

THE DWINDLING OF PRIZE

FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West in a Few Points Paragraphs.

Capt. W. R. Macdonald, R.N., captain of Victoria, has been appointed to the Khaki of Egypt and made a member of the Order of the Nile.

Lieut. Harry N. White, who was in Victoria on his way to the Dardanelles, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Medal.

Prize-money, the old perquisites, has dwindled away unimpressively. How unimpressive seems dross now awarded to destroying the enemy with the great big guns.

The first British gunboat to sail from the Dardanelles, H.M.S. Hesperus, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Medal.

The present state of affairs on the Austro-Italian front, the message reads, "appears to be full of promise and surprise." The supreme solution of the war can be expected only by fighting, is strengthening his defenses and accumulating great quantities of material despatchly, and is doing everything possible to forestall a future Italian offensive, which is expected.

The Italians have practically cleared the Balkans and are holding all the territory captured.

According to the statements of prisoners, it seems that the Austrians are quite disengaged. At present the greatest activity is being displayed by Italian airplanes which are scouting over the enemy's railroads, where the Austrian troops are resting, spreading fear and terror by their bombing operations."

FULL SUCCESS FOR ITALIANS

Complete Mastery of the Bainziza Plateau Gained by Gen. Cadorna.

A despatch from Washington says: "The delay in the mobilization of the Greek army for use on the Entente side of the war has been due to lack of equipment, which is to be furnished by France, Britain and the United States. This explanation of the delay was communicated to the Greek Legation on Friday by the Foreign Office at Athens. When the necessary equipment has been obtained Greece will be able to furnish 300,000 men for use in the war."

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GREAT DAMAGE CAUSED IN THE WEST INDIES

A despatch from Fredericton, N.B., says: "Anthracite coal has been discovered fifty miles from this city: Captain Russell Bellaney, of New York City, a student and geologist, secured a license from the New Brunswick Government to explore for silver, which he believed was to be found in the Salmon River district of Queen's County. His investigations brought him to a strata which proved to be coal, very closely resembling the anthracite of the Pennsylvania fields. Tests made showed it to produce an intense heat and to be almost odorless and clinkers. It ignites quickly and burns slowly. It is estimated conservatively that there is at least a half-million tons in sight."

Advices from Batabat, situated on the mainland, say it is believed there that many persons perished in the islands, although no definite information regarding casualties has been received here."

A despatch from Toronto says: The crop of barn fires throughout Ontario is far too abundant, according to the reports which are being filed with the Provincial Fire Marshall. Mr. Heatton stated that the barn fires reported during August represented a loss of a quarter of a million dollars and during the last few weeks the money losses have been considerably increased by reason of the fact that in many cases the entire storable portion of the year's crops have gone up in flames, owing to spontaneous combustion in the mows, where insufficiently dried crops have heated to the point of ignition during the frequent warm spells which have occurred since harvesting.

BDEFENCE AGAINST HEAVIEST TORPEDO

A despatch from Montreal says: "For the eight months of the calendar year Canada is credited with a favorable trade balance of \$27,246,000, or about \$37,000,000 ahead of the record established in the corresponding period a year ago. If comparison is made with the previous cycle of business activity in this country, say around the 1912-13 period, when the eight months' figures were showing unfavorable balances of upwards of \$29,000,000, the net improvement in the trade position so far this year amounts to about \$450,000,000."

CARGO OF 14,576 TONS UNLOADED IN 19 HOURS

A despatch from Fort William says: "The W. P. Synder, Jr., arrived here on Thursday carrying the largest cargo of coal ever delivered to any port of the Great Lakes, totaling 14,576 tons. The Synder's cargo was unloaded in the record time of 19 hours, or at the rate of 767 tons per hour, which is equivalent to a ton every five seconds during entire time of unloading. The largest previous cargo was brought here about a week ago by the steamer Schoonmaker, and was 14,482 tons."

ITALIANS BUILDING ROADS IN ALBANIA

A despatch from Washington says: "Italian troops in Albania are building roads in difficult country, in preparation for the next offensive, according to despatches on Friday from Rome. The Austrians and their Turkish allies are opposing the work the despatches say, but nothing approaching a real battle is in sight."

Educate the mother and save the child.

Place pulverized pumice-stone between the layers of a folded piece of soft muslin and stitch around the edge to keep the powder from spilling. Wipe lamp chimneys or window panes with this dry cloth and they will be clean and sparkling almost instantly. Enough powder will remain in the cloth to be used many times.

Let them go.

In the summer of 1914, I made a mission to China. I made a detailed survey of the farms in Peking, less than one-half of which were teapots similar to those in India. See Fig. 1. Three thousand grain sacks were gathered and large enough to hold tea for ordinary use. When I came to Peking, I knew that half knew nothing of tea growing. For this reason, I did not know the various kinds of grain sown on the farms.

Brooms should always be used in tea gardens if, as in the case of tea, the tea is to be dried in the sun. Have a broom stand on the end of the tea garden, so that the tea can be dried in the sun. When the tea is dried, it is then ready for tea.

