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Acton Free Press
T. ALBERT MOORE, EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1878.

Now is the time to Subscribe and pay your Subscriptions for the Free Press.

Editorial Notes.

Sir Garnet Wolseley has arrived in Cyprus.

The Queen has invested Earl Beaconsfield with the Order of the Garter.

It is now asserted that the Imperial Parliament will not be dissolved this year.

The first Russian movement for the evacuation of Roumelia is expected to take place six weeks hence.

The German Government has repealed the order recently published prohibiting the exportation of horses.

The Porte is about to appeal to the Powers for aid to develop the resources of what remains of the Ottoman Empire.

The trade returns of the port of Toronto for the year ending June 30th were: Exports, $3,123,776, being more than double the amount of the previous year.

Another revolution has broken out in Hayti in favor of Gen. Manxis Nord. The rising was suppressed after a sharp fight between the Government and insurgent troops.

A disastrous hurricane prevailed at the West Indian Island of St. Thomas on the 9th and 10th inst., followed by an earthquake. Several dwellings were levelled and ten persons badly injured.

A royal proclamation has been issued in Cyprus declaring the interest taken by the Queen in the welfare of the island. A mixed commission will shortly be appointed to deal with the cop plicated land question.

The Massachusetts State Bureau of Statistics of Labor is busy in making an investigation for the purpose of ascertaining, as nearly as possible, the actual number of persons that are unemployed. It is believed that the result will prove that the number of unemployed has been greatly overestimated.

Another legal opinion is published in Montreal with respect to the Secret Societies Act. It points out that that Act like all others passed by the Council of Lower Canada in 1837, would go out of force in November, 1842, unless it had subsequently been renewed, which does not appear to have been the case. It is further contended by this authority that the insertion of the Act in the Consolidated Statutes would hardly have the effect of reviving it.

Italy is in the dumps because Great Britain has obtained complete control of the Mediterranean by her acquisition of the Island of Cyprus. Her idea is that her naval power in that sea will be overshadowed by that of England, which was already the case, Malta and Gibraltar, the key to the outlet being already in her possession. Some of the disappointed people are beginning to endeavor to make out that Great Britain's conduct was marked by duplicity, but had that been the case it had been competant for their own plenipotentiaries to protest.

The accounts from the various fishing grounds received during the past week are all exceptionally favorable. From Newfoundland we hear that the present is expected to prove the best fishing season that has been for many years. The Labrador fisheries have turned out satisfactory, the catch being much earlier than usual. Reports from the Magdalen Islands say that the fisheries continue good on the inshore banks, and that quantities of small mackeral were found in Pleasant Bay. The waters near Point des Monts are swarming with porpoises, and the salmon and cod fishing are exceptionally good a little below the same point.

J. E. McGarvin, druggist, Acton.

The Emperor William has left Berlin for Babelsberg.

According to the Telegram it would appear that the British Cabinet has decided not to prorogue Parliament until next year. This may possibly be in view of the fact that, the conference being over, it has been deemed best to ascertain to what contingencies the Berlin Treaty and that providing for the cession of Cyprus may give rise. The Austrian papers are, it is said, warning Italy of the danger of playing with fire, and thus Italy at present appears to be almost alone in her complaints against the Treaty, save and except that in France the Radicals have protested against it in the person of Gambetta, and in unsettled France there is scarcely knowing to what she may not be worked up, and already it is stated that the convention with Turkey has made a serious strain upon French and English amity.

—Ice Cream at C. W. HILL's.

Robbery in Napanee.

NAPANEE, July 20.—Sometime during last night the store of J. N. Lupum, dry goods merchant, etc., at Centreville, was broken into, the safe blow open, and the contents, consisting of $1,600 in notes, a $500 cheque on the Merchants' Bank of Napanee, and about $200 in cash, carried away. The robbers effected an entrance by breaking open the back door of the store, and proceeding to the safe drilled a large hole, and charged it with powder sufficient to blow the whole front out and displace the safe six inches from the wall where it stood. Mr. Lupum is County Treasurer and also Treasurer of the Orange and Masonic Lodges, and often has large sums of money on hand, but fortunately had paid out and deposited the balance of the funds on hand in the bank a few days ago, or the robbers would have made a much larger haul. The safe was a very large one, of American manufacture. The police have some clue, and are looking after two strangers who visited the store the day previous, no doubt for the purpose of taking observations. Payment of the cheque and notes has been stopped.

