Baker's Dozen

Pie - Humble And Otherwise

We of the North American contincet like to claim the pie our own special culinary achievement.

Apple pie and ice cream surely are

deeply-rooted in our menu traditions, but the fact remains that pie . . . apple or otherwise . . . had its birth in some ancient lakers' oven centuries before Columbus discovered this New Continent.

Those tender, flakey pies we choose today are believed to have had their origin in the fabulous Orient of long ago. Cream-filled tarts and rich pastries were flavorsome attractions at the bazzars of Cathay when the rest of the ancient world still struggled along on bread and

However, as the old cities of Persia and Arabia were principally market and trading centres, it didn't take long for their good eating ideas to spread to Rome, whose progres-sive bakers soon picked up the seerets of flakey pastry . . . "just like Mother Persia used to make."

Rome was one up on the rest of the western world in this respect as it was one of the few areas producing wheaten flour suitable for white bread and pastry. Roman gallies car-ried this fine flour across the seas in the path of Caesar's conquests and pastry recipes thus were introduced to Gaul, Britain and Iberia.

Roman banquets featured in those days a wide variety of pastry, in eluding light, fluffy patty shells and somewhat heartier dishes of huge, "singing bird" pies. This latter dish proved there's more truth than poetry in our old nursery rhyme about "four and twenty blackbirds baked in a

Rome-conquered Britain, beset as she was by fog, rain and political unrest, undoubtedly preferred this rib-sticking dish to feathery pastry shells and for many years left that lighter side of the bakers' art to continental Europe. To this day, when an Englishmen says "pie", he's usually referring to a pastry-covered meat dish. In his culinary dictionary, fruit and custard-filled pastry comes

under the heading of "tarts."

Pie was the dish of the day in Medieval England. In accordance with public demand, bakers in those days prepared their pies on a big scale. A favorite pie recipe consisted of venison stewed in ginger and covered with a thick pie crust, studded with dates. About the same time, the Crusaders, returning from the East, brought home the recipe for the fast, foroign nome the recept for England's first mince pie. This now famous desert had long been a fav-orite in the Orient where it took the form of a patty shell filled with fruit and nuts.

As eating habits become more refined, the smaller, more easily-di-gested pie appeared on feast day tables. The present-day tart . . . an tables. The present day tart . . an open-faced pastry shell filled with jam, fruit or custard . . . descended from the "Christmas Pie" made so famous by "Little Jack Horner." This pastry measured about three inches across and usually held a tempting filling of preserved fruit or mince meat.

The old saying about "eating hum the pie' derives from an eating custom of Medieval England. In that far-off time, the humble folk who sat "below the salt" at their Lord's table were served the poorer cuts of venison called "nombles." The :neat was disguised in a sort of stew with

And so it came about that the lessfavored dinner guest always ate "nomble pie" . . . a dish which fin-ally acquired its more appropriate title numble pie" and eventually evelved into an everyday expression of our 2th Century vocabulary.

How to Change Oak Finish to Mahogany

If you wish to change an oak finish to mahogany, remove the old finish with paint remover. Then eliminate any traces of wax that may have been left by the remover by thoroughly wiping the surface with mineral spirits of benzene, being very careful to keep the work away from fire or flame.

Stain with mahogany stain to de-sired depth of color. When the stain is thoroughly dry, thin paste wood filler with turpentine to the consistency thick cream and brush it on freely, working with the grain of the wood. After the shine has disappeared, rub thoroughly with a coarse cloth or excelsior to remove any surplus filler.

The surface then should be well rubbed down with fine sandpaper and thoroughly cleaned of dust.

-¥-Leave It To Her

"It's awfully late!" he remarked to his friend, after a long bout at the club. "What will you say to your wife?"

"Oh, I sha'n't say much, you know," was the reply. "Good morning dear,' or something of that sort. She'll say the rest."



Don't let plant pests get the best of your house plants and flowers! After all, no plant can blossom and be beautiful when it's sick.

Here are some first-aid tips to help you recognize the pests and fight them.

Scale insects are sucking insects usually about the size of a pin-head which cover themselves with a larger waxy covering or scale. The scales may be round, oval, oblong or oyster shaped and often ap-

pear on ferns and palms.

You can pick them off with a toothpick, wash them off with a soft bruth and water, or kill them with commercial sprays. •
Mealy bugs which look like bits

of white cotton or wax usually lodge between leaf and stem (they have a passion for crotons and colens) and can be treated the same way as scale insects.

What to do about white ilies,

plant lice, worms, rot, red spider? See the vital chapter on plant pests and how to fight them in the Read-Service house plants guide. Also, bulbs, ferns, terrariums,

sprays, repotting, summer house lant care. Send THIRTY CENTS (in coins) for "Success - With House Plants and Flowers" to Reader Service, Room 421, 73 Adelaide St.,

Answer to last week's puzzle.

West, Toronto. Print name, ad-

dress booklet title and No. 29.



