NG OF THE
S AT ST. JULIEN

TNESS TELLS OF THE
ATTLE OF YPRES.

nch and Canadians Were
yxiated in the Second
Battle.

Methodist Recorder of Lon-
Owen S. Watkins, an army
nd, a veteran of the Soudan
and the South African war,
he was twice mentioned in
, tells of the coming of the
Julien. He says:
to the open air for a few
relief from the stifling at-
of the wards, our attention
ted by very heavy firing to
where the line was held by
Then we saw that which
sed our hearts to stop beat-
s running wildly and in
ver the fields.
nch have broken," we ex-
We hardly believed our
seemed so impossible, so
le. Gun-limbers passed at
fugitive Zouaves and Tur-
to them. In a few min-
d in front of the asylum
with fugitives—soldiers
ricken peasantry from the
illages around. The story
could not believe; we put
their terror-stricken ima-

reenish-Grey Cloud

down upon them, turning
travelled over the coun-
everything it touched,
p the vegetation. No hu-
could face such a peril.
fight, but the good God
ve us stay and be poison-
in a sower."
e staggered into our
soldiers, blinded, cough-
aving, faces an ugly pur-
s speechless with agony,
hem, in the gas-choked
dearned they had left
ead and dying comrades.
e was only too true.
iate result was a four-
n our line, and through
Germans were pouring
sands. A wilder battle
n fought, and the prodi-
displayed are almost
el. The story of how
division flung them-
e gap has already been
pens than mine.
S of Horror.
describes the days that
nonotonous in their hor-
came Sunday, May 2,
brought for the first
face to face was gas
e says:
rench were gassed we
ething of it, but only
ses had passed through
y we were to see it at
en I arrived at our ad-
g-station I found it full
houses, barns, out-
and on the ground in
arden they lay to the
faces purple, twisting,
agony, dying by long,
rge.
most fiendish, wicked
er seen; the ghastliest
weet and pleasant be-
to the horror, we were
d. Heavy shells were
s, in the field in front
d behind us, splinters
itting the house, and
stant fear of having
nded where they lay.
in One Regiment.
ay 5, again the gas
n us, and "Hill 60"
r Hannafin and his
their wits' end; in
d over 1,200 cases to
than 100 died in the
and in one regiment
ver 100 deaths.
eek the struggle con-
lapsed. In this war,
battles do not end at
max, but rather "ebb
slow death." The
he ending of the sec-
es he believes to be
followed on the 24th,
gas-battle, in which
red especially, of
conclusion:
to describe it;
ly been said to give
the horror; suffice it
ours 800 cases pass-
nds. But they were
ases as in the pre-
the men had been
respirators, which
the effect of the
at date these have
that now the gas
ch us."

ROUMANIA.

n Bucharest, Rou-
any has suspended
and is holding up
gned to Roumania
ays until the atti-
toward the central
re clearly defined.

rth $5, worked into
n $10; made into
$350; made into
worth $3,285; and
springs of watches,

The Markdale STANDARD

is published on Thursday by
C. W. RUTLEDGE,
Markdale, Ontario.

Subscription, $1 a year; copies go-
to the U.S. fifty cents extra for
postage. Twenty-five cents added
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discontinued until all arrears are paid,
except at the option of the pub-
lishers.

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sertion and 25c. for each subsequent
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Christian Guardian	2 50
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Daily Star	3 00
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Daily Globe	4 00
Daily Mail	4 00
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tracting a specialty. The latest designs
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Dentist, Etc.
Markdale;
Bldg., Toronto
W. E. Raney,
B.A.

DENTISTRY.

J. A. MACARTHUR
Dentist
Opposite Block (over
Store). Entrance
door of building.

DR. CAMPBELL
(L. D.D.S.)
Graduate of On-
Dentistry and Uni-
Office over the
Hours, 9 a.m., to
calling after hours
residence by private
reception room of den-

G. R. MILLER, M.B., M.D., C.M.
Rocklyn, Ont.
Graduate of the Medical Faculty of
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.
Late House Surgeon in the General
and Marine Hospital, Owen Sound.
Phone 213r3 and 51r3, Rocklyn.