Montreal Business.

Western Retailers will not deal there.

The business community are agitated by the action of a large number of Western retailers who are withdrawing custom and cancelling orders given, from a number of wholesale men here from resentment on account of the termination of the 12th troubles. The matter is referred to in the *Witness*, but the facts there are understated. Your correspondent knows one boot and shoe firm, the senior partner of which is a Catholic in no way mixed up in the late troubles, who has got three large orders cancelled within two days, besides smaller ones.

Mr. Mullarky has taken particular care to inform the public that he was not the Mullarky that was mixed up in the squabble, yet he is suffering. One traveller for a Catholic house returned from a fruitless trip stating that he was snubbed all along the line. Even Protestant houses are not exempt, as the following letter received by one will show.

BETHANY, Ont., July 16.

GENTS,—We of Ontario are determined not to buy from Montrealers, unless they are good men and true, since the infamous conduct of certain parties on the 12th, and until ample justice and British liberty is established there. Get your circular. This is the beginning.

ROBERT KENNEDY.

It is presumed from the number of such letters received, that the Orangemen and friends in the west have agreed upon this policy.

Toronto Lacrosse Club has successfully withstood an attack upon its possession of the champion flag, winning the first, third and fourth games from the Montreal Club, in the match played in Toronto on Saturday afternoon.

The heated term at St. Louis, according to the *Globe-Democrat*, has proved that the safest way to prevent sunstroke is to abstain from the use of intoxicants. It says:—"Of the total cases of *coup de soleil* reported there were but a very few which could not be traced to the use of stimulants." In the last Arctic expedition it was shown that total abstainers from intoxicants could best stand the cold; the heated term has shown that those most easily effected by the hot weather are those who indulge in stimulants, and scientific investigation goes to show that the use of intoxicating beverages to the smallest extent is injurious to the healthy system; but how comparatively few act as if they believed it!

J. E. McGarvin, druggist, Acton

KILLED ON THE TRACK.

A Woman comes to Acton, from Limehouse to purchase Goods, and is run over by the Cars While Going Home.

The Body Fearfully Mutilated.

Liquor the Cause.

On Saturday morning last about six o'clock, the news spread around town that a woman had been killed on the track, about half a mile below Acton. It appears that Miss Catharine McAlpine, came to Acton, on the 5:17 train, to purchase an iron pot, some cotton, and several other articles, and return home on the 9:30 train. After arriving at the hotel, in Acton she met a person named Edmundson, whom she asked to have a drink After drinking she went down town, made her purchases, and returned to the Hotel, where she met another person, known as Prof. Cripps, with whom she had several drinks. After a short time she, in company with Cripps, who was also going to Limehouse, made their way to the Grand Trunk Station, he (Cripps) having told her that if she would go with him he would purchase her ticket. They went to the Station, where they had several pulls from a bottle of whiskey which she had with her. It appears that they proceeded from the station to Green street, where they were seen about 9 o'clock by Mr. John McConnell. After this nothing is known about her until she was found the next morning about 5 o'clock, on the track a short distance below the station, by Wm. Auckland, miller at Tolton's mills, who was going to work. He returned to the station and informed the night operator, Mr. Wallace, who immediately got her placed in the freight house. The head and arms which were on the south side of the track, were completely severed from the body and legs, which lay between the rails. Coroner Freeman was immediately telegraphed for.

