ULTIMATUM SENT TO SERVIA

Austria Demands a Disavowal of Recent Assassination of Archduke Ferdinand and His Wife

A despatch from Belgrade, Servia, says: Austria has sent a sharp ultimatum to Servia in regard to certain events leading up to the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand, and his wife, the Duchess of Hohenberg. The note, which was presented by the Austrian Minister declared that events of recent years particularly the assassination at Sarajevo on June 28, have shown a subversive movement in Servia for the purpose of detaching part of Austria-Hungary. The note says that the movement originated under the eyes of the Servian Government, and led to various acts of terrorism. Servia did not attempt to repress the movement. It allowed the criminal machinations of various societies; tolerated unrestrained language in the newspapers, allowed officials to share in the subversive agitation and otherwise permitted the incitement of the Servian population against Austria. The note declared that "this culpable conduct of the Servian Government had not ceased at the moment when the events of June 28 proved its fatal consequences to the whole world." The note asserted that the depositions and confessions of the perpetrators of the crime of Sarajevo show that the assassinations were hatched at Belgrade, the arms and explosives with which they were provided were given to them by Servian officers and functionaries, and the passage of the assassins into Bosnia was organized and effected by the frontier service.

A despatch from London, says: Austria's ultimatum to Servia in which she demands that there shall be a cessation of the acts which led to the assassination of Archduke Ferdinand and the Duchess of Hohenberg at Sarajevo on June 28 has fallen like a bombshell in diplomatic and all other quarters here. It goes without saying that it is regarded as having evoked a most grave European crisis.

There is some defence of Austria's action in view of the evidence of cumulative provocation on the part of Servia, but the bulk of opinion is that the unexampled acerbity of the language and the drastic, humiliating nature of the monarchy's demands is such that neither Servia nor any other independent country, even if insignificantly small and impotent from a military standpoint, could possibly bow without surrendering its independence and abandoning sovereignty.

If Servia takes this view (and there is nothing as yet to indicate what her attitude will be), the Austrian Minister at Belgrade will leave his post on Saturday evening, and Austria will forthwith prepare to enforce her demands. If this were to be the only outcome, Europe might watch the struggle with comparative calm, but it is felt that an Austrian attack on Servia would entail the gravest risk of a clash between Austria and Russia, with consequences to the peace of the Continent which it is impossible to foresee.

Relations Broken Off.

A despatch from Vienna says: Diplomatic relations between Austria-Hungary and Servia were formally broken off to-night (Saturday).

Martial law has been declared throughout the Austro-Hungarian Empire.

The Servian Minister and his staff left Vienna Saturday.

A military censorship has been established in the telegraph offices here.

The Servian government waited until the last moment left by the terms of the note, and only ten minutes before the hour of 6 when the Austrian-Hungarian ultimatum expired, did the Servian Premier appear at the Legation and present his Government's reply to the Austrian Minister Baron Giesl von Gieslingen.

No details of the tenor of the reply have been revealed here, but the terse statement was made that it was "unsatisfactory."

Immediately upon receiving the note the Austrian Minister informed the Foreign Office, and diplomatic relations were broken off. Half an hour later the Minister and his staff, with their families, had boarded a train for Austrian territory.

MADAME CAILLAUX,

a recent picture of the wife of former Prime Minister of France, who shot Mon. Easton Calmette, editor of Figaro, because he had made an attack on her husband in his paper.

STRIKE RIOTS IN ST. JOHN.

Cavalrymen Charge Through Mob Using the Flats of Their Sabres.

A despatch from St. John, N.B., says: Two people are in the hospital and scores of others are suffering from wounds and bruises as the result of a clash between a mob and a small force of Dragoons. The rioting was an outcome of the street railway strike. Mayor Frink read the Riot Act, and half an hour later cavalrymen of the R. C. D., under Lieut. Stettin, charged through a mob of thousands of persons in Market Square, riding down rioters and striking them with the flats of their sabres, while stones and bottles flew. Lieut. Stettin was cut about the head and was removed to the hospital, not seriously hurt. William Bennett, dredge worker, was shot in the thigh by Detective Lucas, who was defending himself from members of the mob. Lucas was badly cut on the head, and he and Bennett are in the hospital. Windows of the power-house of the street railway were smashed and fixtures broken. The mob stoned the firemen of the power-house and drove the firemen from their work. The cars were overturned in Market Square by the mob after two hours of continuous dirorder and finally set on fire. The fire brigade put out the blaze. This was the most serious disorder in this city in 40 years.

