Armistice Day

The Silent Two Minutes of November 11th.

The roar and rush of traffic, the Babel tongues of trade,
The whirr and grind and clanking of machinery, are stayed;
The noise of busy spindles, the strident voices cease,
And o'er the laboring world there falls a momentary peace.

The peoples of the Continents, the family of mankind,
Acknowledge then in unison the sovereignty of Mind;
Things are not chief in War or Peace—arms, money, ships, supplies,
The core of all is Spirit; Soul at the centre lies.

And this is soul and centre of the history of those years
Of bravery and suffering, gallant deeds and bitter tears—
That those who perished ransomed us; died in our room and place,
And a holy whisper comes, "No man hath greater love than this."

So at one moment 'round the world all labor we suspend,
And in the quietude of thought our heads in reverence bend;
In the silence of the graves that spread o'er land and sea
We enter, and in spirit we bow the grateful knee.

Words have not power and volume to utter what we feel,
And so no words at all we use; louder than thunder peal
Seems universal silence, as now the stillness falls,
And deep of human hearts to deep in noiseless throbbings calls.

Of human hearts—fain would we count the hardened hearts of foes,
That truculently have withstood loud condemnation's blows;
Perchance this sacred silence, as a still, small voice of God's,
May reach them, too, if they are hearts and not insensate clods.

When in a moment we retake the tasks that bind us down,
And toil on bravely to repair the glories overthrown,
Let this solemn pause's lesson gild our every enterprise—
The core of all is Spirit; Soul at the centre lies.

—J. W. Bengough.

Infant Mortality in England Shows Decrease

A despatch from London says—Only a little while ago alarmists were indulging in all sorts of dire predictions concerning the future of England because, it is alleged, not enough babies were being born. The great middle class, called the backbone of the country, was declared by some pessimists to be doomed to speedy extinction.

Now these lamentations have ceased. Some farseeing and logical statistician points out that the future of a country is not determined so much by the number of babies born as by the number of babies which grow up. Locked at from that angle, England is not doing so badly.

The August death rate of children under one years old was only 41 per 1,000 births. In 1919 London's rate for the same period was 55.

Compared with the beginning of this century, the baby saving figures give still greater cause for rejoicing among those who reckon the future of England depends, above all things, on babies. The first four weeks of August, 1901, gave an infant mortality rate for London of 267—more than six times that of 1922.

Lord Hardinge
The British Ambassador at Paris, who has resigned his diplomatic post.

Ship Brings Relief to Near East Refugees

A despatch from Constantinople says: The Marie Louise, a 3,000-ton ship chartered by the Near East Relief as a "floating warehouse" to supply its stations in the Greek islands, completed its first round trip and is coming to Constantinople to obtain fresh supplies. The ship was a tremendous value in meeting the needs of the refugee camps, as it was able to carry a sufficient cargo to provide each station for more than a month.

It visited Mitylene, Chios, Samos, Rodosto and several smaller ports. The next trip will embrace Kavalla, Dedeagatch, Salonika and Crete. It carried food, medical supplies, clothing, blankets and a variety of smaller relief necessities to a total value of $200,000.

Britain to Discharge War Debt to United States

A despatch from London says:—The new Chancellor of the Exchequer has declared that his first duty will be to settle the debt to the United States. He made this announcement in a speech at Cardiff, when he alluded also to the necessity of a prompt settlement of the reparations problem.

Regarding the amount owing the United States, he said: "It is a heavy debt, but we have told America that we are responsible for it to the last penny, and we are going to pay it."

Onesiphore Turgeon
After being a Liberal M.P. for twenty years, he has been elevated to the Senate, at the age of 74 years. He has represented Gloucester, N.B.

Paris Has New Idea in Operating Rooms

A despatch from Paris says:—By a new idea in operating rooms just perfected by Dr. Victor Pauchet, no longer will operations be conducted in a stifling atmosphere while a score of clinical students crowd around the table listening to the explanation of the head surgeons.

