



THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 8, 1928

EDITORIAL

From a Financial Standpoint Alone

From a financial standpoint prohibition is evident. The United States has prohibition. Its national wealth is more than one-half of the wealth of all the remainder of the earth—\$320,000,000,000. Its wealth is \$200,000,000 in excess of that of Great Britain, whose national wealth is rated at \$120,000,000. It would pay Great Britain, even from a financial standpoint, to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors; and the same thing applies to Canada.

Newfoundland, Canada's Tenth Province?

Periodically since Confederation the proposition to add Newfoundland to the Dominion has been proposed with more or less official backing to the scheme. Informal conversations between persons in authority fall just short of the status of official negotiations, are reported under way at present, and these are expected shortly to evolve into a full-fledged conference. Progress in the plan to unite the ancient colony with the Dominion has reached the stage, it is said, where a date has been set for a round-table discussion at Ottawa to explore the situation, and, if possible, reach a basis for decision with the Canadian provinces. A delegation of Newfoundland citizens, bearing with them the tacit authority of the government to express its views, are expected to reach Ottawa shortly and the date when they will meet personages capable of talking for Canada is said to be March 22.

Guess We are Just Naturally Thick-Headed

In our criticism of the method of paying hospital accounts of indigents by the County Councils, the Barrie Examiner thinks we are quite astray. It contends that "Notice of the indigent being admitted is sent by the Hospital to the County Clerk, who then notifies the municipality concerned. Thirty days is allowed the municipality to look into the account and discharge liability if it so desires. If the municipality does not discharge responsibility the bill is paid and half charged to the municipality. It will thus be seen that the municipal Councillors have every opportunity to protest any account which they consider improperly charged and the full responsibility rests on their shoulders." Quite a simple round-about-way of settling the account, of course. And provided all the notices are sent immediately and acted upon at once, and the protest registered and the responsibility properly placed within the required time, it really should be feasible. We may be Scotch (although we can't trace it) but we even yet fail to see why it couldn't be easier dealt with by the local Council without the extra loop of being delegated to the County Council and eventually paid for anyway by the municipality in the county rate they have to pay. The Examiner will, of course, pardon our stupidity.

A Surplus at a Cost

Balanced, staggered and surplus budgets seem to be quite the rule these days in the governments and the one by Hon. Dr. Monttch brought into the Provincial House last week follows suit with the general trend. From a purely financial standpoint they are splendid. They are heralded as new eras of financing by the parties who bring them in, as a juggling of figures by the Opposition. But the fact remains it is a real relief to know that our receipts are greater than our expenditures after years of the reverse. And there is no new taxation and with the Dominion Government a decrease in taxation. There is still some surplus needed yet; however, before Ontario will have overtaken its debt of \$157,000,000. There has been \$3,000,000 paid off the debt in 1927 and the estimated surplus for 1928 is set at \$17,000,000. Apparently we are to be prepared for not such good results the coming year. The surplus for 1927 was \$3,000,000. But how was the surplus accumulated? It is claimed by a lowering of interest charges, highest ordinary revenue in history of the province. The Hydro pays Treasury over seven millions, and last, but not least, a profit of \$2,800,000 in five months from the Liquor Control Board. And in order to secure this profit, from the liquor trade \$17,533,059.41 worth of liquor was sold in Ontario. A surplus is welcomed by most everyone but none who have the good of the Province at heart can help but feel that the cost to secure the surplus has been too great a sacrifice to the moral welfare of the people.

Average Values of Farm Lands

The average value of the occupied farm lands of Canada as a whole in 1927, including both improved and unimproved land, as well as dwelling houses, barns, stables and other farm buildings, is given by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics as \$38 per acre, as compared with \$37 in 1926 and with \$38 in 1925. By provinces the averages are: Prince Edward Island, \$41; Nova Scotia, \$37; New Brunswick, \$30; Quebec, \$57; Ontario, \$55; Manitoba, \$27; Saskatchewan, \$26; Alberta, \$28; British Columbia, \$39. The average values in 1927 for orchard and fruit lands, including buildings, etc., in the fruit-growing districts, are estimated to be as follows: Nova Scotia, \$104; Ontario, \$143; British Columbia, \$32.