THE CORONERS' INQUEST met at 1:30 p. m. on Saturday. After the jurors were sworn in, they retired to the station to view the body of the deceased, and then to the place where the accident occurred. The inquest was resumed at 3:30 o'clock. The first witness was

Prof. Ezra A Cripps, gentleman, sworn, said,—I happened accidentally at Mr. Campbell's Hotel, on Friday evening, and this woman, Catharine McAlpine, came in; she was carrying a good deal of stuff with her; I purposed going to the Rock; she told me that was where she lived; I helped her carry the goods to the station, chatting with her while there. I first met her about 7 o'clock; could not say what time we were at the station; I saw her drinking liquor, not spirituous liquor; she had liquor with her, in a bottle; did not see her buy the liquor; she had about a pint and a half; per book of 8 freely myself; there was a man with a cloth over his eyes at Campbell's, with the woman. She had with her one of those pot kettles white inside, and a basket full of other stuff. I never saw her before; she said she was going to the Rock, and I said we could go together. While at Campbell's, she asked for brandy two or three times, but she got water impregnated with Morey's Bitters. Mrs. Campbell made up the mixture; I was perfectly sober. She did all the treating; treated twice; she was very much intoxicated when I saw her. She poured liquor into the tin cup at the station, out of the bottle she had with her; I put away a good deal, she did not drink so much, but she took her share. I left her at the station a little before 9 o'clock. I don't remember any more. The next morning I found myself on the green opposite Williamson Ramshaw's house. I think I had been sleeping; met John Shaw, Campbell's hostler, first thing in the morning; he asked me had I heard what had happened; I said, no, what's wrong; He said, didn't you hear about that girl getting killed. I said, what girl; he said, that girl you were with last evening, and he told me, everybody knew of the accident; did not hear anyone say she had been drinking; good whiskey was in the bottle; I left her sitting on the bench inside the station; do not remember any one (particularly) being in the station with her. Every body knows Prof Cripps.

Wm. Auckland, miller, sworn, said—I was walking down the track this morning about 5 o'clock, when I found the woman lying on the track; she had been run over by the train; immediately I found her I went back to the station, and reported to Robt. Wallace that she was dead; as there was a freight train leaving the station, I got it stopped, and went down slowly with it to where the body lay; the conductor and one of the brakemen lifted the body off the track. Wallace went down on train; I went to my work at Tolton's. Found the body lying about north and south, head and shoulders outside, body and legs between the rails. I saw her before but do not know her, saw her sitting on the stoop at Campbell's hotel and she was incapable of walking straight. Found three biscuits on the track about 400 yards below the body; think it was the 3:35 train that killed her.

J. E. McGarvin, druggist, Acton

Thos. Stewart, tinsmith, sworn, said—Miss McAlpine was in my tinshop and bought a tin pail and an enamel pot; she did not pay for the things; could not say whether she was intoxicated or not; C Hill sold the articles.

Thomas Campbell, sworn, said—I was out pitching quoits when she was at my house Friday evening; she was under the influence of liquor when she came; was in bed when my wife told me the woman was killed.

Robert Wallace, telegraph operator, sworn, said—I first saw Miss McAlpine about 8 o'clock, she came to the station with Cripps; both were under the influence of liquor; they left the station about 9 o'clock. Mr. Auckland came up to one of the trainmen, about 5, telling him a woman was killed on the track; the driver pulled slowly down to the spot; I went down in the engine; saw the body on the track; the section men brought the body up to the station.

J. E. McGarvin, druggist, Acton

The inquest was adjourned until Monday, that the evidence of engineers Marks, Stewart and others might be obtained.

Inquest resumed on Monday.

Robt. Edmundson, laborer, sworn, said—I saw Miss McAlpine about 6 o'clock, Friday evening, at Campbell's Hotel; she was alone; she asked me to have a drink of beer; went into hotel and had a glass; don't know what she took; after this she went down town and made her purchases; when she came back she told me that she would go down in the train with me; while at Campbell's, Cripps came and persuaded her to go with him; they started off together; she wasn't sober; Cripps didn't seem very drunk; Didn't see her after that.

W. P Marks, engineer, sworn, said,—Don't know anything about this case. An engineer of passenger train going East about 3:15 a. m., saw no one on the track. After leaving Acton kept steam on till near the semiphore, then I shut steam off; saw something on the track, took it to be the remains of a young calf; it was not daylight, and couldn't see very plain; didn't see anything else till I got to Georgetown; could see a distance of 150 yards; couldn't stop on that grade in less than 300 yards; not likely feel train running over any thing unless some hurt subsequently came in contact with the wheels.