The cost of tea filling is high. Chinese and Japanese tea is produced by wooden mallets.

HARD FIGHTING CONTINUES AND SEVEN COUNTER-ATTACKS REPULSED

British Improve New Positions Captured in Flanders and Take 1,614 Prisoners.

A despatch from British Front in France and Belgium says: "The British on Thursday continued to strengthen the line to which they had advanced on Wednesday. The Australians completed their conquest of the German positions at the eastern extremity of Polygon Wood. Two places secured here represent the only remaining troublesome points along the Anzac front, which reaches northward to the east of Polygon Wood."

There has been much hard fighting in this section, but on Thursday the weary Germans apparently withdrew to more favorable ground further back and the Australians pushed forward.

To the south of that point, the Germans continue to hammer away with their artillery at the British defences a stride the Menin road and make threats of an infantry assault. The neighborhood of Hill 40, north-west of Zonnebeke, continues to be hotly contested ground, with little give or take on either side.

Consolidations have been completed by the British in a majority of the places, the Anzacs having finished this work.

USE AIRPLANE TO CARRY WOUNDED

BIG SHIPPING PLAN UNDER WAY IN U.S.

Remarkable Tests Carried Out by French Army Officials.

A despatch from Paris says: Tests made on Saturday at Villa Coublay of an airplane fitted with two stretchers for carrying wounded proved highly satisfactory. Dr. Chassaigne of the Army Medical Service and Corporal Tete represented wounded passengers during a twelve-minute flight, the equivalent to a fifteen-mile journey.

Corporal Tete declared that this form of transport was far superior to an ambulance, of which he had vivid recollections, when wounded two years ago. Dr. Chassaigne removed a bullet from his head and unfastened straps during the flight. He expressed the opinion that there would be no unnecessary pain to a wounded passenger, because the equilibrium of the airplane is so perfect. The airplane was constructed by the Aeronautic Service of the army, which hopes to use this form of transport for the severely wounded, declaring that the absence of any jolting fully compensated the patient for any risk.

BRITISH NAVAL FORCES BOMBARD OSTEND.

A despatch from London says: The German naval base at Ostend, on the Belgian coast, was bombarded by British naval forces. British aerial patrols over the fleet encountered six hostile aeroplanes and downed two.

"Naval aeroplanes," says an Admiralty statement, "copiously bombed the Spaapelleck aerodrome. They made several direct hits, smoke being observed from the sheds on the south-west side. Several of our fighting patrols over the fleet encountered six hostile aeroplanes, two of which they brought down."

"There was a bombardment of the naval establishments at Ostend by our naval forces. Several hits were observed on Ateliers de la Marine."

TWO FOE SEAPLANES ARE BROUGHT DOWN

A despatch from London says: Two large German seaplanes have been brought into Flushing, Holland, by Dutch torpedo boats, and it is reported that they participated in the air raid on England, says a despatch to The Evening News from Rotterdam. One of the four German airmen was seriously wounded. The three others have been interned.

ANOTHER U.S. LOAN MADE TO FRANCE

A despatch from Washington says: A further credit of \$40,000,000 was extended by the Government to France. This brings the total advanced by the allies up to \$2,464,400,000.

Markets of the World

Broadcasts

Toronto, Oct. 2—Marmoset, wheat, No. Northern, \$2.20; No. 4 wheat, \$2.50, in store. Fort William, including 2c. tax, stores. Fort William, No. 2 C.W., 68c. in stores. Fort William, No. 3 yellow, nominal.

Ottawa, Oct. 2—white, 62c. nominal; No. 3, do., 61c. nominal, according to freight outside. Peas, No. 2, 52c. to 52c. according to freight outside.

Pens, No. 2, nominal.

Bailey, Malting, new, \$1.18 to \$1.20, according to freight outside.

Rye, No. 1, \$1.70, according to freight outside.

Marmalade, No. 1, first patents, in jars, \$1.50, 2nd, do., \$1.00, truck bakers.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to freight, \$1.60, in bags, truck to broom shipment.

Millfield—Car lots—Delivered, Montreal, 2c. nominal. Bars, including 2c. tax, 2c. to 2c. nominal.

Dalry, 2c. nominal. Middlings, do., \$1.25 to \$1.35; good food flour, per bag, \$1.25.

Flour, No. 1, new, per ton, \$1.00 to \$1.50, mixed, do., \$1.00 to \$1.50, truck to Toronto.

Sugar—Car lots, per ton, \$7 to \$7.50, truck to Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Creamery, prices per lb., 41c to 43c; prints per lb., 41c to 42c; per carton, 39c.

Eggs—Per dozen, 39c.

Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:

23c to 23c; twins, 23c to 24c; twins, 23c to 23c; triplets, 23c to 24c; triplets, 23c to 24c; quadruplets, 23c to 24c; quadruplets, 23c to 24c.

Order of the British Empire Conferred on Montreal Manufacturer.

The Order of the British Empire was instituted in June last for the purpose of recognizing the manifold services, voluntary and otherwise, that have been rendered both by British subjects and their allies in connection with the war.

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