Dr. Pauchet has decided henceforth to separate himself from all students by a glass partition covering the entire operating space. The observers will be permitted merely to look down through the glass from elevated rows of benches. Opera glasses will be placed at their disposal for following delicate incisions while a small wireless telephone connected with an amplifier behind the observers will be used in describing the various stages of the operation.

By the use of a constant antiseptic spray before and during the operation, Dr. Pauchet believes a greater degree of surgical success will be possible, as it is quite conceivable that under the old system dangerous bacteria frequently were exhaled into wounds by the unintentionally careless watchers.

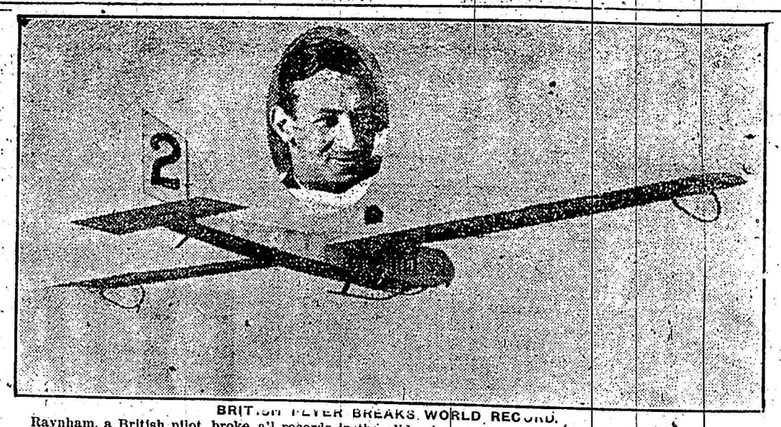
Public Health Nursing.

The Department of Public Health Nursing is the latest to be added to the continually increasing number of facilities and departments in the provincial university. Three years ago the Ontario Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society arranged with the University of Toronto to meet the expenses of this new department for three years. That period expires on June 30th, 1923, and, at their meeting last week, the Board of Governors decided, subject to the approval of the Government of Ontario, to take over the Department of Public Health Nursing on July 1st, 1923, as a regular university department. The course in public health nursing comprises eight months' work. It is open only to graduate nurses and the number is limited to fifty. These nurses are trained in school nursing, child hygiene, municipal health nursing and in any form of community work in which the health of the public is concerned. The public health nurse is trained to be a health teacher in the home, the school, and the clinic. The Department of Public Health Nursing has proved its worth in the three years of experiment and will, no doubt, now that it is to be permanently provided for by the University of Toronto, be an important factor in the welfare of the Province of Ontario.

Discovered.

Waiter (fishing for tip)—"How did you find the steak, sir?"

Diner (not taking the bait)—"Oh, by strategy, you know; the little beggar was hiding behind one of the peas!"



BRITISH FLYER BREAKS WORLD RECORD.
Raynham, a British pilot, broke all records in the gliders' contests in England when he remained in the air for one hour and fifty-three minutes in his gliding monoplane. He was also one of the entrants for the Trans-Atlantic flight some years ago, but his machine was disabled in that contest.

Fall Clean Up Campaign.

By L. F. Burrows, Secretary, Canadian Horticultural Council.

Old experienced gardeners advise that the gardens, grounds and orchards be given a final clean up before winter comes in order that diseases and insects may be prevented in so far as possible from finding harbor during the winter.

The importance of the proper preparation of the ground cannot be too strongly impressed upon amateur gardeners because of this, probably more than on any other one factor, does the success of the planting depend. It is admitted that the greater part of the losses in planting are due to putting stock that has come out of well cultivated nursery ground into that which has had little or no preparation and then leaving it to shift for itself. Such practice is discouraging and expensive to the gardener, and unfair to the nurseryman who supplies the stock.

