On the Farm

Workmen Need Encouragement

On one farm where I worked I had forty cows to milk morning and night, writes a hired man. Two of us to do the work under a boss who was mean, faultfinding and dictatorial, and who always thought we were not accomplishing what we should and also always had on hand some work for us to attack before we were properly through with what we were then doing. He watched our every move, routed us out at o'clock in the morning and saw to it that it was 8 or 9 o'clock at night before we were through. We were applied with candles, for retiring which were usually short enough to burn out within half an hour after going to our sleeping quarters. In disposition on the part of any working man was no excuse, pay being deducted for time spent on the sick list and never while I was there was there any sympathy shown or any attempt made to help a man recover. Such a boss loses more in consequence through lack of interest and from carelessness in the performance of the work on the part of his help than is compensated by the extra work done for the satisfaction, to him, of having goaded his men as far as lay in his power. The men become listless and shiftless, feeling that no matter how hard or conscientiously they worked the boss was never satisfied. To obtain the best united effort of all then there must be harmony or the disgruntled ones will soon turn away the man who is a good worker and who tries conscientiously to do his best.

Poultry-Raising Wisdom.

What is the sense of a woman going into poultry unless she has a liking for that sort of thing? Chicken-raising as a fad is the most ridiculous business I ever saw and I have seen some queer things done on a farm, writes an old farmer. In the first place, it takes a person a couple of seasons to learn the chicken game and there is so much patience and steady work required that people will not stick to it unless they have a real passion for the business.

It's a queer fact that the majority of people, even farmers, lose money on poultry, or at least fail to make anything substantial, whereas a man or woman who likes to handle chickens and sticks to it in a sensible way can clean up a lot of money. There is a very great deal in doctoring poultry, keeping it free from vermin and feeding it wisely. The faddist can't do those things and so quits in disgust after a year or two of failure or poor success.

Water Used on the Farm.

The following gives approximate quantities of water required per day on the farm:

Each member of the family for all purposes will require 25 to 40 gallons; each cow will require twelve gallons; each horse will require ten gallons; each hog will require 2½ gallons; each sheep will require two gallons. The water consumption will vary from day to day and with the seasons. For a family of six persons a 200-gallon supply should be sufficient if the water is used in the house only. On a farm where water is supplied to a family of six persons, ten horses, twelve cows, 25 hogs, and fifteen sheep, the daily storage supply should be at least 500 gallons, with whatever additional amount, if any, the farmer deems necessary for fire protection.

Sounding For Bullets.

In a lecture at the Conservatoire des Arts et Metiers in Paris Professor Violle said that an apparatus called the Hughes balance is now being used to find bullets in wounds. The balance consists of two bobbins so connected as to make a balance between primaries and secondaries. As long as that balance is undisturbed, the telephone apparatus, which is fixed between them, makes no sound, but when one of the bobbins approaches a metallic body the electrical equilibrium is disturbed and the telephone sounds. Thus, to find the exact situation of an imbedded bullet all that anyone has to do is to pass one of the bobbins in the approaches over the body of the wounded man and to listen at the telephone. The contrivance is very simple and very certain in its results, and is of inestimable value in cases in which an X-ray machine is not available.

That Was All.

A little lad was found on the street crying very bitterly because his cart was broken.

A kindly disposed stranger endeavored to cheer up the little fellow by saying: "Never mind, my boy, your father can easily mend that."

"No, he can't," sobbed the boy. "My father is a preacher and don't know about anything."

There is talk of building a $70,000 brewery at Fort George, B.C.

Young Folks

The Castle of Sleep.

Long ago, in the days of the "waking time" lived a great adventurer, who was called Lion Heart because he feared nothing.

It happened that on one of his journeys Lion Heart became lost in a great forest, where he roamed for days and weeks before coming to an open place where the sun shone brightly. By this time Lion Heart had found nuts to eat, save berries and a spring to drink, and he always was looking about, in hopes of finding a way out.

As he looked across the field he thought it was just a field of meadow grass, but like a flower garden it was becoming peopled, and in the centre of the field a castle. Straightaway he began to the castle, but as he came near the field a bird in a tree screamed "Beware! beware! this is the castle of Sleep, where the Princess lies."

Lion Heart drew back a little at the bird's warning, for he had heard of the beautiful Princess, who was a wicked witch, and spell upon him. And the bird said to him: "Thus shall you must linger till you smile, so, for, as you pass in the field and plant a kiss upon her."

