Grain, Cattle and Cheese

Prices of These Products in the Leading Markets are Here Recorded

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, April 21.—Flour—Ontario wheat flours, $3.85, seaboard, and at $3.95 to $4, Toronto. Manitobas—First patents, in jute bags, $5.60; do., second, $5.10; strong bakers', in jute bags, $4.90.

Manitoba wheat—Bay ports—No. 1 Northern, 97c, and No. 2, at 95½c.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 at $1 to $1.01, outside, according to freight, and $1.03, on track, Toronto.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario oats, 39½ to 40c, outside, and at 42c, on track, Toronto. Western Canada oats, 40½c for No. 2, and at 39½c for No. 3, Bay ports.

Peas—About 90c, outside.

Barley—Good malting barley, 60 to 65c, outside, according to quality.

Rye—No. 2 at 63 to 64c, outside.

Buckwheat—80 to 81c, outside.

Corn—New No. 3 American, 73½c, all rail, Toronto. Canadian quoted at 71c.

Bran—Manitoba bran, $24 to $25 a ton, in bags, Toronto freight. Shorts, $26 to $27.

Country Produce.

Butter—Choice dairy, 22 to 23c; inferior, 18 to 19c; farmers' separator prints, 23 to 25c; creamery prints, fresh, 30 to 31c; do., storage prints, 26 to 27c; solids, storage, 24 to 25c.

Eggs—20c per dozen, in case lots.

Cheese—New cheese, 15½ to 15¾c for large, and 16 to 16¼c for twins.

Beans—Hand-picked, $2.20 to $2.25 per bushel; primes, $2.15 to $2.20.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 11 to 12c per lb. for No. 1; combs, $3 to $3.25 per dozen for No. 1, and $2.40 to $2.50 for No. 2.

Poultry—Fowl, 15 to 18c per lb; chickens, 19 to 20c; ducks, 17 to 18c; geese, 15 to 16c; turkeys, 20 to 23c.

Potatoes—Ontarios, 50 to 55c a bag, on track, and Delawares at 90 to 95c, on track, car lots.

Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 15 to 16c per lb., in case lots. Hams—Medium, 18 to 18½c; do., heavy, 17 to 18c; rolls, 15 to 15½c; breakfast bacon, 18 to 19c; backs, 22 to 24c.

Lard—Tierces, 13½c; tubs, 13¾c; pails, 14c.

Seeds.

Wholesale seed merchants are selling recleaned seeds to the trade, on the 100-lb. basis:—Red clover, No. 1, $19 to $21; do., No. 2, $17.50 to $18.50; alsike, No. 1, $29.50 to $31; do., No. 2, $17 to $18; Timothy, No. 1, $5.50 to $9.50; do., No. 2, $7.25 to $7.50; alfalfa, No. 1, $14 to $15; do., No. 2, $13 to $13.50.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, April 21.—Corn, American No. 2 yellow, 79 to 79½c. Oats, Canadian Western, No. 2, 43½ to 44c; No. 3, 43 to 43½c. Barley, Man. feed, 60 to 61c; malting, 68 to 70c. Flour, Man. Spring wheat patents, firsts, $5.60; seconds, $5.10; strong bakers', $4.90. Winter patents, choice $5.25 to $5.50; straight rollers $4.70 to $4.90; do., bags, $2.20 to $2.35. Rolled oats, barrels, $4.55; ed, 25c. Potattoes, per bag, car lots, 80 to 90c.

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, April 21.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 90c; No. 2 Northern, 88c; No. 3 Northern, 86½c; No. 4, 83½c; No. 5, 78c; No. 6, 73c; feed, 68c; No. 1 rejected seeds, 85½c; No. 2 rejected seeds, 83½c; No. 3 rejected seeds, 83½c; No. 1 smutty, 85½c; No. 2 smutty, 83½c; No. 3 smutty, 81½c; No. 1 red Winter, 90c; No. 2 red Winter 88c; No. 3 red Winter, 86½c. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 33½c; No. 3 C.W., 32½c; No. 2 feed, 31½c. Barley—No. 3, 44½c; No. 4, 42½c; rejected, 41c; feed, 40½c. Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $1.35½; No. 2 C.W., $1.32½; No. 3 C.W., $1.24½.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, April 21.—Wheat—May, 89½ to 89¾c bid; July, 90¾ to 90⅞c; No. 1 hard, 93½ to 94c; No. 1 Northern, 91½ to 92½c; No. 2 Northern, 88½ to 90½c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 64½ to 65c. Oats—No. 3 white, 35½ to 36c. Flour and bran unchanged.

