MARRIED.

LANE—BARNES.—At the residence of the bride's father on Wednesday, 24th December, 1891, by R. A. Ballard, Henry Lane to Elizabeth Barnes, all of Erin.

MOORE—LAST.—At the residence of the bride's parents, on Wednesday, January 1st, by Rev R. W. Holmes, Richard Little, of Hillsburg, to Mary E. Last, of Erin.

GUNN—MCMILLAN.—At the residence of the bride's father, Glenwilliams, on Tuesday Dec 29th, 1891, George Gunn, of Georgetown, to Maggie, daughter of Samuel McMillan, Esq.

KENNEDY—JONES.—At the residence of the bride's father, Squire Jones, Esq., Lambton County, on Wednesday, December 27th, 1891, John W. Kennedy, of Georgetown, to Miss Martha E. Jones.

JOY—HYATT.—At the residence of Charles Kirkpatrick, Acton, on Tuesday, 2nd January, 1891, by Rev Joseph Edge, Alexander Joy, of Toronto, to Phoebe Elizabeth Debbie Hyatt, of Acton.

GRIFFITH—STACKHOUSE.—At the residence of the bride's father, on Wednesday, 23th December 1890 by Rev. Jos. Ecworth, assisted by his son Rev. J. B. Ecworth, Mr. Smith Griffith, of Erin, to Hilda, youngest daughter of Christopher Stackhouse, Esquesing.

DIED.

COOK.—At Meadowvale, on Saturday 26th December, Colwell, son of Christopher Cook, Esquesing, aged 21 years.

MCLAUGHLIN.—In Nassagaweya, on Friday, 25th December, Jane, wife of Hugh McLaughlin, aged 81 years and 9 months.

THOMPSON.—In Nassagaweya, on Saturday, 26th December, 1891, John C., son of George C. Thompson, aged 7 years and 6 months.

ANDERSON.—In Georgetown, on Friday 25th December, John Wilbert, infant son of Jno Anderson, formerly of Acton, aged six months.

MULLEN.—At the home of her son in law, Adam Cook, Acton, on Friday, December, 25th 1891, Margaret Bell Reid widow of the late Thomas Mullen, Glenwilliams, aged 74 years.

MCCARTER.—On Tuesday, 29th December 1891, at the residence of her son in law, George Pike, Rockwood, Catharine L., widow of the late Thomas McCarter, in the 78th year of her age.

The Acton Free Press

THURSDAY, JANUARY 1, 1891.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee at Washington have decided on a two per cent tax on incomes above $4,000, an additional 10 cents a gallon on whiskey and 2 cents a pack on playing cards. The tax of $1.50 per thousand on cigarettes stands.

Executive clemency is not to be extended to Messrs. McGreevy and Connolly, who are serving a year's term in Ottawa gaol for bribing. Both are well on in years, and no doubt at their time in life the punishment is doubly felt. But the Government could not interfere, without seriously laying itself open to attack. It has therefore determined to allow the law to take its course.

Years of earnest faithful work have told and Ontario has declared in favor of prohibition by an overwhelming majority. The returns are incomplete and will not be all in for several days, but indications are that the vote will stand two to one in favor of a prohibitory law. Sir Oliver Mowat and Mr. Meredith are now face to face with the question in a practical form. Will they or will they not enact a prohibitory law in accordance with the will of the people so unmistakably expressed? Ontario's Premier and the Federal authorities are playing a game of tennis with the prohibition ball, keeping it in the courts and trying to knock it over the net on the other players' side. But the game grows tiresome and the spectators want a decision.—Toronto *Star*.

Mr W. T. Stead, the distinguished London editor, has been in America for some weeks, a part of which time has been spent in Canada. Mr. Stead has long been a warm friend of Lord and Lady Aberdeen, and his recent sojourn at Ottawa as the guest of the Governor General has resulted in a very readable and complete character sketch of Lord Aberdeen and his accomplished wife, which appears in the January number of the *Review of Reviews*. The article is one which will be interesting in North America on both sides of the boundary line and interesting also in Great Britain. The article is profusely and attractively illustrated. It is followed by a summarized report of the address given by Mr Stead in Toronto upon the mission and destiny of Canada, in which Mr. Stead dwells especially upon the position of Canada as a connecting link between the British and American halves of the English speaking race.