Lion Heart grasped his faithful sword in his hand and resolved to find his way to the castle. No sooner did he enter the field than the spirits began to make him feel afraid, but he was determined he would keep on. He persevered until he was almost to the castle, when the poppies in front suddenly sprang up into a wall of briars and brambles. With good sword cut down, and he entered the castle. All about him were the servants and attendants sleeping soundly. Hastily he ran to the Princess's room, and softly kissed her forehead. Immediately she awakened, as did all in the castle and the poppy field disappeared.

CARRIER'S GRAPHIC STORY.

Russian Soldier Tells of His Escape From the Army.

The Manchester Guardian reproduces the following narrative told by a German deserter to the Rotterdam Courant:

I was at Przemysl when the Russians encircled us. We were covered with snow and we had to live in heaps like this. No man saw such things and no army sustained such losses. Of the [illegible] of our regiment [illegible] left to live [illegible] cold and hunger. Some other had recourse to tinned meat, but this caused fatal cases. We were driven by hunger, had to reserve were as punishment, made to stand a crime for two days. A man made to stand as decide [illegible]. We saw no end of this [illegible]. We had no ambition, we felt that the world was against us, every article, paper, [illegible] from us. We were near [illegible] our minds was made up. We pierced our way for a length of miles. Creeping through [illegible] over rivers and pools, we [illegible]. Then we had to cross [illegible] covered with spies, as we [illegible]. We stayed two days in a [illegible] waiting our chance, and found [illegible] the only food we had [illegible]. One morning the farm was surrounded. A spy had discovered [illegible]. We had to act quickly. We [illegible] out of the house. I only [illegible] a minute. My two [illegible] and ran for my life. The bullets were whistling [illegible] me. I had luck and was [illegible]. I reached a wood and for [illegible] moment I was safe, and I could [illegible] in the branches. I knew I [illegible], and I knew what my [illegible] if caught. I moved [illegible] and reached a river, on the [illegible] of which were bulrushes, [illegible] eleven o'clock in the [illegible] half-past six in the [illegible] I stood in the water to my [illegible] the patrols were searching [illegible] around me.

[illegible] dark I ventured to move. [illegible] two days in hiding in the [illegible] running by night, till, exhausted, I entered a farm. I consulted the farmer. He gave me [illegible], and with a sigh of relief [illegible] off. Now it [illegible], as I knew Flemish and [illegible] it took me three [illegible] to get clear. One night [illegible] a village, but he did not know [illegible]. I began to talk to [illegible] and ventured to ask him in a [illegible] way where I was. "In Holland," he said. I could have embraced him. My misery, my struggle were over. I was in free Holland, and deserting from a duty [illegible] one imposed on us did not [illegible] dishonor."

In Korea there are tribes of women who are not allowed to see a man except members of their family.

$25.00 FOR A LETTER

CAN YOU WRITE ONE?

Thirteen Prizes to be Awarded in a Letter Writing Competition

Some years ago the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., of Brockville, Ont., offered a series of prizes to residents of the Province of Ontario for the best letters describing cures wrought by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Hundreds of letters were submitted in this competition and yet there must have been thousands of other users of the pills who did not avail themselves of the opportunity to win a prize. To all these another letter-writing competition is offered. Thousands of cures through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have never been reported. These will furnish the material for the letters to be written in this contest. There is no demand upon the imagination; every letter must deal with facts and facts only.

The Prizes.

The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., of Brockville, Ont., will award a prize of $25.00 for the best letter received on or before the 1st day of March, 1915, from residents of Ontario, on the subject, "Why I Recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills." A prize of $10.00 will be awarded for the second best letter received, a prize of $5.00 for the third best letter, and ten prizes of $2.00 each for the next best ten letters.

The Conditions.

The cure or benefit from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills described in the letter may be in the writer's own case, or one that has come under his or her personal observation.

More than one cure may be described in the letter, but every statement must be literally and absolutely true.

Every letter must be signed by the full name and correct address of the person sending it. If it describes the cure of some person other than the writer of the letter, it must also be signed by the person whose cure is described as a guarantee of the truth of the statements made.

The writer of each letter must state the name and date of the paper in which he or she saw this announcement.

Fine writing will not win the prize unless you have a good case to describe. The strength of the recommendation and not the style of the letter will be the basis of the award.

It is understood that The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. shall have the right to publish any letter entered in this contest if they desire to do so whether it wins a prize or not.