John McDonnell, laborer, sworn, said—saw some woman and man sitting on sidewalk near tank house on mill street, about 9 o'clock on Friday evening; about quarter of an hour after I saw them again on Green street, near Mr. Ramshaw's gate; thought the two man was Prof. Cripps; did not know the woman.

James Sewart, engineer, sworn, said—was on No. 2 passenger train going west, on Friday night; didn't see any one on track; moon was not very bright; could only see far as head lights; didn't feel engine going over anything; if engine went over any thing I am sure I could feel it; there was no blood on the engine when she was inspected in Stratford.

Isabella McAlpine, sworn, said—am sister of the deceased, live at Limehouse; sister left home about 5 o'clock on Friday night, to come to Acton; she was sober at the time; she told me if she did not come home before dark, not to be uneasy, she would be down on the train; went to meet train when it came in, but she did not come; walked up the track as far as Andrew Scott's, on 4th line, thinking she would be coming; not meeting her I returned home and went to bed; got up about 5 o'clock, and walked up the track to Acton; when near the place of the accident I saw a number of men; Dr. McGarvin asked me if that was my sister; I said it was; picked up bottle and emptied out the liquor; don't know Cripps; she appears to be just as she left home except her shoes and stockings; her stockings were new; her shoes had been worn about two weeks; when found she had no stockings on and only one shoe was found.

Dr. McGarvin, sworn, said—The Constable came to my place about six o'clock, and said a woman was killed on the track; went down to the place and saw the body, but did not particularly examine it.

The jury returned a verdict as follows:—

We, the jury, after hearing the evidence touching the death of Catherine McAlpine, find "that the said Catherine McAlpine was killed on the the evening of the 19th inst., or the morning of the 20th inst., by being run over by a train on the Grand Trunk Railway, while under the influence of liquor."

Splendid Crop Prospects

The following from the Montreal *Commercial Review* has been handed to us with the request that we will publish it. It shows that the crop in the States is equal to what they are in Canada.

"According to authorities from all parts of the Union, the promise of growing crops throughout the vast and productive expanses of the Great Republic was never more encouraging. From New Jersey to California, from Texas to Maine, every State, with the single exception, it is said, of Colorado, reports the most brilliant prospects for the yielding of every description of food for man and beast, as well as such luxuries as grapes and tobacco. From tobacco to timothy grass, from peaches to potatoes, there is, we are assured, a nearly unanimous verdict that throughout the length and breadth of the land this will be a veritable year of plenty. There is an enormous increase of acreage under wheat, and a magnificent crop is anticipated from the cereal growing States of Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska and Minnesota. The fears expressed in some quarters that more grain will be raised than can be marketed are born of the very intoxication of coming abundance. In other words, wheat will be so cheap that it will not pay the cost of a long haul carriage, so we presume it may again be used instead of wood, just as in some out-of-the-way parts of Spain, sherry has served for purposes of irrigation, because it was more plentiful than water. This is an excellent look-out for the great world of commerce, and, considering how straightened these have been by a general reduction of profits, wages, and the opportunities of making a living of any sort, cheap food will be decidedly a boon. It is a commonplace of economic experience that abundant harvests speedily revive in lustre by the stimulus they give to expenditure of every kind. To make things even brighter still it should be added that the promise of harvest is almost equally good in Europe as in America. But then there is the possible "cataclysm," which would be all the more deadly if the crops were abundant. To risk is not strange to the English agriculturalist, for he is always exposed to it, and sometimes, when Ireland gets the friendly umbrellas effectively than usual, his harvests are miserably meagre. Oddly enough, too, a deluge, not a drought, is the danger which seems most imminent this year, for there are unpleasant symptoms of a superabundance of moisture this side the Atlantic. Fortunately, however, the States are so wide that uniformity of climate and by consequence of crops is almost impossible, and while one region may be drenched another may merely be sprinkled by the passing clouds. So the cataclysm contingency may doubtless be dismissed as a bugbear fit only for "rogues in grain," and not likely even to trouble any of them except the more ignorant who forget how the area of production has widened with the years and half a dozen different climates contribute to ripen what we want."

The Grimsby Camp Temperance Meeting.