MARKDALE STANDARD

VOL. 36 — MARKDALE, ONT., THURSDAY, OCT. 21, 1915 — WHOLE NO. 1816

SISTER: READ MY FREE OFFER.

I am a woman.
I know a woman's trials.
I know her need of sympathy and help.
If you, my sister, are unhappy because of ill-health, and feel unfit for household duties, social pleasures, or daily employment, write and tell me just how you suffer, and ask for my free ten days' trial of a home treatment suited to your needs; with references to Canadian ladies who gladly tell how they have regained health, strength, and happiness by its use. I want to tell you all about this successful method of home treatment for yourself, my reader, for your daughter, your sister, or your mother. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home at trifling cost, and without aid from anyone. Men cannot understand women's sufferings; what we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor; and thousands have proved there is hope even for the hopeless in my method of home treatment. If you suffer from pain in the head, back, or bowels, feeling of weight and dragging down sensations, falling or displacement of internal organs, bladder irritation with frequent urination, obstinate constipation or piles, pain in the sides regularly or irregularly, bloating or unnatural enlargements, catarrhal conditions, dyspepsia, extreme nervousness, depressed spirits, melancholy, desire to cry, fear of something evil about to happen, creeping feeling up the spine, palpitation, hot flashes, weariness, sallow complexion, with dark circles under the eyes, pain in the left breast or a general feeling that life is not worth living, I invite you to send to-day for my complete ten days' treatment entirely free and postpaid, to prove to yourself that these ailments can be easily and surely conquered at your own home, without the expense of hospital treatment, or the dangers of an operation. Women everywhere are escaping the surgeon's knife by knowing of my simple method of home treatment, and when you are cured, my sister, I shall only ask you to pass the good word along to some other sufferer. My home treatment is for all,—young or old. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures green-sickness (chlorosis), irregularities, headaches, and lassitude in young women, and restores them to plumpness and health. Tell me if you are worried about your daughter. Remember it costs you nothing to give my method of home treatment a complete ten day's trial, and if you wish to continue, it costs only a few cents a week to do so, and it does not interfere with one's daily work. Is health worth asking for? Then accept my generous offer, write for the free treatment suited to your needs, and I will send it in plain wrapper by return mail. To save time you can cut out this offer, mark the places that tell your feelings, and return to me. Write and ask for the free treatment to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address:

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 849 • • • WINDSOR, ONTARIO.

FRATERNAL.

A. F. & A. M.

Hiram Lodge, No. 490, G. R. C., Markdale, meets in Masonic Hall, McFarland Block, on Tuesday evening on or before the full moon every month. Visiting brethren cordially invited. Rev. R. M. Phalen, W. M.; H. C. Duff, Secretary.

O. O. C. F., No. 399.

Court Markdale, Canadian Order Chosen Friends, No. 399, meets fourth Tuesday in the month in Ennis' Hall at 8 o'clock. Mrs. R. R. Smith, Chief Councillor; R. W. Ennis, Recorder.

SAUGEEN LODGE, No. 327, I.O.O.F.

Meets every Friday at 7.30 p.m., in their hall, Main street. Visiting brethren always welcome. W. J. Howard, N.G.; W. C. Davis, Sec'y.

COURT GREY, 1151, C.O.F.

Meets every second and fourth Wednesday of the month in Mathews' Hall, at 8 p.m. Visiting brethren always welcome. Wm. Anderson, C.R.; A. McEachnie, Fin.-Sec.

MARKDALE, L. O. L. No. 1045.

Meets in Sarjeant's block on Thursday evening on or before full moon in each month. Visiting brethren made welcome. John Johnston, W. M.; John McFadden, Secretary.

DR. J. S. SHEPHERDSON
Veterinary Surgeon

Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College, Faculty of Veterinary Science, University of Toronto. (Dominion Civil Service Veterinary.) Office in Artley block. Phone 86. 99-25.

AUCTIONEER.

B. H. WALDEN

Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Grey.

All sales promptly attended to. Farm sales a specialty. Arrangements for sales may be made at Standard Office or by Phone 44a. B. H. Walden, Markdale.