The contest will close on March 1st, 1915, and the prizes will be awarded as soon as possible thereafter. Do not delay. If you know of a cure write your letter NOW. Observe the above conditions carefully or your letter may be thrown out.

Address all letters as follows:

The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co.,
Brockville, Ont.
Letter Contest Department.

NATIONAL SPIRIT IN POLAND.

People Hope for More Liberal Treatment as Result of War.

The movement for a larger Poland takes new strength from the formation of a national council at Warsaw, and from the stirring manifesto just issued in its name by the Polish leaders, Count Pygmunt Wielpolski at their head. The Poles are now in the full tide of war, and with the exception of some of their brethren in Galicia, have unreservedly thrown in their lot with the Allies. As a race they belong to conflicting jurisdictions. There are 4,000,000 in Prussia alone, west and east; Austria also has her share.

Geographically complex, the problem of "unifying" Poland is also politically difficult, for at this moment its solution waits on the outcome of the war and the goodwill of Russia. That its people are already unified by suffering in common is plainly the conviction of the national council. In two territories they have felt the heavy hand of the oppressor. Of course, it is the Russian tyrant of whom we have heard most. His ruthless suppressions of insurrection are still served up in our historical text books, and the story of his attempts to extinguish the language and national spirit of Poland form a part of every liberal education.

But the German tyrant has also been at work. In 1885 40,000 Poles were expelled from Posen because they had not become Prussian citizens, as a preliminary to measures for colonizing Polish districts with German settlers. In 1873 the Polish language was excluded from the elementary, and later from the secondary schools of Prussia. In 1905 a decree forbade religious instruction in Polish, and the Poles were compelled to pay for having their children taught the catechism in German; hence the famous "children's strike" in the diocese of Posen the following year. And by a law passed in 1908 the use of Polish was interdicted at all meetings in districts where the Poles formed less than sixty per cent of the population.

It is to guard for the future against such procedures as these that the national council appeals to the "undivided spirit" of Poland and looks forward to a "radiant morrow of reunion for our nation." The Poles need elbow room in two directions. Should their aspirations be realized it will be possible for the patriots to erect their long projected monument to Kosciuszko in Warsaw and forever impossible for their children to be brutally flogged for refusing to use German in Posen.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO.

Many Professors and Students Have Enlisted for the War.

Though the military organizations of the Canadian Colleges were in a much more rudimentary condition than those of the British Universities, a large contribution has already been made to the Army for the present war from their graduates and undergraduates.

The following is an account of what has been done by the University of Toronto:

According to our most recent information there are, besides the members of the staff, 134 graduates and 86 undergraduates, and of these 137 are officers and 83 privates. The chief electrician and several of the laboratory assistants are also on service, and their places are being kept for them. Professor de Champ and Messrs. Balbaud and Bibet of the Department of French in University College have been serving with the French army since the beginning of the war.

At present our information is quite incomplete, but we have the names of 53 graduates and 63 undergraduates who have been accepted for the second contingent.

On Friday, January 22nd, 1,500 students with their officers were reviewed by His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught. He addressed them in part as follows: "I wish to express to you my very great satisfaction with the splendid turn out you have given me this evening. When I looked at you and saw how you stood to attention and the admirable way in which you marched past, I saw that your work since you were formed, a very few months ago, has been performed with a will, and, I can honestly says that I have never seen better results than you have shown me to-day. What pleases me still more is the splendid example you young gentlemen are showing to the whole of Canada. You have come forward at a moment when every man that is able to do anything to help the Empire in a time of stress is needed, and you have done so readily and in a most efficient manner. As an old soldier and as Governor-General of Canada, I wish to say that no parade that I have seen—and I have seen many lately—has given me more satisfaction than your parade this evening."

At the same time the women students of the University have shown their determination to be of service by occupying the hours from four to six in the afternoon, when there is no instruction given in the University, with sewing and other work for the Red Cross Society.

SENSE ABOUT FOOD.

Facts Worth Knowing.

It is a serious question sometimes to know just what to eat when a person's stomach is out of order and most foods cause trouble.

Grape-Nuts food can be taken at any time with the certainty that it will digest. Actual experience of people is valuable to anyone interested.

A woman writes: "I had suffered with indigestion for about four years, ever since an attack of typhoid fever, and at times could eat nothing but the very lightest food, and then suffer so with my stomach I would wish I never had to eat anything.