The great international temperance demonstration held on the Grimsby Camp Grounds, on Thursday, 18th inst., was a success unqualified, vast crowds of people from all parts of Western Ontario being conveyed by rail and boat to the camp grounds, where extensive preparations were made for their accommodation. The natural attractions of the grounds were much appreciated by the visitors, who thoroughly enjoyed themselves in rambling through the woods and glades during the intermissions.

The proceedings were opened by a scriptural reading and prayer by Rev. Mr. Palmer.

The chairman followed in a brief address urging international unanimity in the suppression of the liquor traffic.

Prof. Foster, of Fredericton, N.B., delivered an able historical address, proving that in times past moral suasion had always been crippled by legal enactment. All law, he held, was founded on the principle that the majority rules the minority in matters of welfare. So he considered that prohibition was legal and justifiable.

Hon. Frank Lethal, U.S. Consul at Hamilton, spoke of the scriptural use of the word "wine," which in thirty eight instances in the Bible, where it was mentioned approvingly, was unfermented, and in the many instances where its use was condemned was fermented.

Rev. Ezra Haskell held that the Gospel was the only means of reform available for the drunkard, and deprecated the effeminate style of temperance work.

Hon. Senator Aikins advised all present to do their utmost to have the Temperance Act of 1878 adopted, containing, as it did, public opinion crystallized.

An adjournment was then made for dinner, during which a thunderstorm broke over the grounds and occasioned some discomfort. On resuming, the first speaker was

Mr. Francis Murphy, who on rising was the observed of all observers. He has a bold, striking, sympathetic presence, and as he tells the story of his life and labours unchains the attention of his hearers by the originality, fervour, and eloquence of his language. There is nothing mawkishly sentimental or hysterically self-condemnatory in his relation of his coming up from the depths. On the contrary while nothing extenuating, he uses his experience more as landmarks, recognizable by his fellow men, from which to direct a proper course. His speech was the speech of the day, but will not bear condensation; besides, he is likely to appear in Toronto to speak during the autumn, and all will then have an opportunity of hearing one of the most remarkable men of the age.

Mrs. Youmans followed, and pleaded for the woman and children now suffering from the upas tree of a father's intemperance. She highly approved of the Temperance Bill of 1878, and believed it to be a great advance on the Dunkin Act.

Mr. D. Millar, Grand Worthy Patriarch of the Sons of Temperance, said that through their influence three million people had taken the pledge.

Mr. McConkey spoke of the work in which he was engaged, and which now has 35,000 supporters in reformed men.

The proceedings were closed with prayer and religious exercise.

The Credit Valley Railway Crossing Near Woodstock.

A Struggle With G. W. R. Employees.

On Saturday afternoon at 2:30 p. m., the Credit Valley Railway proceeded to cross the Great Western Railway. Flags were out east and west, and all proceeded well till the arrival of No. 35 freight from the west, on the Great Western, the engine of which disconnected and blocked the track, and was soon reinforced by a train from the east. The Credit Valley men then held their own very well, and were not even overpowered upon the arrival of a train load of men from Hamilton. The fight rages at intervals with varying success. The sympathy of the people is with the Credit Valley. About 1,000 people were on the ground. No serious injuries were reported, with the exception that one of the Hamilton police struck an unoffending spectator, named John Vanlear, a violent blow on the head, and the latter is said to be in a critical condition. The Credit Valley say they are bound to cross, as they seem to have the sympathy of the crowd.

Yellow fever is raging at Havana and Matanzas, and a few cases have occurred at Key West.

The various Commissioners at the Paris Exposition have been officially notified of and invited to the International Exhibition at Melbourne in 1880.

One William Sheehan, of Fort Wayne, Ind., bet the other day that he could drink a pint of whiskey at one draught. His executor, subsequently appointed, decided that he could not do it.

The Hon. Edward Barron Chandler, of Dorchester, New Brunswick, one of Her Majesty's counsel learned in the law, is gazetted for Lieut.-Governor of the Province of New Brunswick, *vice* the Hon. S. L. Tilley, resigned.