HARVESTERS FOR THE WEST.

Less Inducement for Them This Year.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: That the railways will not hand out so big inducements to the harvesters from the east this year as formerly, and that an effort will be made to keep the number down in order that laborers already in the country may secure employment in the harvest fields, is the opinion expressed by local officials of the various railroads. A meeting between the representatives of the western Provincial Governments and the railways will take place in the C.P.R. office on Monday, when the situation will be discussed and plans formulated for the handling of this year's crop.

SUDBURY GARAGE BURNED.

Eight Automobiles Were Also Destroyed—Loss, $10,000.

A despatch from Sudbury, says: I. Proctor's garage and auto livery was destroyed on Wednesday by fire at Sudbury in a spectacular blaze, fed by 20 barrels of gasoline, which made so hot a fire that it was impossible to approach the burning building, and eight automobiles were destroyed. The garage was located outside the town limits, and civic water was unavailable. The loss was about $10,000.

SOLDIERS FIRE INTO MOB

Regulars and Police Attempted to Capture Rifles Smuggled in by Nationalist Volunteers

A despatch from Dublin says: There was a serious riot here Sunday afternoon, during which four persons were killed and 30 seriously wounded by bullets and bayonets of regular soldiers.

The outburst was the outcome of a Nationalist gun-running exploit. About 1,000 National Volunteers paraded early in the day and marched to Howth, about ten miles away, for the purpose of landing a thousand rifles. On their arrival at the pier signals were made to a white yacht which had been manoeuvring in the bay. The yacht promptly started towards the shore and when she came to the pier began discharging her cargo of rifles and ammunition. Two members of the Royal Irish Constabulary who tried to interfere were shouldered outside the lines of the Nationalist Volunteers, who held the pier, and barred access to it.

A body of coastguards got beside the yacht in their boat, but were ordered away, and, it is reported, were threatened with revolvers.

As soon as all the cargo had been landed the Nationalist Volunteers started to return to Dublin. Meanwhile the authorities at Dublin had been warned of what was going on, and a detachment of 60 to 80 policemen and 100 men of the King's Own Scottish Borderers had been sent to intercept the volunteers. When the latter arrived at Malahide Road in Clontarf, they found they way blocked by the police in front and the soldiers with fixed bayonets behind.

The police were ordered to disarm the volunteers, who resisted, and a sharp fight ensued. Several persons were hurt by the clubs of the police, and rifle butts and bullets.

Meantime the fighting had become known in the city which was ablaze with excitement, and big mobs collected in the streets through which the soldiers were expected to return. As soon as they appeared there were shouts of rage, and these were followed by volleys of stones.

The soldiers marched on until they reached the Bachelors Walk quay bridge, where the shooting began. It is said that some of the mob fired first with revolvers. The mob then pressed forward and threatened to sweep the soldiers with the revolvers. The troops were ordered to fire a volley over the heads of the mob, which was done. The mob ignored this, and the soldiers then fired a volley of ball cartridges into the crowd. A number of people dropped, and there were shrieks of rage and pain. After this the soldiers proceeded to their barracks.

Subsequent enquiries showed that three men and a woman had been shot dead and that from 50 to 60 persons, mostly men, had been wounded.

THE CROPS IN NEW ONTARIO.

Chairman of T. & N.O. Commission Tells About Conditions.

