

CRIMINAL'S DEADLY FOE  
ICE MAKES IT HARD FOR HIM TO ESCAPE.  
Maus Scientific Discoveries Help Detectives to Track Law-Breakers.  
Modern detective has been coming a long way since the days when a few plainclothesmen followed a suspect on foot. The modern detective is equipped with a host of scientific devices which make it possible for him to track down the most elusive of law-breakers. The most important of these is the "Maus Scientific Discoveries" which help detectives to track down law-breakers. These discoveries are of great value to the police and are being used in many cases. The "Maus Scientific Discoveries" are of great value to the police and are being used in many cases. The "Maus Scientific Discoveries" are of great value to the police and are being used in many cases.

# MARKDALE STANDARD

Published by W. R. LEDGE, Ontario.

Subscription: To subscribers in the United Kingdom, five cents added per annum. No paper sent to subscribers in the United States.

Advertisements: Rates are as follows: 10c per line for first insertion, 5c for subsequent insertions. Long advertisements at special rates.

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VOL. 39 MARKDALE, ONT. WEDNESDAY, OCT. 15, 1919. Established in 1875

**AUCTIONEERS.**  
B. H. WALDEN, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Grey. All sales promptly attended to. Farm sales a specialty. Arrangements for sales may be made at Standard Office or B. H. Walden, Markdale.  
J. A. BURNSIDE, I have taken out an auctioneer's license and am prepared to meet the demands of the public in this capacity. Farm sales a specialty. F. A. BURNSIDE, Licensed Auctioneer for Grey County.

**ALBERT CURTIS**, Licensed Auctioneer County of Grey. All sales promptly catered to. Rates reasonable. Phone Chatsworth 42. R. 22, or write Holland Centre R. 32.

**W. R. LEDGE**, Editor. The Markdale Standard is published weekly, except on public holidays. The subscription price is \$2.00 per annum in advance. Single copies 5c.

## EFFICIENT FARMING

**Fall Dairy Observations.**  
Before allowing the cows to begin on the accumulation of the season's crops, why not know if they are the kind of cows that can pay their board. Many farmers lose money in the dairy business by spending most of the year in growing feed to be used for a herd that is not producing a paying amount of milk.  
But be sure that there is nothing wrong with the method of housing and feeding the cows before they are discarded as boarders that do not pay their bills. Much depends on the owner of the cows, and sometimes good cows produce much less than they should because they are given poor care.  
Cows are often considered machines which can be stuffed with raw materials without limit and then produce a finished product to which there is also no limit. This is not exactly right. A machine is without life and feeling but a cow is an animal with a highly developed nervous temperament that responds or fails to respond according to the treatment received. It is why some farmers do so much better with cows than other farmers. The successful breeder studies the cow as an individual and tries to keep her contented and satisfied and freed from stress. They know that there is more to dairy management than "stuffing the machine."  
Shouting around the stables will disturb cows and reduce the flow of milk. A dog that is not well trained will bring the cattle to the barn on the run or worry them all the way from the field. This is not good for production. During the fly season cows will kick even though their disposition is gentle and nothing is gained by massaging the poor animal with the milk stool to make her stand still.  
The cow that is not afraid of her master but respects him is apt to be the gentle kind of a cow which does not kick or butt but comes quietly to the barn and stands patiently in her position during the process of milking.  
A start with pure-bred cows is more a matter of time than money. If there is a registered bull in the neighborhood the purchase of one pure-bred heifer will enable the farmer to start a pure-bred herd if he has patience. As the progeny of this heifer increase and reach the milking age the grade cows can be gradually sold. Soon the farmer finds that he is on the road to the pure-bred stock business, although the investment has been a very few hundred dollars. Just think of the things you might have done ten years ago and realize what they might mean now. Then think of the things that

