ONTARIO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Large Increase in Attendance at Summer Course.

In 1915 the number attending the summer course for teachers at the Ontario Agricultural College was 105, while this year there are on the roll 262. Five weeks is the length of the course, and includes two years' training. The first year gives an elementary certificate and the second year the intermediate certificate in agriculture. The regular staff of the college does the teaching, but the courses are carried on under the auspices of the Department of Education. Country and city school teachers get a better idea of scientific agriculture, and the idea is to help in keeping young country people from going to the cities. The inspector of Elementary Agricultural Classes, Mr. J. B. Dandeno, is in charge of the school.

GREATER PART OF POLAND WILL SOON BE FREED

Petrograd, July 23.—General Sakharoff's brilliant stroke in forcing the Pripet marshes from the Lipa and the defeat of the Austrians in the most dangerous predicament of its kind, enables the Russians to advance on Kovel, either from Lemberg and Brest, or by way of Vladimir-Volynski or Stolbtsi, and the Austrian armies, driven out and depleted, are looking vainly for help from the Germans, who seemed to be impotent as retreat in the shadow of the great Carpathians, and the greater part of Poland once more be freed of Germans.

10,000 SQUARE MILES IN THE PAST FORTNIGHT

A despatch from London says:—An official eye witness report of the Somme battle received on Thursday night from Paris states that the French, within a fortnight have captured villages and woods turned into redoubts, 50 square miles of German occupations, including fortified villages, quarries transformed into forts. In addition, 85 guns, 100 machine guns, 26 trench mortars and great quantities of other material are alleged to have been taken. The prisoners number 235 officers and 10,000 men.

SCARCITY OF FOOD IN GERMAN TOWNS.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: Herr Helfferich says that at a conference at Darmstadt with the food situation, Adolphe Wermuth, president of the German food station board, frankly admitted that there was a shortage of foodstuffs especially in towns which it is impossible to overcome and that Germany must live the present supply. He could permit of the raising of the maximum allowance from 2 pounds per week per head, as had been proposed.

GERMANY BLUFFS OVER PEACE BASIS

Amsterdam, July 20.—A despatch from Berlin to Amsterdam says that the German national committee, organized for producing an honorable peace, states that Germany desires to end her frontiers to the east and secure real "guarantees" to the west as the basis for a permanent peace.

SIR WM. RAMSAY ANSWERS THE CALL

The Scientist Who Discovered Argon, Helium and Xenon.

A despatch from London says:—Sir William Ramsay, K.C.B., the famous scientist, died on Sunday morning. Sir Wm. Ramsay was born in Glasgow. He had been a professor of chemistry at the University College, Bristol, since 1889.

RUSSIAN CASUALTIES APPROXIMATE 2,000,000.

A despatch from London says: The Russian casualties up to the present are 2,091,521, according to the Daily Telegraph, which claims these figures are official.

Prepared for the Hint.

A witty young doctor, being called to attend a very pretty lady, and finding little the matter with her, humorously suggested marriage as the only cure.

"You are single, are you not?" she asked. "Yes, madam; but doctors only prescribe remedies, they don't take them," was the reply.

Nine Rages in Smyrna Vilayet.

A despatch from Mitylene, Greece, says: Refugees from Asia Minor report that famine is ravaging the entire vilayet of Smyrna. The condition of the civilians is said to be most miserable.

Lily a Poison.

For all its beauty, the lily of the valley is denounced by scientists on account of the fact that both the stalks and the flowers contain a poison. It is dangerous to put the stalks into one's mouth, as if the sap happens to get even the tiniest crack in the mouth it may produce swelling, often accompanied by pain.

GOOD RICH BLOOD MEANS GOOD HEALTH

Just a Little More Rich, Red Blood Cures Most Ailments.

The lack of sufficient rich, red blood does not end merely in a pale complexion. It is much more serious. Bloodless people are tired, languid, run-down folks who do not enjoy life. Food does not nourish; there is indigestion, heart palpitation, perhaps backache and nearly always nervousness. If this blood-poverty is neglected too long, a decline is to follow. Just a little more rich, red blood cures all these ailments. Then you have new vigour, vitality and pleasure in life. To get more rich, red blood there is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. No other medicine increases the blood so quickly or so surely. This is not a mere claim, but the Pink Pills have done it over and over again and that is why thousands of people always have a word to say for this medicine. Mrs. Hefner, Kingston, Ont., says: "For two years ago I began to feel very nervous and generally with anaemia so that I had to give up my work. I became so weak I could scarcely walk without feeling as if I would fall. I had no color, no appetite, no color, no energy and was constantly troubled with headaches and dizzy spells. I was taking medicine from a doctor but it did not do me any good. One day a friend persuaded me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The result was that I began to improve and I continued to improve. Under the continued use of the Pills I gained in health and strength. I am now able to do my own work and I owe my good health to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I am so glad to recommend this medicine to all who are in need of a tonic and I will do all I can to make its value known."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HOW TO BE WEATHER WISE.

