

Action Free Press.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAR. 10, 1885.

The Scott Act in Wellington.

The Guelph Daily Mercury, which excellent journal used its influence with such favorable effect in the recent Scott Act contest in that city, and is now working earnestly for the success of the same measure in Wellington County, thus addresses its many readers in a lengthy and well written editorial on Tuesday:—"All around the wave is sweeping the whiskey shops out of existence. In a very brief period every place will be on an equality, and prohibition will be general. Let it not be said that Wellington, famous as one of the most advanced counties in agriculture and in mechanics, in intelligence and morality, shall lag behind in this important matter. Surely, since Kent, with its large French and colored population, rolled up a majority of 2,000, Wellington can exceed it by 1,000. But there is only one way in which such a result can be attained. It is by every voter going to the polls and faithfully doing his part. Whether he has been called on or not by others more enthusiastic than himself there is a plain duty before him. A great question of right or wrong, a question of the amelioration of human misery against the continuation of a traffic which has caused and is causing the ruin and degradation of thousands annually is before him. No Anti-Scott Act sophistry can evade this plain presentation of the case."

Notes and Comments.

The revised version of the holy Bible, both New and Old Testaments, will be published shortly after Easter.

Scott Act elections will take place in Elgin, Lambton and Middlesex counties and the city of St. Thomas to-day.

The Scott Act people of Simcoe County are preparing to enforce the Act which goes into effect at that county on the 1st of May, in the most thorough manner.

The Bruce Herald thus aquires:—"The M. D.'s of this county have decided to make a charge for each certificate given to the applicant who requires to purchase liquor for medical purposes." And why shouldn't they pray? Haven't you generally been accustomed to paying for medical prescriptions?

General Grant is dying. So the doctors tell us, and all agree that the excessive use of tobacco is the sole and only cause of his early demise. This is a painful fact and ought to be a lesson to the young men of the country, some of whom are trying so hard to learn to be smokers. Had General Grant never learned to be a smoker he would not to-day be on the verge of an untimely grave. Few men have ever stood out before the world as prominently as has General Grant.—*The Leader.*

Crowded and bad work.

Halton Assizes.

The assizes for the County of Halton were held at the Court House, Milton, on Tuesday, 10th inst., Hon. Chief Justice Wilson presiding. There was no criminal business brought before the Grand Jury, and they were discharged.

The first case called was the Queen v. George W. Black, of which there was a true bill found at the last Assizes, "for that George Washington Black on the first day of August, 1881, at Oakville, did unlawfully and without lawful excuse, point a fire-arm, to wit, a pistol at Mrs. Ellen Walsh, against the form of Statute." The jury failed to arrive at a verdict after deliberating four hours and were discharged.

Queen v. Bennett.—In this case a true bill was found against John Bennett, of Acton, by the Grand Jury at the last Assizes, on an information made by Geo. W. Black, against Bennett for obstructing him in the discharge of his duty, the execution of a search warrant for liquor. The jury found that Bennett had assaulted Black while in the discharge of his duty, but that it had not been proved that the search warrant had been issued under oath as required by statute. Judgment was reserved.

A couple of civil cases of little importance were decided, thus finishing the business of the Court.

Limehouse Sparks.

From our own correspondent. An exceedingly cold snap here to-day. Many eyes were turned towards the sun to-day watching the eclipse through smoked glasses.

Mr. Haubly a revivalist is assisting in the revival service in the Methodist church.

The Young People's Literary Society, which was postponed last Monday evening on account of the storm, met to-night in the Presbyterian church in the sixth lane.

Quite a number of the little children are laid tip with colds, which are so prevalent this winter.

Rev. Alex. Warren was here visiting friends last week.

Mr. Parsons and a few others are steadily and constantly applying themselves to the checkers. What about the "match" that was to have come off.

The lime kilns here formerly belonging

Mrs. Moore Gowdy and Fargular, as well as the Smith kilns next door, have passed into other hands. A joint stock company now controls them. We hear that Mr. John Moore has been appointed manager and overseer of all the kilns. There is some talk of Fargular's kilns being used only in case of a rush. We hope it will not necessitate the removal of any of the men from Limehouse.

Mar. 10, 1885.

RODE.

A sentence containing every letter in the English alphabet, and a favorite with writing masters, is: "A quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog."

CANADA GLOVE WORKS.

The Largest Glove Business and the Finest Glove Factory in Canada.

ACTION PROUD TO POSSESS THEM.