### NEW HEAT THE TRAPPER

WITHOUT FIRE OR WOOD SOLVES THE BURN QUESTION  
Price \$13.50  
IDEAL HEATER AND COOKER  
No Odor  
No Noise  
No Smoke  
No Expensive Fuel  
No Fire  
No Danger  
No Trouble  
No Worry  
No Fuss  
No Feud  
No Fuss  
No Feud  
No Fuss  
No Feud

enough so that they were old enough and developed enough to lay at the time mentioned.  
The average poultry-keeper wants eggs in early fall and winter when prices are highest because such eggs are more profitable to produce. In order to lay in these seasons, fowls must have changed their plumage and fully recovered from doing so before the cold weather sets in. Those which molt in cold weather have not sufficient protection from the cold and suffer accordingly. Many authorities claim, probably with good reason, that the late-molting is the best layer of the preceding year. This is probably true, but if a hen molts so late that she cannot recover until cold weather sets in she is not likely to be a good layer until late winter when the price of eggs begins to go down.

The success of this plan depends on being able to get serum as soon as the disease is discovered. About the only practical way to do this is to follow the plan of four counties in Illinois, which five years ago took definite steps to combat hog cholera by forming an association and buying a supply of serum to be kept in cold storage at some convenient point in their district.  
Proper feeds, sanitary quarters, and pure drinking water must be provided. The successful hog raiser also knows that it is essential to have the pigs well broken to eating before they are removed from the sow.  
All that is necessary is to make a small opening in one corner of the pen, so that the small pigs can enter an enclosure where the sows cannot follow. A mixture of dry ground feed and milk may also be placed in shallow troughs for the young animals. They learn to eat and drink at an early age when this practice is followed. Then when weaning time comes they miss their mothers very little.  
The common notion that bone or muscle must have age to have strength is twin brother to the idea that a pig must live on half-rations for months to make him strong enough to stand full ration.  
As soon as pigs have been put into the fattening pens in the fall they should be fed all that they will eat with a relish, for the shorter the fattening period, the larger the profits.  
Lean, fat hogs and poor fencibles will discourage the average man who goes into hog-raising.  
Keep the dog from chasing the pigs. He may tear their hams or chew their ears, and is apt to lose you money.

Remember that plenty of exercise increases the egg yield. Winter and summer, hot weather and cold, keep plenty of fresh water before the hens. Keep the water in the shade in summer and in the house where it will not freeze in winter. Keep the drinking water receptacle clean at all times.  
Keep the hens supplied with plenty of grit.  
The season for colds has arrived. Cover a dime with potassium permanganate and dissolve this in a gallon of water. Keep this mixture in the drinking pans for several days.  
If the poultry-keeper uses trap nests, or if he has only a small flock, he usually knows which hens laid the previous winter and which did not produce enough eggs to be profitable. The latter of course should be disposed of, for if they did not lay well the preceding winter they cannot be expected to be profitable the following season—the understanding being, of course, that they were hatched early

### Woods' Rho-phos-phine

The Great English Remedy.  
A positive cure for all forms of Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Migraine, Headache, Stomachic, Indigestion, and all other ailments arising from a weak, acid, or impure blood. It is a powerful purifier and a most valuable tonic. It is sold in all drug stores and by mail order.

### COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND

The only safe and effective monthly medicine for women. It cures all forms of irregularity, pain, and other ailments. It is sold in all drug stores and by mail order.

### OVERCOMES CHILLS IN 60 MINUTES

Dr. A. C. Daniel's Distemper Remedy  
When properly given this wonderful medicine will overcome chills in from 30 to 60 minutes in a horse or any other stock at a cost of less than 10 cents. It thus prevents Fever, Pneumonia, Lung Troubles, etc. It works quicker and better than any other medicine in the world. See the instructions and price list of FALL BULBS.

### STORM WINDOWS & DOORS

HALLIDAY COMPANY, Limited  
HAMILTON FACTORY DISTRIBUTORS CANADA

### ROOTING MILL ENDS CHEAP

HALLIDAY COMPANY, Limited  
HAMILTON FACTORY DISTRIBUTORS CANADA

### FALL BULBS

GARDENLAWN REG'D.  
4 Hospital St. Montreal  
Distributors of Turpan's Seeds Dept. W. 1.