A despatch from Toronto, says: The T. and N. O. Railway Commission have just returned from their monthly inspection of the line. In an interview, Mr. J. L. Englehart, the chairman, reported that in spite of the recent devastating fires in the Northland, the country was experiencing an agricultural prosperity unusual for new territory. Said Mr. Englehart:

"The fires are confined to the region north of New Liskeard and below Cochrane. There are no fires below Liskeard or between Porquis and Timmins on the Porcupine branch. It is a fair deduction that the fires that do exist below the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific are due to the clearings of settlers, who are taking advantage of the dry state prevailing to make extensive clearings by fire, and they certainly are having a good burn. This will allow a much larger acreage to lie under the plow during the season of 1915 than during the winter past.

"Recent rains have largely improved the crop conditions. Roots, potatoes, peas, et al., if present weather continues will be a bumper crop. Oats and barley are largely in evidence, though the straw is very short. Hay was a decidedly poor crop. The settlers are so largely engaged with crop production that no attention is being paid to forest products. Extensive pulpwood and logging operations will be largely in evidence next season. A good market as well as good prices prevail. It is the consensus of thought that if the present weather conditions continue the crops will prove satisfying."

LUMBERING WILL BE HEAVY.

Much Lumber Felled by Storms or Damaged by Fires.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Representatives of the big lumber companies operating in the upper Ottawa region state that operations in the bush this fall will be an unusually heavy, and that about 35,000 men will be employed about two months hence. It is believed here that this will go a long way toward relieving unemployment in eastern cities. The reason given for the extra lumbering operations is that a great deal of timber has been felled by storms and slightly damaged by bush fires and that it must be utilized at once before decay sets in.

ASYLUM BARNS BURNED.

Fire Loss at Brandon Totals Between $50,000 and $75,000.

A despatch from Brandon, Man., says: Fire of incendiary origin destroyed no less than seven of the big barnes at the Hospital for Insane on Wednesday afternoon nad caused a total loss of between $50,000 and $75,000. The blaze was first noticed by the attendants, who with a few of the patients, were milking in the cow barns. Fanned by a stiff gale, the flames quickly spread, and within an hour after the fire was first noticed, the horse barns, the cattle barns, the piggery the buildings containing the fowl, as well as two large implement buildings, were blazing fiercely.

CUT VEIN WITH SHOE SHANK.

Prisoner Ended His Own Life in Boston Cell.

A despatch from Boston, says: Lawrence Robinson, who was on trial her charged with the murder of Police Inspector Thomas J. Norton, commited suicide during Tuesday night. He cut his throat with a steel shank which he had removed from one of his shoes. He was accused of shooting Norton while resisting arrest in the Boylston Cafe on June 19. Robinson was wanted in Grand Rapids for the alleged killing of three clerks in a jewelry store during a robbery.

RUSSIAN CAPITAL TIED UP.

St. Petersburg Street Railway Employes on Strike.

A despatch from St. Petersburg, says: The street car service in the Russian capital was suspended on Wednesday owing to the employes of the Central Street Railway Company joining in the general strike called by the workmen as a protest against the drastic measures of the authorities at Baku and other Provincial towns against strikers there. Workmen in many trades have joined in the movement and it was estimated that nearly 200,000 men had laid down their tools.

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

Canada.

Servians in Toronto will send a contingent to Servia in event of war.

Chief Chevalier of the Hull police force was summarily dismissed for misconduct.

Senator T. O. Davis of Prince Albert declared he would reintroduce his anti-tipping bill.

An inspiring celebration of the century of peace took place Saturday at Landy's Lane.

Ald. R. G. Spofford, a pioneer Oddfellow of Port Arthur, fell dead at a memorial decoration service.

Hamilton has abandoned its objection to the route of the C.N.R. through the north end of the city.

Two cargoes of 200,000 bushels each were unloaded at the Government elevator at Port Colborne in ten hours, a new world's record.

Mr. Archibald Blue, Chief Officer of Census and Statistics for Canada, died at his home in Ottawa in his seventy-fifth year.

A flow of natural gas was struck in Deseronto at a depth of 60 feet while drilling for water was in progress.

The radius of the wireless station at Cape Race is being doubled; the new equipment being effective for about 500 miles.

Marksmen of the 24th Regiment, Chatham, are to be supplied with new Mark III. Ross Rifles for use on the ranges.

The U. S. patrol boat Bear and a Russian patrol Cruiser have started in search of the marooned members of the Stefansson expedition.