Such a clean up also affords the opportunity of making a check of the tree and plant requirements. At such time, and when the matter is fresh in mind a list should be compiled which may be further reviewed when plans are being made during the winter months.

Orders should be placed at as early a date as possible so as to assure the first spring delivery and to make certain that the desired kinds and varieties are obtained before the supply becomes exhausted.

Experienced gardeners invariably plan their spring work and list their trees and plant requirements at this season of the year. This is evidenced also by the fact that the Landscape Departments of the nurseries are always busier in the fall, largely with gardeners who desire to have the matter of spring planting gone into and settled while their requirements are in mind.

This provides an opportunity of considerable fall preparation of the ground in order that everything may be in readiness to receive stock when it arrives in the spring.

Sir Augustin Edwards
The Chilean Ambassador to Great Britain has been appointed the new president of the League of Nations.

The most undeserved as well as the most dangerous flattery is that which we bestow upon ourselves.

Halt Work on Hudson Bay Railway

A despatch from The Pas, Man., says:—Immediate completion of the Hudson Bay Railway will not be brought about, it is believed, according to authoritative advices, which state that recent orders have been issued by the Canadian National Railway officials to proceed to at once pick up all unused railway material along 332 miles of the railway as far as Kettle Rapids, the end of the steel.

Autumn in Western Canada Unusually Warm

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—The autumn season is unusually mild in Western Canada. In Manitoba there has not yet been severe frost, and several odd phenomena are reported. On Monday of this week S. H. Summerscales of Selkirk picked ripe strawberries in his garden. They were from the ever-bearing variety. Wild strawberry plants are in bloom in the country, and pussy willows have sprouted new shoots and buds. It is reported that cherry trees are in bloom at Fort William, several branches in blossom having been brought to a newspaper office there by Col. S. C. Young.

Dail Eireann Discusses Election of Senate

A despatch from Dublin says:—The Dail Eireann devoted a recent session to the adoption of an elaborate code of rates for the election of a Senate. Of the sixty members of the Senate, 30 will be nominated by the President, the remaining 30 will be elected by the Dail on proportionate representation. The Republicans are continuing to occupy Clifden, north-west of Galway, which they took after a fierce encounter with the National forces, in which 80 of the Nationals were captured, but they have released all the men taken prisoners with the exception of Commandant O'Malley and three captains.

C.N.R. President Begins Duties This Month

A despatch from London says:—Sir Henry Thornton, the new president of the Canadian National Railways, will sail on the Olympic on November 22, and will take up his new duties as head of the National Railways in Canada upon his arrival in the Dominion. The former general manager of the Great Eastern Railway has been much feted and dined since his return from Canada to wind up his business in England, preparatory to taking over his new duties.

First to Enter Mons on Armistice Day

A despatch from Vancouver says:—Lieut. John W. Miller, M.C., M.M., said to be the first British soldier to enter Mons after the defeat of the Germans, is dead at the home of his father here. Lieut. Miller served overseas with the Royal Canadian Regiment throughout the war. On the morning of November 11, 1918, Armistice Day, he was in charge of a scouting party in the vicinity of Mons, and was the first man to enter that city on that historic day.

Francis Paget Macklem
Who is a disciple of Emile Coue, and who is reported to be sailing for Canada to open a free clinic at Grimsby, where he will practice auto-suggestion as he learned it under Coue at Nancy, France.

The Eclipse.

Astronomers everywhere are rejoicing that the expeditions that observed the total eclipse of the sun on September 21 were completely successful. The sky was cloudless, and the photographic apparatus worked perfectly. The American, the Canadian and one Australian expedition set up their instruments at Woolal in Australia; the British, the Dutch and the Germans on Christmas Island. All the expeditions observed the eclipse when the sun was high in the heavens, and where the totality lasted longest; that is, nearly five minutes.

