

THE FREE PRESS.

THURSDAY MORNING, Nov. 17, 1881.

OUR PAPER.

Our readers have no doubt noticed the improvements made in the FREE PRESS during the past month. A large quantity of new type has been introduced both in the reading matter and advertisements, and improvements are being added weekly by which our paper is becoming an interesting and attractive. The new type is smaller than the old, and the consequence is that we are thus enabled to give our readers more reading matter. With next issue we will commence the publication of a half sheet supplement, so that during the hilly season our subscribers will not be the losers—but gainers—by the increase of advertising space which is required at this time of the year. With this supplement the Free Press will give more reading matter and local news than any other paper in the country.

We might buy a stack of chronicals two or three cent each, and representing them as worth from fifty cents to two dollars, make our subscribers who did not know any better, believe that we were not only giving them a good paper but paying them to take it, but we prefer to let it stand or fall on its own merits, and we have no doubt whatever that it will hold its own without any cheap chicanery to entice people to become subscribers.

THE SNOW BY-LAW.

A large number of our citizens have neglected to remove the snow from the sidewalks, opposite their residences, after the storm of the past week. No doubt there are many persons now residing in the village who are not aware that there exists a by-law of this municipality compelling them to clear the sidewalks of snow by a certain hour after each snow storm, and for their information and benefit we publish it, as follows:—

1st. "That every occupant, and in case there is no occupant, the owner of every house, shop, building, lot or parcel of land, and every person having charge or care of any church, chapel, or public building, fronting or abutting on any public street or streets, or side-walks, shall, by ten o'clock, a.m., after every fall of snow, cause the snow to be entirely removed off the sidewalks opposite each house, church, chapel, shop, or other building, lot or parcel of land as aforesaid.

2nd. That in case the snow be not removed, or the sidewalks made safe and convenient, as hereinbefore provided, by ten o'clock, a.m., as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of any member of this Council, or of any person appointed by this Council for that purpose, to cause such snow to be removed at the expense of this Corporation, and to give information and prosecute such persons neglecting to remove the said snow as aforesaid, and in such case the fine to be imposed upon such persons offending shall not be less than the expense so incurred and costs.

3rd. That it shall be the duty of the constable to have snow opposite non-resident lots removed at the charge of this Municipality, and that this Municipality shall assess the owner of such lot or lots for said charge."

We trust that our citizens will endeavor to comply with the above; and not compel the constable to take action against them, as he has received instructions to enforce the by-law, in every case where it is not complied with.

Acton Village Council

The council met on Tuesday evening pursuant to adjournment. Reeve in the chair. Present, Messrs. D. Henderson, M. Speight and D. W. Campbell.

The Finance Committee presented their sixteenth report and recommended that the following accounts be paid:—

Chas. T. Hill, nails, \$11.50.
A. Matthews, repairing sidewalks, 2.00.
J. Dynes, building sidewalks, 80.
J. D. Dewar, preparing by-laws, 10.00.
Total, \$56.50.

Moved by D. Henderson, seconded by D. W. Campbell, that the report of the Finance Committee be adopted.

CARRIED.

Moved by D. Henderson, seconded by D. W. Campbell, that the resignation of W. H. Storey be accepted.

CARRIED.

Moved by M. Speight, seconded by D. W. Campbell, that the Reeve be instructed to go to Milton to get an affidavit of title of Mrs. Adams' pro-

perty offered for town hall site. CARRIED.

Moved by D. Henderson, seconded by M. Speight, that the Reeve and Councillor Campbell, Speight and Henderson be a committee to propose plans and specifications of Town Hall to James, Massey & Mallory, and lay the same before the council, and that the former committee be discharged. CARRIED.

Council then adjourned.

Chapter of Accidents.

Surrounded as we are by destructive agents, artificial as well as natural, the chapter of accidents necessarily occupies a large space in the record of physical suffering. But for the kind Providence that is a measure shielded mankind from the consequences of their own neglect, recklessness, and brutality, that chapter would be much longer than it is. Still, the number of human beings bruised, distorted, mutilated, and destroyed every year, by fortuitous causes is immense. Unfortunately the test is greatly augmented by unskillful treatment. Limbs are lopped off, amputations and distortion superinduced and perpetuated, and untold pain and sorrow inflicted, in thousands of cases where the application of the proper remedy would have prevented such lamentable consequences. "But," exclaims the inexperienced reader, "what is the proper remedy?" Every surgeon has his pet theory, his peculiar style of practice. The faculty disagree—who, then, is to be trusted? We answer, let the preponderance of testimony decide the question. That preponderance is in favor of Hollis' Ointment as the best and safest dressing for wounds, bruises, burns, scalds, and every species of external injury to which humanity is liable. We have examined this subject in two lights—the light of unquestionable evidence from foreign sources, and the light of personal experience. We find that during the campaign of the Crimea, both in the stationary hospitals at Gallipoli and Scutari and in the ambulances at the seat of war, the Ointment was used with the happiest effect as a dressing for sabre cuts, bayonet punctures, and gunshot wounds. This is history. The French and English surgeons admit the fact, and the governments of both nations have, we understand, authorized the purchase of large quantities of the preparation for army purposes.