Dr. J. W. Edwards, M.P., Kingston, states there are 6 members of the penitentiary staff over age according to their own admissions.

Stag Island, in Detroit River, has been purchased by the International Peace Assembly Association and its name changed to Deconer.

Amos Stonehouse of Enniskillen township one of the best known cattle breeders in western Ontario, is dead as a result of being kicked by cattle.

Senior Luis Elguero, ex-delegate to the meditation conference at Niagara, reached Toronto to confer with Diaz concerning a counter revolution.

Jack Sowden, a twelve-year-old Boy Scout of Souris, Manitoba, went in a canoe to the rescue of four drowning persons and saved them all.

Archibald Quance, while adjusting haylifting machinery in his father's barn at Elfrida, near Hamilton, was killed by a weight falling upon his head.

John McArthur, a well-to-do farmer, three miles from Port Dover, sixty-three years of age, committed suicide in a fit of depression over ill-health.

The Stanley Works of New Britain, Con., have decided to locate a Canadian branch in Hamilton. Arthur S. Hatch will be the new manager.

The Department of Railways and Canals is about to advertise for tenders for the construction of a new lock on the Trent Canal at Bobcaygeon.

Joseph Gillies, 60, who has already served 20 years for various offenses was at Brantford given nine months in the Central Prison for theft of a watch.

Michael Silvestro has been sent for trial at North Bay, charged with sending out blackhand letters. The Provincial police used decoy letters to trap him.

A special report in the Labor Gazette on women employed in Winnipeg departmental stores, says that in four establishments there are 2,432 to 3,200 women. Wages run from $5 to $30 a week. The average wage is $15 to $18.

General.

The outlook in Ulster is very much worse.

An Italian aviator flew over Mt. Rosa in a record flight.

Peace negotiations are proceeding in Austria-Hungarian-Servia dispute.

General Villa's aloofness from Carranza's authority has darkened the horizon in Mexico.

Austrian and Hungarian reservists have been warned to hold themselves ready.

More than 195,000 men have joined the general strike in St. Petersburg, including 5,000 from the Government ship yards.

The foreign residents of Mexico City are armed to protect themselves from mob violence or an attack of Zapata rebels.

About 50 Haytien rebels were summarily executed at Cape Haytien after the Government forces had won a fierce two-hour battle in the street.

PICTURE OF THE DOMINION.

Advertisement of Water Power of Canada at Panama Fair.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Canada's water power resources will be advertised at the Panama Exposition in San Francisco by a series of models, typical of power plants from the Atlantic to the Pacific. These will be arranged in a semi-circle in the Canadian building, in front of a great Canadian painting. A Toronto artist will paint this picture which will be 75 feet long by 30 feet high and will present a bird's eye view of the whole Dominion. All known water powers, whether developed or not, will be depicted on this painting.

THE KING'S PRIZE.

Sergeant Dewar Wins First Place in Tie Shoot-off.

A despatch from Bisley, Eng., says: The King's Prize, the most coveted trophy of the annual prize meeting of the National Rifle Association, was won by Sergeant J. L. Dewar, of the Royal Scots Territorial Regiment, after a tie with Private A. G. Fulton, of the London Territorials. Each made 309 out of a possible 355.

The winner's score was 21 below that with which Hawkins won last year. It is the lowest top score since 1902.

MILITANTS BURNED MANSION.

Cotton Soaked with Petroleum Had Been Distributed

A despatch from Birmingham, England, says: An "arson squad" of militant suffragettes set fire to and destroyed a large unoccupied mansion in this district. A quantity of cotton wool soaked with petrol had been distributed about the place. A batch of suffragette literature was found in the vicinity.

CUTTING BARLEY.

Harvesting Commences in Manitoba—The Crop is a Good One.

A despatch from Souris, Man., says: A. J. McCulloch started cutting a 70-acre field of barley, to the south-west of the town. The crop is a good one, establishing a new early record for this district, if not for the province.

BLACKHANDER FIRED HOUSE.

Tried to Extort $1,000 From Italian Grocer in Quebec.