Numerous are the instances among the business men of our acquaintance in which energy, enterprise, integrity, and close application to business, combined with an intelligent appreciation of the needs of the public, have led to success. The success of the "Glove Factory" in Wellington County, thus addresses its many readers in a lengthy and well written editorial on Tuesday:—"All around the wave is sweeping the whiskey shops out of existence. In a very brief period every place will be on an equality, and prohibition will be general. Let it not be said that Wellington, famous as one of the most advanced counties in agriculture and in mechanics, in intelligence and morality, shall lag behind in this important matter. Surely, since Kent, with its large French and colored population, rolled up a majority of 2,000, Wellington can exceed it by 1,000. But there is only one way in which such a result can be attained. It is by every voter going to the polls and faithfully doing his part. Whether he has been called on or not by others more enthusiastic than himself there is a plain duty before him. A great question of right or wrong, a question of the amelioration of human misery against the continuation of a traffic which has caused and is causing the ruin and degradation of thousands annually is before him. No Anti-Scott Act sophistry can evade this plain presentation of the case."

The success of this establishment is principally due to the general supervision given the business, by the senior partner, Mr. W. H. Storey, and not the slightest detail in any department is neglected or fails to receive his personal oversight. The spirit of enterprise which has continually characterized their movements, and the various departments are superintended as follows:—General office work, Mr. W. A.

Storoy, assisted by Mr. W. Stark; manu-

facturing department, Mr. Alex. Secord;

shipping department, Mr. A. E. Nocklin;

stock room, Mr. T. E. M. Secord; operating department, Miss Maggie Kennedy. In

the busy seasons of Spring and Fall, from

400 to 600 hands are employed and about

100 machines are in operation.

The business extends from British Col-

umbia to the Maritime Provinces, and the

staff of wholesale travelling salesmen is:

For the Eastern section, Messrs. W. T.

Smyth, G. C. Clark, Geo. Goulding and H.

A. Denars. For the West, Messrs. W. D.

Pierce, R. Crane and C. Selwood.

The trade, and public generally, are so

well acquainted with the excellent class of

goods manufactured here, that no descrip-

tion at our hands is necessary. Suffice it

to say that over 200 different lines of goods

are manufactured, ranging in quality from

the heaviest chopper's stoggs to the finest

imported kids and fur goods, and in price

from \$2.50 to \$96 per doz. The celebrated

"Napa" Buck Gloves and Mitts are special

goods with this firm and they control their

exclusive manufacture in Canada.

The business was established by Mr. W.

H. Storey in a comparatively limited way

in 1868. The obstacles to success were

numerous and discouraging at first, and

required more than an ordinary amount of

patience, judgment and determination to

overcome them; these qualities were forth-

coming, however, in the founder of the

business, and while hundreds of men who

had launched into new businesses have

met with despairing failure, Mr. Storey

pushed his to greater success than

his most sanguine expectation ever imagined

out, and from a small business at first,

manufacturing only the coarser grades of

gloves and mitts, it has grown to be one of

the foremost manufacturers in America,

and is competent to compete successfully

with the finest imported manufacturers.

In the basement is situated the boiler,

pump, steam heating apparatus and the

machinery. Here also the block cutting,

and finishing is performed and the

famous "Eureka" springs manufactured,

and here the heavy leathers and fenders are stored. The first floor is occupied with

the private and general offices, the shipping

department and work-distributing and

receiving room. The sewing machine

operators monopolize the second floor, and

the third is devoted to the table cutters,

waxed thread work, and the storage of Kid,

Kappa and fine and imported leathers generally.

A flight of stairs leads from this floor

to the flat roof above from whence a magnificient view of Acton and surrounding country for miles is obtainable.

This is the principal manufactory in our

municipality, both in point of value of

goods manufactured and in the employ-

ment of labor. It distributes annually

among its employees, and thence to the

tills of our merchants and business men

over \$25,000 and for this reason it is looked

upon as supplying a good number of impor-

tant sections in the back bone of our enterprising and attractive little town.

Mr. W. H. Storey is an "Acton" man

in the true sense of the term. He has

been closely associated with every public

improvement connected with the municipali-

ty, and his name has ever been to lead

and not to follow. His name is well known

to all who are interested in the welfare of

our community. He is a man of great

energy and ability, and has done much for

the welfare of our town.

The cost of the building, complete with

steam and water fixtures, was \$11,000.

The various mechanics employed in the

erection and completion are as follows:—

Carpenter work, Thomas Ebbage, Acton,

Mr. Ebbage also acted as general super-

intendent of the work throughout, and to him

is due a little credit for the fine external

and internal appearance of the edifice.

Brick work, A. Edwards, Toronto; Stone

work, W. H. Robson, Toronto; Plastering

J. Anderson, Acton; Roofing, Messrs.

Forges, Toronto; Tinsmithing, G. Havel,

Acton; Steam fitting, R. W. King, George-

George.

MISCELLANEOUS.

When the blood is loaded with impurities,

and moves sluggishly in the veins, an alter-

ative is needed, as this condition of the

body cannot last long without serious

results. There is nothing better than

Ayer's Sarsaparilla to purify the blood, and

impart energy to the system.

If you want a nobly, durable and cheap

spit, J. Fyle's is the place to go.

Dr. Ayer's is the place to go.

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