### SPORN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

DISEASE AMONG HORSES—THE ANSWER IS SPORN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND  
Wherever there is contagious disease among horses SPORN'S is the solution of all trouble. SPORN'S is valuable in all cases of Distemper, Pink Eye, Glanders, Croup, and other ailments. A few drops a day will protect your horse exposed to disease. Regular doses three times a day will not marvellously cure your horse actually sick. Buy of your druggist.  
SPORN MEDICAL CO. GOSHEN, IND. U. S. A.

### THE GREAT WEST PERMANENT LOAN COMPANY

20 King St. West  
Toronto, Ont.

### ROOSTING MILL ENDS CHEAP

HALLIDAY COMPANY, Limited  
HAMILTON FACTORY DISTRIBUTORS CANADA

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SPORN MEDICAL CO. GOSHEN, IND. U. S. A.

### Everyone Who Bought Canada's Victory Bonds Made Money

EVERY one of the million and a half Canada's Victory Bonds knows that they can sell them today for more than he paid for them.  
Every one who bought Canada's Victory Bonds has received 5 1/2 per cent interest per annum paid twice a year.  
Over half a million Canadians who bought Canada's Victory Bonds on the instalment plan save money that they would not otherwise have saved.  
The guarantee back of Canada's Victory Bonds is the same as the guarantee back of a One Dollar bill. There is this difference, however, that you get interest on the Victory Bonds and not on the One or Two Dollar bill.  
Canada's Victory Bonds will always be accepted as security for a loan.  
Banks are ready to loan money on Canada's Victory Bonds.  
Canada's Victory Bonds may be turned into cash at any time.  
There is no other way in which you can invest your money with such absolute security—paying such a good rate of interest.  
Canada will soon give her citizens an opportunity to buy Victory Bonds 1919. It will probably be the last chance to buy Canada's Victory Bonds on such favorable terms.

### Preparation to buy as many Victory Bonds as this time as you now wish you had been able to buy the last time

## Victory Loan 1919

"Every Dollar Spent in Canada"

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Commission in cooperation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

## HER CASE SEEMED HOPELESS

But "Fruit-a-tives" Brought Health and Strength

29 St. Rose St., Montreal.  
"I am writing you to tell you that I owe my life to 'Fruit-a-tives'. This medicine relieved me when I had given up hope of ever being well. It was a terrible sufferer from Dyspepsia and suffered for years; and nothing I took did me any good. I read about 'Fruit-a-tives' and tried them. After taking a few boxes, of this wonderful medicine made from fruit juices, I am now entirely well!"  
Madame ROSINA FOULZ.  
506, a box, 6 for \$2.50, total \$15.00. At all dealers or send postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

The big fur houses are all advertising that they want furs and will pay good prices for them. Every year best mink, fox, and rabbit skins are being taken from the animal kingdom. You are an owner of the animal kingdom, a few suggestions about fur trapping.  
Coons live either in hollow trees, in holes, when no trees can be found. They are frequently found in fields, too. They are possessed of curiosity that often leads them into traps. For instance, a shiny tin, a bright piece of glass, or a white crockery frequently attracts them. Many traps set in the water of streams that are not likely to be a good layer until late winter when the price of eggs begins to go down.

Coons like to eat fish, clams, crawfish, birds, eggs, poultry, fruits and vegetables. They are particularly fond of grapes and corn and are sometimes caught in great numbers in cornfields and vineyards. If you plan to make your sets in either of these places, go along the fence until you find some tracks that show where the coons go through the fence. Then set your traps. Cover them over with dirt. Sprinkle fish seeds around

moor or leaves. Then place the sapling against the tree. If there are a number of coons in a hollow tree a good smoker will get them out where they can be shot.  
Along streams, any hollow log, hollow stump, old building with a hole in it makes a good place to set your coon trap.  
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