Simple Rules by Which Conditions May be Foretold.

"If your feet ache in the morning look for rain," says A. D. Beard, in St. Nicholas. "Here are some of the reliable signs they are based on facts:

"If the sun rises red, you may look for rain on the following day.

"If, when the moon is clear and clear, with no halo around it, there is a halo around it, there will be rain.

"If the wind blows steadily from one quarter, the weather will continue the same.

"If smoke from a chimney descends, it is a good sign. If it rises high, it is a bad sign.

"If the morning be cloudy, not a heavy, it promises a fair day.

"If dew appears at night, it is seldom followed by rain the next day. Think of these and you will remember.

"Let the farmer be alert to show by signs when the weather will change. There is reason in this. Some certainly have a knowledge of signs. We are told that animals are especially sensitive to changes, and when they show that the weather will be fair, continue running during the day, it will clear off.

Grape-Nuts

(Canada)

is a food rich in the elements of whole wheat and malted barley. This combination gives it a distinctive, delicious flavour unknown to any other food made from wheat alone.

The selected grain is used in making Grape-Nuts and through skillful cooking it comes from the package fresh, crisp, ready to be served by hand, and a delicious food to eat.

Through long, slow baking, the energy, producing elements of the grain are made wonderfully easy of digestion.

A daily ration of this splendid food yields a marvelous return of health and comfort.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

WOUNDED SOLDIERS IN TRAINING

SCOPE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S NEW SCHEME.

No Canadian Worthy of the Name Who Will Not Agree to it With All His Heart.

The Military Hospitals and Convalescent Homes Commission, with Sir James Lougheed at its head, has already given a great deal of consideration to re-education for men who need it, and has taken steps to organize the training required in many parts of the country. The complete establishment of the system may be expected very soon; for the Government, by Order-in-Council, has just adopted a report of the Military Hospitals Commission, of which we are enabled to give this summary:—

The report begins by explaining that the Commission aims at benefiting not only disabled members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force but also disabled Reservists of the British and Allied armies who were bona fide residents of Canada when the war broke out.

The Commission has received the assurance, it tells us, of the active co-operation of the Provinces and various Municipalities in carrying out such a policy. Technical Schools, Agricultural Colleges and other public institutions have agreed to receive disabled men for training and many offers have also been received from private commercial establishments to provide training and subsequent employment when the men have become proficient.

The period of training for a new vocation will vary according to the previous education and industrial history of each individual. The cost of tuition will vary in consequence, and also owing to the fact that in many cases the tuition will be free or the fees nominal. (The training will be free to the men in all cases. If there is any charge, it will be paid by the Dominion Government.)

A Scale Prepared.

The Commission has already undertaken the provision of training in general subjects and elementary vocational work for all men under treatment in the various hospitals and convalescent homes operated by the Commission, irrespective of whether or not such men will later be subjects for vocational training leading to new occupations. In a few cases, arrangements have also been made for that special training.

The Commission was not able, however, to put into operation a general scheme of vocational training until a scale of maintenance could be arranged for the men undergoing the training and for their dependents. The Commission has therefore prepared a scale under which a small sum for personal expenses will be granted to the men undergoing training, while provision on a sliding scale is made for married men and their dependents, and for those unmarried men who may have persons legally dependent upon them.

Here is the scale which the Commission has now been empowered to establish. It will be understood throughout that "maximum age" means 16 for a son and 17 for a daughter:—

1. A single man, with pension, living in, receives free maintenance; that is, board, lodging and washing.

2. A single man, with pension, living out,—60c a day.

3. A married man, with pension, living in—free maintenance and $8 a month, with the following additions:—

For wife having no children, $35 a month, less her husband's pension.

For Wife and Children.

For wife and one child, if child is under five, $38; from five to ten years, $39.50; from 10 to maximum age, $42.50; less, in every case, the amount of husband's pension and children's allowances under the pension regulations.

