

BORN.
Visions in Action—On Saturday, February 21st, at 10 a.m., Mr. and Mrs. John M. McNaughton, in Moossgreen, on Sunday, Feb. 22nd, at 10 a.m., Mr. and Mrs. John McNaughton, a son.

DIED.

Tuesday in Georgetown—On Wednesday, Feb. 21st, Mrs. Dennis Tracy, aged 70 years.
Wednesday in Georgetown—On Thursday, Feb. 22nd, Mr. and Mrs. John McNaughton, husband and wife, of Moossgreen, on Sunday, Feb. 22nd, at 10 a.m., Mr. and Mrs. John McNaughton, a son.

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EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

The Courts have confirmed the votes carrying Local Option in Seaforth, Tuckersmith and Chedwyre, during the past week. All attempts to quash by-laws carried in January throughout the province have so far failed.

The "high cost of living" was the chief argument advanced for a change in the recommendation allowed to County and Township Councils by the Municipal Committee of the Legislature last week. In the present Act the minimum rate allowed is \$3 per day; in future it will be \$4.

Rev. Montague Fowler lecturing on the subject of Taxing and Gambling, last week in London, quoted from letters written by Miss Elizur, as follows: "I have no objection of gambling, and shall always do my utmost to encourage all who have an inclination for it, as the spirit of gambling is like in temperance—one of the greatest evils that can afflict a country."

Acting Premier Rogers, of Manitoba, has notified the temperature leaders that the Government had decided to adopt the policy of the Government in Ontario in regard to the administration of liquor laws—i.e., that where ratepayers have signified by the votes that the majority favor local option, but where the laws are upset by the courts, no licenses will afterwards be granted by the commissioners.

The Customs revenue of Canada has broken all records. The first eleven months of the year closed today with a total revenue of \$54,081,007, which is more than half a million dollars beyond the previous highest mark set in 1907. It is officially expected that when the year closes March 31st, the Customs collections will have amounted to \$60,000,000. The gain in the first eleven months this year amounts to \$11,401,228.

The New British Parliament is moving on with business and Premier Asquith speaks with a frankness and courage of intention as to the future which is refreshing. Financial business first, and then the question of the House of Lords second is the program laid down by the Premier in a statement made in the House of Commons, in moving that the government business have precedence at every sitting up to March 21st. The resolution was adopted without a division. When parliament re-assembled after the Easter recess, the premier said, the government will present resolutions affirming the necessity of excluding the House of Lords altogether from the domain of finance and restricting its functions to legislative work. To secure this the government, he added, will use all methods that seem proper and adequate within the limits of the constitution, and upon its successful accomplishment the cabinet and Liberal party shall take not only the fortunes of the ministry, but their very existence as a party.

SHALL HOME WORK BE ABOLISHED?

It is believed schools in the Lower Classes Do Better Without It.

An agitation is going the rounds of the press to abolish home-work given to the pupils in the public schools. It is decided to abolish the customs that have obtained its usefulness.

Most little girls are often passed and the home work unfinished. Keep the school open till 4:30 p.m. if necessary, but cut out the home work. Those who do their home work most faithfully are high-strung both physically and mentally, and are wearing their little lives out rather than stand poorly in the class, but they will pay for it later in life.

Boys and girls are trying entrance examinations to the High School before they are physically qualified to bear the load. There are other good things in this big world besides school lessons. Let the youngsters learn them.

There comes a time when the conscientious parents of eight study without injury, but that stage cannot be said to have been reached when the pupil is studying in the second book.

If the boys and girls will spend their out-of-school-hours in recreation and in doing helpful things in the home, they will make broader and better men and women than if they occupied the time in poring over books continually. It should be part of their education to learn to think for themselves and nothing stunts and self-centred child-life like too much study.

SPRINGFIELD

Following is the Springfield school report for H. S. No. 10 Requeting: Mr. IV.—Ida Livingston 82%, Barbara Kier 54%, Jean McDermott 33%.

Mr. IV.—Harvey McArthur 33%.

Mr. V.—John McArthur 33%.

A Class—John McArthur.

No. 10, 17. Average attendance, 14. Present every day, Clarence Winfield, Miss Winfield, Gordon Hata.

J. E. GAMBLELL, Teacher.

Trading on a good name and deceiving the public is what the initiators of the well-known "The D. & L. Menthol Plaster are doing." Don't be fooled. Insist on the genuine "The D. & L."

FOR LAW AGAINST GAMBLING

Parliament will be asked to Prohibit Race Track Gambling.

NO EXCEPTION TO GENERAL LAW

Ottawa, March 1.—Before the select committee on the bill to prohibit the business of race-track gambling, Mr. W. K. Raney, K. C., of Toronto, presented his argument yesterday in support of the bill. The committee consists of Messrs. H. H. Miller, Channing; V. D. Monk, J. H. Stevenson, R. Blair, J. H. McGill, J. H. Sinclair, and W. M. Martin. The chief arguments presented by Mr. Raney were as follows:

"Parliament is being asked on the one hand by the promoters of this bill to make clear and uniform the law against the business of gambling, so that it will be an offence by anybody to carry on such a business, anywhere, and at any time. On the other hand, Parliament is being asked by the opponents of the bill to make a clear exception to the general law against the business of gambling in respect of certain persons, for certain purposes, and certain days."

