

BORN.
Johnstone, M. Y., on Sunday, July 11th. Mr. and Mrs. Mark Rickett, a son.

MARRIED.

GILBERT WIFE.—At Five Villa, Church Hill, on Saturday, July 11th, by Rev. Mr. Macpherson, assisted by Rev. Mr. M. Hayes, M. A. and Rev. Mr. Oliver McMillan, Robert J. Gilber, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Gilber, of Guelph, to Helen, daughter of Joseph Wylie, Kemptville.

DIED.

Award.—In Action, on Wednesday, 3rd July, the 1st Battalion, Royal Canadian Regiment, lost 11th Lieutenant in action on Sunday morning, 11th July, William Massie, aged 22 years and 4 months.

The Acton Free Press

THURSDAY, JULY 18th, 1901.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Governor-General has received a communication from General Baden-Powell highly praising the Canadian contingent of South African Pioneers.

There are six vacancies in the House of Commons representation—three in Quebec, two in Ontario, one in New Brunswick. The Kingston Whig-Sunday says the Government will probably win five of them to the coming election.

Telegraphed crop reports from various parts of this province, half of "considerable damage by insects fly. These accounts throw some light on conditions not generally reported before this year, but the damage does not appear to be at all general, and in a number of cases reports refer to the growing crops as being in very fine condition.

The by-law granting a free site and exemption from taxation for ten years to the National Portland Cement Co. was carried at Durham almost unanimously, only three votes in the whole town having been recorded against it. The citizens of that town evidently appreciate the value of manufacturers in the employment of labor, and bringing business to a town.

Canada's mineral products rose from \$10,221,925 in 1895 to \$40,544,097 in 1899. The latter figure have been surpassed by the complete returns available for the year 1900. The value of the metallic products increased from \$12,118,600 to \$20,162,825, and of non-metallic from \$7,852,645 to \$20,001,204. Gold now forms 42.8 per cent. of our mineral production, and coal and coke 21.15 per cent.

Persons who are very anxious about their property should be careful not to let themselves be taken at once, as they can be held liable for retention of same. Farmers sometimes hope that by keeping an animal for a few days they will save a neighbor the cost of advertising. The kindness is all right, and may be appreciated in many cases, but it does not relieve the person so denominating the animal from liability. They should be advertised at once.

The big strike of the sheet steel and iron workers in the United States has been followed by most of the local labor organizations have undertaken to fight one of the greatest combines. The labor representatives demanded that all the mills of the combine be paid according to the union scale. The managers of the combine, in answer to this demand, promised to place several mills on the list of union mills which had never been considered union mills. The laborers, in their final reply, say that is no concession, as these mills are already well organized. What the union demands, then, is that all mills, through the laborers in them be admittedly not union men, shall be paid the wages of wages. About 100,000 employees have left work at the call of the labor organizations.

ROCKWOOD.

John Bunyan and H. Kellat visited Acton on Friday, and when returning between ten and eleven o'clock at night, experienced a runaway in which both were quite seriously injured. They had not proceeded far from Rockwood on their homeward journey when something frightened the spirited team, which is owned by Mr. Bunyan, and they succeeded in getting away. Both Mr. Bunyan and Mr. Kellat were thrown from the carriage. The former was badly cut about the head and was carried to a farm house where the women of the household, including Miss Hill Kilian, Mr. Kilian was picked up and brought to Rockwood, where his injuries were attended to. In addition to several cuts and bruises his collar bone was broken.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Black went to Acton on Tuesday to attend the funeral of the late Wm. Maxell.

THE BOERS SURPRISED.

Steyn's Brother and Others Captured by the British.

London, July 15.—The war office has received the following despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated at Pretoria:—

"Broadwood's brigade surprised Hertz, capturing Steyn's brother and others. Steyn himself escaped in his shirt sleeves with one man only. These-called 'Orange River Government' and papers were captured."

Kitchener also reports that Steyn's commandos (as announced in Press despatches early last week) burned the public buildings in Murrayburg, Cape Colony, and some farmhouses in the vicinity.

According to further advice from Lord Kitchener, columns under Col. Petherston and Col. Dixie have reached Zastrut, Western Transvaal. They met with opposition and made some captures. The British casualties were one officer killed and three others and 24 men wounded.