Canadian Style



A paisley print by Alfandri simply styled with a high, round neckline, short, straight The suggested dust sleeves. ruffle breaks just above the kneeline.

fruits
C. Radiate
Calf fleeh
Pass
Lipset
Wild hog

Tune Dill Gift to the

CROSSWORD



epic news stories concerned the accidental shooting of Canon Turner on Baffin Island, and the dramatic air rescue of the mortally injured cleric and his family from the far North. Flown out along with the Turners was Rebecca, a heroic Eskimo girl who—following the Canon's death—accompanied Mrs. Turner and her two small children to England. But the English climate, and the lack of fats she was accustomed to in the Eskimo diet of seal meat and fish, caused Rebecca to suffer from Eskimo diet of seal meat and fish, caused Rebecca to suffer from one cold after another—and one of the first passengers to arrive by Canadian Pacific steamship at Montreal this season will be the 15-year-old girl. Before returning to the North country Rebecca will stay for a short time in Montreal at the home of Mrs. Bildfell, one of those behind the movement to raise a fund of \$20,000 to provide a pension for Mrs. Turner and her children, who now number three. The Fund is still far short of its objective, and donations sent to "Turner of Mostat Inlet Fund" at 604 Jarvis Street, Toronto will be gratefully received.

TABLE TALKS

Onions, More Onions

Fried Onion Slices

If you are inclined to weep easily while preparing onions, slice them unpeeled. The dry, outer skin will ip off the slices. Slice large onions (Bermuda are

best) in thirds, or about 15 inch thick. Arrange onions in frying pan. thick. Arrange onions in frying pan. Add a few tablespoons of water.

Add a few tablespoons of water.

Cover. Simmer until just tender.

Test with a fork. Sprinkle with salt and pepper. Now the slices are ready for browning. Add butter, or bacon fat — takes 5 or more tablespoons fat for 6 to 8 onions.

Province of a turn. Found stir. Brown to a turn. Epn't stir. Leave lid off pan and brown onion slices gently. Use spatula and pan-cake turner to turn the slices with-

out breaking.

Perfectly browned onion slices smothering a juicy steak—there's a man's idea of a meal. Serve these tender, slightly browned onion rings as the hot vegetable with sizzling steak or tender slices of liver, a green salad, and a fruit dessert.

Baked Onions

- 6 large onions 4 slices buttered toast
- 1/2 cup grated cheese
- 1 egg

1 egg
1 cup milk
-½ teaspoon salt
½ teaspoon paprika
1 tablespoon mild-flavoured fat
Peel, slice crosswise and boil onions until nearly tender. Drain well. Place the buttered toast in the bottom of a baking dish. Arrange the onions on the toast and sprinkle with the grated cheese. Beat egg and milk and add salt and paprika. Pour this mixture over the onions and dot with fat.

Bake in a moderate oven, 350°F,

for about 40 minutes»

11. Make (Scot.) 17. Tops

Onion Shortcake 10 medium-sized onions 1 teaspoon salt 3 tablespoons fat

Biscuit dough
1 cup medium cream sauce 1/2 cup chopped parsley 1/4 teaspoon paprika

Dash of nutmeg 1/4 cup grated cheese

Peel and slice onions and sprinkle with salt. Melt fat in frying pan and add onions. Cover and simmer until tender. Drain well. Prepare a biscuit dough using 1 cup flour as a base and adding 2 tablespoons tomato catsup with the milk. This should be a drop batter rather than a "roll-out" dough. Prepare 1 cup medium cream sauce, add paprika, parsley, nutmeg and cheese and beat an egg into it. Place cooked onions in bottom of a deep greased casserole. Pour sauce over onions and drop dough from a speon on top. Bake in a hot oven, 425°F, for about 20 minutes or until dough

is cooked. Scalloped Onions In Tomato

6 large onions, sliced 3 tablespoons flour 1/8 teaspoon pepper

tablespoons mild-flaveured fat ½ teaspoon salt

1½-cups tomato juice
Arrange half of the enions in a
casserole, sprinkle with half of the flour, the sait and pepper. Dot with fat. Repeat ingredients in a second layer. Pour over the tomato juice. Bake at 400°F, for 35 to 40 minutes. Six servings.

Creamed Fried Onions 2 tablespoons mild-flavoured fat 4 cups sliced onions (4-6 medium)

tablespoons flour 2 cups hot milk Salt and pepper to taste Melt in frying pan. Add onions,

cover and cook slowly until tender, about 15 minutes. Stir in flour and cook 1 minute longer. Pour in the hot milk and cook until thickened. Season to taste. Serve with sliced hard-cooked eggs, liver or meat.



CHRONICLES OF GINGER FARM

By Gwendoline P. Clarke

May 24th has always been the traditional date on which all good farmers "turn out" their cattle to grass. If the cattle are turned out sooner it means one of two things either the farmer is out of hay and considered it unprofitable to buy it. or he is inexperienced and doesn't know any better. Cattle are usually kept in until that date to give the pasture a chance to develop a sturdy growth before being thewed off by grass-hungry cattle. Also, until May 24, there is usually a lot of rain, and if cattle are allowed to run in wet pasture a great deal of folder is wasted by being tramped down into the mud. So, this May 24th custom is, I believe, quite usual in many parts of Ontario, although the tendency these days, is to keep

the cattle in even longer.

