AFGHAN MAIN OFFENSIVE IS RAPIDLY DEVELOPING

Attacks Against Thal Successfully Repulsed by British—500 of Enemy Killed or Prisoners in One Engagement.

London, June 1.—The Afghan main offensive against Thal, under Gen. Nadir Khan, the Amir's commander-in-chief, is developing. The latest official information from Simla, received on Many 29 and 30, shows that all attacks on Fort Thal have been repulsed. The fort was bombarded throughout Wednesday last, and the Afghans occupied the looted base outside the fort. Air reconnaisance disclosed about 3,500 of the enemy near. Their camps were effectively bombed.

At the capture of the Afghan port Dalkop, opposite Chaman Baluchivan, the British took 169 prsoners and killed 320 of the enemy. The British occupy the fort. Smart work was displayed at the assault and capture. The guns made breaches in the walls, and the fort was finally reduced by a flanking assault. The garrison fought bravely, but for the most part, was killed or captured. It was the strongest fort in Afghanstan, having thick outer walls and bombproof shelters. Its fall has had a good effect in Kandahar and along the Chaman frontier, as showing the effect of high explosive shells.

Three British airplanes have dropped bombs on Kabul, capital of Afghanistan, and Jelalabad, the Indian office announces. The airplanes also have attacked formations of Afghan troops.

LEADING MARKETS

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, June 3.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, $2.24½; No. 2 northern, $2.21½; No. 3 northern, $2.17½; No. 4 wheat, $2.11½, in store Fort William.

American corn—Nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 79c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 winter, per car lot, $2.14 to $2.26; No. 2 do, $2.11 to $2.19; No. 3 do, $2.07 to $2.15 f.o.b., shipping points, according to freights.

Peas—No. 2, nominal.

Barley Malting, $1.21 to $1.26, nominal.

Buckwheat—No. 2, nominal.

Rye—No. 2, nominal.

Manitoba flour—Government standard, $11 Toronto.

Ontario flour—Government standard, $11, in jute bags, Toronto and Montreal, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freight, bags included. Bran, $42 per ton; shorts, $44 per ton; good feed flour, $2.75 to $2.80 per bag.

Hay—No. 1, $32 to $35 per ton; mixed $20 to $24 per ton, track, Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, $10 to $11 per ton.

Eggs, new laid, 53 to 54c. Butter—Creamery prints, 56 to 57c; choice dairy prints, 48 to 50c; ordinary dairy prints, 42 to 43c; bakers', 30 to 32c; oleomargarine (best grade), 35 to 37c. Cheese, new, large, 23 to 33½c. Maple Syrup—Per 5-gal. tin, $2.10 per gal.; 10, in one-gal tins, $2.50. Beans—Canadian, per bush., $3 to $3.25; Burma, $3.50; Limas, per lb., 12 to 13c.

Provisions—Wholesale.

Smoked Meats—Rolls, 32 to 35c; hams, medium, 40 to 42c; heavy, 33 to 35c; cooked hams, 51 to 56c; backs, plain, 48 to 49c; backs, boneless, 55 to 57c; breakfast bacon, 45 to 48c. Cottage rolls, 34 to 37c.

Barrelled Meats—Pickled pork, $33; mess pork, $47.

Green Meats—Out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

Dry Salted Meats—Long clears, in tubs, 29c; clear bellies, 28c; fat backs, 25c.

