The Acton Free Press

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1929

THE WEEK WAY

He who checks a child in terror,
Stops its play or stills its song,
Not alone commits an error,
But a grievous moral wrong.

Then give it play and never fear it;
Active life is no defect;
Never, never break its spirit,
Curb it only to direct.

Would you stop the flowing river,
Thinking it would cease to flow?
Onward it must run forever,
Better teach it where to go.

—J. L. Pickard.

TWENTY YEARS AGO

From the Issue of The Free Press, of Thursday, November 16, 1909

Wheat continues to keep in advance of the dollar mark.

The Milton skating and curling rink is to be offered for sale by auction on the 27th.

Mr. James R. Anderson is having a stone foundation built under his coal house at the G. T. R. yards.

In the Province of Ontario Local Option votes are expected to be taken in January next in two cities, thirty towns, thirty-four villages and seventy-five townships. In all these places there are 506 licenses.

Rev. J. C. Wilson, B. A., and Rev. A. Blair, B. A., Nassagaweya, exchanged pulpits last Sunday. Knox Church congregation were delighted to hear Mr. Blair again.

Sunday was exceptionally fine for a mid-November day.

A number of local papers have been publishing items referring to large potatoes, but we think Mr. D. Conley, 7th line Erin, can claim to have beaten them all. He brought one in last week which weighed 3½ pounds.

Persian Balm the creator and preserver of beautiful complexions. Tonic in effect and wonderfully stimulating. Safeguards and beautifies the most delicately-textured skins. Cools and relieves all skins flushed or irritated by weather conditions. Magical in results. A little gentle and a youthful freshness and daintiness is instantly created. Invaluable for softening the hands and making them flawlessly white. Truly the perfect toilet requisite for the woman who cares.

"ONE OF THESE LITTLE ONES"

Edwin, with blouse torn and face and hands generously covered with soil, ran breathlessly toward his pretty mother, who in crisp daintiness of fresh summer attire, sat on the hotel porch embroidering. "O, mother!" he cried, "they're digging a well near the stable and it's more fun. May I go barefoot?"

"You look disgraceful enough already," said his mother as she carefully drew her white duck skirt away from his rather muddy shoes. "I'm ashamed of you. There's no use buying anything nice for you to wear. That handsome linen blouse is ruined. How did you tear it?"

"I was climbing a little way on the windmill. I am sorry, mother," was the meek reply, "but mayn't I please go barefoot?

"I suppose so, but don't come near me—I don't like little pigs." She turned from the dishevelled little fellow in disgust, and he walked slowly away all his eager buoyance departed.

"Wasn't he a sight?" she said to the elderly woman near her. "Do you blame me for being annoyed?"

"Since you ask me, my dear, I must admit that I do." The old lady's voice was gentle and her manner was almost apologetic, but the boy's mother flushed under the mild gaze. "I was sorry that you sent your son away feeling that he was in high disfavor. One can't expect healthy little boys to stay clean in the country, and clothes will tear now and then."

"I wish my son to be a gentleman," said the mother, coldly, as she took up her fancy work and set her needle in precisely. For a few moments nothing was said, and then the elder woman softly touched the hand of the younger.

"May I tell you a little story?" she said.

"Why, yes, certainly."

"I used to have very little patience with my little son when he would soil or mar his clothes, and I would often scold or punish him for being careless. Now, when I remember his baby cheek streaked with dirt over which had coursed the tears that my harshness had caused, my arms ache to hold him and I long to ask his forgiveness.

"He was a manly little fellow, and he did try so to please me, but one can't expect perfection of a four-year old. Late one afternoon he came in almost completely covered with mud. He had been sailing a tiny ship in a puddle in the yard. I was heartily ashamed of him, and I told him in no uncertain terms what I thought of his appearance, and I put him to bed early as punishment.

"When he finished his usual evening prayer, he added, 'And, dear God, make me a good boy, if you possibly can.' I smiled, for I thought my severity was having its effect and the pathos of the petition, which has wrung my heart ever since, did not touch me then.

"It was twelve that night when a croupy cough startled me from my sleep, and at three o'clock in the morning, the doctor who had worked over my boy for two hours, told me there was no hope. I took my darling in my arms, and choking back my sobs, told him as best I could that he was going to heaven.

