PRINCE OF WALES LAYS CORNER-STONE OF VICTORY TOWER AT OTTAWA

Fifty-Nine Years Ago the Prince's Grandfather Laid Corner-Stone of Old Parliament Buildings Destroyed by Fire Three Years Ago.

Ottawa, Sept. 1.—In the laying of the corner stone for the central tower of the restored Parliament Building—the Victory Tower, as it is to be called—the climax of the State functions attendant upon the visit of the Prince of Wales to the Capital was reached. To-day's ceremony was the most elaborate that has been staged since the arrival of the Heir Apparent to the Throne in Ottawa. It was attended by the largest assemblage of persons prominent in the public life of the Dominion, and was witnessed by the greatest throng of citizens for the Labor Day holiday, while the delightful weather enabled all the world and his wife and his children, too, to be on hand and to contribute to the volume of the cheering. The decorations had been provided for the formal reception to his Royal Highness on Thursday last for to-day's event. The high fence which was erected after the fire of February, 1916, and which stood throughout the period of reconstruction, has been removed, and the facade of the noble new Parliament Buildings was disclosed to view. The rather unsightly gap in the centre of the structure, which will be filled up by the completion of the tower, was transformed by rich hangings of purple and gold into a stage of distinguished guests and, surmounted by a huge stand of colors, made a splendid background for the picture. So Edward, Prince of Wales, beheld a brightly-colored and animated scene when he came to Parliament Hill on which another Edward, Prince of Wales, his grandfather, afterward Edward VIII., laid the foundation stone of the building destroyed by fire three years ago.

His Royal Highness came in state, preceded by a mounted escort of Royal Canadian Dragoons and followed by two mounted officers. He rode with His Excellency the Governor-General in a state carriage drawn by four horses with postilions in black and gold. Before his arrival, Sir Robert Borden and the members of the Dominion Government, members of the Senate and House of Commons and the invited guests, including Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces, members of the judiciary, clergy, foreign consuls and leading Government officials had taken the places allotted to them. Her Excellency the Duchess of Devonshire and two of her daughters had also arrived and taken seats on the platform. The Prince on his way drove through the ranks of the Labor Day procession, and his approach to the scene of the corner stone laying was heralded by cheering, which reached its climax as he skirted the Parliament grounds. The first gun of a salute of twenty-one was heard as the Prince alighted from his carriage; the Royal Standard and the Union Jack rose together to the masthead. The guard of honor, composed entirely of veterans of the great war, came smartly to the salute and the band played the opening bars of the National Anthem.

WHICH ROAD?

Which road? This is the question every country community is facing to-day. In OUR community there are only two kinds of people. And they travel on just TWO roads. There are the "HOME TOWN patriots" and the "Out-of-Town patrons." There is the "Trade at Home" road and the "mail order" road. Which class are YOU in? What road are YOU taking? It should be EASY to decide. Every time we fail to patronize HOME INTERESTS we are boosting an outsider. Every time we take the mail order route we are boycotting our home town. Which ROAD? The only answer for US is the ROAD TO THE RIGHT.

LEADING MARKETS

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Sept. 2.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $2.24½; No. 2 Northern, $2.21½; No. 3 Northern, $2.17½; No. 4 wheat, $2.11, in store, Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 90⅛c; No. 3 C.W., 88⅝c; extra No. 1 feed, 88⅝c; No. 1 feed, 87⅝c; No. 2 feed, 81⅝c; in store Fort William.

Manitoba barley—No. 3 C.W., $1.35¾; No. 4 C.W., $1.31¾; rejected, $1.23¾, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, nominal; No. 4 yellow, nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 89 to 91c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Winter, per car lot, nominal; No. 2 do, $2.03 to $2.08; No. 3 do, nominal, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Ontario wheat—No. 1, 2 and 3 Spring, nominal.

Barley—Malting, $1.33 to $1.37, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Nominal.

Rye—Nominal.

Manitoba flour—Government standard, $11, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Government standard, Montreal and Toronto, $10 to $10.50, in jute bags, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $15; shorts, per ton, $55; good feed flour, per bag, $3.25 to $3.50.

Hay—No. 1, per ton, $23 to $25; mixed, per ton, $10 to $19, track, Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, $10 to $11, track, Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale.

Butter—Dairy, tubs and rolls, 36 to 38c; prints, 38 to 40c. Creamery, fresh made, solids, 52 to 52½c, prints, 52½ to 53c.