The most important object of all the expeditions was to test the Einstein theory—that there is no absolute space and no absolute time, but that every point in space, and every moment in time, is merely relative to other points and other moments. The theory also carries us to the conception that the constitution of the universe is not limited to the three dimensions of length, breadth and thickness, which our senses perceive, but that there is a fourth dimension, consisting of space-time, which our senses cannot comprehend as a dimension of material things.

One of the tests of Professor Einstein's theory is determining whether a ray of starlight that passes near the sun on its way to the earth is diverted by the gravitational power of the sun. Does it come to us in a straight line, as we have always supposed, or is it bent? That will appear when the photographs that have been taken are studied and measured—a process that will require months of mathematical work.

The region of the sky where the sun was during the eclipse had been photographed months ago when it was black at midnight, says a writer in Youth's Companion. Accordingly, the test will be whether certain stars appear in exactly the same places with relation to other stars on the midnight and on the eclipse sets of photographs. If not,—if they support the Einstein theory,—we may have to believe that there is a fourth dimension, which the human mind can no more comprehend than it can comprehend infinity. We know that infinity must be a fact, though we cannot grasp the idea. Why not also this incomprehensible fact in the mechanism of the universe? Although accepting Einstein's theory will require us to surrender our faith in the absolute truth of the geometry that we have learned, and in Newton's law of gravitation, the variations are too small to be important or even to be discerned by any but the most learned mathematicians.

Correct.

The teacher—"Willie, what is the highest form of animal life?"

Willie—"The mountain goat, ma'am."

Weekly Market Report

Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.20.

Manitoba oats—Nominal.

Manitoba barley—Nominal.

All the above track, Bay ports.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, 89½c; No. 3 yellow, 88½c, all rail.

Barley—Malting, 59 to 62c, according to freight outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 70 to 72c.

Rye—No. 2, 74 to 77c.

Milfeed—Del., Montreal freight, bags included: Bran, per ton, $21; shorts, per ton, $23; middlings, $28; good feed flour, $1.90.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, $1.05 to $1.10, according to freight outside; No. 2, $1 to $1.05.

Ontario No. 2 white oats—41 to 43c.

Ontario corn—Nominal.

Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal freight, prompt shipment, $4.70 to $4.80; Toronto basis, $4.60 to $4.70; bulk seaboard, $4.50 to $4.55.

Manitoba flour—1st pats., in cotton sacks, $6.80 per bbl.; 2nd pats., $6.30.

Hay—Extra No. 2, per ton, track, Toronto, $16; mixed, $13.50 to $14; clover, $13.50 to $14.

Cheese—New, large, 21½ to 22c; twins, 22½ to 23c; triplets, 23 to 23½c; Stiltons, 23½c. Old, large, 23 to 24c; twins, 24 to 24½c; Stiltons, 25c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 39 to 40c; ordinary creamery prints, 35 to 37c. Dairy, 29 to 31c. Cooking, 21c.

Dressed poultry—Chickens, 4-lb. and up, 28c; 3 to 4 lbs., 25c; fowl, 5-lb. and up, 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c; do, under 4 lbs., 17c; geese, 24c; ducklings, 33c; turkeys, 45c.

Margarine—20 to 22c.

Eggs—No. 1 candled, 37 to 38c; selects, 39 to 41c; cartons, new laids, 55 to 60c.

Beans—Canadian hand-picked, bus., $4; primes, $3.50 to $3.75.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., $2.50; per 5 imp. gals., $2.40; Maple sugar, lb., 23 to 25c.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 12½ to 13c per lb.; 2-2½-lb tins, 14 to 14½c per lb.; Ontario comb honey, per dozen, $3.25 to $4.

Potatoes—New Ontarios, No. 1, $1; No. 2, 80c.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 26 to 28c; cooked ham, 40 to 43c; smoked rolls, 26 to 28c; cottage rolls, 35 to 38c; breakfast bacon, 32 to 35c; special brand breakfast bacon, 38 to 40c; backs, boneless, 39 to 43c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, $19; lightweight rolls, in barrels, $17; heavyweight rolls, $38.