"I isn't dood enough," he gasped. That was the end. My baby, my only baby, went from me feeling that he was not worthy to enter the home where little children are so lovingly bidden."

Two frail old hands were suddenly clasped in two strong ones, and eyes whose tears were long since shed looked kindly into those that were now overflowing.

"I didn't mean to make you cry, dear. I just wished to help you—to help you understand your little son."

"You have helped me. Come with me, won't you? I wish to find him, and kiss him, dirt and all."—Advance.

Dread of Asthma makes countless thousands miserable. Night after night the attacks return and even when brief respite is given the mind is still in torment from continual anticipation. Dr. J. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy changes all this. Relief comes, and at once, while future attacks are warded off, leaving the afflicted one in a state of peace and happiness he once believed he could never enjoy. Inexpensive and sold almost everywhere.

The Family Herald & Weekly Star so well known as Canada's outstanding farm and home paper is launching another of their popular Know Canada Contests, in which $3,000.00 are being given as prizes. The First Prize is $1,000.00.

Each week four pictures are published and readers are asked to decipher the Canadian post offices they represent. It is a most interesting pastime combining a great deal of real amusement and entertainmet with an opportunity of carrying off a very nice sum of money in prizes.

It is a Contest that will interest every one of our readers and details of it can be had for the asking. A letter to the Family Herald & Weekly Star, Montreal, will bring you all the particulars and a sample copy of the paper too and of course, it does not obligate you in any way.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

FOR SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 17

LIVING WITH PEOPLE OF OTHER RACES

Golden Text.—Of a truth I perceive that God is no respecter of persons: but in every nation he that feareth him, and worketh righteousness, is acceptable to him.—Acts 10: 34, 35.

Lesson.—Ruth 1: 1-18. John 4: 5-10; Acts 10: 1—11: 18; Rom. 1: 14; Gal. 3: 28, 29.

Sunday: Preliminary

Read all the Scripture passages, drawing from each its contribution to the subject of the lesson.

Consider the people of other races whom you have known, and your relations with them.

Monday: The Noble Moabitess

Ruth 1: 1-18.—Ruth was a woman of the tribe of Moab, a people east of the Red Sea, akin to the Israelites but unfriendly to them, and the Israelites were hostile to them. The story of Naomi of Bethlehem and Ruth her dutiful daughter-in-law is one of the sweetest in all literature. By her marriage to Boaz Ruth became an ancestress of David, the greatest king of the Jews, and through him of Jesus Christ. She deserved the honor because of her strong and beautiful character, and her treatment of Naomi and the treatment of her by Boaz constitute a lovely object lesson in the way to live with people of other races than our own.

Tuesday: The Testifying Samaritan

John 4: 5-10.—The Jews despised the Samaritans as they were part heathen in origin, and accepted only the Pentateuch of the Hebrew Bible. Jews from Galilee would often go a long way around to reach Jerusalem without passing through Samaria. But Christ went through Samaria, and, sitting by Jacob's well, entered into a conversation with a very sinful Samaritan woman, in the course of which he enunciated some of the most profound spiritual truths. She justified his insight by becoming an ardent testifier for Christ in Samaria, and many believed because of her word.

Wednesday: Peter's Vision

Acts 10: 1-48.—Cornelius, a noble Roman centurion, was led by a vision to send for Peter, that he might learn from him the way of life. Peter, a staunch Jew, would have felt himself polluted if he even entered the house of a Gentile; but he was led to go to Cornelius by the vision of a great sheet let down from heaven, full of animals held by the Jews to be unclean, and by hearing a voice from heaven bidding him eat of them. To his horrified objections the voice replied, "What God hath cleansed, make not thou common." So he went to Cornelius, baptized him and his household, and learned by the coming of the Holy Spirit that the act of brotherhood was pleasing to God.

Thursday: Peter's Testimony

Acts 11: 1-18.—The Christians in Jerusalem, hearing what Peter had done, were much disturbed, but he went before them and told the wonderful story, and made a strong plea for largeness of spirit in dealing with men of other nations and races. His argument was so moving and convincing that his critics had nothing more to say, but praised God because Gentiles also had through repentance entered into eternal life. This has come to be the spirit of true Christians everywhere, who rejoice in nothing more than in the spread of Christianity among men of other races.