Eggs—49 to 50c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 33c; roosters, 25c; fowl, 30 to 32c; ducklings, 25c; turkeys, 35 to 40c; squabs, doz., $6.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 28 to 29c; roosters, 25c; fowl, 26 to 30c; ducklings, 22c; turkeys, 30c.

Cheese—New, large, 28 to 29c; twins, 28½ to 29½c; triplets, 29 to 30c; Stilton, 29 to 30c.

Butter, fresh dairy, choice, 47 to 49c; creamery prints, 57 to 58c.

Margarine—36 to 38c.

Eggs—No. 1's, 55 to 56c; selects, 59 to 60c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 40c; roosters, 28 to 30c; fowl, 34 to 38c; turkeys, 40 to 45c; ducklings, 34 to 35c; squabs, doz., $7.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 32c; fowl, 33 to 35c; ducks, 27 to 30c.

Beans—Canadian hand-picked, bus., $5.25 to $5.75; primes, $4.25 to $4.75; Imported, hand-picked, Burma, $4.00; Limas, 15 to 16c.

Honey—Extracted clover, 5-lb. tins, 24 to 25c; 10-lb. tins, 23½ to 24c; 60-lb. tins, 23 to 24c; buckwheat, 60-lb. tins, 18 to 19c. Comb, 16-oz., $4.50 to $5 doz.; 10-oz., $3.50 to $4 dozen.

Maple products—Syrup, per imperial gallon, $2.45 to $2.50; per 5 imperial gallons, $2.35 to $2.40; sugar, lb., 27c.

Provisions—Wholesale.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 47 to 48c; do, heavy, 40 to 42c; cooked, 63 to 65c; rolls, 36 to 38c; breakfast bacon, 49 to 55c; backs, plain, 53 to 55c; boneless, 56 to 58c; clear bellies, 33 to 35c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 34 to 35c; clear bellies, 33 to 34c.

Lard—Pure tierces, 37 to 38c; tubs, 37½ to 38c; pails, 37¾ to 38¼c, prints, 39 to 40c. Compound tierces, 31½ to 32c; tubs, 32 to 32½c; pails, 32¼ to 32¾c; prints, 33 to 33½c.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Sept. 2.—Oats, extra No. 1 feed, $1.02½; flour, new standard grade, $11 to $11.10; rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., $4.80 to $5.25; bran, $45; shorts, $55; hay No. 2, per ton, car lots, $21 to $22.10. Cheese, finest westerns, 25c. Butter, choicest creamery, 56c. Eggs, fresh, 64 to 66; selected, 59 to 60c; No. 1 stock, 53 to 55c; No. 2 stock, 43 to 45c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, $2.50 to $2.75. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, $32.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Sept. 2.—Choice heavy steers, $13.75 to $14.50; good heavy steers, $13.25 to $13.50; butchers' cattle, choice, $12.75 to $13.25; do, good, $11.75 to $12.25; do, med., $11 to $11.25; do, com., $7 to $8; bulls, choice, $10 to $10.50; do, med., $9.50 to $9.75; do, rough, $8 to $8.25; butcher cows, choice, $10.25 to $10.75; do, good, $9 to $9.25; do, med., $8.50 to $9; do, com., $7 to $8; stockers, $7.50 to $10; feeders, $10 to $11.25; canners and cutters, $4.75 to $6.75; milkers, good to choice, $110 to $140; do, com. and med., $65 to $75; springers, $90 to $150; light ewes, $8 to $10; yearlings, $10.25 to $12.50; spring lambs, per cwt., $15.50 to $16.25; calves, good to choice, $16.50 to $22; hogs, fed and watered, $21.25; do, weighed off cars, $21.50; do, f.o.b., $20.25.

Montreal, Sept. 2.—Best steers, $12; choice butchers' bulls, $6.50 to $7.50; canners' cattle, $5 to $6; choice butchers' cows, $6 to $9. Milk-fed calves, $10 to $15; grass-fed stock, $7; lambs, $14 to $15; sheep, $7; hogs, best selects, $20.50 per cwt. off cars; other grades down to $16.50 per cwt.

PRESENTED A BIBLE TO THE PRINCE OF WALES

Upon his recent visit to Toronto his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales graciously accepted the gift of a Bible from the Upper Canada Bible Society.