But in addition to the proofs of its efficacy derived from abroad we have the testimony of our own senses. We know that it rapidly relieves the agony of contusions, cuts, dislocations, fractures, and other injuries of the fibrous tissue, bones, muscles, and integuments, allay the immediate inflammation, and prevent the fever which, under ordinary treatment, so frequently supervenes.

It has also been applied, in this region, with striking benefit, in cases of stiff joints and similar afflictions.

Our purpose in this article is to touch especially upon its unparalleled usefulness in all cases of injury arising from accidental causes, and to recommend that it be kept on hand wherever casualties of this kind are to be apprehended.

No western settler, no trapper by land or water, a railroad station, no steamboat's medicine chest, no family household should be without it.—*Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.*

DISTRICT DOINGS.

A batch of interesting items gathered from correspondents and exchanges, and written in particular form for the benefit of our readers.

—Street lamps were lit for the first time in Elora on Saturday night.

—Messrs. Blagden & Wilds, (Mr. Wilds formerly of this village) proprietors of the Listowel glove factory, have finally decided to remove to Berlin.

—Messrs. Gowdy & Moore, Limehouse, purchased a few days ago, a valuable strip of pine land, containing 15 acres, from Mr. J. B. Bessey, for \$2,000.

—The Brocklebank farm of 200 acres, in the Township of Esquerring, was sold last week, under order of the Court of Chancery, to the Learmonth Brothers, Brampton, for the sum of \$10,500.

—A conductor, for threatening to remove a passenger on the Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway, who offered a return ticket which had expired the day previous, was fined by the magistrate \$5 for assault.—*Guelph Mercury.* This is as it should be. Railroad conductors shouldn't try to exercise too much authority because they sometimes have the chance.

—Thieves broke into Robertson's flouring mill on Tuesday night and carried off two bags of flour. The sounders pitched the bag right through the window, breaking the sash and glass. We would again warn the people of the necessity of keeping a sharp lookout about their premises, and see that doors and windows are securely fastened, as it is well known that a gang of thieves infest the town—Oakville Standard.

—Thomas Millar, at one time a produce buyer on the Guelph market, was found drowned in the River Speed on Saturday morning. He is supposed to have been under the influence of liquor, and fallen into the river while crossing a dilapidated bridge which spans the river where his body was found. The Hamilton Spectator

says—"A railing had been put on the bridge, when a Miller fell over to his death, but nothing more will be heard of the Hurkison street railway crossing bridge or tunnel till another man is killed there."

—Whispering a communication in last issue of the Oakville Standard, we could not but wonder what standard was aimed at. When the editor will allow an anonymous correspondent to brand our County Teachers' Association a "Black of Iniquity," our County Model School "a useless affair," and to make an inference to the effect that our esteemed and respected County Inspector was bought by the gift of a gold watch to become a ready ready to carry out the designs of the association by protecting its members, to the detriment of other would-be teachers, then we must conclude that the standard aimed at is a very low and disgraceful one, indeed. Had there been any previous charges whatever, either public or private, against either the County Teachers' Association, Model School, or Inspector; or, had the correspondent written over his own name, the case would have been different, and the editor of the Standard perhaps justified in admitting the communication to his columns.

Massachusetts News.

From our own correspondent.

Messrs. Black Bros., well known in Massachusetts, have bought a ranch of 150 acres for \$3,500 in Montana. They have been living at Helena in that territory.

A number of "Charvari Boys," of Campbellville, have left the village in order to escape justice. We understand that a number of them have been summoned to appear before the magistrate.

Rev. H. H. McPherson has accepted the call to Halifax, and will preach his farewell sermon here on the first Sun day of December.

Prof. Cadieux, the renowned French lecturer, is expected to lecture here in December.

NED.

THE GRAVE.

McLELLAN.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willie, son of Mr. James McLellan, aged 3 years and 6 months.

CAMERON.—On Sunday the 13th inst., the infant son of Rev. M. C. Cameron, B.D., Milton, aged 2 weeks and 4 days.

—WILLIS.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 13th inst., the infant son of Rev. M. C. Cameron, B.D., Milton, aged 2 weeks and 4 days.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the 19th inst., Willis, son of Mr. James Willis, aged 6 years and 5 months.

—WILSON.—In Acton, on the