Friday: Debtor to All

Rom. 1: 14.—Paul, writing to the Romans from Corinth, declared that he was in debt to the wise and foolish, to Greeks and Barbarians. The Greeks called other peoples Barbarians, because their languages sounded uncouth to them in comparison with their own beautiful language, nothing better than "Bar-bar." That is a very good example of the spirit this lesson seeks to remove. The debt that Paul owed all men was the gospel of Jesus Christ, which was given him to pass along; and the debt was not paid until he had passed it on to all men, as far as he could.

Saturday: All One in Christ

Gal. 3: 28, 29.—Paul's Christian love for all men entirely obliterated the thought of race differences. "There can be," he said, "neither Jew nor Greek." He felt that all men were one in Christ; and as Christ was of Abraham's seed, so were they. Through Christ they were heirs to all the promises given by God to Abraham and his descendants. How this spirit shames us, with our ignoble prejudices, our scorn of this and that race, our refusal to look for good outside our own race, or see it when it is plainly presented! Christ lifts all men to the same plane, all men who will accept him as their Saviour.

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK

George L. Eastman, President of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, says:

That if every successful business man would devote a year to his community what the results might be?

The community would have the benefit of talent and experience that the taxpayers could not afford to pay for out of public funds.

The community would go forward along all lines at an outstanding rate, providing itself with ample streets and highways; an adequate development plan and all those things which make a community one in which people like to live.

Population would flock to it. Industries would be drawn there and all the things a city needs to insure it a sound, economic foundation would accrue to it.

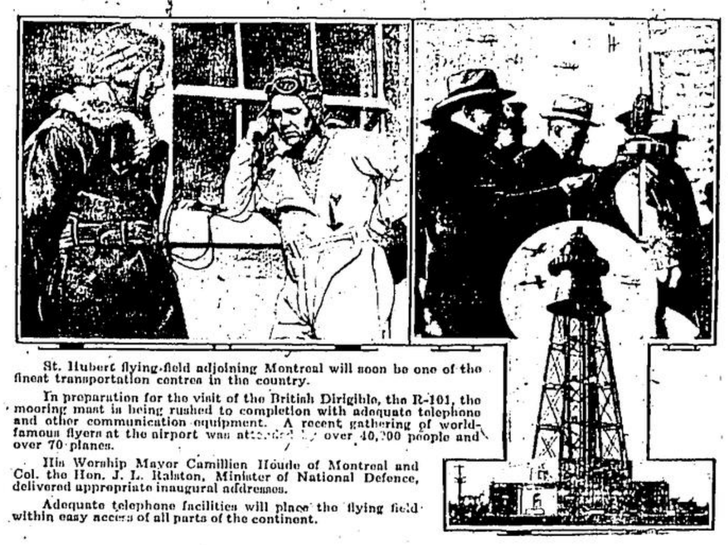
Too often we criticize the people who accept public office. Yet, if business men who have made a success of their business would devote a year to their community through some organized group such as the local Chamber of Commerce or other civic body such things as political trickery, graft and maladministration of public affairs would vanish.

A group of successful business men of a community, expressing their individual and collective views through such an organization, would make that community outstanding in every phase of community endeavor.—Edison R. Waite, Shawnee, Oklahoma.

BLACK FENCE-POST TURNS PALE AT NIGHT

A man's puzzlement over a fence-post which he had painted black, but which turned white every night, was the starting point of a programme of research which has culminated in the discovery of a number of chemicals having this remarkable chameleon-like property, scientifically termed phototropy. Information regarding these chemicals has now been made public by the American Chemical Society. The famous fence-post was painted with a "pigment having a zinc basis." It would turn black soon after sunrise each morning, only to turn white again when darkness came. Many explanations have been given for the phenomenon, but scientists are not yet agreed as to the cause of it. They have, however, found several other substances besides the zinc sulfide, which was in the paint on the post, that will also change color with the light. Most of the known phototropic liquids, or solutions of colorless derivatics of certain dyes. The solutions are practically colorless in the dark, but turn the color of the parent dye when exposed to light.

Getting Ready for the R-101



St. Hubert flying-field adjoining Montreal will soon be one of the finest transportation centres in the country.