A despatch from Quebec, says: The police are looking for an unknown Blackhander who tried to extort $1,000 from Thomasso Maccharia, an Italian grocer, whose house was gutted by fire. The Blank Hand writer threatened to burn Zaccharia in his house if he did not pay up. Zaccharia refused to be blackmailed and his house was set afire.

SENOR CARBAJAL,

the nominal successor of Huerta as President of Mexico, who will hand over the office to Gen. Carranza.

MURDER SUSPECT ARRESTED.

Alleged Slayer of Levi's Coachman Apprehended.

A despatch from Montreal says: Albert Leclair, alleged to be the slayer of Odina Guay, the Levis coachman, who was found about a month ago with four bullets in his body and who died twenty-four hours afterwards was arrested in a Greek restaurant on Craig Street, Montreal, on Wednesday by detective Pierre Trudelle, of Quebec. Leclair was taken to Quebec in the evening. Before dying Guay told the story of the tragedy. According to his story he was driving on the Levis road when he was hailed and ordered to drive to the Intercolonial Railway station. He was about two miles away when he was suddenly shot from behind by his [illegible]. The murderer fired four shots, each one taking effect.

GRENADIER GUARDS BAND.

England's Favorite Musical Organization Coming to Toronto.

The Grenadier Guards Band is being brought from England for the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto this year. Of all the great bands that have visited Toronto, Dr. Williams and his Grenadier Guards have made the most friends. They are popular alike with the critics and the public, and are assured of a great reception.

SEEKING MEDICAL ADVICE.

Mother and Son Ordered to Ellis Island.

A despatch from New York, says: Mrs. Barbara Ratner, a wealthy widow of St. John's, Nfld., arrived on the steamer Florizel with her son Joseph, 18 years old, only to be held up by the immigration inspectors, who ordered mother and son to Ellis Island. There young Ratner is held for further medical examination because of an injury he received to his head three years ago. Mrs. Ratner said she could produce any amount wanted, but only wished to be allowed to go on to Chicago, where her son could be treated.

REFUSE TO WORK.

Twenty-six Loafers in Kingston Will Be Deported.

A despatch from Kingston says: Immigration officer Hunter intends to deport twenty-six undesirables who will not work. There are numerous cases where they demand highest wages and not securing it come to the city to loaf about

Grain, Cattle and Cheese

Prices of These Products in the Leading Markets are Here Recorded

Brantford.

Toronto, July 28—Manitoba flour, 90 per cent. patents, $5.50 in jute sacks, Toronto or west, and at $5.40 for August delivery. New Ontario winter wheat flour—First patents, $4.50 in jute bags, $4.40 in cotton bags, $4.70 in cotton bags, $4.60 in jute bags, $4.50 in cotton bags, $4.40 in jute bags, $4.30 in cotton bags, $4.20 in jute bags, $4.10 in cotton bags, $4.00 in jute bags, $3.90 in cotton bags, $3.80 in jute bags, $3.70 in cotton bags, $3.60 in jute bags, $3.50 in cotton bags, $3.40 in jute bags, $3.30 in cotton bags, $3.20 in jute bags, $3.10 in cotton bags, $3.00 in jute bags, $2.90 in cotton bags, $2.80 in jute bags, $2.70 in cotton bags, $2.60 in jute bags, $2.50 in cotton bags, $2.40 in jute bags, $2.30 in cotton bags, $2.20 in jute bags, $2.10 in cotton bags, $2.00 in jute bags, $1.90 in cotton bags, $1.80 in jute bags, $1.70 in cotton bags, $1.60 in jute bags, $1.50 in cotton bags, $1.40 in jute bags, $1.30 in cotton bags, $1.20 in jute bags, $1.10 in cotton bags, $1.00 in jute bags, 90c in cotton bags, 80c in jute bags, 70c in cotton bags, 60c in jute bags, 50c in cotton bags, 40c in jute bags, 30c in cotton bags, 20c in jute bags, 10c in cotton bags, 0c in jute bags, 0c in cotton bags, 0c in jute bags, 0c in cotton bags, 0c in jute bags, 0