### By Ray Dewns

Nestling in the heart of Onterlo's "golden horseshoe" lies the busy, bustling County called Halton. It includes eight thriving municipalities, five towns ranging in population from 4,000 to 40,000, numerous quaint old villages and new row-on-row subdivisions, a portion of the Niagara Escarpment the residents call "the mountain", two fine large creeks pouring water from the headlands into the lake, homes, business and commerce, industries and farmlands.

It's a picturesque county with centuries of interesting history now covered over by millions of dollars worth of development, yet here and there -untouched by the growth of a nation-we find rare places of unspoiled nature where searchers may find the peace and solitude which contrast so with our everyday life.

Halton's progress over the past 50 years, and especially the past 10, has been fast and furious. Hardly a detail has been missed as this once-agricultural community\_thrives and booms, and makes a name for itself from coast to coast.

No Sultable Museum

Yet one detail has been missed. One very important part of our living-past and present-has been left out of the wonderful picture of Halton. For the County is without a suitable museum to tell the people of tomorrow about the people of yesterday, and their struggle which laid the groundwork for today's prosperous boom of civilization.

There are, at Oakville and Burlington, museums of sorts which tell of the early days in those areas. But what of the rest of the county? Is an unkempt four-by-six glass case, covered in dust and hiding

After spending a few days in again visited the park to let the

your fair town. I should like to little ones have fun in your

tell you of our unfortunate ex- pool. But there is no bench

periences there. We visited the close enough to the pool to

places of Interest and spent watch the children. I know the

three consecutive afternoons in pool is well supervised but most

short distance away, looking objectionable and offensive lan-

through the wire fence at the guage and told us to leave the

children in the swimming pool. . . . bench under the tree. The When we returned to prepare previous evening the benches

lunch, a full package of cookies had been hauled clear across

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA CHRISTIAN REFORMED CHURCH

Abuse From Caretaker, Thefts

Disgust Visitor to Acton Park

On the third afternoon,

parents, like us, enjoy the antics fence.

though the clothes were in full wire fence. Due to our previous once did we encounter a situat-

view on the banks of the la- experience, we felt we needed to ion quite like this, and never

Immediately the custodian plenie table. We were only a (caretaker) blasted us in most playground area custodians most

the park to watch the ball game.

Rev. J. Nutma, B.A., B.D., Minister

301 Queen St., Box 48, Phone 698

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th, 1960

The Church of the Back to

**ACTON PENTECOSTAL** 

TABERNACLE

33 Churchill Road P.A O.C.

Rev. Kenneth J. Reid. Pastor

75 Cook St., phone 649-W

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER '4th, 1960

Thursday, 8 p.m.—Christ Ambassa-

You Are Always Welcome

BAPTIST CHURCH

ACTON

10.00 a.m.-Sunday School.

7 00 p.m. -Evangelistic

Junior congregation (3 - 7) Tueeday, 8 p.m.-Prayer and Bible

11.00 a.m -Morning Worship.

God Hour

10.00 a.m.—English.

2.30 p.m.-Dutch.

er boy's clothes.

So, we picked up a bench and miles through the United States

supervise our lunch and the old- were we spoken to in such an

proceeded to carry it over to the and Western Canada and never

LETTER TO THE EDITOR.

your lovely little park.

had been stolen.

THIS SUNDAY'S

Church Calendar

Acten, Ontario

Rev. Dwight Engel, B.A.

Mr. George Elliott Organist and Choir Master

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th, 1960

Services in the Y.M.C.A.

Children under 5 years cared for

Announcement: Congregational meeting, Tuesday, September

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

IN CANADA

KNOX CHURCH, ACTON

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th, 1960

THE CHURCH OF ST. ALBAN

THE MARTYR

ANGLICAN

Rector: The Rev. H. B. Stokreef.

185 Jeffrey St., phone 265

The Twelfth Sunday after Trinity

9.45 a.m.-Church School

-11.00 a.m.-Morning Worship.

meets during sermon.

Sermon title, 'The Sweating

9.00 a.m.—Morning Worship. 11.15 a.m.—Morning Worship.

in the mursery.

6, 8 p.m.

The first day, however, our

teen-age son had a dollar stolen

from his trouser pocket, even

goon. The second afternoon, we

took a picnic lunch and left it,

covered with a cloth, on a green

Dear Sir,

in the lobby of the Milton Court House, sufficient to fill in the details of a wonderful story no-one seems capable of telling?

Or could there be a movement begun immediately-even today-to establish a complete museum of Halton history?

And there could be, according to a young man who lives in Georgelown.