For wife and two children, from $41 to $47 a month (less pension and allowances) according to age of children.

For wife and three children,—$44 to $50 (less pension and allowances), according to ages.

For wife and four children,—$47 to $53 (less pension and allowances), according to ages.

For wife and five children,—$50 to $55 (less pension and allowances) according to ages.

For wife and six children,—$53 to $55 (less pension and allowances), according to ages.

A wife with seven or more children under the maximum age may be given the maximum allowance of $55, less pension and allowances.

All these allowances for wife and children will be paid direct to the wife, unless otherwise thought fit by the commission.

4. A married man living at home will receive 60c a day. (This of course is in addition to the allowances for wife and children.)

The Widowed Mother.

5. A widowed mother, if dependent entirely upon the unmarried son who is receiving training, and if the son made an assignment of his pay to his mother and also arranged for her to receive separation allowance while he was on active service, may be paid at the same rate as the wife of a married man with no children.

6. The parents of a man undergoing training, if both are old and past work, and entirely or partially dependent upon him, may also be paid at that rate.

7. The guardian of a widower's children (under the maximum age) will be paid monthly:—for one child, $10; for two, $17.50; for three, $22; and $8 for each child in excess of three, with a maximum of $36.

Payments under these regulations will be continued for one month after the completion of vocational training, whether the man has secured employment or not.

It is clear that this system of allowances will enable many men to take advantage of the training offered, by providing for their families while the training is being given.

The President of the Military Hospitals Commission asks us to say that any further information desired by our readers will be gladly given on application to the Secretary, at 22 Vittoria Street, Ottawa.

HOW TO CREATE AN ESTATE.

The Way a Man May Have Something When Old Age Creeps Upon Him.

As a means of preventing poverty and as a method by which families deprived by death of the providing member may not become objects of charity, there has never in the world been anything devised which equals the power for good as a well-managed life insurance company.

Life insurance as developed to-day is of the greatest economic value. It is the bonding together of many men, and the paying in of certain sums by each, to minimize the financial loss experienced by other members of the company.

Life insurance in the beginning was solely for protection, but variations in the different forms which exist to-day have been brought forth to meet the demands of the public, as they arose from time to time, but we believe the farther a company varies from the primal idea—namely protection—the less is its power for good.

As an investment we have nothing to say against it, and the vast accumulations of surplus which the different companies have made and which they hold for policyholders speaks for itself, but the principle of making provision is often lost sight of in the attempt to create an asset, at a future date, for a person's own benefit.

It is a curious thing that no matter how badly a man may need life insurance, he has a tendency to sidestep it until he is finally caught, and, as has been aptly said, some men get life insurance to-day much in the same manner as they get religion. His emotions must be appealed to, and he often takes the step in a moment of enthusiasm, generally he is pleased with himself afterwards, and if he is a right-thinking and a proper business man he seldom or never lapses his policy.

In going over the daily press week by week and year by year, we see the probates of wills of many people, and we are often astounded by the smallness of the estate, if any, to take care of those left behind, and in many cases we find that the principal asset, when any, is usually a life insurance policy taken out by the breadwinner.

The building of an estate at the present time, or even at any time, is a tedious and long-drawn-out matter. It is not generally known that fully 95 per cent. of the people who enter business fail during some time or other. Neither is it generally known that fully 97 per cent. of the public, when they attain advanced age, have little or nothing to live upon. If even a small fortune is to be accumulated it must be wisely and intelligently managed, and when people are so busy, as they are to-day, endeavoring to make ends meet, they have not much time at their disposal to look into investments.

By putting aside a small sum yearly, as one's means permit, the moment the first payment is made on a life insurance policy an estate is created of the face value of the policy, and if a man would only continue to add to this, in the best years of his earning capacity, he would have something when old age creeps upon him which would be security against many of the troubles he might have to meet, and if he has this sum at his disposal when he comes to advanced age he will have many people anxious to give him the comforts to which he is entitled.

In the Opposite Direction.

Sir Douglas Haig has a keen sense of humor and a gift of repartee. A big, blustering sergeant was cursing two men for being careless with ammunition, and shouted. "You'll send us all up to Heaven like a rocket." Sir Douglas chipped in, "Unless you improve your language, Sergeant, I'm afraid you may go in an opposite direction."

Marriage is a failure for a leap year girl who proposed in vain.