"I was urged to try Grape-Nuts, and since using it I do not have to starve myself any more, but I can eat it at any time and feel nourished and satisfied, dyspepsia is a thing of the past, and I am now strong and well.

"My husband also had an experience with Grape-Nuts. He was put under the doctor's care, but medicine did not seem to do him any good until he began to leave off ordinary foods and use Grape-Nuts. It was surprising to see the change in him. He grew better right off, and naturally he has none but words of praise for Grape-Nuts.

"Our boy thinks he cannot eat a meal without Grape-Nuts, and he learns so fast at school that his teacher comments on it. I am satisfied that it is because of the great nourishing elements in Grape-Nuts."

This mother is right. Grape-Nuts food is a certain and remarkable rebuilder of body, nerves and brain.

"There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

It All Started From a Bad Cold

WATFORD MAN FOUND RELIEF IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mr. Robt. Taylor, Sr., After Suffering for Two Years, Tells of the Benefits He Got From Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Watford, Ont., Feb. 8th (Special).—Mr. Robert Taylor, Sr., a very estimable man living here, is telling his friends that the pain in his back, from which he suffered for some time, has disappeared, and that he gives all the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My trouble started with a cold," Mr. Taylor states, "and though I was treated by a doctor I got no permanent relief. I had cramps in my muscles and stiffness in my joints, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing and I perspired freely with the least exertion. I had attacks of rheumatism and sciatica, and though I tried many medicines I found no relief till I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. I must say they were a great benefit to me."

Mr. Taylor's troubles came from his kidneys. The diseased kidneys failed to strain the uric acid out of the blood and the results were as he has stated. Dodd's Kidney Pills put the kidneys in working order, the uric acid was strained out of the blood, and the troubles went with it.

THE BRITISH NAVY.

Saving Nation an Enormous Amount of Money.

In the course of an article on "No Naval Battle—Why?" which appears in the Fortnightly Review, Mr. Archibald Hurd says that the German fleet, which, during the past fifteen years cost £300,000,000 to maintain, has completely failed to fulfill any single one of the hopes on which it was based.

Declaring that the British people would do well to be duly grateful for the blessings which have been theirs owing to naval predominance during the past three months, Mr. Hurd says that in the absence of complete command of the sea the British people would have had to face the following weekly bill:

Increase in the cost of food by 50 per cent., raising the outlay per head of the population from 8s. to 22s. a week, £9,000,000.

Decline in wages bill, about £2,000,000.

Increase in cost of other necessities and luxuries, £9,000,000.

Loss of shipping, £1,000,000.

Decline in national income from investments, £2,000,000.

Total loss per week, £16,000,000.

We thus reach the conclusion, adds Mr. Hurd, that during the past four months of war the navy has been paying dividends to the nation at the rate of £16,000,000 per week, without taking into account the fact that it has spared us moral and intellectual damages which are incalculable. Battle or no battle in the North Sea, the people of the United Kingdom, not to mention the peoples of the far-flung Dominions, have reason for satisfaction that during the years which preceded war they turned a deaf ear to those who urged that the expenditure on the fleet should be reduced.

WORLD'S BIGGEST THINGS.

The greatest bank is the Bank of England.

The largest monolith is in Egypt—106 feet high.

The highest chimney is in Glasgow, Scotland, and is 474 feet.

The strongest electric light is at the Sydney lighthouse, Australia.

The deepest coal mine is near Lambert, Belgium, and is 3,500 feet deep.

The largest library is the National, in Paris, which contains 3,000,000 books.

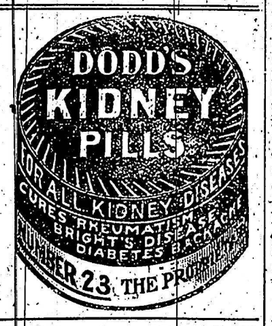
The tallest monument is in Washington, District of Columbia. It is 550 feet high.

The oldest college is University College, Oxford. It was established in the year 1050.

The largest bronze statue is that of Peter the Great in Petrograd, Russia. It weighs about 1,100 tons.

The largest college is in Cairo, Africa. It has on its register each year over 10,000 students and 310 teachers.

In their eagerness to get to the top some people are apt to go up in the air.



A Nova Scotia Case Of Interest to All Women

Halifax Sends Out a Message of Help to Many People.

