

# The Free Press.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 17, 1882.

## The Egyptian Difficulties.

Nothing of importance has transpired in connection with the war in Egypt during the past week except the arrival of General Wolseley on Tuesday. It is rumored that Gen. Wolseley found the British bases in Egypt more serious than had been supposed. It is stated that the war office has ordered 8,000 additional troops to get ready to proceed to Egypt immediately to take the place of the sick and wounded.

## The Voters' List.

The Voters' list for 1882 has been issued. Every man entitled to vote should see that his name is properly on the list before the time expires for correcting the same. All men are fallible and mistakes will sometimes occur. An opportunity is always given to correct them out and correct them, and the voter who finds himself disfranchised at election time must blame himself for neglecting to see that he is properly on the list. A copy is posted up in the clerk's office where every taxpayer is at liberty to examine it.

## Patronize Home Industries.

The above is a motto used at one time or another by every man engaged in business. The merchant, the manufacturer, the producer, each wishes his fellow citizens to patronize home industries so far as purchasing his wares is concerned. But this patronage, if it be observed on only one side, is nothing more or less than a farce. And that this one-sided patronage is carried on to a considerable extent is a fact plain to any person who will give the matter a little consideration. A merchant who lives by the patronage of the town and surrounding country goes to Hamilton or Guelph to purchase a carriage or organ or piano, or Toronto to purchase an article of jewelry or knit of furniture. The merchant's wife purchases her silks and silverware in the city, with money obtained from the town trade. And so throughout the whole list. The principle is both wrong and short-sighted. Every article purchased outside the town—which could have been obtained at home—decreases the aggregate trade of the community and results in a loss to each individual member thereof, the purchaser excluded. The money spent in an outside town is gone, but if spent within the corporation it would circulate again among the people and benefit trade to that extent. The sooner this principle is applied to Acton the sooner will our commercial prosperity be increased. Let every citizen do his part to introduce a new order of things.

## Live Stock and Crop Reports.

The Report of the Bureau of Industries for August contains statistics of the live stock of the Province as returned by school section districts and tabulated by counties and county groups. It also reviews the condition of crops on the 1st of the month, the progress of buying and harvesting operations at that date, farm labor and the rate of wages, and the state of pastures and live stock in relation to meat supply and dairy produce.

Throughout the western half of the Province fall wheat has been remarkably heavy, but it has not escaped the dangers incident to a late season of ripening. Owing to the occasional rain storms, the crop lodged badly in many localities just as the grain was beginning to harden. As a consequence the sample is not generally as good as was looked for.

Spring wheat in the eastern half of the Province, where it is extensively grown, gives promise of an abundant harvest, but in some districts it is being attacked by the nidge, the Hessian fly and rust.

There is a large area under oats, and the crop is reported good all over. The estimates of correspondents range from 35 to 60 bushels per acre. Peas are a good crop in all the northern counties, but elsewhere they have been injured by the blight.

Barley is everywhere a heavy crop and a large acreage has been grown, especially in the links Ontario and East Midland counties.

The fruit crop is poor in all the best fruit-growing districts. There will not be more than half a crop of apples. Peaches and plums are almost a total failure, pears and grapes are fairly good.

J. E. McGarvin's Drug Store, Acton, Ont., for Drugs, Stationery, Dye

and such fruit alone is abundant. The statistics of live stock are as complete as they could be obtained. No estimates have been made of thoroughbred horses for sections for which returns were not received, owing to the difficulty of finding an average. It is certain that the fall number has not been reported, but it is almost equally certain that some animals entered in the scales of farmers as thoroughbreds would never obtain registration in a Herd Book. Following are the returns for the Province and for the County of Halton:

HOSES.	THE PROVINCE.	THE COUNTY.
Working horses	32,461	8,114
Breeding horses	7,165	912
Unbroken horses	10,905	1,136
CATTLE:		
Thoroughbred	63,297	629
Working Oxen	14,542	253
Under 1 year	1,064	25
Stall cattle over 2 years	27,961	2,524
Other cattle	67,703	8,835
Total milch cows, all breeds	67,707	8,834
" cattle & horses & breeds	16,822	3,163
SWINE:		
Coarse weaned, 1 year & over	94,576	12,016
" under 1 year	6,062	1,225
Fine weaned, 1 year & over	18,022	2,137
" under 1 year	12,404	1,567
POULTRY:		
One year and over	277,495	9,250
Under one year	609,589	26,569
ROBINS:		
Number of turkeys	317,754	7,115
" geese	338,925	9,493
" other fowls	1,431,920	3,637
TOTAL.....	1,000,130	100,000

## Scot Act Trials.

The liquor cases which were adjourned from last week, were tried here yesterday before W. H. Young, Esq., P.M. The case against Mr. Welsh of Toronto, formerly of Oakville, resulted in being fined the sum of \$100 and costs for the second offence, the case against Mr. Zimmerman, of Burlington, was dismissed, there not being sufficient evidence to convict. Discharge in the case of Mr. McElroy, of the Brant House, Burlington, was reserved; while the case of Messrs. Cunningham, of Nelson, and Banton, of St. Anne, were adjourned until Saturday next at 9 o'clock a.m., Milton, N.Y.

(We have been unable to learn the result of the trials of Saturday, but will give particulars next week.—Ed. Free Press.)

## Acton Village Council.

The village council met on Tuesday evening pursuant to adjournment. Present, Reeve Smith, in the chair, and Messrs. D. D. Christie, Paul Jarvis and D. W. Campbell.

Minutes of last meeting read and concurred.

The Finance Committee presented their twelfth report recommending payment of the following accounts:

Wm. Swackhamer, 2½ days work, \$4.69

John Matthews, 2 days work, 2.50

H. P. Moore, 200 copies Voters' List, printing cow notices, &c., 16.25

823 44

Moved by D. D. Christie seconded by P. Jarvis that the report as now read be adopted.—Carried.

Moved by D. D. Christie seconded by D. W. Campbell that the clerk be and is hereby authorized to notify Wm. Gurney, lamp lighter, that he is not carrying out his agreement with the corporation in lighting street lamps.

Carried.

Council then adjourned.

## The Railway Amalgamation.

At twelve o'clock on Friday night the Great Western Railway, which with all its branches has nearly a total length of 1,000 miles, became part and parcel of the Grand Trunk Railway, and is now swallowed up in the larger system, in accordance with the joint action of the two Boards of directors, through whom the amalgamation has been negotiated and who finally agreed to it some days ago. The Grand Trunk is now, practically, a monopoly of railway traffic in Ontario. The Globe says:—“The disappearance of the Great Western is a very serious injury to the large tract of country which formerly enjoyed the advantages of competition between the two lines. The public may now expect bigger freight and passenger rates, fewer trains, and less accommodation for local traffic. The Grand Trunk management has only its own interest to consult. Its most formidable competitor being out of the way, it would be hoping against hope where those whose business interests are now at it to expect greater consideration than that usually shown by monopolists in like circumstances.

Mother! Mother! Mother!! Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who did not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and comfort and health to the child, operating like a charm. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and is particularly pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Gold everywhere at 25 cents a bottle.

KIDNEY-WORT THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

It is for all the painful diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.

It cures the most dangerous disease that causes the dreadful eruptions which only a few years ago were called INCUBUS OF CASES.

It cures the worst forms of this terrible disease that have been known for many years.

PERFECTLY CURED.

Price, 50¢ per day, sold by druggists.

W.H. RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

KIDNEY-WORT

DRUGS, MEDICINES, & MEDICAL BOOKS.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, & MEDICAL BOOKS.