Lard—Tubs, 34½c to 35c; tubs, 35 to 35½c; pails, 35¾ to 36¼c; prints, 37 to 38½c; compound lard, tubs, 28¾c; tubs, 28¾c; pails, 29c; prints, 30c.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, June 3.—Oat, extra No. 1 feed, 89c; flour, Man. Spring, new standard grade, $11 to $11.10; rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., $4.10 to $4.25; bran, $42.50 to $43; shorts, $44.50 to $45; hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, $38 to $40. Cheese, finest easterns, 31½c; butter, choicest creamery, 55½ to 56c; eggs, fresh, 52 to 53c; selected, 54 to 55c; No. 2 stock, 50c; potatoes, per bag, car lots, $2 to $2.10; dressed hogs, abattoir killed, $20.50 to $31. lard, pure, wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 37c.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, June 3.—Heavy steers, $14 to $15; choice butchers' steers, $13.25 to $14; butchers' cattle, choice, $13.25 to $13.75; do, good, $12.25 to $12.50; do, medium, $11.50 to $12; do, common, $10 to $10.50; bulls, choice, $11.50 to $12; do, medium, $10.50 to $11; do, rough, $8 to $8.50; butchers' cows, choice, $12 to $13; do, good, $10.50 to $11.50; do, midium, $9.25 to $10; do, common, $8 to $8.50; stockers, $8.75 to $11.75; feeders, $12.50 to $14; canners and cutters, $1.50 to $6.50; milkers, good to choice, $90 to $150; do, com. and med, $65 to $75; springers, $90 to $160; light ewes, $13 to $15; yearlings, $12 to $14; choice lambs, $18 to $19.50; spring lambs, $12 to $15; calves, good to choice, $15 to $17; hogs, fed and watered, $22.25; do, weighed off cars, $22.50; do, f.o.b., $21.25.

Montreal, June 3.—Choice steers, $15; poor, $9 to $10. Butchers' cattle, good, $10 to $12; inferior, $7.50 to $8.50. Calves, milk-fed, $8 to $12. Choice select hogs, $22 to $22.50.

HOLDS BIG FIVE BEARS BURDEN

President Wilson Answers the Protests of the Small Powers.

Paris, June 1.—President Wilson Saturday at a secret plenary session of the Peace Conference declared that in the final analysis the five great powers, America, Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan, be responsible for ending wars, and that they are compelled to deny to the smaller minorities certain rights which, if carried to extremes, would precipitate future conflicts.

The President spoke in reply to bitter protests of smaller nations against clauses in the peace treaty with Austria designed to safeguard the minorities in the newly-created republics.

Roumania's representatives characterized these clauses as "violation of sovereignty designed to keep awake the spirit of rebellion."

Serbia and Czecho-Slovakia agreed with Roumania, Poland being the only supporter of the Big Five's policy. The Big Five finally agreed to endeavor to meet the views of the smaller powers.

RECALLED FROM NORTH RUSSIA

Canadian Force Will Return Via the Pacific Coast.

A despatch from London says:—The Canadian force in North Russia has been recalled. It is about six hundred strong and consists chiefly of an artillery brigade, commanded by Col. Sharman. The Canadians, who have done splendid work against the Bolsheviki, will return to Canada via the Pacific coast.

Their morale during the fighting has been very good, but of late there has been considerable dissatisfaction because of their retention after the return of their comrades from France. Considering it is the Canadian policy to demobilize all soldiers as soon as possible, the London authorities have now issued orders for their recall.

KING RECEIVES ATLANTIC FLYERS

Hawker and Grieve Firs Recipients of the Air Force Cross.

A despatch from London says:—Harry G. Hawker and Lieut.-Commander Mackenzie Grieve, who reached here from Thurso, Scotland, after being rescued in midocean when the airplane in which they were attempting to cross the Atlantic alighted near the Danish steamer Mary, were received by King George at Buckingham Palace.

His Majesty bestowed on Hawker and Grieve the insignia of the Air Force Cross. They are the first actual recipients of this order.

An immense crowd gathered in front of Buckingham Palace to witness the arrival of Hawker and Grieve, who were loudly cheered when they made their appearance. The crowd also gave them an ovation when they left the palace.

THE WOMAN'S WORK.

You, madam, are only one of a thousand women to-day who are deluded by the long-distance bargain. Don't be carried away by a beautiful picture in a catalog. You can get better bargains from your own home merchant, where you see the goods before you pay for them, where you can be assured of a fit and satisfaction in every respect. In trading at home you are doing your share in building up your community. This is your work.

SEAPLANE LANDS AT PILGRIM'S PIER

Crew of NC-4 Given Great Reception on Arriving in England.

Plymouth, England, June 1.—The American seaplane NC-4 completed her long flight from the United States yesterday. She arrived here from Ferrol, Spain, on the last jump of her journey at 2.26 p.m. local time (1.26 p.m. Greenwich time.)

The NC-4, making a dashing finish, swept quickly landward and settled down on the waters of the harbor to the accompaniment of cheers from the crowds and salvos from all the steam craft within sight—her memorable transatlantic trip ended.

