



MRS. J. CHAMBERLAIN, seated, was convener of the successful bazaar and tea sponsored by the ladies of Eden Mills Presbyterian church on Wednesday, Nov. 1. Mr. D. R. Sinclair, minister's wife, standing left to right, Mrs. W. McLean, Mrs.

B. Wright, Mrs. Jean MacDougall, Mrs. W. Lasby and Mrs. J. Gilbertson assisted with the event. Pouring tea were Mrs. W. Swanston, Rockwood; Mrs. G. Aitken, Guelph; Mrs. W. Wilson, Eden Mills and Mrs. J. Blacklock, Guelph. (Staff Photo)

Objectives, training at O.S.D. outlined to Halton teachers at annual area convention

The members of the teaching staffs of the towns of Acton, Milton and the Township of Nassagaweya Public Schools, with their Area Superintendent W.L. McNeil, assembled at the Ontario School for the Deaf, Milton, Friday, Oct. 27 for the annual meeting of the Teachers' Institute.

President J.M. Bell, Principal of Martin Street Senior Public School, Milton, presided for the opening exercises and morning devotions were conducted by Rev. J.K.L. McGown.

The teachers were cordially welcomed by Superintendent D. Kennedy who, with key members of his staff, outlined the objectives of the school. The institution is open to all children who have learning ability and pronounced hearing difficulty and are between the ages of five and 21 years. Mr. Kennedy stated the aim of the program as being that of enabling each student to prepare himself for a happy way of life in spite of his hearing disability. Though facilities are expensive, the cost to the state of educating the children is much less than would be required to keep a handicapped adult for a lifetime.

Robert F. Argall, the school's Audiological Services Adviser, explained that though many children are born with hearing deficiencies, a considerable number have had impairment caused by mumps, measles or other common diseases. The chief purpose of the audiological department of the school is to teach the child to communicate through speech so that he may take his place in a society where hearing and listening play such a great part. A child can't speak because he can't hear.

Though a hearing aid - which is found at each desk in the school - is of great assistance to the child who has some hearing ability, it serves only to make the sound louder and does not divulge the meaning of it nor restore a child's normal hearing. Low frequency vowels are heard better than high frequency consonants. The best seating posi-

tion for a hard of hearing child is at the centre of the classroom, near the front. Though much lip-reading skill is acquired by a deaf child it was pointed out that on many words such as cat, paint, bad or red, white and green, there is little differentiation in the position of the lips when these words are spoken.

Mrs. Donna McGuffin, supervising teacher of the junior school, explained the organization of their program. Though the arrangement did not correspond to the regular grade system of the public schools, there were six levels in all. So that maximum use could be made of the auditory sense, each room was equipped with a powerful hearing device. Much emphasis was placed on the learning and acquisition of speech. Those with less hearing deficiency acquired more speaking skill. The tactile, visual and auditory approach was used throughout. By seeing the lip movements in a mirror, placing his hand on the teacher's face and on his own in turn, and through the use of the powerful hearing aid, much progress is made by each child in voice-building. Concrete materials and tape recorders are used to advantage.

Mr. Kennedy and his panel were capably introduced by Mrs. E. Emms of Milton and were thanked by J. Watson of Campbellville.

During the afternoon, G. Bunch introduced Professional Training Instructor R. Wollaston, who explained the significance of the academic and vocational program. Its prime purpose was to overcome deficiencies in communication and language, and to attempt to alleviate the many problems caused by the language barrier. Every senior class has a period set aside for speech each day. Language and reading are also part of each day's program. Other than the emphasis placed on those subjects, an attempt is made to follow the prescribed curriculum. A rotary system is followed in the senior school similar to that of the reg-

ular high school.

J. McCullough of the Vocational School emphasized that instruction was based primarily on trade training. Cooking, sewing, beauty culture, business practices and typing were offered to the senior girls, while the boys studied wood-working, the printing press, auto-body repairing and other suitable occupations.

Opportunities were provided in both the morning and afternoon for all teachers to observe at least two junior and two senior classes actually taught the various skills. Possibly the most fascinating was the capable manner in which the primary teacher, through perfect lip formation, a keen sense of touch and a powerful hearing aid for equipment, could train the non-hearing child to say new words. Other lessons such as language, built around the theme "Halloween" or the child's birthday, or mathematics presented by using concrete materials to advantage, and the accomplishments in art and music were found to be most interesting. The optimum use was being made of the physical education equipment: the double gymnasium for the teaching of basketball and indoor athletic skills and the pool for valuable lessons in swimming.