In preparation for the visit of the British Dirigible, the R-101, the mooring mast is being rushed to completion with adequate telephone and other communication equipment. A recent gathering of world-famous flyers at the airport was attended by over 40,000 people and over 70 planes.

His Worship Mayor Camillien Houde of Montreal and Col. the Hon. J. L. Ralston, Minister of National Defence, delivered appropriate inaugural addresses.

Adequate telephone facilities will place the flying field within easy access of all parts of the continent.

RAMSEY MACDONALD GOES HOME WITH V. C.'S

Completing his hurried peace mission to the United States, the Rt. Hon. J. Ramsay MacDonald, Prime Minister of Great Britain, sailed from Quebec Friday, October 25th, on the Canadian Pacific liner Duchess of York which made a special call at the Ancient Capital.

He is shown above on the gangway surrounded by a group of Canadian V. C's, who sailed on the same ship as guests of the Canadian Pacific to attend the banquet to be given November 9th, by H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, to wearers of the coveted decoration.

Although the ship sailed at 7.45 p. m., the embarkation was made in bright artificial daylight created by a powerful "sun arc" which enabled movietone operators to make sound pictures of the Premier's farewell. V. C's in the picture are Captain G. B. Geary and Captain G. P. Kerr, of Toronto; Major T. W. MacDowell, of London; Lt.-Col. G. R. Pearkes, of Winnipeg; Captain B. S. Hutcheson; and Captain C. N. Mitchell. Inset is Captain R. N. Stuart, skipper of the Duchess of York, who will also attend the Prince's banquet.

"FARES PLEASE"

When we're travelling and the conductor comes along and says, "Fares, please," most of us either have to pay or get off.

Few lucky individuals may have passes, and there are some who "bum" a ride on the rods. However, these "bums" find such transportation uncertain and unsatisfactory. They would reach their destination more comfortably and surely if they paid their way.

So life comes to us with outstretched hand and says, "Fares, please!"

Life issues no passes on its road, but there are many who evade paying their fare, who evade life's responsibilities, who accept citizenship yet shirk its duties, who do not try to live up to their possibilities, who do not develop the best within them, but allow the grosser things to grow up like weeds and to choke out the spiritual beauty of life; who, sponge-like, accept the good things of life without attempting in any way to pay their fare even by any slight service to others.

So life says to you and to me, "Fares, please!" and what are we going to do about it!

We shall find life more satisfactory, we shall be much happier, if we pay in service, in better citizenship, in struggling on for the best we know, in preparation and study for enlarged life and opportunity, in inspiration to others and to self.

This is the fare life demands—and when we do this we shall find our journey through life—while hard at times and wearisome—on the whole more wholesome, and when we reach the terminal we shall look back over the journey with the satisfaction that comes only from a life of service, to God and to man.

"Fares, please!"—The Fidelity Spirit.

BEES IN RELATION TO FRUIT GROWING

The primary object of keeping bees is to secure from them a crop of honey, but this is not all that may be gained through them. Bees secure their living and a surplus crop of honey for their owner almost entirely from flowers, and because of this fact, they are of equal economic importance to the producers of seed and fruit, as they are to the beekeeper himself. A crop of fruit cannot be obtained unless the blossoms first become fertilized, and this is accomplished by transferring pollen from one blossom to another. It has been proved that most of the fruit bearing trees or bushes are either self sterile or incompatible to their own pollen and that all them will yield better crops when crossed with pollen from some other variety. It has also been proved that wind plays little or no part in the distribution of fruit pollen, but that insects are the most effective agents for this purpose. Some experimental work done with plums at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa showed that when insects were excluded from the trees during the blossoming period, no fruit was obtained, but where honey bees had access to the flowers, a good crop was secured. Wild bees are also effective pollinating agents, but their numbers cannot be controlled, a severe winter may reduce their numbers considerably, but honey bees being wintered over in colonies and capable of being moved from place to place may be distributed through the orchards as desired. It is a common practice in some countries for fruit growers, who are not beekeepers themselves, to hire colonies from some beekeeper during blooming period, knowing that the presence of bees in their orchard increases the possibility for a better crop of fruit.—Experimental Farm Note.