The seaplane left Ferrol at 2.27 o'clock, Washington time, and made the distance of approximately 500 miles to this port in six hours, 59 minutes, or at the rate of nearly 72 miles an hour.

Lieutenant-Commander Read, who brought the seaplane across the Atlantic from Trepassey to the Azores and thence to Lisbon, had intended making the trip from Lisbon to Plymouth in one jump yesterday. He was compelled to alight yesterday morning in the Mondego River, about 100 miles up the Portugese coast, however, because of engine trouble, but soon proceeded as far as Ferrol, on the northwestern tip of the Spanish mainland, where the plane was moored for the night, proceeding early this morning for this port.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL WILL OPEN CANADIAN EXHIBIT

A despatch from New York says:—The Duke of Devonshire, Governor-General of Canada, will open an exhibition here on June 10 of war paintings, conducted by the Canadian War Memorial Fund. The paintings are largely those of Canadian artists sent to the fighting front during the war, and embrace representations of every sphere of Canadian war preparation and activity, together with portraits of generals, statesmen, Canadian V.C.'s and pictures typifying Canadian history. The exhibition is under the management of P. G. Konody, English art critic, and Capt. Percy F. Godenrath, attached to the Canadian War Records Office.

NAVAL BATTLE IN THE BALTIC

British Warships Engaged Bolshevik Fleet for an Hour.

Helsingfors, June 1.—A fifty-minute battle occurred yesterday morning between a Bolshevik fleet comprising the battleship Petropavlovsk (23,307 tons) and three other warships which had been bombarding the coast west of Krasniagorka (15 miles west of Kronstadt) and seven British warships. The Russians eventually fled to Kronstadt.

Saturday's encounter, which took place in the Gulf of Finland, was the second the British have had recently with Bolshevik naval forces, which are trying to harry the Esthonian army approaching Petrograd from the west. On May 18 a 35-minute naval fight occurred not far from the locality of the one now reported. It had a similar result, the Bolshevik fleet retiring to Kronstadt. Some of their vessels were reported to have been hit. The British Admiralty stated later that there had been no casualties to the British forces.

SOUTH AFRICAN RAILWAYS GET £500,000 FOR SERVICE

Cape Town, South Africa, June 1.—Hon. Mr. Burton, Minister of Railways, communicated a cable from Premier Botha to the Assembly, stating that the Imperial Government has given the value of half a million pounds sterling free for services rendered by the South African railways to the Imperial authorities. Mr. Burton said he believed the House and the country would deeply appreciate the spirit in which the gift was made and which was only another mark of the cordial relations between Great Britain and the Union of South Africa.

TELL GERMANS TO ACCEPT OR REFUSE

Paris, June 2.—The reply of the allied and associated Governments to the German counter-proposals, The Echo de Paris declares, will be handed to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau on Friday. It will constitute a refusal of the German proposals. The Germans, the paper adds, will be told they must either accept or refuse the allied conditions before June 25.

CANNOT COMPLY WITH REQUEST

Answer of Switzerland Regarding Blockade of Germany.

Berne, June 1.—The federal council has handed to the French Ambassador, for transmission to the allied Government, a note stating that the entente request that Switzerland prohibit all exports to Germany if the Germans refuse to sign the peace treaty, would require the complete breaking off of economical relations with Germany. The note says that the action requested by the entente would go beyond all the restrictions imposed during the war.

The federal council again asserts the neutrality of Switzerland and says it does not consider itself able to comply with the allied request. The allied Governments, the Council declares, will understand its attitude.

TURKS TO HAND OVER TWO PASHAS

Provision Requiring the Surrender of Enver and Talaat Included in Treaty.

London, June 1.—The whereabouts of Enver Pasha and Talaat Pasha, the leaders of the Turkish Government during the war, is not known, but the British Government is taking steps to bring them to account, Cecil Harmsworth, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, announced in the House Saturday. Mr. Harmsworth said he understood a provision requiring the surrender of Enver and Talaat would be included in the peace treaty with Turkey.

GERMANS ATTACK POLES AND ARE BADLY WORSTED

Paris, June 2.—A German detachment, 1,200 strong, from East Prussia, crossed the Polish frontier and attacked the Polish advance guards. In a short, sharp reaction the Germans were repulsed with heavy losses.