Lard—Pure tierces, 17c; tubs, 17½c; pails, 17¾c; prints, 19½c. Shortening, tierces, 13 to 13½c; tubs, 13¼ to 13¾c; pails, 14 to 14½c; prints, 16½ to 17c.

Butcher steers, choice, $6 to $6.50; do, good, $5 to $5.75; do, med., $4.50 to $5; do, com., $3.50 to $4.50; butcher heifers, choice, $5.75 to $6.25; do, med., $4.50 to $5.50; do, com., $3.50 to $4.25; butcher cows, choice, $4 to $5; do, med., $3 to $4; canners and cutters, $1.50 to $2.25; butcher bulls, good, $4 to $5; do, com., $2.50 to $3.50; feeding steers, good, $5.50 to $6; do, fair, $4.50 to $5.25; stockers, good, $4.50 to $5; do, fair, $3.50 to $4; sheep, light, $8 to $8; do, good, heavy, $4 to $5; calves, $8.50 to $8; calves, choice, $10 to $10.50; do, good, $8.50 to $9.50; do, med. and heavy, $6 to $9; do, grassers, $3.50 to $4; milkers, $80 to $90; springers, $90 to $100; lambs, choice, $11.50 to $11.75; do, culls, $6.50 to $7; hogs, fed and watered, $10 to $10.25; do, f.o.b., $9.25 to $9.50; do, country points, $9 to $9.25.

Montreal.

Oats, No. 2 CW, 64 to 65c; No. 3 CW, 60 to 61c. Flour, Manitoba spring wheat pats., firsts, $6.80. Rolled oats, bag, 90 lbs., $3.05 to $3.15. Bran, $21. Shorts, $23. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, $16 to $17.

Cheese, finest easterns, 20¼ to 20½c. Butter, choicest creamery, 38 to 39c. Eggs, selected, 39 to 40c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, 90 to 95c.

Cattle, com., $1 to $3; calves, good veals, $9 to $10; grassers, $3 to $3.50; hogs, best lots, $10.75 to $11.

For Overseas Trade
Sir William Joynson-Hicks has just been appointed Secretary of Overseas Trade, in the Bonar Law Cabinet.

Benito Mussolini
The leader of the Fascisti movement in Italy, who has been asked by the king to form a cabinet. The Fascisti have no intention of deposing the king, but are out for political reform.

TO OBSERVE SILENCE ON ARMISTICE DAY

Memory of Heroic Dead to be Honored Throughout the Empire.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—His Excellency the Governor-General, Baron Byng of Vimy, has received a message from His Majesty the King, expressing the hope that the two minutes of silence in memory of those who gave their lives during the war, will be observed throughout Canada on Armistice Day, November 11, commencing at 11 o'clock in the morning. In a communication to the Prime Minister, the Governor-General hopes that the people of Canada will join His Majesty in making the observance a reality. The two minutes of silence is endorsed by the Prime Minister in a statement issued to the Canadian Press.

The communication from His Excellency to the Prime Minister follows:

"As I think you are aware, I have received a message from His Majesty the King saying that he hopes that the two minutes of silence, as a mark of respect to the memory of those who gave their lives during the Great War, will be observed throughout the Empire at 11 o'clock on the morning of Armistice Day, November 11.

"I sincerely hope that all citizens of the Dominion will join with His Majesty the King in making this observance a reality, and that all work will be suspended during the two minutes set apart for the silence of tribute.

"You will, I am sure, be glad to give widest publication to this request of His Majesty."

The Sixth Sense.

Next to the senses of seeing, hearing, tasting, smelling and feeling ought to come the sense of humor. We cannot exercise properly any of these physical functions without the sixth sense that should correct, if not control, the use of them all. The man who cannot take a joke against himself has but half learned how to live. He is both a poor sport and a poor neighbor. If he cannot see the other side, he takes but a half-view of life and its problems and perplexities, no matter how anxious the difficulties which we find attractive it may be to imagine that a sense of humor is some commodity of an amusing phase may not deny disclose itself. The rainbow in the cloud breaks and the sun of adversity brilliantly shines through. There should be a special beatitude for those who in the midst of tragedy can discover some sunny, funny aspect which does not imply that they are either irreverent or frivolous in nature.