If you suspect a man don't employ him; if you employ him don't suspect him.—Chinese Proverb.

BRIGGS' FLY MATS PRICE 5¢

ARE CLEAN NO STICKINESS ALL DEALERS G.C. Briggs & Sons HAMILTON

The Summer "Life-Savers" are fruit, cereals and green vegetables. Meat in Summer overtaxes the liver and kidneys, potatoes cause intestinal fermentation. Get away from the heavy Winter diet; give Nature a chance. One or two Shredded Wheat Biscuits, served with milk or cream or fresh fruit, make a deliciously nourishing, satisfying meal. Such a diet means good digestion, good health and plenty of strength for the day's work. All the goodness of the wheat in a digestible form. For breakfast with milk or cream; for luncheon with fresh fruits.

Made in Canada

OVER 400,000 IRON CROSSES.

Most of Those Issued to Germans Are of Second Class.

More than 400,000 Iron Crosses have been issued since the start of the war, according to figures which were published in a recent issue of the Berliner Tageblatt, a German daily newspaper. The great bulk of these are crosses of the second class, such as are given to the privates in the ranks for distinguished service on the battlefields. There are 401,103 of this class alone.

Besides these crosses of the second class the Iron Cross of the first class is held by 8,506 persons. This includes 275 generals and 5,605 other officers. There are 368 aviators who have this decoration, 390 naval men and 136 in other branches of the service. This brings the total of Iron Crosses of both classes which have been distributed in the course of this war up to 409,409.

Why He Preferred it.

"How do you like my new gown?"

"Not nearly as well as your old one, my dear."

"What is there about the old gown you like better than this?"

"The old one is paid for, my dear."

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

A Persistent Flatterer.

Mother—Why don't you yawn when he stays too long? He'll take the hint and go.

Daughter—I did, and he told me what beautiful teeth I had.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Ruinous.

"What ruined your business?"

"Advertising."

"How?"

"I let it all be done by my competitors."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

No Leisure.

"Yes, we married in haste. I hope my husband doesn't repent at leisure."

"Demand pretty clothes and everything else you can think of, girl. Keep his nose to the grindstone. Don't let him have any leisure."

I bought a horse with a supposedly incurable ringbone for $30.00. Cured him with $1.00 worth of MINARD'S LINIMENT and sold him for $85.00. Profit on Liniment, $54.

MOISE DEROSCE,
Hotel Keeper, St. Philippe, Que.

That Child.

Tommy—Oh, mother, look at that man! He's only got one arm.

Mother—Hush! He'll hear you.

Tommy—Why, doesn't he know it?

Ask for Minard's and take no other

Hens in War Time.

The fact that the Berliners have to content themselves with two eggs a week brings to mind similar hardships endured by the French in 1870. At that time the French ladies turned their boudoirs into hen-coops. One Paris butcher bought Pollux, the elephant, and slaughtered him. This unusual dainty was sold for forty francs a pound for the fillet and shoulder, and the price of the feet ran to twenty francs. Even the blood was not wasted. Black puddings, claiming to be exceptionally nourishing, were made from it, and sold well. One intelligent speculator made a corner in candles, melted them down, and sold the product for lard at a handsome profit.

The trouble with most of us is that we want to be known as charitable unselfish and high-minded persons, but we want to get rich first.

RUBBISH HEAPS.

Many Serious Fires Traceable to Such Accumulations.

More fires originate in rubbish heaps than from any other source. To permit rubbish to remain in the building not only invites a fire to visit your home or place of business, and render your family temporarily homeless, or cripple your business at a time when you can least afford it, but also endangers the lives of your family or employees. In addition to destroying an average of 23,000,000 in property value in Canada each year, fire caused the death of 141 persons last year.

The home is built to protect our loved ones, and we want to do everything to insure absolute protection to those who live in it.

That rubbish heap in the attic, storeroom or basement is a menace to your household, because there is always a possibility of fire starting in it, and it may start when least expected.

Consider what might happen, and then, without delay, eliminate the menace of the rubbish heap.

How to Keep Yourself Looking Young.

It has been proven that the woman who protects her skin will keep herself free from wrinkles and marks of age far longer than the woman who says, "Oh no, I never do anything for my complexion."

If your skin is not naturally clear and fresh, or if it has suffered from inattention—worry—sickness—age or the ravages of wind, sun and weather, the regular and persistent use of USIT will soon restore to your complexion its natural color and freshness.