DR. DeVAN'S FRENCH PILLS A reliable Regulating Pill for Women. $5 a box or three for $10. Sold at all Drug Stores, or mailed to any address on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN. Restores Vitality; for Nerve and Brain; increases "grey matter"; a Tonic—will build you up. $3 a box, or two for $5, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

Sold at Stephens Drug Store

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years, after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64333

Men who might have something worth while to say seldom say it.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.
MARION & MARION,
364 University St. Cor. St Catherine St. Montreal.

NEWS FROM ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

About 180 women conductors are now employed on the tramcars in Sheffield.

As a result of the war there were 132,573 fewer visitors to the British Museum in 1914.

It is estimated that the war has cost the life insurance offices in the British Empire up to date, $27,500,000.

Sixty-eight British steamers were sunk by the Germans during the three months ending Aug. 12th.

H.M. the King has given a donation of $2,500 to Queen Alexandra's Field Force Fund for providing comforts for troops on active service.

Few, if any, have suffered greater through the war than Mr. and Mrs. W. Field, of Streatham Common. They have just lost their fifth and only surviving son, the fourth within a year.

The death has occurred through blood-poisoning of Dr. Archibald R. Douglas, of Lancaster, medical superintendent of the Royal Albert Institution of the northern counties.

Damage amounting to $50,000 was caused by a destructive fire that broke out at the Victoria Docks, West Ham, London.

The death is reported at Merchistown Hall, Horndean, Hampshire, at the age of 97, of the Countess of Cape St. Vincent.

News has reached Portsmouth that Lieut. Norman Holbrook, V.C., the hero of the submarine B 11, is in the hospital at Alexandria suffering from a slight gunshot in the nose.

Corporal Murphy, who was injured in the Irish mail train disaster at Weldon, has died in Northampton Hospital, making the tenth victim.

The King with the Queen and Princess Mary spent several hours in Long Valley at Aldershot and witnessed a mimic battle.

Two further deaths have occurred, making four in all, as a result of the explosion at the works of Messrs. Spencer and Curedale, Bury.

Extraordinary scenes were witnessed at Hinckley, when a crowd attacked members of the Fellowship of Reconcilliation, who have been conducting a campaign in the district.

A farm-worker at Ripley, Surrey, while engaged in cutting grass, found a guinea-fowl's nest containing no fewer than 108 eggs.

A suite of rooms at the offices of the Board of Education, Whitehall, has been prepared for the use of Winston Churchill in connection with the "air service."

A Sad Omission.

Dorothy was so homesick at her first party that the hostess' mother suggested that it would be better for her to go home. Dorothy gladly accepted the idea, but a few minutes later, answering a timid knock at the door, the hostess' mother found Dorothy bathed in tears.

"Well, Dorothy, I am glad to see you again. Did you decide to come back?"

"No, m'm. I f-f-forgot t-to say I ha-had such a nice time!"

ACTUAL PHOTOGRAPH OF A GERMAN "LOOKOUT" SURRENDERING TO A FRENCH INFANTRYMAN

PHOTOGRAPH UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD.

The story connected with the above picture is a simple one. A German lookout was stationed in an advanced trench beyond his companions for the purpose of keeping a watch on the French movements. A French infantryman spied and, charging the position with his bayonet, forced the German to lift up his arms and surrender. The reproduction is from an actual snapshot, considerably enlarged.

ALLIES OCCUPY BULGAR TOWN

Another Force Has Also Landed at Enos, in European Turkey.

A despatch from London says: The reports that the allies have occupied Strumnitsa and landed at Enos, which was recently transferred from Turkish to Bulgarian rule, has caused a more optimistic feeling throughout the allied countries.

As to the progress of the Near Eastern campaign, it is known from both Serbian and German accounts that Field Marshal von Mackensen's army is meeting with great resistance, and, although the Serbians may eventually be forced to fall back on stronger strategic positions in the north, the fact that the allies are bringing heavy forces against the Bulgarians, and so placing them that the Bulgarians will be compelled to divide their armies, gives hope here that the Germans may be balked in their latest attempt to reach the sea and bring assistance to the Turks.

All along the line the Serbians and their Montenegrin neighbors, who are also being attacked, are offering very stubborn resistance to both Austro-German and Bulgarians, and while they have given up a number of towns and positions, they have not yet reached the line on which they expect to make their stand.