The World's Columbian Exposition memorial for international arbitration has been presented to Secretary Gresham and President Cleveland by Mr. William E. Blackstone, of Chicago, Commissioner of the World's Columbian Fair. The following is the text of the memorial: "To the Governments of the World: The undersigned citizens of many countries, gathered at the World's Columbian Exposition in Chicago, in the United States of America, recognizing the advantages accruing to those nations which have pursued the policy of arbitrating international disputes, and desiring that the like benefits may in the future be enjoyed by all nations and deeming this a fitting opportunity, do hereby join in this memorial to all our various Governments, praying that they will unitedly agree by mutual treaties to submit for settlement by arbitration all such international questions and differences as shall fail of satisfactory solution by the ordinary peaceful negotiations. And for this the petitioners will ever pray." It is requested that a copy of this memorial shall be presented to each of the governments of the world. As soon as the requisite facsimile copies are prepared they will be transmitted by Secretary Gresham to the various governments of the world. It is a remarkable document, having the autograph signatures of the commissioners from some forty different nations which participated in the exposition.

GEORGETOWN

An institute to be addressed by members of the Ontario Agricultural College Staff will be held here on Saturday.

Georgetown did herself proud in the vote on prohibition and rolled up nearly a hundred majority for the abolition of the liquor traffic.

The council for the present year is Reeve, Jos Barber, Councillors, L. Grant, W. H. Hahn, W. Barclay, James Leslie.

The School trustees elected this year are, Thomas Steele, L. I. Bennett and R. D. Warren.

The World's Fair Social in the Methodist Church on Monday night was quite successful.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Gibbard were to Saginaw on a trip during the week.

Mr. Bert Barber, of McGill College, Montreal, was home for vacation.

The January number of *The Chautauqua* opens with a brilliant article by Bishop John H. Vincent entitled "In Italy," accompanied by numerous beautiful illustrations; The frontispiece is a fine view of the Leaning Tower of Pisa. A complete story from the German is an attractive feature. The editorial departments discuss current questions, and the C. L. S. C. columns are full of interest to the members of the Chautauqua Circle.

PROHIBITION DEMANDED

By a Majority of 100,000 the Electors say they want Whiskey Abolished.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

New Year's morning dawned bright and cheerful and the weather throughout the day was delightful. As a result election matters were lively and good-natured. There was no excitement, but a manifest earnestness and determination to win on the part of the supporters of prohibition and the candidates for councillors. A large vote was polled. Prohibition was carried by a majority of 109, and all the members of the old council were returned, except Councillor Curry. Harry Jeans is the new man.

The plebiscite vote has given prohibition an overwhelming majority. Acton has sustained its reputation as a municipality of high moral standing with wonderful emphasis. Every occasion upon which a temperance measure has been voted on Acton has given a majority in its favor. But Monday's vote surpasses all previous records by more than two to one. Halton County did nobly. The figures are not yet quite complete but every municipality gave a majority for prohibition and the aggregate for the county will reach a majority of over 1200. The majorities run about like this: Acton, 109; Burlington 94; Georgetown, 82; Milton 81; Oakville, 118; Nassagaweya, 250; Trafalgar, 211, with Esquesing and Nelson yet to be heard from. But Halton is not alone in its great majority. The province throughout has said in unmistakable terms, "We are in favor of the immediate prohibition by law, of the importation, manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage." And the majority does not come alone from the rural districts, as some predicted would be the case. Every city in Ontario gave majorities in favor for prohibition. Toronto, which is headquarters for the liquor business for Ontario, gave a 2500 majority, and even Ottawa gave 700. The returns for the province are still incomplete but figures received boom the majority every hour. Up to last evening the prohibition majority was about 75,000 with many places yet to be heard from. It is not improbable that the total majority will reach 100,000. What is most gratifying to the friends of prohibition is the fact that the sentiment is so general, and that no considerable part of the Province gives a big majority. It is impossible to argue that satisfactory evidence has not been given of a sentiment in Ontario favorable to the total prohibition of the manufacture sale and importation of intoxicants.

In commenting up n the plebiscite vote the *Globe* of yesterday says: "As the returns of the voting on prohibition come in there pass away the last faint traces of the notion that the plebiscite was a device intended to shelve the question and delay the reform which temperance men have at heart. The majorities for prohibition are very large, and will probably not fall far short of 100,000 in the aggregate. The whole Province, with the exception of a few districts, seems to be of one mind upon the subject. Whenever the question of public sentiment is discussed, the prohibitionists can lay their hands upon an authentic and convincing piece of testimony. In no way could their cause have been so far advanced in a short time as by this demonstration of the strength of the sentiment for the abolition of the liquor traffic."

ON ACTON WARD.