USIT is a valuable formula of an old and famous beauty secret.

It feeds and nourishes the skin, wards off wrinkles and makes the complexion clear, smooth and faultless. It is not necessary to use any other treatment during the day. Apply USIT at night before retiring, and it will tone the skin and give that velvet softness and glowing freshness that alone indicates perfect skin health.

USIT is put up in handsome oval bottles. It may be secured through T. Eaton Co., Limited, Robt. Simpson Co., Limited, Toronto, and other high-class Drug Stores, or direct from us.

Send 50c. (2c. war tax) to-day for trial bottle sufficient for six weeks' use.

See our exhibit at National Exhibition, Toronto.

USIT MFG. CO., LTD., TORONTO, ONT.

THE SAILORS AT GALLIPOLI.

Two Ran Away to Get Into the Trenches.

Mr. Norman Wilkinson tells this story in his book, "The Dardanelles":

I had the story from a naval officer whose duties lay on shore. He was outside his dugout one afternoon when two men in strange raiment passed. Their gait and the fact that both wore navy flannels told him at once that they were blue-jackets. Anxious to know what they were doing there, he stopped and questioned them.

"Where are you going?"

"Motor lighter K—, sir."

"Do you belong there?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then what are you doing here?"

"Well, sir," hesitating, "we've just been up to the trenches."

"Were you sent there with orders?"

"Er—no, sir."

"How long, sir?" Then to his companion, "When was it we went up Bill?" Then to captain, "I should say about four days, sir."

Finally the captain ordered them under arrest down to a picket boat in which he was about to visit the flagship. On the way out the captain heard the two adventurers discussing their detention with some bitterness, ending with the same refrain. "Fine thing, this—under arrest. And they treat you like a gentleman in the trenches— treat you like a gentleman, I say."

It is difficult to imagine the point of view of men running away to get into the trenches and leaving them with regret.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

Interference With Commerce.

A commercial traveller had been summoned as a witness in a case at court, his employers having sued a delinquent customer, and the lawyer for the defence was cross-examining him.

"You travel for Jobson and Co., do you?" asked the attorney.

"Yes, sir."

"How long have you been doing it?"

"About ten years."

"Been travelling all that time have you?"

"Well, no, sir," said the witness, making a hasty calculation, "not exactly travelling. I have put in about four years of that time waiting at railway stations and junctions for trains."

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES CURE RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE DIABETES 23 THE PR

FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told in a Few Pointed Paragraphs.

Pte. G. E. Allen, of Nelson, B.C., in a fit of depression took his own life.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, former premier of Canada, visited Nelson, B.C.

Frank Tremain, a Vancouver soldier, was run over by a C. P. R. engine and killed.

A deputation of hotelkeepers at Revelstoke petitioned the council that hotel licenses be reduced.

A writ has been issued against Patrick Welch, a Vancouver contractor, for hiring and bringing in an alien.

Mining camps at Atlin were almost wiped out by the second fire of the year. Estimated loss is $75,000.

Lieut. Howard Fuller, a popular Vancouver man, was killed in action soon after being granted a commission.

The collections in the Vancouver water rates department during the month of June amounted to $19,243.66.

Residents of Chilliwack are relieved to find that the Fraser River has gone down six inches. They were in great danger of floods.

In an attempt to save a little boy from being run over, Suma Iinata, a Japanese girl of Vancouver, was crushed to death beneath a car.

The Mission station and barn at Chilco, B.C., were totally destroyed by fire caused by a stranger throwing a burning match down in one of the hay mows.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Rogers, of Vancouver, had a narrow escape from death when their automobile rolled over a steep embankment and turned turtle.

Dr. Wilson, the medical health officer for Vancouver, refused at first to kiss the court Bible when taking his oath last week. He claimed it was unsanitary.

With the enlistment of Private Lindsay Annandale with the 131st Battalion, New Westminster the third and last son of Captain Annandale is with the colors.

All the loggers on the coast of British Columbia may close down for thirty days on account of too many in business, also the scarcity of labor and high wages.

When the 3-year-old son of Police Sergt. Lyne, of Burnsby, was playing near a cow, the cow suddenly raised its head, driving the point of one of his horns through the child's jaw to his mouth.

Owing to the perambulator in which he was placed in some unexpected manner falling down the veranda steps, the eight-months' old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Plumridge, of Vancouver, B.C., met his death.

FRENCH OUTWIT GERMANS.