The presentation was very fittingly made at the Exhibition grounds, where for many years the society has had a booth for the disposing of Bibles to visitors at the Exhibition.

The Bible was presented by Dr. N. W. Hoyles, K.C., LL.D., president of the society, in a few well chosen remarks.

The only love worthy of the name ever and always uplifts.—MacDonald.

LOUIS BOTHA PASSES AWAY

Strong Unionist Premier of South Africa Victim of Influenza.

Pretoria, Union of South Africa, Aug. 28.—General Louis Botha, Premier and Minister of Agriculture of the Union of South Africa, died suddenly early this morning, following an attack of influenza.

Right Honorable Louis Botha was born in Greytown, Natal, in 1863. His family was of mingled Dutch and French blood, descended from some of those Hugenots who went to South Africa after the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes.

In 1907 Botha became Premier of the Transvaal, and three years later he became Premier of the South African Union. From the beginning he was a warm advocate of the union. He attended the Imperial Conference in London in 1907, and was a member of the South African National Convention, afterwards visiting England with the other delegates in order to assist the Secretary of State in the passage of the South Africa Act through the Imperial Parliament.

When the great war broke out Botha elected for the Empire. By diplomatic means he sought to hold the disconsolables in check, and when rebellion came he crushed it quickly. Then came his campaign against the Germans, in Southwest Africa. The campaign was a masterpiece of rapidity and efficiency. He took a force of from 40,000 to 50,000 men over sandy wastes of waterless country at a speed that seemed almost incredible. He won the campaign, and destroyed another German dream.

GERMAN PRISONERS WILL BE RELEASED

Paris, Aug. 28.—An agreement has been reached between the French, British and Americans, by which the German prisoners held by the British and Americans may be released immediately.

THE ADVENT INTO CANADA of H.R.H the Prince of Wales, K.G.

Hail to our bright young Chieftain,
Joyous envoy from the Motherland.
Scion of a reign beloved,
And heir to far-flung realms,
Of valour proved on Victory's fields,
Yet gentle, kind and loyable.

Canada welcomes thee
With open arms and loyal hearts
To her rich and vast domains.
A free people accord thee
By God's grace our future king,
Our Empire's hope and bond.

May the Laurel of Peace
Encircle thy brow!
And righteousness and truth
Guide, help and preserve thee.
In these happy moments
May Canada adopt
Thy motto, "Ich Dien."

—Hamilton McCarthy.

TO GIVE TO PRINCE FREEDOM OF NEW YORK

New York, Aug. 28.—Mayor Hylan received a telegram from the Prince of Wales to-day accepting the Mayor's invitation, sent by airplane mail, to visit New York and accept the freedom of the city. The Prince said he expected to come to the United States in November.

Inscription on Corner-Stone of Parliament Victory Tower

Ottawa, Sept. 1.—The corner stone for the Victory Tower of the Parliamentn Buildings bears the inscription: "This stone was laid by Edward, Prince of Wales, September 1st, in this year of Victory. Finis Coronat Opus." At first glance it would appear that the block gave no clue to the year in which the ceremony took place. In point of fact, the inscription constitutes a chronogram in which the sum of the letters, which can be read as Roman numerals, is 1919. Under each such letter is carved a dot indicating that it is to be counted in computing the date. Such devices are familiar to students of architecture and archaeology and have been found on many old buildings.

90 DAYS TO REDUCE PRICES

Time Likely to be Given Government to Prevent General Strike in Country.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Industrial peace in the United States depends on the results the Government can show in the next 90 days in its campaign to reduce the cost of living.

That time limit was tacitly set today by the Executive Council of the railroad shop crafts in suggesting to union locals throughout the country that President Wilson's compromise offer in response to their demand for higher wages would be accepted, pending the outcome of the effort to restore a normal price level. If the cost of living does not come down, the 500,000 members of the shop crafts would reserve the right to strike for more money, and with them probably would be associated the remainder of 2,500,000 railroad employees, all of whom have been considering the same problem.

The letter of the Executive Council served to compose somewhat the uneasiness felt in official circles over the immediate labor situation and to focus attention on the legal measures being directed by Attorney-General Palmer and his assistant, Judge Ames, to take the inflation out of prices by punishing hoarders and profiteers.