All of the prominent universities in the United Kingdom, save Oxford and Cambridge, now confer legal degrees on women who duly qualify.

WIDESPREAD PLOT OF U.S. RADICALS

Attempt to Assassinate Attorney-General and Other Prominent Men.

Washington, June 2.—Radical agitators to-night apparently attempted to inaugurate another reign of terrorism throughout the country through the planting of infernal machines near the residences of prominent men.

Within a few minutes after the explosion of a bomb at the door of Attorney-General Palmer's residence here, with the killing of one man, evidently the person planting the bomb, reports were received from Boston, Pittsburg, West Philadelphia, Paterson, N.J., Newtonville, Mass., Cleveland, and New York City, of similar attempts.

In all cases except Paterson and Philadelphia the bomb attempts were directed against the lives of public officials. In Paterson the home of a silk manufacturer was wrecked, while in Philadelphia, where two explosions occurred, attempts were made to blow up a Catholic Church and a private residence.

The similarity of the reports received from the various cities pointed to authorities the May Day bomb plot of a month ago.

The bomb planted under the steps of the home of Attorney-General Palmer, in the fashionable northwest section of Washington, wrecked the dwelling, smashed the windows of adjoining houses for a block but injured no one within the Palmer residence.

ITALY'S LOSSES TO BE ADJUSTED

Sacrifices on Adriatic Will be Made Up by Territory in Africa.

Paris, June 2.—The Council of Four has virtually decided to give Italy just economic compensation for concessions she makes in the Adriatic settlement. With this object in mind Lord Milner, Signor Crispi and Henri Simon have been considering at length in what manner the French and British Governments may be able to reconcile Italy in North Africa. It has been heard that Italy may in this way receive an increase of her territory in Tripoli, gaining an extension of the boundaries to the south, and also in the region around Bjiri, but without the town itself, which would remain under French control. The handing over of part of British Somaliland to Italy may also be considered. The rights of the Slavs in Fiume are to be protected, while Fiume, according to the published outline of the Adriatic settlement, is to be a free city diplomatically represented by Italy; the railway and hinterland beginning 18 miles outside the city are to be Jugo-Slav.

BELGIUM HONORS HER EDITH CAVELL

A despatch from Brussels says:—The transfer of the body of Gabrielle Petit, a young Belgian woman, whom the Germans executed on a charge of treason, was carried out on Thursday with impressive ceremonies.

The streets were lined with thousands of spectators, and the city had the appearance of national mourning. Piles of flowers covered the coffin, and troops, patriotic societies and school children followed the cortege to the communal cemetery, where military honors were paid.

Premier De La Croix and other officials delivered eulogies before the coffin left the Town Hall of Schaerbeek, a suburb. Mlls. Petit was put to death in 1916.

Afghan Ruler Asks Peace; Orders Army to Stop Fighting

London, June 2.—The India Office makes the following announcement:—"The Viceroy reports that a letter has been received from the Amir at Peshewar expressing a desire for peace, asking for the opening of negotiations and stating he has instructed the Afghan commanders to cease hostilities."

WHAT FASTING DOES TO FOLKS

SCIENTIFIC STUDIES ARE BEING MADE OF THIS PROBLEM.

Notion That Abstaining From Food Promotes Bodily Health is Not Endorsed by Medical Men.

Of recent [illegible] fasting fad. [illegible] ted that [illegible] ted by [illegible] erable length [illegible] t cannot be [illegible] uity has ev[illegible] e notion. [illegible] ians and ph[illegible] t such [illegible] ainst Nature [illegible] strain upon [illegible] per contra, [illegible] ulus of all [illegible] y in San D[illegible] age of [illegible] ory that health [illegible] improved [illegible] ted periods [illegible]

Famous Dr. Tanner Fasts.

The most fam[illegible] ed more than [illegible] ually watch [illegible] to make [illegible] ring the su[illegible] uld not be [illegible] d he touch[illegible] aded food.

[illegible] are recently [illegible] ic studies [illegible] s and other [illegible] ects of target [illegible] argic Indian [illegible] ed for the [illegible] nted Sneed [illegible] Mr. He did [illegible] g high [illegible] deer's heart [illegible] fast, at [illegible] certain [illegible] s which p[illegible] ge to quit [illegible] y he was [illegible] ed [illegible] fity, [illegible] ow low [illegible] The [illegible] d days, [illegible] in a corner of a [illegible] green leaves and [illegible] thickets; on branches [illegible] rabbits adore weeds [illegible] and vines.