Willing to Denate

John Michie is a man who has spent, the spare time of the last 20 years of his life developing the most interesting presentation of the early Indian life in this part of the country. He is willing to donate this slice of his life to a county museum.

John's collection of rare Indian artifacts . . . his writings about the Indian times before the white men inveded Halton . . . and his uncanny knack for presenting this story to a listener are treasures awaiting the establishment of this necessary facet of

our heritage. But who could start a museum? County council? Conservation Authority? Women's Institutes? An unformed (as yet) historical society? This is a question yet to be answered. Let us suffice to say action

is needed, and now. John's collection of Indian artifacts which he personally dug up from ruins of Indian villages right here in Halton County are a priceless start to the museum. Add to this the many dormant antique collections that lie in basements, attics, garages and storerooms across the county, and the few articles now on display commercially and privately here and there on the map, and a museum is born!

History Pleased Together

According to John Michie, learning the history of Halton through the 1600's isn't easy. During that period, Jesuit missionaries from France lived with the Indians in this area and made monthly reports which were sent to Montreal whenever a runner was going that way. They sat in Montreal until a boat was going to France, and it sometimes took two years from the time of writing for the reports to reach France.

Our suggestion is, and this is

offered only as constructive crit-

icism, that your custodian learn

some manners, that your police

occasionally patrol the park and

that your parks department pro-

vide several portable benches

that can be used by the pool

Last summer we travelled 5,000

obnoxious manner. On the con-

trary, we found the parks and

Yours sincerely,

-School will open soon -

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Happy Holiday?

tell friends.

IT'S TWICE

Browned Off on Acton.

courteous and kind.

drive with care.

These writings were recently purchased by Mc-Gill University and brought to Canada where they were translated and the hisory of this country's early days was pieded together.

The writings are sketchy but correct, as the Jesuits wrote only what they saw.

It was not until 1901 that Canadian archaeologists began yeerbooks on their findings. And so, with much reading and a lot of supposition and fitting together of the little pleass, John is now fairly well informed of the 17th century of the area.

Here, then, is his idea of the county's early days. It is believed that the Jesuits might have stood on the Niagara Escarpment here in the year 1621. They tell of standing on a mountain and looking toward the large body of water presumed to be Lake Ontario.

### Champlain Here?

It is even possible that the great explorer Samuel Champlein might once have passed through Halton. The Huron tribes, located north of Orillia to Midland, reportedly held Champlain as hostage one winter. The route of his flight south to the United States and his return trip back are not definite, but he may have passed this way.

In 1627, a Jesuit missionary wrote of a neutral branch of the Iroquois tribe living in this district, under a chief named Sauhorissen. He was the leader over 28 villages and did war with many tribes. John says he is supposed to have weged wer with 17 nations of Indians, but finds it hard to believe.

After 1627, another Jesuit listed 23 towns between Toronto and Guelph, but this appears to be all the available history of the local district.

John himself has found 14 camps in a five mile radius right here in Halton. Location, of course, is not being made public to keep the "relic-hunters" away. These people, according to John, are not true archaeologists but go rushing into a buried camp, dig here and there, unearth some treasures and leave a mess behind them. Guns Change Life

The Indians in this area were supposedly friendly neutral Indians. Along the shores of Lake Ontario were the Mississaugas who were primarily fishermen and very quiet tribes. Along the north shore of Lake Erie were the neutral Indians who produced the flint in quarries and traded with other tribes for many miles around.

Things remained fairly peaceful and quiet until the English, Dutch and French arrived with guns. Then in 50 years the Indian developed from the stone age man using stone weapons, to the modern

time for a new

## SCOTIASUDSENSWISHER?\*



\*washing machine, financed at low cost through

## SCOTIA PLAN

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Manager: Acton Branch, Walter A. Woodburn.

# ATTENTION

RURAL STUDENTS ATTENDING THE ACTON DISTRICT HIGH SCHOOL

SEPTEMBER, 1960

## THE BUS SCHEDULE WILL BE

No. 1 Bus Route East from Acton

Leave Acton 7.45 a.m. Arrive Limehouse 7.55 a.m. Arrive Ballinafad 8.00 a.m.

Arrive Acton at 8.15 a.m.

### No. 2 Bus Route West from Acton

Leave Acton at 7.45 a.m. Arrive 6th Line - No. 7 Highway 7.50 a.m. Arrive 4th Line - No. 7 Highway 8.00 a.m.

Arrive Speyside 8.35 a.m. Arrive Acton at 8.45 a.m.

Arrive Eden Mills 8.05 a.m.

No. 3 Des Route South from Acton

Leave Acton at 8.20 a.m. Arrive Speyside 8.30 a.m. Arrive Acton at 8.45 a.m.