Labor Truce for Six Months To Give President a Chance

New York, Sept. 1.—Suspension of all strikes throughout the United States and the declaration of a labor truce on the basis of the status quo for six months or more to enable President Wilson to bring about a reduction in the cost of living, is recommended in a report of a committee of the New York State Federation of Labor, made public here to-day.

Sow calceolarias in light soil for winter flowering plants.

Use strong tea in stove polish instead of water.

AIR PASSENGER SERVICE A SUCCESS

Daily Trips Between London and Paris Well Patronized.

London, Sept. 1.—The first week of the regular passenger and express air service between London and Paris has proved a striking success. In spite of the bad weather a daily service has been maintained several days, and to-day it was necessary to add another airplane to the service to carry all the passengers and goods prepared to travel by the route.

At the present moment the quickest means of communication between London and Paris is by air, beating the mail, telegraph and telephone. It is proposed to institute a regular postal air service between the two Capitals.

While it is expected that a number of business men will make the trips by air service, it is thought that all American visitors to Europe will now have to include an air trip in their itinerary, flying from London to Paris, and then visiting the battlefields.

The American express is booked up a week ahead, and there is a prospect of still further demand for air-travelling facilities.

BRITAIN BUYS CANADIAN WHEAT

Royal Wheat Commission Offers Last Year's Price For 19,000,000 Bushels.

London, Sept. 1.—Lloyd Harris, head of the Canadian Trade Mission, states that the Royal Wheat Commission has offered to buy 500,000 tons of Canadian wheat (about 19,000,000 bushels) if it can be shipped before the close of navigation.

The price named is equal to last year's fixed Canadian price.

The money will be paid in Montreal, the loss on exchange falling upon Britain.

A coincident advantage of the contract involves provision for the necessary shipping.

The price last year was $2.24½ for No. 1 Northern, in store at Fort William.

No. 2 Northern was $2.21½ at Fort William.

No. 3 Northern was $2.17½ at Fort William.

CANADA'S WELCOME GRATIFIES BRITAIN

"People of the Dominion Are Surpassing All Expectations."

A despatch from London says:—"All London newspapers are featuring the extraordinarily enthusiastic welcome the Prince of Wales is receiving in Canada. The Westminster Gazette says:—

"No one ever doubted that the Prince would receive such a welcome; his position, his personal qualities and the part he played in the struggle wherein the Canadians bore so great a share were sufficient to assure that. But the people of the Dominion are surpassing all expectations by the heartiness of their welcome and the keen pleasure they are obviously taking in the Prince's visit. In the midst of all these manifestations of public interest and of his own popularity, the Prince is bearing himself well, displaying that quiet courtesy and modesty which have already endeared him to the people at home."

the 59th anniversary of the Battle upon Poles Make Use of Tanks In Battles With Bolsheviki

London, Sept. 1.—The Poles have captured the fortified town of Bobruisk, 85 miles south-east of Minsk, according to an announcement by the Polish authorities to-day. The Poles took 500 prisoners. The Poles used tanks for the first time. The enemy retreated to the eastern bank of the Beresina River, destroying the bridges.

Sergeant—"Now, then, all you the four men with a knowledge of music I was asking for?" Chorus—"Yes, sergeant." Sergeant—"Right. Parade Officers' Mess 11.30 to move grand piano to marquee—distance 100 yards—for concert this evening."

GIFTS TO KINGS AND QUEENS

LEGACIES FROM SUBJECTS QUITE UNKNOWN TO RULERS.

King Edward VII Recipient of Many of the Testimonials—$1,250 Bequeathed to Queen Victoria.

Many monarchs in Europe, not to speak of other [illegible] of royal extraction, have received legacies from subjects [illegible] they have been [illegible].

The late King Edward received many of the [illegible] from his subjects at [illegible] of living rulers, the [illegible] perdr of Ru[illegible] and pal legatees [illegible].

Wilhelm [illegible] Munich to-[illegible] "as a humble [illegible] preciation of [illegible] and statesm[illegible] Majesty has [illegible] dissent from the [illegible] from time to time. Not all the Gifts [illegible] wills in favor of [illegible] flattering. For [illegible] Berlin sought [illegible] his heirs, only [illegible] should bring [illegible] his mode of public [illegible] ings of this [illegible] his own family.