Since seeing these [illegible] viceroys, white-capped [illegible] their work, I have [illegible] guess at the cause [illegible] ly neat and orderly [illegible] landscape. The last [illegible] procession of old [illegible] dren, red-checked and [illegible] per boys plushing [illegible] leaded and sacks [illegible] that otherwise would [illegible] human purpose. No [illegible] rabbit, as we double [illegible] golden corn, fit [illegible] rabbit lives, and [illegible] once ordered and [illegible] from Mother Nature.

QUAINT REME[illegible]

Do You Fancy Swallowers as a Cure For [illegible]

The patient [illegible] from his twentieth [illegible] in taking a stack of [illegible] drug, and the early [illegible] sid to play up to this [illegible] just as the modern [illegible] quack do to this day [illegible] recommendation of [illegible] cheese or bruising [illegible] was striking. Thus [illegible] Solomon's seal it was [illegible] stamped while it is [illegible] and applied, taketh away [illegible] or two at the most, and [illegible] or blowe spots gotten [illegible] man's wisdumness in [illegible] their huskandd [illegible]

The majority of pe[illegible] sent day, however, [illegible] of accepting the follow[illegible] A live spider roll[illegible] swallowed as a pill, wa[illegible] as a cure for jaundice [illegible] vised to cut off a lock [illegible] and drink it with wine [illegible] plague.

Most remarkable, howev[illegible] belief which our ancestors [illegible] as a medicine. The skin [illegible] the hair nothing came [illegible] too revolting. Most valu[illegible] the skulls of persons w[illegible] violent deaths. The bo[illegible] als who had been hanged [illegible] fore, highly prized, and [illegible] much as eight shillings to [illegible] lings apiece if most [illegible] them. A sympathetic oil [illegible] made of this moss in the [illegible] century—an infallible rem[illegible] epilepsy. The skull itself [illegible] ed. Charles II., when [illegible] from apoplexy, was ord[illegible] four physicians twenty-fo[illegible] spirits from human skulls.

In the seventeenth and [illegible] centuries there was a pre[illegible] in powdered mummies as [illegible] medies.

But a few sceptical [illegible] nounced this remedy been[illegible] to much fraud, for far more [illegible] were prescribed than ever [illegible] of Egypt. Judging by the [illegible] the fifteenth, sixteenth, [illegible] teenth centuries, ague and dys[illegible] were amongst the most prevalent [illegible] eases.

Poor laundry work shortens life of clothing more than anything else.

RABBIT FARMING IN FRANC[illegible]

War Worker Describes Thrifty Ha[illegible] its of French Peasants.

This extract from Home [illegible] France, by Miss Dorothy [illegible] gives an entertaining picture [illegible] uses the thrifty and practical [illegible] people [illegible] of the rabbit [illegible] could have [illegible] Port cake [illegible] without disparaging [illegible] a convenient, if not [illegible] staple the vile!

Visitors to our place in [illegible] village, says Miss Cam[illegible] stopped to gape at the [illegible] ed brick rabbit hutch [illegible] fully made little patch [illegible] flowers. I hastened to explain [illegible] rabbits were not for the [illegible] pay with, but that they [illegible] portant part of the [illegible] every country family in [illegible] and supply for many [illegible] meat they ever eat [illegible] casional fowl in the [illegible] day. They take the place [illegible] I could see, of the farm [illegible] and are, to my mind, [illegible] provement on him. T[illegible] much better food than [illegible] since the animal is [illegible] Inside he provides [illegible] ion all the year round [illegible] palatable and [illegible] sided into indig[illegible] of our country [illegible]

In addition, [illegible] thing to raise them. [illegible] scraps from the [illegible] it's potato and [illegible] peelings, the carrot [illegible] vine after they [illegible] ing the winter [illegible] and herbage of all [illegible] wise would be lost. [illegible] the old women of [illegible] with granny specs and [illegible] for an hour or so of [illegible] exercise. The phrase [illegible] as a Uberlie (go for [illegible] is often a lively [illegible] children skipping and [illegible] their grandmother [illegible] her boys pushing [illegible] cheri boi and [illegible] of French country [illegible] what with as world [illegible] country," and as they [illegible] tell on [illegible] in a corner of a [illegible] green leaves and [illegible] thickets; on branches [illegible] rabbits adore weeds [illegible] and vines.