Will Samson-Koop Pace?

It is interesting to note that in the five month period of operation of the Liquor Control Act a surplus of \$2,800,000 was secured. It is still more interesting to note that for this year the estimated receipts include \$7,000,000 from the Liquor Control Board. It is quite evident that the Government is anticipating no decrease in the drinking of the Province for this year. The talk of educating the people to drinking less is fading away in the light of the huge profits from the sale of liquor. If our memory serves correctly Mr. Hanna (the of Samsonian fame) said that the law, in order to be a success in the eyes of the Board, must have a lessening of profits and a gradual dwindling off. With an estimated surplus for the year of \$7,000,000, where is the dwindling off coming in? Like a lot more of the statements from this source, the public is awaiting verification of the predictions by the facts of the case. And, of course, after a fair trial and no favors the public will await to see if the backers of the game will be big enough to down the monster they have coddled along. Ontario will await the development of Samson and his retinue to keep pace with the growth of their charge.

Waiter or Merchant—Which?

The Philadelphia Record says: "Storekeepers may be divided into two distinct classes—Waiters and Merchants. The waiter is a storekeeper who picks out a location, stocks it with a jumble of unknown brands of goods—which the silver-tongued salesmen assures him will return a long profit, then complacently sits down and waits for customers to come in. He makes no effort to find out what the customers of his neighborhood wants or to build up his trade in any way. Such a man is a waiter, and nothing else. But the storekeeper who is a merchant uses his head for something else besides a parking place for his hair. He studies the needs and desires of his neighborhood and carefully buys to meet them, instead of being influenced by vague promises of long profits. He actually sells goods by calling customers' attention to them by means of attractive window or counter displays, and introduces new goods and brands to his trade; he lightens his labor, and saves his time by stocking advertised, well-known brands which require little effort to sell; and, under all circumstances, he is kind, courteous, and obliging to all, rich and poor, big buyer and small buyer alike. He is a merchant. Are you a merchant or a waiter?"

EDITORIAL NOTES

The recent recession in nearly all the mining stocks has made some people wonder if they were really worth as much as they had estimated they were at the beginning of the year.

With a speed limit of not over 35 miles per hour on any highway (lawfully) it would seem that the claim of the most of the motor cars to develop more were a useless feature in the machine.

The development of Ontario's mining area truly goes on apace. Almost every mail brings a chance to get in on the ground floor of a new mine. If the brokers were as well aware of some vital facts as we are, they would save a lot of money in postage supplying a printer with these opportunities.

March should be a busy month on the farm, says the Farmer's Advocate. The purchase of seed should be made; new implements should be got home; repairs should be made to farm equipment, and things generally put in readiness for spring. The farmers who attend to these important matters are usually the farmers who win success.

A reader of the Farmer's Sun having suggested the need of a dictionary when reading its editorials, the editor made this reply: "Editorially, The Sun has never felt the need of writing down to a low level of intelligence, as obviously is the necessity of journals circulating chiefly in urban centres. Rural folk, as a rule, are discriminating and demand a higher standard of literature than the average city dweller." The Sun editor evidently reads the Toronto evening newspapers—Barrie Examiner.

The prompt action of the C. N. R. in having the train service for Acton so promptly accommodated to their convenience is appreciated by all. The evident willingness of the officials to accommodate the travelling public as far as possible with the train service is indeed the true spirit to prevail in a public institution and all will congratulate the officials on this concession so graciously given to serve the public of Acton.

In four Western Provinces of Canada about 91,000,000 acres of farm land are under occupation, and 147,000,000 acres suitable for agriculture await settlement. Canada has the cheapest farm land with the highest yield per acre in North America. Up to the end of December, 1927, the total wheat exports from Canada for the preceding five months amounted to 141,311,550 bushels valued at \$185,632,290 as compared with 139,515,118 bushels valued at \$194,240,019 for the same period in 1926.