The Bulgarians, so far as can be learned, have made progress only in the Zlotokopska valley, near the River Morava, north of the town of Vranya, where they blew up a bridge. There is no confirmation, however, of the report that they cut the railway in this district, the bridge which they destroyed being a small wooden one near the railway. The Bulgarian force which penetrated the valley is not a large one.

On the other hand, it is pointed out, the capture of Strumnitsa is of real strategic value, as its occupation permits the defence of the southern end of the railway and compels the Bulgarians to keep a force there. Enos, too, is of value, as, although not a good landing place, its occupation threatens Dedeaghatch, which has a great harbor and is fortified and mined. The civilian population has already left Dedeaghatch, which is entirely in the hands of the military, under German officers.

The Italians, according to the latest reports, will not send a contingent to the Balkans, but co-operation of their navy in the Aegean, where an allied fleet has already gathered, is looked for.

The point at which the Russians will strike has not yet been disclosed. The expectation is, however, that the allies have a surprise for the central powers, and that steps are being taken to bring Turkey to her knees before assistance can reach her.

There's the Rub.

Mrs. Exe—Your maid is to familiar. You should make her keep her place.

Mrs. Wye—If I made her keep her place she'd quit her job.

NEW COMMANDER APPOINTED FOR FORCES AT DARDANELLES

Major-General C. C. Monro Succeeds Sir Ian Hamilton, Who Returns to Make Report

A despatch from London says: General Sir Ian Hamilton, who has commanded the British land forces in the Mediterranean since the campaign against the Dardanelles was undertaken seven months ago, has been recalled "to report." He will be succeeded by General Sir Chas. Carmichael Monro, who commanded a division of the territorial forces when the war opened. Until General Monro arrives at the Dardanelles, General Birdwood will command.

The Press Bureau statement announcing this change is as follows: "General Sir C. C. Monro has been appointed to command the Mediterranean force in succession to Sir Ian Hamilton, who is returning to England to report. Pending General Monro's arrival Gen. Birdwood commands."

The withdrawal of so high a commander as General Sir Ian Hamilton, who has had complete charge of the land operations at the Dardanelles, is the first event of its kind in the British army since the war began.

LIVERPOOL LIKES LIMIT ON DRINKS

THE BARS ARE SHUT MOST OF THE DAY.

Great Increase in Industry Comes With Anti-Treating Restrictions.

The new drink restrictions in Liverpool, including anti-treating, have proved most successful. The city that formerly had a reputation of being one of the worst in the kingdom has become one of the soberest; in fact, a drunken person is one of the rarest of sights. With added sobriety has come a remarkable increase in industry, and the authorities believe that troubles with dock workers, which several months ago were so prominent, will not occur again, at least during the course of the war.

The hours for drinking are limited from noon each day to 2.30 p.m. and from 6.30 to 9.30 p.m. Outside these hours it is impossible to buy a drink in Liverpool, even if one offered all the wealth of the Indies.

Night Clubs in London.

In London the restrictions on drink only apply to the poor. The saloons close at 10 o'clock and the poor man has to remain drinkless until 6 o'clock the following morning. But not so the wealthy habitues of West End hotels. There are no closing hours so far as the hotels are concerned, and all that is necessary to obtain an unceasing flow of drink is either to stop at one of the hotels or have a friend who stops at one. Aside from this it is a known fact that there are scores of night clubs running in London where every sort of intoxicant is supplied, beer in cups and whiskey in ginger ale bottles, and in many places even the pretence of concealment is ignored.

In Liverpool the restriction law applies to rich and poor alike. Guests at the luxurious Adelphia Hotel can no more get a drink during prohibited hours than can the humblest workman. A correspondent inquired at the Adelphia how it was that guests in London hotels could have drinks at all hours, but in Liverpool they could not. The manager gave this explanation:

"The theory is that a man's hotel is to all intents and purposes his home. But a man in his own home cannot send out to the nearest saloon and purchase drinks during prohibited hours, and that is what we contend in Liverpool. If a man purchases a bottle of whiskey during the open hours, keeps the bottle in his room, and drinks during prohibited hours he has a right to do so. So can the ordinary workingman buy a bottle of whiskey and drink it at home. There is no distinction in the law and its enforcement in Liverpool between the rich and poor."