It is a matter for sincere regret that the Canadian contingent at Wimbledon have not succeeded in carrying off the Kolapore cup, but upon the whole their shooting has done them all credit, their scores even in this competition having been larger than last year.

Mr. J. F. C. Hallin of Guelph whose leg was amputated at Elora a couple of months ago, was moving around a room in the Commercial Hotel, in Elora, on Friday, when he tripped and fell, striking the end of the stump on the floor, and re-opening the wound. This unfortunate accident will compel him to keep his room for the next month.

Wm. Paisley, an employee in the Galt saw works, was engaged in running a small circular saw, and while so doing a sliver from a board which he was sawing became in some way detached, and was thrown, point first, with great force towards Paisley, striking him in the left side, about half way up the ribs, and penetrating to a depth of two or three inches. He is recovering.

It is understood that the members of the Supreme Grand Orange Lodge of British North America recently assembled in Montreal, have decided to raise a fund of $10,000 to test the legality of the order in the Province of Quebec. It is their intention to push matters to a speedy issue, to bring the case before the privy council in England as soon as possible.

CANADIAN LOYALTY.—A London *Times* editorial on the Wimbledon meeting says: "We have been reminded by these events of the wide extent of our empire, and have witnessed a signal proof of the loyalty of some of the most distant dependencies of the Crown. The presence of the Canadian volunteers at Wimbledon has been felt to be more than usually significant. It strengthened and drew closer the bonds of brotherhood and loyalty." The Duke of Cambridge showed his recognition of the fact when in his speech to the Canadian riflemen he connected his visit to Wimbledon with the visit he recently paid to Malta to inspect the Indian Contingent."

DIED.

In Acton, on the 22nd inst., James, son of Robt. Anderson, aged 7 months.

Near Acton, on the 18th inst., the wife of James Robinson, aged about 54 years.

Near Acton, on the 20th inst. Catharine McAlpine, aged 26 years.

Drowned near Norval, on Saturday, the 20th inst., Mr. Samuel Ridgeway, farmer, of Esquesing, aged about 65 years.

The *Times* publishes an official paragraph denying that Lord Dufferin has consented to prolong his term of office as Governor-General of Canada, and announcing that he leaves Canada in September.

A struggle is going on at the point where the Credit Valley Railway should cross the Great Western near Woodstock, the efforts of the former Company's employees to cross the track of the latter being resisted by the Western employees.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNION EXCURSION
Thursday, Aug. 1st.
Civic Holiday
FOR BERLIN AND WATERLOO!
A grand excursion by Rail and Steamer to
VICTORIA PARK, SCARBORO' HEIGHTS
Per G. T. R. to Toronto, thence by Steamer F. B. Maxwell, to the famous pleasure grounds, Victoria Park, Scarboro' Heights.

Train leaves Waterloo at 6.30 a. m., arrives in Acton at 7.45, and arrives in Toronto at 9.30 a.m. The fare for the round trip from Acton will be 80 cents; children under 12, 50c. not exceeding the holiday to a full set.

BERLIN & PRESTON BANDS
Will accompany the Excursion.

Business men who may want to remain in the city can do so as their steamer ticket is good for any trip of the boat during the day.

Returning train will leave Toronto at 7.30 p.m. thus giving about 8 hours at the Park, or 10 hours in the city. R. W. WILLIAMS, Chairman of Com.
W. F. CHAPMAN, Secretary of Com.

Tickets can be obtained at the Free Press office, the Station, or from the Rev. Mr. Hobbs.

DO YOU WANT TO BUY A FARM

SEE THE LIST —OF— FARMS FOR SALE —IN THE— WEEKLY MAIL.
Parties wishing to Sell advertise there.
Parties Wishing to Buy, Read There.
Advertisements for Farms for Sale are inserted in the WEEKLY MAIL, 2 words for 25c. each insertion; each additional word 1c.
Advertisements for Farms for Sale are inserted in the DAILY MAIL, 20 words for 25c. each insertion; each additional word 1c.
Advertisements for Live Stock, the Loss of Stock, Implements, etc., Seed for Sale, Exhibitions, etc., inserted at the same rate.
Address MAIL, Toronto

