sir, you are a man of great gifts and a man who has occupied that pulpit in the past—Benjamin Keach, John Gill, John Rippon, and others—and gives the following interesting incident: 'Coming to more recent days, it is just thirty years ago since a trustee of the tabernacle spoke to Spurgeon about an American preacher named Dixon, who had spoken at the world's Sunday-school convention. Spurgeon at once invited him to speak at the tabernacle. It is interesting to recall the fact that they might easily have been associated long before. Dr. Dixon's father, who sustained a pastorate of nearly 60 years in a church in a wood, in front of which he is buried, thought Spurgeon was the greatest preacher since Paul. He longed for his son to have a course of study at Spurgeon's college. Young Dixon sent in his application. Spurgeon's reply was: 'My dear sir, you are a fine man, but your own country better adapted to your case. Please accept this as final.' Of course, it was in that way that the great preacher tested the persistence of his candidates. A. C. Dixon took him at his word, and never applied again. He was, however, destined to more than fulfill his father's desire, and following men like Spurgeon, and A. G. Brown, he has thoroughly maintained the tabernacle's great traditions.'

Use of Metals in the War. A German expert has been compiling some statistics of the use of metals in the war. He says that if the iron and steel used by Germany alone in 45 months of war were forged into a ring which went round the equator, each meter would weigh 80 hundred-weight. If the mass of metal were melted into a wire along the battle front—of 2,500 miles—a yard high and a yard thick, each yard would weigh 200 hundred-weight. Germany sent to the front every week 100,000 tons of iron and steel. The Franco-Prussian war, twenty-four hours consumed more than did the whole of the latter war. The metal he draws it that such things were possible because Germany had been wise enough before the war to conquer the world's markets and oust her enemies.

Microbes in Our Clothes. Approas of the liability of demobilized soldiers to contract colds as soon as they get into "civilian" a correspondent suggests that probably the civilian clothes are the cause, which they are warmer than the uniforms or not. Sir Ernest Shackleton had something to say about this matter on his return from the antarctic. Notwithstanding the intensely low temperatures and almost incessant blizzards experienced, colds were quite unknown until a bale of clothing brought from England was opened. The next day there was an epidemic of colds in the party, and Sir Ernest's explanation was that the trouble was caused by microbes that had been hibernating, as it were, in the closely packed clothing.

Longest British Strike. The longest strike which Britain has experienced was that which broke out at Lord Fenwick's slate quarries at Bethesda in October, 1900, and lasted until November, 1903. During these three years more than one and one-half million dollars was lost in wages, stone; and whereas at the beginning Britain imported no slate, at the end ships were taking more than 1,200 tons of foreign slate a week to British markets.

Voters' List, 1919

VILLAGE OF GEORGETOWN Notice is hereby given that I have translated and delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 9 of the Ontario Voters' Lists Act, the copies required by the said section to be transmitted or delivered to the list made in pursuant to said Act of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections and that the said List was first posted up in my office at Georgetown on the 18th day of October, 1919, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon Voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

F. L. HEATH, Clerk, Dated at Georgetown, this 17th day of October, 1919.

BUTTER PAPER! AT THE HERALD.



All for Canada Canada for all

Canadians! This is a call to National Service—The Victory Loan 1919 which opens to-day.

YOU are citizens of no mean country. Canada is a fair, free land. Canada is your country. Canada—now—has need to borrow from you—Lend. Lend without restraint of politics or fine distinctions of creed or party. The leaders of the political parties endorse the Loan. It is CANADA that asks:

- And why— To clean up the last of the War's commitments and expenses; To establish beyond all question the capacity and credit of your country; To care for the wounded and maimed soldier; To finance the bonus of the returned soldier already paid; To enable the fruits of Victory to be garnered; To ensure the prosperity of you, her citizens. The guns of war are silent—but they are not yet cool. The Victory Loan 1919 is a War Loan. Canada's book of war is gloriously written—make this, the closing chapter, a worthy one. The responsibility is yours. LEND!

LEND! LEAD!

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

VICTORY LOAN

What Shape IS a Horn ?

Did you ever hear of a horn or a megaphone that was square? Do you know why they never send water through a square pipe? Every phonograph or talking machine has a "horn," but they call them "amplifiers." They are really the megaphones of the machine. It is their duty to round out the tone and send it to the listeners. Now what shape do you think this "horn" should be to give the best "tone"—and what do you think it should be made of—resonant, vibrating metal or wood—built on the violin principle? Before you buy a phonograph, find out the shape of the horn and what it is made of. One of the secrets of the Brunswick's wonderful tone on ALL records is the exclusive patented OVAL tone chamber and throat—built entirely of wood, like a fine violin. It actually DOES eliminate all harshness, all the stridency, and that "tinny" timber that we have always thought a necessary evil of the old style "Talking Machines."

We invite you to come in and hear the New Edison Diamond Disc records played on the Brunswick.

Mason & Rich Pianos Bell Pianos Singer Sewing Machines and Other Lines You can purchase any of above on small Monthly Payments FRANK KING (Next Door to Livingstone's Bakery.) Georgetown

It's no Pleasure to Carry a Watch If it does not keep Perfect Time

We are Expert Watch Adjusters and guarantee Our Work to be Satisfactory.

All the latest and best in Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Etc., at right prices.

A. B. WILLSON MAIN STREET, Next McGillbarr Hotel

Every Day in the Week

Table with 7 columns (SUN. MON. TUE. WED. THU. FRI. SAT.) and 2 rows of numbers (1-7 and 8-14). Includes an illustration of a train.

Toronto-Vancouver (Both Ways)

Commencing SUNDAY, OCTOBER 26th, leaving TORONTO (UNION STATION) 9.15 P.M. DAILY MOST MODERN EQUIPMENT Standard Sleeping, Dining, Tourist and Colonist Cars. First-class Day Coaches. Parlor Car through the Rockies.

Sunday, Monday, Wednesday, Friday Canadian National all the way. Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday Via C.T.R., North Bay, Cochrane and Canadian National.

Canadian National Railways

Fall and Winter MILLINERY!

Latest Designs now on Display at

MISSIS CLARIDGE Parlor, Upstairs over Herald

Highest Market Price for ALL KINDS OF GRAIN

Delivered at our elevators at Georgetown and Aeton. We have CHOICE TIMOTHY SEED at Close Prices.

We are making Apple Barrels at Norval as usual. Robert Noble Limited Norval, Ontario