If Miller's Worm Powders needed the support of testimonials they could be got from mothers who know the great virtue of this excellent medicine. But the powders will speak for themselves and in such a way that there can be no question of them. They act speedily and thoroughly, and the child to whom they are administered will show improvement from the first dose.

DO YOU PAY YOUR TAXES

Many people cheat the Government and go to church with an unruffled conscience, and The Western Christian Advocate (Methodist), noting that people are increasingly neglecting to pay their taxes, warns the cheaters that a day of reckoning is coming. Will any one blush to read this from the Advocate?

"We learn that in one of our neighboring States the situation has become so serious that tax-collecting has become a matter of approach to the individual. Indeed, in one of the cities a moving-van often has been requisitioned, and goes out to a delinquent, demanding collection or furniture from the home.

"This is a strange situation. What has come over the American people? They are suffering from a 'let-down' that appears all along the line of our moral life. Why do not men pay their taxes when they are due? Why should they suffer such indignity as this at the hands of their Government? Their moral sense has let down. Their obligations to the State no longer keep them loyal up to the performance of their patriotic duties. In the old days it was a disgrace for a man to fail to pay his taxes. What has become of the sense of personal dignity and fear of public disgrace? What are men doing with their money? Are they spending it on luxuries? Are they buying their automobiles, and their radios, and a thousand other things that are in the present-day furnishings, at the expense of paying their taxes and otherwise performing their duties as citizens?"

FOREIGN LUXURIES NOW MADE IN AMERICA

This business of tariff dodging seems to work both ways. For, as the New York Journal of Commerce notes, just as American manufacturers are carrying their plants, their process and their patents abroad, Europeans are simultaneously shifting their capital, patents, and processes to the United States. The final extent and direction of this movement will depend, we read, on the volume of the demand as well as the height of the tariffs that are to be evaded. As the New York daily proceeds:

The combination of our rapidly expanding markets plus our high tariffs is one that offers especial attractions to foreign manufacturers of luxury goods, who find in the United States extraordinarily profitable outlets. Manufacture and sale on the spot may, in fact, be the only solution for French complaints of the heavy taxes to which their perfumes, toilet articles, and similar luxuries are subjected upon importation into this country.

One of the leading perfume concerns of France, with branches in this country, England, and other parts of Europe, has already found that its American business is becoming so preponderant that what was a subordinate branch has ended by becoming the main unit of the organization. In this case the capital control as well as the centre of business gravity threatens to shift to the United States. The question then arises, when does a foreign luxury become a domestic one? The second and more serious question is, What guarantee exist that patent and formulae imported into the United States will yield good identical in kind and quality with the vanished imports?

A prime dressing for wounds.—In some factories and workshops carbolic acid is kept for use in cauterizing wounds and cuts sustained by the workmen. Far better to keep on hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It is just as quick in action and does not scar the skin or burn the flesh.

PRICE OF A BROKEN PRECEDENT

"Women always say they are younger than they really are."

"Not always. I promised my fiancee a necklace with a pearl for every year of her life, and she said she was five years older than she was." Ben Humor (Madrid).

FISHMEAL VS. SKIM-MILK FOR PORK PRODUCTION

The value of skim-milk as a source of animal protein in the ration is well known to those engaged in the raising of bacon hogs. In many cases, however, the supply is limited and a suitable substitute is desired that will give good gains, develop the right type of hog, and be economical to purchase.

In 1923-24 an experiment was carried on at the Dominion Experimental Farm, Nappan, Nova Scotia, wherein 24 hogs were fed from weaning to finishing on a grain ration containing 8% of fishmeal. Another group of 25 hogs was fed the same grain mixture, plus 2000 pounds of skim-milk per 100 pounds of grain mixture. The fishmeal fed group gained .95 pounds per day at a cost of 10.2 cents per pound, while the skim-milk lot gained .94 pounds daily at a cost of 8.4 cents per pound. The fishmeal and skim-milk were charged at $100.00 and $4.00 per ton respectively.

In 1926 two experiments were carried on. In each case a check pen which received no animal protein supply, was included in the test. The average daily gains recorded were as follows. Fishmeal fed lot, 1.25 pounds, skim-milk fed lot, 1.1 pounds, and the check group, .93 pounds. The average costs per pound gain were 9.78 cents for the fishmeal fed lots, 7.57 cents for the skim-milk lots and 8.36 for the check lots.