Since seeing these [illegible] viceroys, white-capped [illegible] their work, I have [illegible] guess at the cause [illegible] ly neat and orderly [illegible] landscape. The last [illegible] procession of old [illegible] dren, red-checked and [illegible] per boys plushing [illegible] leaded and sacks [illegible] that otherwise would [illegible] human purpose. No [illegible] rabbit, as we double [illegible] golden corn, fit [illegible] rabbit lives, and [illegible] once ordered and [illegible] from Mother Nature.

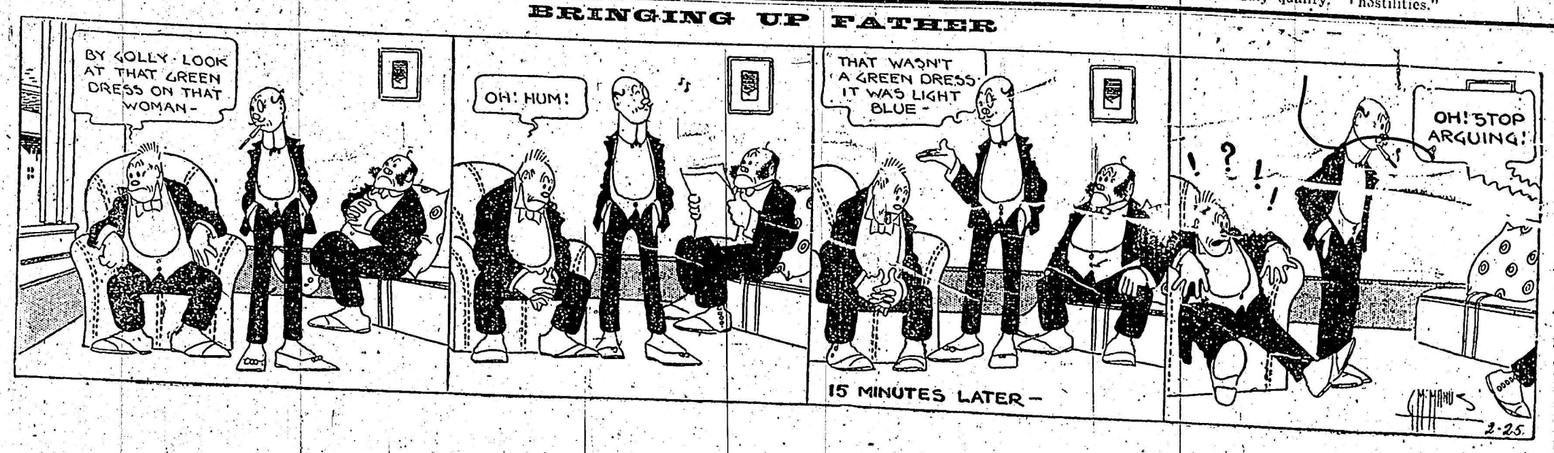
JU[illegible]E 20 IS PROB[illegible] DATE FOR SIGN[illegible]

A despatch [illegible] June 25 is the [illegible] on which the G[illegible] sign if no [illegible] counted, but [illegible] probable date [illegible] Germany counter[illegible] received with [illegible] by [illegible] members [illegible] great [illegible] especially [illegible] member [illegible] of Nations, for a [illegible] the composition of [illegible] fixing of a deadline [illegible] ties.

198 [illegible] Boats, 3,000 S[illegible] Lost by Germany [illegible] War

A despatch from [illegible] Germany lost 198 [illegible] the war, according to [illegible] this branch of the [illegible] service published [illegible] sische Zeitung. The [illegible] ed seven submarines [illegible] eight forts and four [illegible] the men crews.

More than 3,000 [illegible] lives [illegible] the submarine [illegible] statistics show, while [illegible] sand others lost their [illegible] to be committed to [illegible]

The net national debt [illegible] 500,000,000. The Can. [illegible] seeks to awaken a realization of the fact in every man and [illegible] Dominion.

BRINGING UP FATHER