EXECUTORS NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
The creditors of John Watson, the elder, late of the Township of Esquesing, in the County of Halton, deceased, who died on or about the 26th day of June, 1878, and all others having claims against his estate, are hereby notified to send to George S. Goodwillie, of Georgetown, in the County of Halton, the Solicitor of the Executors of the said deceased, on or before the First day of August next, their names, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them. The said executors will immediately after the last mentioned day, proceed to distribute the assets of the said John Watson, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall have received notice as aforesaid.
This notice being given under the provisions of the Statute, 29 Vic., cap. 28, Sec. 27, the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received as aforesaid, at the time of such distribution.
JOHN SHAW,
MICHAEL LAMB, } Executors.
Georgetown July 8th, 1878. 2-3t

SIX PIGS IN POUND.
If not immediately called for and expenses paid they will be sold.
2-3t R. ADAMS, Poundkeeper.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds neatly and promptly executed at the FREE PRESS OFFICE.
Next the Post Office Mill Street.

PLOW FACTORY OPENED.
The subscriber, having purchased the Acton Plow Works, is prepared to furnish Single and Double Frame Iron Plows, as well as the Boss Gang Plow, which has gained the reputation of being the best Gang Plow made, at the usual rates. All repairs done on the shortest notice and at the cheapest prices.
37-tf SYDNEY SMITH.

SHORT HORN BULL.
"Royal Beauford," dam, imp. "Lady Barnes," sire, imp. "Royal Oxford Gwynne," will serve cows on the farm adjoining the G.T.R., Acton. Terms, Pedigree Cows, $7.00; Grade Cows, $1.50, cash; $2.00, credit.
40-6m C. S. SMITH.

NOTICE.
Farmers, now is the time to improve your stock. The first prize bull, "Sir William Temple," III. (83) got by "Sir William Temple," [2206], dam Diana, by Red Prince [692] g. dam Annetta, by the Guelph Baron [339], 4119 g. g. dam Ann, by Patriot [525], will serve cows on the premises of the undersigned during the season. Terms to insure—Thorough-bred cows, $1.00 Grade cows, $1.50.
JOEL LESLIE,
41-3m* Lot No. 5, con 1, Erin.

ACTON
TIN WORKS.
Main Street, Acton.
WM. LEITH
Would respectfully call the attention of the public to his immense stock of
TINWARE, STOVES, &c.
which he is now selling
Very Cheap.
Having had an experience of many years, all orders for
Repairing and Eavetroughing
will be filled on the shortest notice, and in the best style.
Be sure and go to Leith if you want good
TINWARE
or a good job of Eavetroughing done.
Produce Taken in Exchange.
WM. LEITH, Proprietor.
Acton, March 29, 1877.

Photographs, Photographs.
Chas. W. Hill,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
Wishes to announce to his customers that he has added greatly to his former facilities for taking Pictures, and is now prepared to make Photographs second to none in the County and at prices to suit all.
In Picture Frames I keep a large and well selected stock. Also, a great variety of Mouldings of the latest design, which will be made to order on short notice. Give me a call.
32-6m CHAS. W. HILL.

FARMERS, STOP AND SEE Before You Further Go,
The Agricultural implement manufactured by the
MASSEY Manufacturing Co'y, NEWCASTLE,
for sale by
ELI SNYDER, ACTON,
viz:
Wood's Lawn Mower,
Akron Blue Leve Mower,
Conqueror Combined,
Sharp's Self-Dumping Rake,
Newcastle Harvester,
Horse Power [Pitt's],
Grain Crushers [geared]
Straw Cutters, etc.
The above cannot be surpassed by any other Machines made in the Dominion. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
April 25, 1878 3m

W. STEWART & CO
GUELPH
solicit special attention to
New, Cheap, Attractive and Fashionable Lines.
Our great specialties are
SILK JACKETS, - CHEAP
BLACK LUSTRES, - CHEAP
COLORED LUSTRES, CHEAP
SUN SHADES, - CHEAP
Silk Umbrellas Very Cheap.
Linen Costumes, we are offering decided bargains.
Cashmere Jackets, every price.
Corsets—Every size of our popular Adjustable Corset.
Gents' Furnishings, very attractive
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