In 1927 two more experiments were conducted. The gains were slightly lower with the fishmeal groups than with those fed skim-milk, but both lots showed greater gains than the check pens.

In all of the experiments outlined, the hogs in the fishmeal fed lots were equally as good or better in type and finish than those fed skim-milk and both lots showed marked superiority over the check lots. The 1927 fed hogs were graded by a representative of the Live Stock Branch and the results were as follows: Fishmeal group, 90% selects, 10% shop hogs; skim-milk groups, 60% selects, 20% thick smooth; check groups, 50% select, 30% thick smooth and 20% shop hogs.

Averaging the results of all experiments it was found that the hogs fed fishmeal gained 1.01 pounds per day, those on skim-milk .985 pounds and the check lots .907 pounds, at a cost per pound gain of 9.5, 8.15 and 9.04 cents respectively.

The digestible protien in the fishmeal cost 8 cents per pound. If the skim-milk is charged at the same rate, it would be worth $9.76 per ton instead of $4.00 and the cost per pound gain would be 8.6 cents, instead of 8.15. Fishmeal analyzing 70% total protein or 63% digestible protien and selling at $80.00 to $100.00 per ton, is one of the cheapest protein feeds on the market at the present time and if fed at the rate of 6 to 8% of the meal ration, will give good gains and develop a good type and well finished bacon hog, providing a balanced ration is fed.

From the experiments above outlined, fishmeal is recommended to the man who is growing market hogs and has only a limited supply of skim-milk at hand.—Experimental Farm Note.

"FUTURE WARS IMPOSSIBLE"

Within twenty years chemical warfare will have reached a stage where even the most powerful nation would not dare to attack a small country like Denmark, said Professor E. Nernst, German chemist and Nobel prize winner, while he was at Copenhagen as a delegate to the National Science Congress. "Wait," said professor Nernst, "will perish through its fierceness. I foresee that there will be created new weapons of such bestial horror that one party will she from attacking the other. Only in that way will it be possible to kill war. Nobel long ago saw that. He knew human nature and knew that peace could not be achieved by scraps of paper. He knew that fear appealed to the imagination more than honeyed words and platitudes."

Try this flavoury blend when next you order tea

"SALADA" ORANGE PEKOE BLEND TEA

'Fresh from the gardens'

TAX NOTICE---1929

MUNICIPALITY OF ACTON

SECOND INSTALMENT—NOVEMBER 15

Any ratepayer may pay the whole of his taxes on or before September 16, but one-half the amount must be paid on or before that date. Failure to comply with this arrangement entails extra expense and trouble.

An addition of five per cent. will be made to every tax rate or assessment remaining unpaid fourteen days after the 15th day of November for the second instalment; and it will be the duty of the Collector immediately after the said several days appointed for payment, to collect at once, by distress or otherwise, under the provisions of the Statute in that behalf, all such taxes, or instalments of taxes.

PLEASE TAKE YOUR TAX NOTICE WITH YOU WHEN MAKING PAYMENT

R. J. McPHERSON, Collector

CHILDREN HAVE TO CHEW IT—AND THEY LIKE THE CRISP SHREDS

SHREDDED WHEAT

With all the bran of the whole wheat

You don't have to coax children to chew Shredded Wheat—the more they chew it, the better they like it—and that means sound teeth and healthy gums. Just the food for growing youngsters. So delicious and so easy to serve.

GYPROC Makes Old Homes Young

By nailing the smooth, rigid, fireproof Gyproc sheets right over the faded walls and ceilings and then decorating, you can make the oldest home look new and handsome.

GYPROC Fireproof Wallboard

For Sale By

J. B. McKenzie - - - - - Acton, Ont.

. . . here is one cause of . . . "LINE'S BUSY" . . . time wasted

ANYONE trying to call this telephone will be told by the operator: "Line's Busy". But the line is not busy. It is really idle. Someone at the other end of the office is wanted and the telephone waits there until he arrives.