Yet, today, and this is early in April, the CBC glibly announced, "it is expected the butter shortage will be greatly relieved when cattle

are turned out to grass, which is usually about April 15th!" Sometimes one wonders where in the world the CPC digs up its in-formation—or rather its mis-inform-

True, the butter snortage may be somewhat relieved by that timeonly for a very different reason. At least, that is how a "dirt farmer" views the situation. Calves have a way of arriving fast and furious in early spring, and with the calves there is naturally an increase in the milk supply—often far exceeding the milk shipper's daily quota. The the mins singles stain quotal interestra milk, must of course, be sold somehow, some here. On some farms it is separated and sold to the creamery. More butter! On other farms the extra milk goes as "surplus" to the city dairies—and what they do with it is anybody's guess. The farmer would often like

But why oh why, should a shortage of anything be advertised? We find out soon enough when we can't get what we want. To broadcast the existence of a shortage of anything the contract of anything the statement of the contract of the cont thing is one sure and certain way to create panic buying. I was even guilty of it myself last week without even realising what I was doing. Bob was going to town and I needed butter—our usual two pounds. But when the radio spread its dire news abread I said to Bob —"Maybe you had better bring back three pounds—perhaps there won't be any next week." See what

In the country? Ah, yes! Do you know the miracle of spring is beginning all over again? Snowdrops are blooming; green shoots of daffodils and narcissi are several inches high-some even have buds just appearing. There is also a lighter shade to the willow branches, and

shrubs have pin-points of color on their tightly twisted buds.

But alas, it is precious little time I have for seeing it all just at pres-ent, as I am completely bogged by entra work in the house. We are in the process of having a few alter-ations done around here. First the carpenters arrive: they pull down one partition and insert a new one: rip out the door and put in a win-dow; and, aithough the work is in one corner of the house yet old plaster, shavings and sawdust get tramped into every room. After the carpenters, a couple of brick-layers and plasters arrived. Now their work is also finished which means there is plenty of painting for me to do before the plumbers appear on the scene. And having a boy around on crutches doesn't help very much. By the way, I have suddenly discovered a man with one foot tracks in more dirt than one with two.

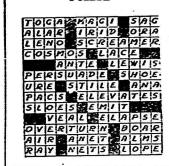
There are no railways in Afghanistan; merchandise is carried either by camel or peny.

Skin Eruptions

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Not only does this healing antiseptic oil promote ramid and healthy healing in open sores and women to boils and almel ulters are also relieved. It holis and almel a quickly steeped, Timples—skin cruptions dry up and scale off in The Same from the Official bottle at any modern drug store. Satisfaction or money back.

ANSWER TO THIS WEEKS PUZZLE



Baghdad, famed Mohammedan of culture, learning and ro-766 A.D., by Abu Jaffar.

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"An important part of my diet ever since my first bottle has been Crown Brand Corn Syrup. Now, that may be all sight for a little character like myself, but let me tell you, these grown-ups sure are lucky what with Mom serving them Crown Brand Corn Syrup with so many of their dishes. And she uses it in her baking, too, as a sweetener.

I can hardly wait until I'm old enough to have some hot waffles or pancakes smothered with delicious Crown Brand. If it's as good as it is in my cerealmmmmm!''

For years doctors have recommended the use of Crown Brand Corn Syrup as a satisfactory carbohydrate acting as a milk modifier for bottle-fed infants.

CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

THE CANADA STARCH COMPANY LTD.



Also Manufacturers of Canada Corn Starch

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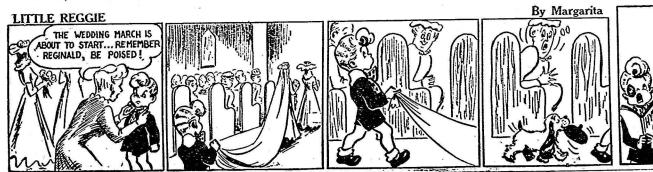
"OK, pal. That's a blue chip if I | growth and rich blood." ever saw one - speaking delici-ously, of course."

"And these malty-rich, honey-golden Post's Grape-Nuts Flakes are a whole stack of good nourish-"A spadeful of carbohydrates for

"And minerals for muscle and

"Using two grains instead of one in making Post's Grape-Nuts Flakes is a pair that really pays off — in double breakfast enjoyment and rosy-cheek neurishment."

"Fellahs—I think I'll pop over to the grocer's right now and buy up enough Post's Grape-Nuts Flakes for a full house."





'29. First prin-

16. So. American bird
18. Universe
19. Trimming
11. Poker stake
13. Holsting
device
16. Induce
16. Foot covering
18. Scotch chemist
17. Fence crossing
18. Bits
18. Moccasins
17. Raises
18. Blackthorn
17. Universe
18. Blackthorn
18. So. American

The answer to this puzzle is elsewhere on this page.