In summing up, Superintendent Kennedy pointed out that for every 6,000 children born there was one child who needed the facilities of the school, that the enrollment at present was slightly over 450 and was expected to increase by at least 100 by next September.

On behalf of the members of the Institute Mr. Kennedy and his staff were ably thanked by D. Copeland of Acton for the excellent program and for the opportunity to observe the many outstanding features of the school. In the short business period held in the afternoon session, the minutes as recorded by the secretary Mrs. M. Harcourt of

Harley to Halton

by Harry Harley M.P.

A great deal of concern has been expressed recently in the House of Commons on the serious problem of pollution.

At this time more emphasis has been placed on the problem of water pollution. Any firm that wishes to do so may obtain some financial assistance towards effective methods against water pollution emanating from their plant.

A water pollution centre has been set up at Burlington, Ontario, which is making a research study into water pollution in the waters of Lake Ontario and Lake Erie.

As far as air pollution is concerned a national sampling programme for air pollution has been set up by the Department of National Health and Welfare. It is to accumulate data so that standards of air quality can be established and maintained.

A great deal of investigation has also gone into the question of air pollution by motor vehicles. This has examined the various types of control devices in cars and their effectiveness in all kinds of weather. Unfortunately the present type that is available does not appear to be effective in diesel vehicles where perhaps the major problem is.

The Federal Government is considering introducing a National Clean Air Act. It would cover such things as:-

- (1) Establishment of criterion for setting up standards of clean air and the maintenance of these standards.
- (2) Motor vehicle anti-pollution devices to be kept up-to-date by advances in science.
- (3) Technical assistance and advice to Provincial control agencies.
- (4) Continuing research into specific air pollution problems and their effect on human and animal health and on food and property.
- (5) Proper anti-pollution methods by the Federal Government itself as an employer.
- (6) Financial assistance to universities and other teaching centres for research leading to better control of air pollution.
- (7) An Advisory Council may be set up within the Department of National Health and Welfare on questions concerning air pollution.

Bruce Street Public School and the treasurer's report given by Mrs. K. Alger of M.Z. Bennett Public School were adopted as read. The following state of officers for the year 1968 as by past president and chairman of the nominating committee E.J. Brears was elected.

President, James Zehr, R.A., T.S.A. Nassagaweya; vice-president, Douglas Copeland, B.A., Acton; secretary, Mrs. Eida Presse, Milton; treasurer, Mrs. Kathleen Alger, Acton.



Let's Play Bridge

by bill coats

Every card has certain values assigned to it. It may be a winner, a guard, an entry, a trump to stop a ruff etc. A good declarer learns to recognize which of these values is going to be the most important.

One value often overlooked by the average bridge player is the entry value of a card. If dummy is short of entries this can be very important. In the following deal, who would foresee an entry in dummy's six of spades? Let's watch and see.

The dealer East and both sides are vulnerable.

NORTH
S - J 6 5 3
H - 10 2
D - 5 3 2
C - A 6 4 3

WEST
S - Q 2
H - K 7 6 5
D - 8 7
C - K 9 7 5 2

EAST
S - 10 9 8
H - J 8 3
D - K J 6 4
C - J 10

SOUTH
S - A K 7 4
H - A Q 4
D - A Q 10 9
C - Q 8

The bidding:
EAST SOUTH WEST NORTH
Pass 1 D Pass 1 S
Pass 3 N.T. All Pass

Opening lead - club five.

South has a strong hand with 21 points in high cards and should open the bidding as low as possible. This makes it easier for partner to bid. North can barely scrape up response but once he bids South should jump to game in no trump or spades. No trump is to be preferred since South would rather have his hand led up to rather than through. The opening lead is run to de-

clarer's queen. Declarer would like to get to dummy in order to try some finesse in the red suits. However, the only sure entry is the club ace and declarer does not want to set up the opponent's suit. The ace and king of spades are taken and declarer is pleased to see the queen fall from West's hand. The spade jack is now an entry and so is the six if declarer plays carefully.

The spade seven is led and won in dummy with the jack. A diamond finesse is tried successfully. Declarer now leads the spade four and enters dummy with the spade six. Another diamond finesse is taken. With this working, declarer enters dummy with the club ace and finesses diamonds again. Declarer now takes his heart

ace for eleven tricks and a good result. Last week's results at the Acton Bridge Club were: first, Harry Frost and Bill Hamilton; second, Mr. and Mrs. Art Norris; third, Bev Pattullo and Duke Wilson; fourth, Bob Dickson and Cam Sinclair.

No Vote

There won't be any election for councillors or school board trustees in Nassagaweya Township this December.

The present council and school board were elected in 1966 for a two-year term.

Gardener: One who thinks that what goes down must come up.