The number of votes polled for the several candidates and for prohibition here was as follows:

Candidates	For Hall	For Shaw	For ...
Williams	73	81	154
Anderson	64	79	143
Hazill	59	83	142
Jeans	57	72	129
Corry	46	69	115
Prohibition			
Yes	78	95	173
No	31	30	61
Majority			109

At the Town Hall there polled of these 108 voted for Councillors and 120 for prohibition. At Speight's Mill there were 108 votes, 111 for Councillors, and 137 for prohibition.

Twenty one women voters cast their ballots for prohibition. Not one against.

ELECTION RESULTS.

Mayor J. H. McCollum. Councillors Northward D. W. Campbell, G. A. Hematreet, J. F. Little. East ward, Charles Jones, John Head, R. L. Hemstreet.

Officers: Mayor W. H. Young. Reeve C. G. Marlatt. Deputy Reeve John McDonald. Councillors Ward 1 E. B. Anderson, John Wales, W. H. Crookrite, Ward 2 W. H. Robinson, Peter Kelly, Thomas Patterson. Ward 3 C. W. Anderson, John Kelly, Robert Hawes.

Brampton: Mayor Dr. Mullen (acclamation). Reeve Walter Morphy. Deputy reeve Thomas Norval. Councillors North ward, R. Blain, R. Jennings. Salem Foster. East ward L. J. Walsh, William Whitty, Daniel L. Smith. South ward John Cayne, Robert Wilson. E. Stonetown West ward J. E. Pearen, A. J. Bell, W. A. Williamson. All the council elected by acclamation.

Toronto: Reeve R. Fung. First deputy reeve John Duff. Second deputy reeve Robert A. Reid. Councillors Robert Aikit and Archibald McLachlan.

Townships: Reeve L. Marshall. Deputy J. French. Council W. Waddick, R. Broomworth and G. Keith.

Townships: Reeve J. Canningham. Deputy Alex Johnson. Council J. Lindsay, C. Robb and W. Singer.

Townships: Reeve W. Ransom. Deputy Reeve H. Henderson. Councillors Wm Black, J. Dix and W. Moore.

Toronto: Warring Kennedy was elected mayor by a majority of over 1,000 above Fleming.

ELSEWHERE.

Ald. R. L. Nelson, formerly of Acton, was re-elected for St. John's ward, Guelph, at the head of the poll.

Ex-Reeve Lowry, of Guelph, was in town on Monday, to give his friends among the candidates for Council a lift.

The most sanguine prohibitionist did not expect a majority of more than 75. Thirty four additional was a genuine surprise.

It is reported that nearly every licensed hotel keeper in town voted for prohibition.

Nearly all the candidates for Councillors came in for "plumpers" but Jeans headed the list. The "tickets" were freely "plumped" as well.

Revs. J. Edge and J. W. Rae were the first to deposit ballots for prohibition. Their good example was nobly followed during the day.

Good for Dublin with its 37 majority. Bravo! Knatchbull with 101 majority against whiskey.

Thank God for the noble women. Not one in Acton voted against prohibition.

Grand old Halton nobly sustained its reputation and gave over a thousand majority for prohibition.

Councillor Williams took the place occupied by Councillor Havill last year. The street and sidewalk committees headed the poll, while the finance committee were given a back seat.

If Councillor Corry had secured the 16 extra votes he had last year the Council would have had the same personnel.

Councillor Corry desires to express his thanks to the 116 electors who were kind enough to entrust the franchise in his behalf. He would, if elected, willingly have expended all necessary time in the interests of the municipality, but he is quite well satisfied with the result.

THE LATE MRS. ALEX. BROWN SR.

The widow of the late Alexander Brown Sr entered into a well earned rest on Monday evening, 28th December, 1891. After a useful and well spent life she passed peacefully away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Somerville, with whom she had resided for several years.

Deceased was a daughter of Mr Rhodes, who came from Yorkshire, Eng., and settled in New York City, where she was born in 1808. Mr Rhodes was a U. E. Loyalist and came to Canada during the troublous times of 1812-14. He settled on the banks of the Chippewa on a farm about a mile from that of the Browns, also U. E. Loyalists, near Lundy's Lane. Ann Maria Rhodes for such was her maiden name and Alexander Brown were united in the bonds of holy wedlock sixty years ago last May and while spared to each other they were model parents and useful members of society and active workers in the Church of their choice. At a camp meeting held near their childhood's home, at which the Ryersons, Ezra Adams and other pioneer preachers officiated, they were both converted and consecrated their lives to the service of God. Shortly after their marriage they decided to make a home for themselves in what was then the back woods. With a yoke of oxen and a few household goods they came to Halton and first settled temporarily on the farm near Lanchester, but subsequently removed to the farm near Acton, at present occupied by Mr N. I. Lindsay which was for more than half a century the home of the family. In those early days there was no road to Acton and they followed a trail through the bush. Bears and wolves were numerous. Mr and Mrs Brown were among the first members of the Methodist Church in Acton and in the early days worshipped in a log school house on the second line opposite the Brick Church. Their home always had a hearty welcome for the pioneer preachers who never failed to accept their hospitality. Mr Brown was among the first to agitate the erection of a Methodist Church in Acton and in conjunction with such well known names as Asa Hall, the late Noah Matthews, Thomas Moore, Sr. Oliver Lasby and others carried the scheme to a successful consummation forty nine years ago. In all the efforts of this good man he was so aided by his godly wife and in time their children grew up to manhood's estate and loyally followed in their footsteps. Mr Brown was the first Sunday School Superintendent of the church here and numbers of the men and women in the church to-day can remember his successful efforts in this position.