Regulations Are Strict.

The anti-treating section of the new regulations, which makes a person liable to a fine of $500 if he is discovered either buying anybody else a drink of lending him money for the purpose of buying a drink, at first raised havoc with the liquor trade of Liverpool. Business fell off tremendously during the first week, but now that the people have become used to the provision the trade is becoming normal again.

At the Adelphia the bartender said that during the first week of the anti-treating regulation the receipts fell off 60 per cent., and during the second week 40 per cent., but that now they are normal. "It took our customers some time to accustom themselves to the new rules, but now they are used to them, and it is doubtful if they would change back to the old treating days," he said.

The only exception to the anti-treating clause is at meals. A man may have guests at dinner or luncheon and treat his guests to drinks at table, but the bill for food and drink must be paid before the host quits the premises.

The success of the new regulations in Liverpool has delighted the authorities, and there are many who prophesy that there will never be a return to the old days of unlimited drinking and treating.

Three tons of grass usually give one ton of hay.

TORTURED BY RHEUMATISM

Sunday School Supt. Tells How "Fruit-a-tives" Relieved

TORONTO, ONT., Oct. 1st, 1913.

"I have lived in this city for more than 12 years and am well known. I suffered from Rheumatism, especially in my hands. I spent a lot of money without any good results. I have taken "Fruit-a-tives" for 18 months now and am pleased to tell you that I am well. All the enlargement has not left my hands, and perhaps never will, but the soreness is all gone and I can do any kind of work. I have gained 35 pounds in eighteen months."

R. A. WAUGH.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or direct from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, OCTOBER 24.

Lesson IV.—Elisha's Heavenly Defenders, 2 Kings 6. 8-23. Golden Text: Psalm 34. 7.

I. Plotting Against Elisha (Verses 14-17).

Verse 8. The king of Syria—Probably Ben-hadad (see verse 24). Israel was in grave danger at this time. Syria was a powerful and determined foe.

In such and such a place—This expression is like that of "somewhere" now seen in so many reports of a battle after the account thereof has passed the censor's hands.

9. The man of God sent unto the king of Israel—Although the kings were inimical to the prophets, the latter did not forsake their sovereigns. The prophets knew that without God's guidance Israel and her kings could not survive.

10. Not once nor twice—But several times. Elisha's advice was always good. The Syrians claimed it was based on actual knowledge (see verse 12).

11. Which of us is for the king of Israel?—The king of Syria had been frustrated so many times in his plans that he thought he had a traitor in his camp.

21. Nay, my lord, O king; but Elisha—The story of Naaman was known. It was natural for a quick-witted soldier to remember Elisha's cure, and to relate this power of the prophet to the seemingly miraculous way in which every military move of the Syrian king was anticipated and frustrated.

13. Go and see—That is, spy out.

Dothan—Mentioned in the Old Testament only here and in Gen. 37. 17. According to tradition, it was only twelve miles from Samaria, which shows how far into the country of Israel the Syrians had penetrated.

II. The Mountain Full of Horses (Verses 14-17).

14. Horses, and chariots, and a great host: and they came by night—A very exceedingly large host to come after one undefended man. To make sure, the night time was chosen.

15. How shall we do?—Not a question for instructions or advice, but a cry of despair.

16. They that are with us—The present tense is used by the prophet. To him the angelic protectors were always apparent.

17. Open his eyes—Elisha's concern for the young man was so great that he was unmindful of the many men waiting to waylay him.

18. Round About Elisha—"Dothan stood on an eminence, and so the summit could be thus encircled, and the barrier against the Syrians appears complete."

Between Girls.

"What are you reading so intently?"

"Balzac. I have to post up on Balzac because my beau is interested in Balzac. Don't you ever post up on the things which interest your beau?"

"I don't have to," answered the other girl. "My beau is interested in me."

EATING BETTER AND SICKNESS

Nothing has ever equaled or compared with the medicinal fats in Scott's Emulsion to arrest the decline invigorate the blood, strengthen the nervous system, aid the appetite and restore the courage of better health.

Scott's Emulsion is pure health-building food, without harmful drugs.

TRY IT

14-41