Edward VII [illegible] portrait [illegible] minder of the [illegible] was ever [illegible] family. The [illegible] Henry W. Gibbs [illegible] a period of [illegible] was the private [illegible] Prince of Wales [illegible] Mr. Gibbs [illegible] to his former [illegible] Queen Victoria [illegible] the red box [illegible] as queen's [illegible] king. George V. [illegible] and to the [illegible] Gibbs left the [illegible] guineas each [illegible] Victoria and [illegible] 500 each. In [illegible] however, the will [illegible] occasion of her marriage to Prince Charles of Denmark [illegible] made her the recipient of [illegible] guineas, so that it [illegible] that she was forgotten.

Left All to Queen Victoria.

An odd feature [illegible] royalty is that [illegible] from miser[illegible] enmity toward them [illegible] because they [illegible] their sovereign [illegible] known instance [illegible] that of one [illegible] called, who [illegible] left every cent [illegible] Victoria. [illegible] Londoners who [illegible] Bloomsbury [illegible] he was the [illegible] that ever [illegible] lived in a dirty [illegible] rags, a circumstance [illegible] to suspect that he [illegible] of quite a fortune.

It would seem that the police had their suspicions, for when he died a the room was made by them of his cellar, with the result that over £500 in gold was found hidden under the cellar floor.

Another curious [illegible] of a member of [illegible] family, was that drawn by [illegible] country lady at the [illegible] Edward, in his younger days, [illegible] tour of India. The [illegible] that £250 should be [illegible] Majesty, Queen Victoria [illegible] it was hoped [illegible] trifling degree [illegible] expense, which [illegible] trip had involved.

Reproducing Persian Carpets.

Carpets now [illegible] shop will, in a [illegible] surprise those [illegible] with the strict [illegible] facture of carpets [illegible] during the war [illegible] claimed to be [illegible] rare eastern carpets [illegible] fered at prices far [illegible] those of ordinary [illegible] The most remarkable [illegible] them is considering [illegible] dering of that [illegible] has hitherto escaped [illegible] Some of the most [illegible] tions are those of [illegible] tury coronation [illegible] made for the Shah [illegible] Khorassan [illegible] pet manufacture [illegible] mail, the original of [illegible] the Victoria and Albert Museum of London; and there are copies and at others from the [illegible] galleries of the world. The carpets vary in size and have been made in a British factory [illegible] the pet three or four years.

BOOM HINDENBURG FOR GERMAN PRESIDENCY

Berlin, Aug. 28.—The National Liberals are booming Field Marshal von Hindenburg for the Presidency in the first elections to be held under the new constitution.

The directorate of the party urges the obliteration of party lines in the initial election for President of the new Republic, and calls upon the voters to rally round the man whose name has been an "epitome of faithful service to the country in war, in victory and in the hour of need."

YOUNG ELEPHANT DISCIPLINED BY MOTH

In a recent article it is stated elephants are amazingly like human beings in the way they discipline the young. In proof it tells the following incident seen by a French traveller in an extensive lumber yard in Saigon.

While the adult elephants were faithfully at work, the young played about the yard. The incident that attracted the traveller's attention was a hauling, in harness, huge tree trunks from the bank of the river. She had a load, a fact that her offspring failed to realize. Bent on playing a game, she wound his little trunk about one of the chain traces and pulled with all his strength.

Conscious of the suddenly increased weight, the mother stopped and looked around. She saw the young one. She shook her head solemnly, but gave no further heed to his tricks and went again to her work. Meanwhile the little rascal with his free trunk had loosened the vine that fastened the traces to the load.

While the mother was busily at work, she set her burden in motion. Suddenly the recreant son pulled with all his might against the other, and pulled so hard that she was quite unaware that he had been disconnected from the load. Naturally enough, the load was thrown to her feet and partly buried in a wide circle from the culprit sought a hiding place that seemed to offer him a temporary protection. It, however, was soon in the place he had to flee. Round and round the wood-pile he dodged, but the mother with her iron harness close behind her, kept close at his heels.

Although the little one's agility gained some space on the corners, his mighty pursuer overtook him. The mother's trunk drew him up to her. At the second he sank down at her feet, gave to his knees; and then, without a murmur, amid many tears, a sound trouncing by the mother let him go. He still struggling and with trunk he left the place of the yard.