Mr Brown preceded his partner in life to the better country twenty one years ago. The following five daughters and two sons survive them: Mr. John Matthews Acton, Mrs Joshua Freeman, St Marys, Mrs Thomas Somerville, Esquesing, Mrs D. B. Freeman West Lorne, Mrs I. P. Brown, Niagara Falls, James Acton and William P., of Toronto. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

Sudden Death of a Visitor.

One day last week Mrs Thomas Acton, an old and respected resident of Chinguacousy, came to Acton to spend a month with her daughter Mrs Adam Cook and her son Mr Thomas Mullen. Shortly after her arrival she was attacked with la grippe which settled on her lungs. Owing to her age her medical attendant and friends felt from the first that it would be almost futile to look for recovery from so severe an attack. She died on Friday evening. Her remains were taken to Union Church Cemetery on Tuesday for interment. Many sorrowing relatives and sympathizing friends attended the funeral.

TALK OF THE DAY

An Epitome of the World's Doings During the Week.

The C. P. R. land sales in Manitoba for 1891 amounted to 107,000 acres, realizing $853,000.

Mr John Ainley, aged 94, resident, died at Barrie recently. Deceased was 100 years of age. He was an Irishman and took part in the Battle of Waterloo.

Canada's foreign trade for the fiscal year 1891 is the largest on record, being $217,000,000 compared with $211,000,000 in 1890. The export trade of $115,000,000 the highest point in the history of the Dominion.

[illegible]

[illegible] practical and [illegible] industry of the Dominion [illegible] In the first six months of 1891 [illegible] 1890 Investment bonds there [illegible] among the publications of the Messrs Harper & Brothers [illegible] Jones' tickets [illegible] of [illegible] magazine. A perfect [illegible] will [illegible] Dr William M. Thompson's standard work, Palestine, Dr. Eaton and the Book, in three volumes, Dr Easton's new Illustrated Bible Dictionary, the Rev William M. Taylor's Lyman studies, Joseph the Prime Minister and Moses the Lawgiver, Sir J. W. Dawson's work, The Origin of the World according to Revelation and Science, Dr Smith's Old Testament History and Pharaohs, Fellahs, and Explorers by the late Amelia B. Edwards.

[illegible] Crockery and Glassware at H. H. Hare's, Acton.

Apprentice wanted to learn the art of printing. Apply at once at Free Press office.

See the stock of Lace Shippers at the Leading Shoe Store, Guelph. W. McLaren & Co.

If you want something nice in the way of a pair of Christmas Slippers for your husband try Kenney Bros., Acton.

If you want first class Guelph cash and doors at Guelph prices, T. Eisner can fill your order at his planing mill.

Printing.—Fine printing is an art, and when you are having any printing done you might as well have it well done. The Free Press job printing department does work of the finest quality, and prices are always reasonable. Try us with your next order.

Excellent Qualities

Commend to public approval the California liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs. It is pleasing to the eye and to the taste, and by gentle action on the kidneys, liver and bowels, it clears the system effectually, thereby promoting the health and comfort of all who use it.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

A PETERBORO MIRACLE

BROUGHT BACK FROM THE BRINK OF THE GRAVE.

A Young Girl's Wonderful Experience. Sickly From Four Months of Age. Her Parents Did not Think She Would Live a Month. Now A Picture of Health. A Marvellous Cure.

From the Peterboro Examiner.

To be dragged to the edge of the grave in the grasp of a dread disease is an experience that comes once to all, but to contemplate entering the grave and mingling with its dust, to have, even in hope, bidden good bye to life and all its sweetness, and then to be snatched from the brink of the grave and to be restored to health, strength and happiness, is an experience that few enjoy. We hear and read of such cases so well attested, that doubt finds small space for its exercise, but heretofore no case has, until now, come under our notice in Peterborough with such directness as to "make assurance doubly sure." Such a case now over exists.