HAVE YOU HEARD OF BAHÁ'U'LLAH?

A hundred years ago, a Prisoner in a Turkish fortress in the Holy Land announced a new Revelation of God. His name was Bahá'u'lláh. His "letters to the Kings" are, without doubt, the most remarkable documents in religious history.

Several million people have now responded to His call. Local clergy of all faiths have just received an offer of Bahá'u'lláh's Message. We urge you to investigate it either through your clergyman or by writing:

BAHA'IS OF ETOBICOKE
MRS. ELEANOR HARDING, SECRETARY
7 RINGWAY CRESCENT - REXDALE, ONT.

LOOK WHAT 49c WILL BUY

CUT GREEN OR CUT WAX
IGA CHOICE BEANS 3^{1/2} lbs. 49c

2 AND 1/2 LBS.
SOCKEYE SALMON 49c

BLACK DIAMOND WHITE
OLD CHEESE 49c

1/2 GALLON
PRUNES 49c

NESTLE'S GERMEL OR RICE CEREAL
PABLUM 49c

1/2 GALLON
PEANUT BUTTER 49c

1/2 GALLON
PUDDINGS 49c

1/2 GALLON
AYLMER SOUPS 49c

PRICES EFFECTIVE NOV. 8, 9, 10 & 11 ONLY

Mr. IGA shows how much he really cares with . . .

DOUBLE TAPE DAYS

AT YOUR IGA THIS WEEK

WHITE, APRIL, PINK or YELLOW
DELSEY TISSUE 2^{1/2} reams 49c

4 1/2 LB. BOX
QUAKER OATS 49c

WHOLESALE WEIGHT
SOFT DRINKS 3 49c

WEAVER 14 OZ.
SPAGHETTI 3 49c

12 PACK 8 OZ. BOTTLES
TOWELS 49c

12 PACK 4 OZ. BOTTLES
DENTAL CREAM 49c

12 PACK
SDS PADS 2 49c

12 PACK
CHERRY PIE 49c

WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO LIMIT QUANTITIES

FRESH ONTARIO PORK SALES!

ROAST O' PORK 49c

TENDERLOIN PORTION 59c

QUARTER PORK LOIN 69c

LOIN CENTRE CUT - CHOPS 79c

SIDE SPARE RIBS 59c

IGA BOLOGNA 49c

PERCH FILLETS 49c

TWIST BOLLS 32c

MARGARINE 2 57c

FRESH GRADE A TABLERITI LARGE DOZ EGGS 49c

MORE 49c FEATURES

CHOCOLATE RAVERS BISCUITS 49c

CHEESE TWISTS 49c

RAISIN BREAD 2 49c

AWAKE DRINK 3 49c

FANCY PEAS 49c

FRSH & CHIPS 49c

START CRYSTALS 4 89c

WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO LIMIT QUANTITIES

BANANAS 4 49c

TANGELOS 18 49c

EMPEROR GRAPES 2 49c

DELICIOUS APPLES 6 49c

P.E.T. POTATOES 49c

DEODORANT SHAVE CREAM 97c

SHAVE CREAM 63c

I.G.A. FOODS MAIN ST. N. - ACTON

CHARLIE HUNTED DOWN THIS SPECIAL: SUNNY MORN - RINDLESS - Side BACON 65c



ADMIRING THE WORK of this young art student are Doug Copeland and Linda Braida, both of Robert Little public school and Earl Brears of M. Z. Bennett. Over 100 teachers toured the Ontario School for the Deaf in Milton as part of the Halton No. 4 Teachers Institute's eighth annual convention. (Staff Photo)

TAX NOTICE - 1967

MUNICIPALITY OF ACTON

FOURTH INSTALMENT NOW DUE

Attention is drawn to the payment of 1967 taxes, which are now payable in four instalments. Taxes are payable to the Municipal Treasurer at the

Town of Acton Municipal Office
(Y.M.C.A. Building)

INSTALMENTS ARE DUE AS FOLLOWS

FIRST INSTALMENT - MAY 15

SECOND INSTALMENT - JULY 17

THIRD INSTALMENT - SEPTEMBER 15

FOURTH INSTALMENT - NOVEMBER 15

According to the Tax Collection By-law a penalty of 1 per cent, per month or fraction of a month, will be added on the amount remaining unpaid after the 15th day of May. This penalty applies to each instalment in a similar manner.

The attention of Ratepayers is directed to the Penalties and other clauses as printed and explained in detail on every Tax Bill.

MAKE PAYMENT NOW AND TAKE YOUR TAX NOTICE WITH YOU WHEN MAKING PAYMENT

J. McGEACHIE, Collector.