Halifax, N.S., Dec. 15—When interviewed at her home at 194 Argyle St., Mrs. Haverstock was quite willing to talk of her peculiarly unfortunate case. "I was always 'blue' and depressed, felt weak, languid and utterly unfit for any work. My stomach was so disordered that I had no appetite. What I did eat disagreed. I suffered greatly from dizziness and sick headache and feared a nervous breakdown. Upon my druggist's recommendation I used Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

"I felt better at once. Every day I improved. In six weeks I was a well woman, cured completely after different physicians had failed to help me. It is for this reason that I strongly urge sufferers with stomach or digestive troubles to use Dr. Hamilton's Pill."

Dr. Hamilton's Pills strengthen the stomach, improve digestion, strengthen the nerves and restore debilitated systems to health. By cleansing the blood of long-standing impurities, by bringing the system to a high point of vigor, they effectually chase away weariness, depression and disease. Good for young or old, for men, for women, for children. All dealers sell Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut.

What I Know.

I know that this day will never come again. Therefore, I will make it the best day in which I have ever lived. I know that happiness is a thing within, and that is always in the world and very near to me. I know I have but to search for it, and that as soon as I begin to hunt it out I have it. Also, I know that as soon as I get happiness and begin to give it away it comes back doubled—and more—to me. I know this. I know that work is a stimulus, and that it keeps the world alive and moving. I know that the people who work with love in their hearts and interest in their brains are the real doers and benefactors of mankind. I know that I can be a doer and a benefactor. I know that life is exactly what I make it. I know that other people and other forces can influence my life and work only as I follow it. I know that I am young if I live youth; I know that I am happy if I live happiness; I know that I am worth while if I attempt and accomplish worth-while things. I know that the greatest thing I can ever do is to do my best at all times and under every circumstance. — Geo. Matthew Adams.

A Philosophette.

"But why don't you marry Edwin, Angelica?" asked Mrs. Blinker.

"Why, mother," replied Angelica, "I think it's much better to have a man on a string than merely anchored."

Are Hard Times Coming?

Yes, for the man that wears tight boots, but his corns are relieved quickly by Putnam's Corn Extractor. No pain and certain cure. That's Putnam's. Use no other. 25c. at all dealers.

He Didn't Forget It.

"John, did you mail that letter I gave you two weeks ago?"

"Yes, my dear, yesterday."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Done Properly.

"How is it you were so long over your work to-day?" she asked.

"Sure, ma'am," replied the servant, "you were watching me most of the time."

The Nova Scotia "Lumber King" says:
"I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the best LINIMENT in use.
I got my foot badly jammed lately. I bathed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT and it was as well as ever next day.
Yours very truly,
T. G. McMULLEN.

A woman should never spank her children with a slipper unless she puts her sole into it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Heard Enough.

"Where is Tommy?" asked Mr. Jones on his return from business one evening. "Gone to bed," was the wife's reply. "I hope he's not ill?" "No, I sent him to bed as a punishment for swearing." "Swearing?" repeated Mr. Jones. "I'll teach him to swear." Without waiting for a light the angry father rushed upstairs to interview the culprit, only to fall over a loose stair-rod and bump his chin. At once he became exceedingly fluent, and when the air had cleared he heard his wife call gently: "Better come down, dear; I'm sure Tommy has heard enough for his first lesson."

This must be an awfully tiresome world for the man who knows all.

SHORT SOLDIERS.

30,000 Men Lost To Britain Because of the High Standard.

The British Medical Journal thinks that the present standard of height in the British Army is too high, and estimates that in the last few weeks more than thirty thousand excellent soldiers have been lost to the nation because of it. In war time, short men are in many respects more desirable than their bigger brothers. They occupy less room in transport, they find cover more easily, and they offer a smaller mark to bullets and shrapnel. They are better sheltered in trenches and do not have to dig them so deep to protect themselves. As the Journal says, "It takes less khaki to clothe them and less leather to boot them. The army blanket covers them more amply, and they need less food than tall, thin men to keep up their body heat and maintain their marching energy. Those who stand the rigors of cold climates best are not always big men, and the sailor, like the wind-swept tree on the coast, may be short. Warmth and easy conditions of life rather tend to the development of tall men. The cavalryman and artilleryman need to be big and powerful, but as to those who burrow in the trenches, how can it matter whether they are four feet and nine inches or five feet and six inches? We are not out for a show and a parade, but to win a war of sieges and attrition."

Painful Swellings Reduced Muscular Strains Ended

Such Troubles Now Quickly Rubbed Away by Powerful Remedy.