Mr. Raney quoted the following opinions of eminent English judges on the matter of bookmaking:

"Mr. Justice Hawkins: 'I know of nothing more likely to ruin a young man than the system of betting which goes on around us.'

Mr. Justice Grantham: 'Gambling with bookmakers is the cause of more crime and misery than anything else in the land.'

Mr. Justice Dallas: 'No one could attend the Civil and Criminal Courts without knowing that many persons spent a much larger amount of time in betting than they devoted to their own business.'

Lord Chief Justice (Lord Alverstone): 'Sport never ought to be necessarily associated with gambling.'

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BOMB OBSERVATIONS.

It seems that a few large bombs have been hung in the Council Chamber, and suggestions are divided as to its purpose. Three may be considered: An opportunity for the Institute ladies to adjust property, held in military garrison after discussions are over; that the Mayor or Clerk of the Council be asked to inspect the bomb; or that the Council has adopted Burn's plaint: "Oh, had some power the giftie gie us, to see o'er us as lieve see us."

Speaking of miners, one of the "funny bits" in an old almanac has been hung in the Council Chamber, and one of the rooms around the walls of which were a considerable number of large looking glasses. Seeing himself reflected in every direction he remarked, "I perceive that I have come into a meeting of the clergy, and really, I must say they present very respectable apparel."

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A recent English paper says: "Mr. G. H. Kelly tells us that 'Measures' that at one time he was so anxious for, have now been abandoned by Mr. Mark Guy Pearce, and that even Mr. Pearce's mother once took him to her son. But the queerest thing is that Mr. Kelly himself fell into the same error on one occasion. It was in the old Mission House, and in the committee-room there was a long mirror that reached from floor to door. At that time ministers wore white cravats with small bows under the chin. Mr. Kelly, "As we sat there," was not in the centre, but near the shoulder. I lifted my hand to put it right, and found I could not touch it. It was Mr. Pearce's bow that was wrong not mine."

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Now that the hanging tip business has been introduced into our municipal building, I would like to suggest that there is now enough anti-socialism in our corporation to justify the placing of portraits, either in group individually, of the founders of our municipal organization, in the main entrance hall. It would give dignity to the place, and be a fitting remembrance of men who in their day and largely to their opportunity served their own and coming generations.

Action in 1913 was very small potatoes compared with what it has become, but from that day onward has been in itself fairly well governed. I therefore

would like to know that soon some amount of real work will be done to the memory of Action's best council: W. H. Storey, Aaa Hall, G. T. Hill, John Speight, Dr. N. McFarlin, all of whom with the exception of the latter have passed into the "great beyond."

In my occasional tours abroad I try to see things and once in a while drift into our great Provincial building in Toronto, and gaze with admiration at the fine portraits of some of the mighty men of Ontario's legislation. Most of them have gone, some are still left, but to young people, students for instance, the near-by seats of learning, these faces may suggest strength for life's work, and be an incentive to action.

Similarly, the view of some of the child actors in Canada's development in by-gone days, is very impressive as they stand there in full lime stillness, all unheeding—and, alas, themselves often unheeded—the turn of busy life not far from their base. And yet it is a sad commentary on the instability and sometimes inconsequence of historic greatness, that last fall I noticed a large dust-covered cobweb reaching from Hon. George Brown's nose to his shoulders.

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Fourth, the business men of the Pacific Province whose views were reflected before the committee by Hon. Wm. Templeman, Mr. Cowan, M. P. for Vancouver, and Mr. Hard, M. P. for Victoria, B. C., speak with one voice, and if it were necessary, thousands of letters of a similar character could be had from every Province in the Dominion.

Fifth, even the jockey clubs of British Columbia are praying for protection from the horde of underworld which follows in the train of the American jockeys.

And finally, the great body of public opinion throughout the country, as voiced by the petitions which have been presented to Parliament, is in favor of the bill.

Of this great body of supporters of the bill, I need say no more at this stage than this, that whether they are right or wrong in their views, at all events it cannot be said that they are here promoting any selfish or sectional interests.

DANGEROUS DANDRUFF.

Will Make Canada a Baldheaded Nation If Not Checked.

M. Pasteur, the great French Physician, of Paris, once said: "I believe we shall one day rid the world of all diseases caused by germs."

Dandruff is caused by germs, a fact accepted by all physicians.

Dandruff is the root of all hair evils. If it were not for the little destructive germs working with a persistency worthy of a better cause, there would be no baldness.

Parlour Sage will kill the dandruff germs and remove dandruff in two weeks.

A. T. H. Hargrave writes: "It will stop dandruff, falling hair and make the hair grow thick and shiny.

It puts life and lustre into the hair and prevents it from turning gray.

It is the hair dressing par excellence, definitely perfumed and free from grease and stickiness. It is the favorite with women of taste and culture who know the social value of fascinating hair.

A large bottle costs only 50 cents, containing druggists everywhere, and in Action by A. T. Brown. The girl with the Auburn hair is on every package.

It removes the scalp, leaving the skin smooth and elastic.

It is encouraging enough to give them still larger prominence this year, based on the absolute certainty of good value. We want you to come and let the new style do their hair in.

W. WILLIAMS Mill Street—Acton.

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