The little fellow had a complete sympathy of the other, and consequently he was overjoyed during the noon hour at their reconciliation. The mother could to comfort the little sinner; she caressed his trunk, cuddled him up and looked at him as if she still have a mother wa[illegible]

WONDERS OF A FAMOUS [illegible]

After night has set in in Schwarzenbergplatz in Vienna hundreds of curious people were wont to throng the place to hear a well-trained band play peal forth strains of music and to gaze upon the wonders of its glorious fountain.

Before the palace of Prince Schwarzenberg is the celebrated fountain, lighted by two hundred reflectors, containing over 270 million candles. The tremendous in size, the water is seen in every color imaginable, but within a circular form. The centre example, will be crimson, the extreme inner edge a brilliant ray of gold. In seconds the former color fades into a faint tint, going gradually through original hue to garnet, to light red, to a rich gold, to a section running through yellow, a sudden change to green, emerges from the bleeding its spray to a deep shade, to a faint contrast of a deep blue, the also changing through more delicate colors.

Little sparkles of [illegible] ible brown, pink and [illegible] gether, and link [illegible] dropping back into [illegible] an entirely different [illegible] violet, then diamond [illegible] heliotrope and pale [illegible] up, and so they go on, [illegible] ating the tiny drops [illegible] their descent.

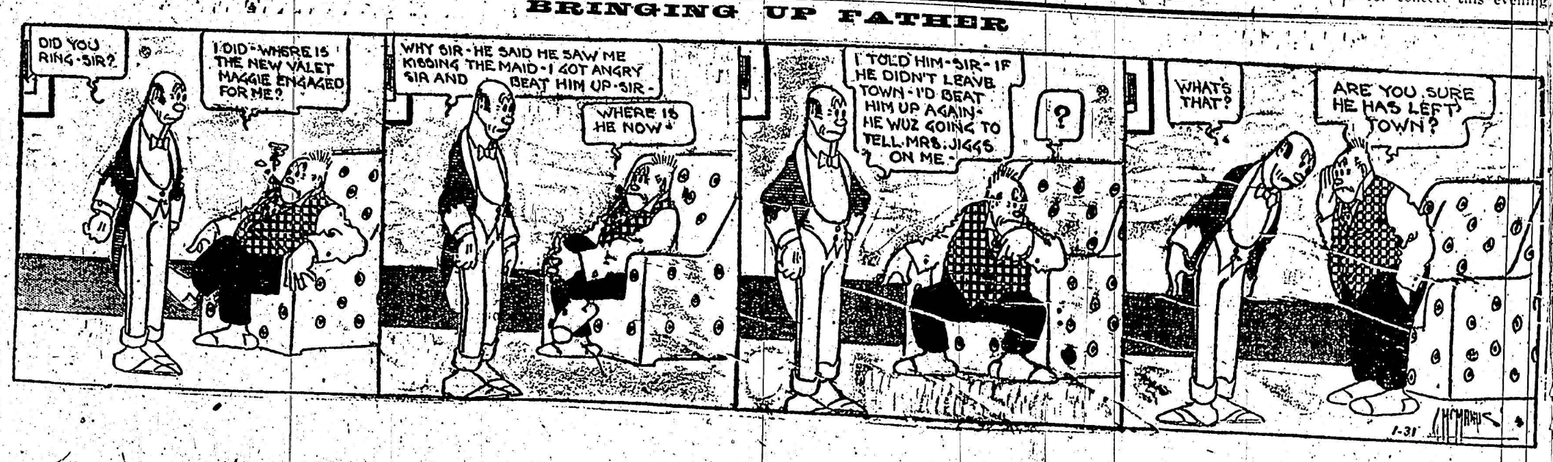
With all these marvels [illegible] of every existing hue, [illegible] greatest splendor of the [illegible] the fact that each varied [illegible] takes turns at shooting [illegible] est, and often one may [illegible] glance to a considerable [illegible] gazing upon the tallest [illegible]

Wanted to Know

"Says pa, are [illegible] best?"

"So we are told, my [illegible] first?"

God is a sower. How many seeds He sows every year! Some barbed, some winged, some [illegible] ered by birds, some [illegible] breeze, some float on the [illegible] God did not care for the [illegible] would soon be no life on earth.

Tomatoes cooked down [illegible] with butter and appropriate [illegible] ings make of a dish of prepared rice a most savory pleasure [illegible] of a prosaic duty and they [illegible] of protein to the starchy [illegible] ell.

BRINGING UP FATHER