TIMES APPROXIMATE: Students Please be Ready A Few Minutes Before Schedule Time.

> W. MIDDLETON, Secretary-Treasurer.

Indian using metal, copper and Iron. The rapid Burned in Mid-1600s changeover to other methods of living disrupted his

The Acton Free Press, Thursday, September 1st, 1960

Where the local neutral Indians ended up, is hard to say. All that remain of their early days here In Halton are the burned-out village sites destroyed by the ravaging troquois. One camp found by this local archaeologist was attacked and burned in 1649 indolent, looking further affeld for something to or 1650, he said.

Following the mass slayings, the Mississaugas, unscathed by the invesion, moved into this district and took over the empty land, it was sold to the Crown in 1784.

eases. On December 7, they attacked the Hurans at (It seems ironical, when you look back on It now, St. Jean (near Collingwood) and destroyed it. They to realize that it was the English guns given to the spent the remainder of the winter with the neutrals frequeis in the United States which caused the of this district, then in early spring led their attack slaughter of the early possessors of the land on on the north again and wiped out most of the which we now live and fly the Ilag of our mother . country, England.)

Our local Indians were mainly agricultural types - growing corn, squash, natural fruits and fishing and hunting to stay alive. They used the Lake Erie flint for arrowheads, knives, scrapers, drills and spearheads, and their trading between tribes developed many of the roads we drive along today. They even traded shells and wampum from the East Coast and traded shells with the Petuns and Hurons to the north in exchange for tobacco. These bands also traded shells, tobacco and corn to the Algonquins for medicine bags and health potions.

### We Follow the Trend '

Their contributions to modern civilization still stand out today. There is the corn, and the roads. Our system of government is based on the principle of the Iroquois confederation which was set up in the 1500s 300 years ago. Our women as were theirs are free and equal in social life.

The Indians were the first to use trench warfare and scout methods. They founded the Thanksgiving custom which was first mentioned in 1643. And the tobacco harvested by the Petuns in those early days is now being grown all over the continent.

As for the finer things in life, the Indian was highly cultured. Their ideas and feelings went Into their beautiful pottery, their basket weaving, and their ornate pipes.

We owe much to their early men of Canada. Yet how, here in Halton, do we honor them?

(to be continued next week)

# Teaching Traffic Safety starts at home teach from to never cross from between parked cars

way of life and destroyed the balance of his house-

women still worked hard. They became degenerate.

district south of Lakes Onterio and Erie, became

weakened by smallpox and other European dis-

Join Local Bands

slaughter pushed south and joined with the neutrals

of this area. When the Iroquois returned to the

southern section of Ontario to wipe out every tribe,

the Petun survivors from the north joined the local

bands and fled south to the Straits of Michilimacki-

inhabited Halton is sketchy because they split up

and travelled for and wide. Some headed for Green

Bay, Wisconsin and a Jesuit Mission was set up

there. Some, in 1653, joined a band of Algonquins

and wintered south of Sault Ste. Marie. A fugitive

band of neutrals made an alliance with the Ottawas

Wisconsin, and organized an expedition against

their Sioux neighbours. But the Sioux country was

full of lakes and marshes and when 3,000 Sioux

to the Isle of Mackinaw, moved to the mainland

and built a fort and village from which explorers

Marquette and Joliette set out to discover the Missis-

Wyandottes and ended up in Kansas. In 1761 some

Petuns joined an alliance and in 1842 all surviving

Petuns were rounded up and settled in Kansas

Eventually, all these Indians became known as

Those who stayed behind on the raid returned

surrounded the invaders, only one man escaped.

The Petuns and Ottawas arrived near Bayfield,

and went up the same route.

reservations.

From here on, the fate of those Indians who

Some of the Hurons who had escaped the winter

make life interesting.

Petuns.

They could live easily by just hunting, while the

In 1649, 16,000 Iroquois of the Five Nations

Since 1954 there has been a annual average of 132,000 new dwelling units constructed in

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PHONE 115 ACTON

Pastor: James M. Rudd 39 Nelson Court, Phone 206 SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th, 1960 back home ... 8.30 a.m.—Holy Bucherist. 9.30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist. SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th, 1960 11.00 a.m.-Choral Eucharist. 1100 a.m.-The Creation Story 700 pm John, Beloved of the BY . All Are Welcome LUNG DISTANCE (O):

the Church School will resume its sessions next week. Sanday, 11 September at 930 am All Are Welcome! E. L. BUCHNER CONTACT LENSES FITTED

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WEDNESDAYS ONLY

FOR APPOINTMENT