Of course the idiot who interrupts solemn proceedings with asinine guffaws is worse than his opposite, the killjoy who by his very presence puts a quietus on good cheer. There are times when dull-headed, hob-nailed horseplay is altogether out of place, and he who perpetrates it deserves no countenance. It is likewise true that a stereotyped, perfunctory, professional gladness, that puts on a set face and puts out a hand from an obvious and painful sense of duty, is a sorry counterfeit of the genuine commodity. Those who bring happiness where they move may be forced to make a determined effort of the will to suppress grief or a malady, or a misfortune of their own, but they have it in their natures to be those radiant, heartening presences that other people are cheered and delighted to behold.

You can tell if a man truly cares for the rest of his race by his cheerfulness. The best form of humor is not the pointed anecdote. It is a genial atmosphere. A man may be a public benefactor as a humorist even though he has no great fund of "funny stories," because by his brotherly, friendly, neighborly manner he gives the sincerest pleasure to others wherever he goes.

British General Elections on November 15

A despatch from London says:—Following is the "time-table" of the British election:

Proclamation dissolving Parliament	Oct. 26
Nomination Day	Nov. 4
Elections	Nov. 15
Assembling of the New Parliament	Nov. 20

The Precious Thing.

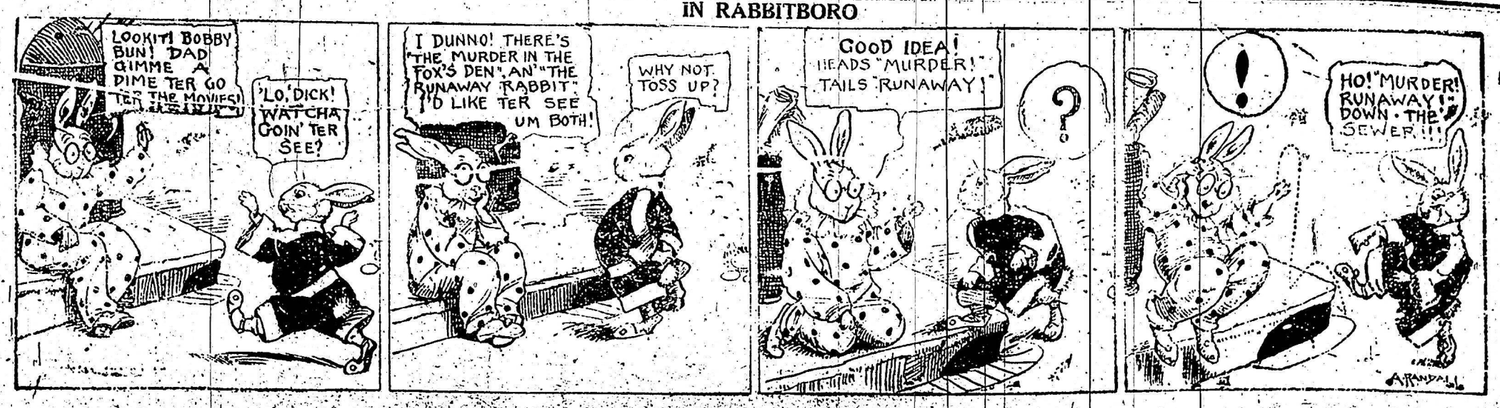
A banker had engaged a tutor for his children, and he addressed the prospective instructor of the young idea as follows:

"Always bear in mind, my dear sir, that in my children I am intrusting to you my most precious possessions and give them your best. And what is your lowest price?"

"THE GENTLEMAN WITH THE DUSTER"

Balfour—"Shall us? Let's."
—From Reynolds' Newspaper (London, England).