"Boche Trap" Takes Daily Toll of Enemy Soldiers.

Says a British writer at the front: "I saw a most ingenious 'Boche trap' (piege a boches), the nature of which must be left a mystery; but the essential element is a machine gun so placed that though it has been there for several weeks, in the course of which there has hardly been a day when it has not been used, the enemy has not the smallest notion where it is nor is he over likely to find out. The officer who invented it takes great pleasure in his piege, as the Germans certainly do not.

"The German has shown himself ingenious enough in this war, but in the constant struggle of wits which goes on along the front line trenches he is no match for the Frenchman. The French have reduced the displaying of posters conveying disconcerting news to the enemy to a fine art. Not very far away from the 'Boche trap' mentioned, there is a piece of trench which the French discovered, the enemy occupied only in the night time, presumably because it was too exposed. So the French took to occupying it for the other half of the 24 hours. The need of using it has passed now; but while the game went on the position—merely because the Germans never thought of it except as part of their own line—had conspicuous usefulness.

"The same ingenuity the French carry into the construction of their dug-outs and similar places. I have been through one monumental dug-out where there is 30 feet of solid stuff overhead as you go down passages, all beautifully timbered, past suites of bedrooms, those for the higher officers with easy chairs and telephones and writing tables, to rooms which one wants to call apartments, for messing and for office purposes. An elaborate system of ventilation has been installed, and the Germans have not got a shell big enough to awake a man asleep down there."

Knows by Experience.

Rankin—"Have you ever stopped to consider how the other half lives?"

Phyle—"I don't have to."

"Why not?"

"Because half of the time I live that way myself."

A man is none the less skilful because he is modest about his ability.

ROYAL YEAST MAKES PERFECT BREAD

"I always agree with my husband." "Very sweet of you." "Except, of course, when he is in the wrong."

There's no special virtue in resisting a temptation you can't afford to resist.

SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES, IRISH COBBLER, Delaware, Carman. Order supply limited. Write for quotation. W. Dawson, Brampton.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP, FOR BREEDING, cross, and red cross foxes. T. Chambers, Sioux Lookout, Ont.

KEY SHAPES FOR SALE

MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns; most useful and interesting business. Full information on request. Wilson Publishing Company, 73 Adelaide Street, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by home treatment. Write for full info. Dr. T. Nelson Medical Co., Collingwood, Ont.

MECHANICS WANTED

We want a few good mechanics, have work and good wages for the right men, also a few machinists and handy men in shop wanted. Apply to Massey-Harris Manufacturing Co. Ltd., West Toronto.

Trained Nurses

Trained Nurses to pay while earning. Apply Training School, Bellevue Hospital of New York City. Founded 1790.

Toronto Fat Stock Show

To be held at Stock Yards, Toronto, 8th and 9th, 1916. Particulars write T. G. Gilmour, Secretary, Stock Yards, Toronto.

Lump Rock Salt

Best for Cattle. Write for Prices.

TORONTO SALT WORKS, 50-52 Front St., Toronto, Ont.

10 — 15 — 20

Years from now the Elgin will be worth more than ever. It is built of selected timber, treated with the best preservatives, that prevent decay. It has strong, rigid walls, air-tight floors, and hooks of heavy steel. Therefore it lasts longer because it can't decay. It will do anything a silo can do. Our catalogue explains more fully. Write Dept. H. DISTILL CO., LTD. Elora, Ontario.

Agents Wanted

To represent well known Manufacturer. Attractive proposition to energetic responsible parties. Write full particulars to

FERTILIZER

Publishing Co., Ltd., Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

HORSE GOODS

Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Swellings; Stops Lameness and pain. Heals Sores, Cuts, Boot Chafes. It is a SAFE ANTISEPTIC AND GERMICIDE that does not blister or remove the hair. Horse can be worked. Pleasant to use. $2.00 per bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special advice and Book 5 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., the Antiseptic Liniment for man, reduces inflammation, allays pain and stops lameness. Will not blister, remove the hair or lay the horse up. $1.25 per bottle at dealers or delivered. W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 310 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can. Genuine ABSORBINE, JR., are made in Canada.

Machinery For Sale

Wheelock Engine, 150 H.P., 42, with double main driving belt 24 ins. wide and with 38 K.W. belt driven. All in first class condition. Would be sold together or separately; also lot of shafting at a very great bargain as room is required immediately. J. Frank Wilson & Sons, 73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.