Many persons have heard of the illness of Miss Amelia Ranger, who lives with her parents, at 19 Parnell street. She was brought down to the very gates of death and was restored to perfect health when all human aid seemed to be unavailing. Her miraculous cure excited so much comment that a representative of the *Examiner* was detailed to obtain the particulars, and the result of the investigation is to verify the reports that have been current. On calling at Mr. Ranger's house the reporter was met at the door by a bright eyed healthy looking young girl, who readily consented to give the particulars of her illness and cure. She remarked that her mother was absent in Montreal on a visit, and added with no little pride that she was keeping the house and doing all the work, a thing that would have been impossible a year or so ago, as she was then so ill that instead of taking care of the house she needed constant attention herself.

"I have been sickly from the time I was four months old," she said, "and as I grew up, the weakness and ill health became more pronounced. My blood was said to have turned watery. I was weak, pale and dull and could do nothing but suffer. Nothing the doctors did for me was of any use and I grew worse and worse. Father spent a farm on me but it was of no avail, and father and mother gave me up and felt that I was going to die. I expected to die myself. I had no blood. I was as pale as a corpse and so weak I could hardly walk. My heart also gave me very much trouble and if I lifted my hands, my heart would jump, until I thought I would die. About two years ago we heard of Dr Williams' Pink Pills and got a box, but as they did not seem to do me much good I didn't take any more at the time, but as I got worse and the doctor could do nothing for me I determined to try the Pink Pills once more, this time I made up my mind that I would give them a fair trial. I got eight boxes and before the third box was done I felt better and my appetite was better. I kept on taking the pills until I had taken the eight boxes, and all the time kept growing stronger and stronger. My color returned, my heart trouble left me and my appetite was better than it had ever been before. Now I can do any work about the house, and feel strong and well all the time. It is a great change since last July when I could scarcely walk across the floor without falling. I believe Dr Williams' Pink Pills saved me from going to the grave, and I am very thankful I took them."

There was no doubting the honesty of her conviction that Pink Pills saved her life. A younger sister corroborated what was said, remarking, "when Amelia was so ill last spring she was so pale she was almost green, and mother did not think she would live a month."

In evidence of the change, all conditions of Miss Ranger a couple of weeks were seen. Mrs Trombley said the girl was very ill, and her friends did not expect her to recover, and she had been cured by the use of Pink Pills. Another lady present also bore testimony to the hopelessly ill condition of Miss Ranger a few months ago. The remarkable and gratifying results following the use of Dr Williams' Pink Pills in the case of Miss Ranger, show that they are unequalled as a blood builder and nerve tonic. In the case of young girls who are pale or sallow, lost, troubled with a fluttering or palpitation of the heart, weak and easily tired, no time should be lost in taking a course of Dr Williams' Pink Pills, which will speedily furnish the blood, and bring a rosy glow of health to the cheeks. These pills are a positive cure for all troubles arising from a vitiated condition of the blood or a shattered nervous system, such as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St Vitus dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headaches, the after effects of la grippe, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration, all diseases depending upon humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, excessive work of any nature.

Dr Williams' Pink Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold in boxes never in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr Williams' Medicine Company, from either address. The price at which these pills are sold makes a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

Across the Atlantic Once More.

MR. RYAN

Left last week for New York to take the Steamer 'Umbria' for Europe, making the 25th time he has crossed the ocean.

The winter trip is far from being a pleasant one, but the demands of our business do not permit any relaxation in our efforts to provide our customers with the Latest Novelties and Best Values the World's Markets afford; and we find that only personal selection and direct importing enable us to do this properly.

We will more than ever maintain our leadership in Choice Dry Goods for next season.

G. B. RYAN & CO., GUELPH.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

Mr. David M. Jordan
of Edmeston, N. Y.

Colorless, Emaciated, Helpless

A Complete Cure by HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is from Mr D. M. Jordan, a retired farmer, and one of the most respected citizens of Otsego Co., N. Y.

I suffered years ago I had an attack of the grippe and have since been troubled with my

Liver and Kidneys

miserably, growing worse. Three years ago I read so much of the wonderful cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, I decided to try it. I was badly emaciated and had no more color than a marble statue. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and I feel it was the Sarsaparilla that did me good. I was able to work when I took the first bottle. I noticed that I felt better and had more appetite and for five weeks I ate everything but grease. I was badly emaciated and had no more color than a marble statue. Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended and I took it. I feel it was the Sarsaparilla that did me good. I was able to work when I took the first bottle. I noticed that I felt better and had more appetite.