If you have any muscles that are strained and weak, that are frequently subject to rheumatic pains; if you have any painful swellings that refuse to go away—get busy with Nerviline. This is the very sort of trouble that Nerviline is noted for curing quickly. "I have proved Nerviline simply a wonder in reducing a hard painful swelling. It followed an injury I received in my left leg and caused me great pain and discomfort. The muscles were strained and sore, and no other remedy gave me ease and comfort I got from rubbing on Nerviline. There is a soothing, pain relieving power about Nerviline that touched the root of my trouble. Nerviline reduced the swelling, it decreased the pain, it brought my limb back to perfect condition." The experience of Mr. Bowen, whose home is in Middlesex, is not unusual. Thousands are proving every day that unusual pains of every kind, chronic rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia and sciatica will yield to Nerviline when nothing else can possibly cure. Nerviline is an old-time family pain remedy, used nearly forty years with great success. The large family size bottle costs 50c., trial size 25c. at all dealers.

The Modern Way.

He—Listen. My love for you is a consuming fever. The blood flows through my veins like molten lava from a seething volcano.

She—Well just hold this thermometer in your mouth till I get your temperature, to prove it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Their King.

"You can always trust a piano manufacturer."

"Why so?"

"Because his products are both square and upright."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU
Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. No Smarting—just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

The only time some fellows look for an opening is when they carry a corkscrew with them.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

The hardships of war—armored cruisers.

Kate Douglas Wiggin's closest possession, she says, is a letter which she once received from the superintendent of a home for the feeble-minded. He spoke in glowing terms of the pleasure with which the "inmates" had read her little book, "Marm Lisa," and ended thus superbly: "In fact, Madam, I think I may safely say that you are the favorite author of the feeble-minded."

MOTHERS
REMEMBER! The ointment you put on your child's skin gets into the system just as surely as food the child eats. Don't let impure fats and mineral coloring matter (such as many of the cheap ointments contain) get into your child's blood! Zam-Buk is purely herbal. No poisonous coloring. Use it always.
50c. Box at All Druggists and Stores.
USE ONLY ZAM-BUK FOR CHILDRENS SORES

CLARK'S SOUPS
Delicately flavored—Highly concentrated.
WHY WORRY!
Choose your variety and ask your grocer for "Clark's"

FARMS FOR SALE.
W. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.
IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL a Fruit, Stock, Grain or Dairy Farm, write E. W. Dawson, Brampton, or 90 Colborne St., Toronto.
E. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

NURSERY STOCK.
STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, POTATOES. Catalogue free. McConnell & Son, Port Burwell, Ont.

MALE HELP WANTED.
LEARN BARBER TRADE. ALWAYS sure employment at good wages, few weeks required to complete course, write for full particulars and catalogue today. Moler Barber College, 219 Queen East, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.
CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellmau Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.
Grocery BUSINESS IN TORONTO for sale with store and dwelling, well established, good location, good business which can be largely increased. $3,000 will handle. Counsale Realty Co., 35 Yonge St., Toronto.

ENGINE FOR SALE
New Wheelock 18 x 42
Automatic Valve.
Complete operating condition, flywheel, frame, bed, cylinder and all parts. Can be seen running at present date.
Will sell at less than half cost price.
S. FRANK WILSON & SONS
73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

THE Scientific Treatment OF BOILER FEED WATERS
Comprises knowledge of the water condition, application of the correct reagents, expert supervision as to quantity and regulation of treatment.
Such a thorough, scientific handling of Boiler Water proportions, results in the prevention of scale, corrosion, priming and foaming, and consequently a great saving of money.
Individual analysis of water from your own boiler by our chemist will be made free of charge if you are interested in ridding your boilers of scale.
DEARBORN CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.
Engineers. Chemists.
General Offices and Works:
1220-1230 DUNDAS STREET,
Toronto, Canada.

What Is Your Mirror's Story
You can't have a beautiful complexion for the asking.
Vaseline
Trademark
COLD CREAM
Made in Canada
used regularly will remove blemishes, and make the skin smooth, clear and sound.
Vaseline Cold Cream contains no animal or vegetable fats. It is sterilized in the making and delicately perfumed.
"Vaseline" preparations are for sale at all Chemists and General Stores. AVOID SUBSTITUTES. Insist on "Vaseline" in original packages bearing the name, CHESEBROUGH MANUFACTURING CO., Consolidated.
Illustrated booklet free on request
CHESEBROUGH MF'G CO. (Consolidated)
1880, CHABOT AVE., MONTREAL