IN RABBITBORO



The Markdale STANDARD
is published on Wednesday by
COLGAN & MACINTYRE
Markdale, Ont.
SUBSCRIPTION: to subscribers in Canada, $2.00 a year; in the United States, $2.50. Fifty cents extra if not paid in advance. No paper discontinued until all arrears are paid, except at the option of the publishers.
Rates for Display Advertising to be furnished on application.
All Advertisements without specified time are charged as one time.
Professional cards of 1 inch or under, $5 per annum, or $3 for six months.
Reading Notices inserted for 10c per line, or 5c per line to transient advertisers and 5c per line for local advertisers.
Advts. of Farms and Real Estate for sale, not exceeding 1 inch, 50c for first insertion and 25c for each subsequent insertion.
Strayed, Lost, Found Notices not exceeding 1 inch, 50c for first insertion and 25c for each subsequent insertion.
Transient Advts., such as Legal Notices, By-laws, etc., 10c per line for the first insertion and 5c per line for each subsequent insertion.
Memorial poetry, one cent a word.
Card of thanks, one cent a word, with minimum 25 cents.
Advts. without specified instructions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.
All Advertisements subject to approval of the Publisher.
Information concerning Special Contracts will be supplied promptly on application.
All correspondence intended for this firm should be addressed to The Markdale Standard, Markdale.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

R. J. SPROULE
Fleetwood, Conveyancer, Assessor, Valuator and Money Lender. Deeds, Mortgages, Leases and Agreements drawn up and Valuations made at shortest notice. Charges very reasonable. Apply to R. J. Sproule, Fleetwood.

LEGAL

F. McCULLOUGH
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Office Main street, Markdale. Money to lend.

LUCAS & HENDY
Barristers, Solicitors, Etc.
Offices—Lucas Block, Markdale. Traders Bank Bldg., Owen Sound.
T. B. Lucas, K.C. W. D. Hendy

MEDICAL

DR. J. W. LEACH
Practising Physician
Rockdale, Ontario
Phones—Markdale exchange 9 (2115 ph.) Meaford exchange 2

DENTISTRY

DR. J. A. MacARTHUR
Dentist
Office in Artley Block (over Hardware store). Entrance at west corner of building. Main street.

L. G. CARTWRIGHT
(L.D.S., D.D.S.)
Dental Surgeon. Graduate of College of Dentistry and University of Toronto. Office over the post office. Office hours 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Appointments made by phone.

J. W. PATTON, M.D.
Rockdale, Ont.
Member of Medical Licentiates. Business strictly confidential.

FRATERNAL

A. F. & A. M.
Regular meetings for the season of Masonic light in Markdale, meets in Masonic Hall, Farland Block, on Tuesday evening on or before the full moon every month. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
T. H. Rebbin, W.M.
S. J. L. Grand, Secretary.

AUCTIONEERS

R. H. WADDELL
Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Grey. All sales promptly attended to. Farm sales a specialty. Arrangements for sales may be made at this Office or R. H. Waddell, Vankleek Hill.

D. CAMPBELL
Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Grey. Sales attended to anywhere in Grey. Terms reasonable. Sales may be booked at Standard Office, Markdale, Ontario.

Chase's Pelleton Root Compound
THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE
The Great English Remedy. Promotes Vigor and Vitality. Decreases Weakness, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Mental Depression, Loss of Power in either sex, Lack of Energy, Nervousness, Lost Manhood, and the effects of abuse or excess. One month's treatment $2, six for $5. Sold by druggists everywhere, or by mail on receipt of price. One pkg. contains 50 days treatment. One will convince. Ask your druggist for WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE, the great English Nerve Tonic. Sold by druggists everywhere. Write for pamphlet. Address THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED
In all countries. Ask for our Patent Adviser, which will be sent free. MARION & MARION, Registered Patent Attorneys, 364 Queen St. West, Toronto.