"General Broadwood," says the despatch to Sir H. K. Newall, "has succeeded in surprising Hertz, son of Steyn's brother, Thomas Steyn, secretary of the Government, and Hoeksema Davel, secretary to the council." Steyn himself fled without coat or boots. Gau De Wet is believed to have been present."

\$100 Reward.

The author of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one friend whom that section has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Senator Hall's Cataract Cure. It is only natural to have him to be used, and, finally, the best treatment for the disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the body, thus destroying the foundation of disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have agreed to give a reward of \$100 to any one of over One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Addressee: F. J. O'JINNERY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Hold by all druggists.

Hall's Faculty Pills are the best!

THE GLORIOUS TWELFTH.

Monster Gathering of Orangemen and their Friends at Acton East Friday.

A HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL DEMONSTRATION.

Everybody admitted it was a glorious twelfth. The weather was glorious, and Acton witnessed one of the best parades in history. The procession was half a mile long, was one line of color, preceding Orangemen, flags and drums, and band music. It was neat and attractive from start to finish. The Orangemen of the counties of Ulster and Irel never presented a better or more creditable appearance than they did parade on Saturday.

By the morning individual Orangemen commenced to arrive. Then individual lodges would drive in accompanied with a tall drum, but the large bulk of the men of the Orange and Blue, and their friends, arrived by train from the east at 10 a.m. Action County Band and Action Lodge L. O. L. escort all the visitors from the station and it was a busy forenoon for them. About a dozen lodges accompanied by bands or eight bands and numerous visitors from the east, arrived at ten o'clock.

Prince Arthur Lodge of Guelph, ham Annie, daughter of Captain House, officer Annie, of that city. Many years ago he settled in Guelph where he led a very active life, as a farmer. Mr. Donaldson, son of Mr. Austin, was also present. He was made an Orangeman at Belfast when young men of, and had been a member probably eighty-one years. Mr. Little came to Guelph city, 18 years ago, and for some time was a great day and everybody came to enjoy themselves.

ACTON'S HOSPITALITY.

Action's manifested hospitality and the splendid arrangements made by the local lodges were much appreciated. Councillor Judge, manager of committee; Secretary Agnew, and the committee associated with them exerted themselves in every way to accomplish satisfactory results, and they deserved abundant credit for the hospitality shown by the Brampton Conservative, Mr. H. B. Charlton, was one of the parading Orangemen, says: "The people of Action acquitted themselves most creditably by the manner in which they discharged the duty of entertaining the brethren from Halton and the neighboring community of Peel. They are receiving hearty commendation on all sides for the arrangements made for the visitors' comfort and pleasure and the manner in which they were carried out. The brethren of Peel will long remember with pleasure their visit to Halton on the first celebration of the new century and the cordiality, hospitality of the worthy citizens of this enterprising town."

THE BRITISH PARADE.

The procession was formed at noon, contained eighteen lodges, five brass bands, half a dozen flags and drums and 600 or 700 members of the Orange order. As announced by the committee, the procession moved off promptly at one o'clock in the following order:

W.H. MARSHALL CHAMFORD, W. M. Carrigan, containing Robert Mill, Esq., Carrigan with his wife the day

Brampton Mechanics' Band, Brampton, Ontario, D. J. Newell, Wife and Drunt Band

Cheltenham L. O. L. No. 181

Novell L. O. L. No. 182

Johnstone L. O. L. No. 175

Churchville L. O. L. No. 62

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 245

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 246

Brampton L. O. L. No. 262

W.M. Macmillan Band

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 263

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 264

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 265

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 266

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 267

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 268

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 269

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 270

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 271

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 272

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 273

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 274

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 275

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 276

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 277

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 278

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 279

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 280

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 281

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 282

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 283

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 284

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 285

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 286

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 287

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 288

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 289

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 290

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 291

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 292

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 293

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 294

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 296

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 297

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 298

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 299

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 300

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 301

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 302

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 303

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 304

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 305

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 306

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 307

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 308

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 309

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 310

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 311

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 312

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 313

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 314

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 315

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 316

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 317

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 318

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 319

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 320

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 321

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 322

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 323

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 324

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 325

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 326

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 327

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 328

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 329

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 330

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 331

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 332

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 333

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 334

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 335

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 336

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 337

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 338

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 339

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 340

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 341

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 342

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 343

Glenwillow L. O. L. No. 344

<