The first farm house connection on the rural hydro lines from outside Acton was reported last week. The line is being extended up the third tier to "Trot Pond" property and no doubt other farmers will avail themselves of this opportunity to secure this great convenience in their homes and farm buildings. Soon the farm homes with their electric lighting and water systems will be enjoying all the conveniences of town life and farm young people are steadily realizing that after all the life on the farm has many privileges that are not enjoyed by the city dweller.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON FOR SUNDAY, MARCH 11

General Lesson Title.—Jesus Feeds the Multitude.—Mark 6: 31-44.
Scripture Reading Material.—Mark 6: 31-44.
Golden Text.—I am the bread of life; he that cometh to Me shall not hunger, and he that believeth on Me shall never thirst.—John 6: 35.

Devotional Heading.—Luke 17: 3, 4; Eph. 4: 25, 26, 31, 32.

The Text Explained

St. John's—This is the episode in the Gospels. A desert place—That is an uninhabited place. The word does not imply barrenness or lack of fertility. In fact, both Mark and John refer to the barrenness of Galilee—Galilee—the eastern and western shores of the sea. It is probable, however, that there was but one Bethsaida in Galilee—Bethsaida-Julus and Bethsaida of Galilee on the eastern and western shores of the sea. It was located about one mile east of the Jordan. Its name is derived from the Hebrew word "yod" meaning "water".

32—The boat—Preumably the same little vessel which they had already used. It was probably the property either of Peter or Andrew, or of Zebedee.

Mr. Edouard Clavel has disposed of his laundry business to Mr. James Webster. Mr. Clavel will remove to Dunnville next month.

The season at the skating rink was closed last Wednesday night.

Ex-Lieutenant Williams is the first on deck with a new brood of spring chicks.

They were hatched in the middle of last month. Mr. Williams is quite a poultry fancier.

The fish traps—those—being dis-

TWENTY YEARS AGO.
From the issue of The Free Press of Thursday, March 12, 1928

Mr. Hugh McDougall and family will move into their new home on Frederick Street, Acton.

The original service of the electric lighting system will be discontinued after next Saturday until next fall.

The members of the Canadian Press Association enjoyed a day at the O. T. H. Club, on Wednesday.

Mr. Laird Clavel has disposed of his laundry business to Mr. James Webster. Mr. Clavel will remove to Dunnville next month.

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posed of at the Acton Tanning Com-

pany.

A grey vault has been put in

and other improvements are being added.

After more than forty years of

service, Mr. George G. Gable, a

native of Dunnville, has

been placed on the pension of the

O. T. H. Mr. Laird has been for

six or seven years a watchman at Water-

loo, where the railway crosses the Main

Street.

WORN

GAMBLE In Action, on Sunday, March 12, 1928, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Gable, in

BROWN In Action, on March 6, 1928,

to Mr. and Mrs. Percy Brown, a son.

Health Service of the Canadian Medical Association

Sound Teeth

Whether or not a building is safe and sound depends upon the materials used and the skill of the workers. Our body is built in the building up process, but they must be given good materials for this in the food we eat. If there are to be sound teeth, there must be good food, teeth are white to health teeth.

Mineral elements, such as calcium, phosphorus, sulphur, chlorine, iodine, etc., are essential to the health of the teeth, which, in many ways, are like bone. The outer surface of the tooth is harder than bone, and thicker than bone. This outer surface or enamel is the hardest substance in the body.

These mineral substances can only be secured from the food eaten. In other words, proper food must be eaten if we are to have sound teeth.

What are these foods that the experts say we must have for the proper building of teeth? Foods possessing these elements are milk and milk products, whole grains, leafy vegetables, such as celery, lettuce and onions.

It will be remarked, whenever the question of diet is considered in relation to health that milk and milk products must have for the proper building of teeth?

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