The idle telephone, with its receiver off the hook, is a common cause of "Line's Busy", and a common cause of uncompleted calls which are wasting two million minutes every day in Ontario and Quebec. Other causes of unnecessary "Line's Busy" are inadequate office equipment, long conversations during peak hours, trying to repeat too soon after the "busy" report, and asking another to get your party for you.

Many offices may not need more telephones, but they do need to have their present telephones more conveniently located. You may be losing calls because your line is thus "Busy" but really idle. And you may be losing business.

We want you to have the best possible telephone service and we are making every effort to provide it.* We are ready at any time to survey your telephone equipment and submit a report.

*New telephone plant and service improvements will mean an outlay, for 1929 alone, of more than $27,000,000.

THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA

TIME TABLES

AT ACTON

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Going East

Sunday Only	7.13 p.m.
Daily—except Sunday	7.07 a.m.
Daily—except Sunday	12.01 p.m.
Daily—except Sunday	6.17 p.m.
Daily—except Sunday	8.18 p.m.

Going West

Sunday Only	10.31 a.m.
Daily—except Sunday	7.40 a.m.
Daily—except Sunday	2.29 p.m.
Daily—except Sunday	6.00 p.m.

CANADIAN NATIONAL ELECTRIC RAILWAYS

Westbound

Daily—except Sunday	8.17 a.m.
Daily	10.17 a.m.
Daily	12.17 p.m.
Daily	2.17 p.m.
Daily	4.17 p.m.
Daily	6.17 p.m.
Daily—except Sunday	7.17 p.m.
Daily	8.17 p.m.
Daily	10.17 p.m.
Daily	12.17 a.m.

Eastbound

Daily—except Sunday	6.00 a.m.
Daily—except Sunday	7.34 a.m.
Daily	9.30 a.m.
Daily	11.34 a.m.
Daily	1.34 p.m.
Daily	3.34 p.m.
Daily	5.34 p.m.
Daily	7.34 p.m.
Daily	9.34 p.m.
Daily	11.34 p.m.

Toronto Terminal

Keele Street and St. Clair Avenue

Freight delivered by special express freight. Freight picked up at any address in Toronto.

TRAVEL BY BUS

Westbound

Due at Acton daily at 10.05 a. m., 4.05 p. m. and daily, except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays, at 7.00 p. m. On Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays only at 10.05 p. m.

Eastbound

Daily at 9.25 a. m., 12.05 p. m. and 7.35 p.m.

ARROW

Life Insurance !

Building up your Life Insurance programme is an important part of your obligations to yourself and family. It therefore demands careful consideration.

We deal in Life Insurance only, and we are qualified and pleased to advise you on your present or future programme.

CONSULT US—NO OBLIGATION

Frederick E. Wright

Representative Imperial Life Assurance Co. of Canada

PHONE 102J

Residence: Main Street, Acton

SAVAGE SUPERIOR SERVICE

BY EVERY STANDARD OF COMPARISON SAVAGES GLASSES ARE BETTER

If It's New We Have It

A. D. SAVAGE, R. O.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST

SAVAGE BUILDING - GUELPH

"Right at the Post Office"

Open Every Wednesday Afternoon

As an Old-established Firm, We are in a Position to Give You the Most Efficient Service

Savage & Co.

Jewellers

LOWER WYNDHAM STREET GUELPH

Diamonds

When You Require One Remember We have Only One Quality—THE BEST

Watches

Timekeepers that You Can Depend on—Yet Moderately Priced

WATERMAN'S AND PARKER'S PENS AND PENCILS

Repairing and Remodelling Done in our Workrooms

The Only Home She Knows

Little blue-eyed, auburn-haired Gracie, was born in the Toronto Hospital for Consumptives, where her mother, not yet in her twenties, is a patient. The only home Gracie has ever known, or is likely to know for some time to come, is the Queen Mary Hospital and Preventorium. No, she has not her mother's ailment, but constant care is needed that she may not develop the disease.

Sometimes she goes to see her mother, but can only talk with her at some distance, for it would be dangerous for mother to take her in her arms as she longs so to do.

Such are the dramas, the tragedies and the rescues daily enacted at these hospitals, in their never-ending, life-saving work.

Your help is urgently needed. Will you please send a contribution to W. A. Charlton and A. E. Ames, 133 College Street, Toronto 2.