

With Our Weekly Newspaper Representatives Overseas

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TIME SHOWS BETTER
By H. H. Macdonald

I wandered into a very small tobacconist's shop in London, one morning. The proprietor was abrupt. He did not think he had the tobacco if I was looking for, and did not act as though he cared. Finally I said: "You're pretty pessimistic this morning." He agreed: "I am pessimistic. These trials are getting me down."

I argued with him. I cannot understand it. Not after the way you British have taken the blitz. Where do you live?"

"I live over the shop," said the proprietor.

"Look," I said, "have you ever digressed and what the odds are on your being hit in this little shop. Why, it's thousand to one."

"Don't talk to me about odds," answered the proprietor. "I won the Irish Sweepstakes."

That little incident seems a good introduction to an attempt to answer one of the questions most frequently asked since my return to Canada: "What about the air raids?"

First let's try to describe one and then talk of the why's and wherefores. Not that I have the shape of even giving a faint idea of what an air raid is like. Words are not quite suitable, especially my limited supply and combinations. Nor is radio, nor a movie camera, nor any reproduction unit known to man. You need sound and you need color and you need words and you need vision and above all, you need something to create impressions.

Especially the feeling of helplessness. For above all that is the main emotion experienced in an air raid. They are up there over your head. They are dropping bombs, and there is just not a thing you can do about it. If a bomb comes your way, you must just stand and take it. The people of London must be all fatalistic to-day. Once during a raid, I remember thinking that the old Presbyterian idea of predestination wasn't such a bad one.

We experienced between eight and ten raids. At first we were very annoyed because during our first week in London Jerry only came over on those nights we were out of the city. We were beginning to wonder if he was deliberately avoiding us. It may have been just a coincidence, but following the day we thumbed our noses at him from the middle of the Dover Strait, he satisfied our curiosity in ample measure.

We were sitting on the top floor of one of London's squat, listed buildings along a famous thoroughfare which runs along an equally famous park. My room was a corner one, and so from it we had an almost unobstructed view of the southern half of the city.

Usually the skies went between 9 and 10 and we congregated in our window until the all clear went about an hour and a half later. I found the somberness of the raid something like the waters of a whirlpool, fascinatting, drawing you to it. I often left the window.

One night early in the raid a chandelier suddenly appeared in the sky just a little to the left of the window and very close. The several lights attached to a parachute lighted the district for blocks around so that it was possible to read a newspaper.

As we watched we noticed it was drifting towards us and presently it looked as though it would either come right in our window or land on the roof of our hotel.

At just about that time I suddenly realized that the purpose of the chandelier was to light up the target, and it was the mark upon which the planes would drop their bombs. And I did not feel happy. And about that time there was a terrific explosion and a fire on the other side of the light. And another one not too far from us.

At about that time too, we—mean our defenses—started to lob what looked like a big ball of red wool at the chandelier. At first we thought they were trying to hit the lights and it seemed a futile effort, but we soon discovered it was for a different purpose. And then, presently, smoke began to appear near the lights.

As I watched, within a period of fifteen seconds, I saw four large explosions on the perimeter of the southern horizon. Flames and black smoke billowed heavenwards. The fire burned long.

Constantly the ack-ack shells were bursting in the moonlight sky, their thousands of flashes dimming the very stars themselves.

But even these were dimmed when the rocket guns were fired. Their bursts eclipsed the Toronto Exhibition fireworks display a hundred fold.

And through it all the long, white fingers of a hundred search lights probed the heavens, weaving back and forth searching for the raiders. Occasionally one could pick a plane out the sky.

Governmental Care Urged For Mothers

Australia Hospital Motion
Thinks It Would Solve Many
Maternity Problems

Sydney, Australia (CP)—The mother of the largest public maternity hospital in Sydney suggests that a minister for motherhood should be appointed to care for expectant and nursing mothers. If this were done, she says, the present problems of motherhood could be solved to a great extent and the birthrate would increase.

The matron said that from 1922 to 1942 G. McGinn was minister of motherhood in New South Wales. He was the only man in the world to have held such a portfolio and he came to the knowle of its nurses affectionately as "Mother McGinn."

Many young women who refused the services under present conditions would change their minds if they knew there was an efficient government department to which they knew they could turn for help, the matron said.

WILL KEEP EGGS SILENTLY FRESH

EAST LANSING, Mich. (CP)—Scientists at the Michigan State college experiment station have developed two methods of treating eggs which they predict will keep them "silently fresh" for months.

One method gives the eggs an oil coating to which a small amount of preservative has been added. The other, the scientists say, increases the eggs for home use, preserving them indefinitely.

LONDON—The Dominion Prime Minister's men now back home from their meetings in London. Their task is generally regarded as that of recommending unity and leadership with the sovereign equality of the member nations. They have a great record of success to look back upon.

The Week at OTTAWA

BY ROBERT GREENE
Canadian Press Staff Writer

and employees Canada would "get by" the peak period of scarcity.

The Liberal government decided to dispense its official appeal on the subject in the conduct of Canada's war effort but will also stress its plans for reconstruction and social security.

Other organizations have criticized family allowances on the ground that the payment of adequate wages to workers would render them unnecessary and we believe the treasury of considerable savings.

OTTAWA (CP)—The administration manpower policy long targeted for criticism by members of opposition parties is expected to be one of the principal issues in the next general federal election.

Prime Minister Mackenzie King last week told the Commons that there will be an election before July 1st, 1945. Recent utterances by opposition spokesmen indicated that they will devote considerable attention during the campaign to the fact the government has yet seen fit either to send call-up troops overseas or reinforcements etc., alternatively, to demand them back into civilian employment and to believe the labor shortages from which industry and agriculture now suffer.

C. P. McCague, national chairman of the Progressive Conservative party, made it clear during a press conference at Ottawa, that when he called for immediate government action in making Canada's home army available for overseas service in a speech at Guelph, Ont., June 13th, he was expressing his party's considered opinion and not only his own view.

In the Guelph address, when he accepted nomination as Progressive Conservative candidate for Wellington, Mr. McCague said Canada's national honor demanded immediate passage of an order-in-council making men called up for service in Canada available for overseas duty as reinforcements.

Budget Deficit Grows

Criticism of the proposed family allowances when raised from Earl Howe, Progressive Conservative member for Charlottetown, was opened again on the previous Sunday night performances of twenty of Canadian leading cinemas were suddenly interrupted. Then the puzzled audience found itself watching a British film, caricaturing Hitler and other Nazi leaders. They marched to and fro on the screen and did their Nazi necessities to the tune of the "Lambeth Walk." Once the people in the cinema grasped the situation they laughed hilariously. When recorded anti-Nazi speeches accompanied the picture their enthusiasm increased. When this unorthodox performance came to an end, the cinema showing German films had to close down.

What had happened was that Danish patriots had forced an entry into the projector room and compelled the operators to substitute the anti-Nazi film. When the patriots departed, they took with them the reels of the German film. None of the patriots were caught. As a reprisal, the Germans ordered all cinemas in the Danish capital to shut.

No Relief in Sight

Arthur MacPherson, director of National Selection Service, warned recently that no alleviation of the present shortage of manpower was in sight and that it would in fact become tighter in the next few months. He expressed the view, however, that with co-operation between employer



Now that I can go I'm not going to stick around and let the other fellows do it.

Bill and Jack went over last week, and Fred's been over there a year. Now it's my chance.

It's going to take months of training before I can get fighting-fit, so I'd better get moving today.

Yes sir! I'm going now, to tell Dad and Mom that I'm on my way to sign up.



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CANADIAN ARMY

FOR OVERSEAS SERVICE