Duluth, April 21.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 92c; No. 1 Northern, 91c; No. 2 Northern, 92c; Montana No. 2 hard, 90c; May, 91c; July, 92½c; September, 88½c. Linseed cash, $1.552; May, $1.562; July, $1.584; September, $1.594; October, $1.572.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, April 21.—Cattle—Choice butchers, $7.50 to $8.10; good, $7.35 to $7.40; medium, $6.35 to $7.35; common, $5.10 to $5.70; choice cows, $6.75 to $7.30; good, $5.75 to $6.35; common, $4.50 to $5.60; cutters and canners, $3.20 to $3.50; choice bulls, $6.75 to $8.25; good, $5.65 to $6.50; common, $4 to $5.40.

Stockers and feeders—Steers—Choice, $7.15 to $8.50; good, $5 to $6.40; light, $3.60 to $4.75; springers, to $90; milkers, to $95.

Calves—Good veals, $8.65 to $10.40; medium, $7 to $9.

Sheep and lambs—Light ewes, $5.50 to $7; heavy, $3 to $5.50; Spring lambs, $9 to $9.60.

Hogs—$9 to $9.10, fed and watered; $9.30 to $9.35, off cars; $8.65 to $8.75, f.o.b.

Montreal, April 21.—Prime beeves, 8c to 8½c; medium, 7½ to 7¾c; common, 4½ to 5½c.

Cows, $40 to $80 each; springers, $35 to $70 each.

Calves, 3½c to 7½c.

Sheep, 6c; lambs, 8c; spring lambs, $5 to $6 each.

Hogs, 9¾ to 10c.

Comment on Events

Italy's War Burden.

Italy, too, feels the new pressure of military competition. It must both maintain its African garrison and raise its home army to 275,000 men, at an immediate cost of $40,000,000, to keep pace with the other European Powers. From this point of view the consequences of the Balkan war were far reaching, and the end is not yet.

The disturbance in the balance of power caused by the rise of the Balkan States was the reason given by Germany for its great army expansion, which France promptly emulated. And just as France felt obliged to its utmost to keep up as well as possible with its gigantic ally Russia, so Italy is under constraint to spend heavily to meet the demands of its more powerful partners in the Triple Alliance.

This new expenditure will make the more difficult the efforts of the new Salandra ministry for the extension of popular education. The prevalence of illiteracy in Italy, despite all that has been done for the schools, remains disreputable, and the new law for abolishing the literacy test for suffrage makes educational reform the more pressing. But to this, as to other social measures, the burden of militarism is a serious obstacle. "Too many soldiers, too many mouths without hands," said a peasant sadly as he left for the New World.

Consumption Cures.

It is said that $15,000,000 is spent annually for medicines to cure consumption, and it is all money thrown away. Consumption cannot be cured by drugs. The good Lord provides the only remedies—sunlight, fresh air, exercise, rest and the purity of water and food.

One of the sad features of this great expense for consumption medicines is that it is the poor and ignorant who spend their money that way. And when they buy a consumption cure they are very apt to neglect the remedies that nature prescribes. They dope themselves and that weakens the symptoms, which, as a matter of fact, it strengthens the disease.

The Work of a Degenerate.

Vancouver's latest tragedy was without doubt the work of a degenerate, and there is no race of people can rightfully lay claim to either a monopoly of or immunity from this undesirable class. Because the boy who murdered Mrs. Millard was a Chinaman public sentiment in Vancouver and British Columbia is running stronger than ever against the Asiatics. This is illogical. Crimes just as detestable have been committed by Englishmen, Canadians, Americans and others of other races, yet we do not charge up the offences of these individuals against the particular race and declare wholesale condemnation. There is plenty of good argument against the introduction of Asiatic races into this white man's country and abundance of reason why such people should not be employed as servants by white people, without reference to such incidents as the Millard case. They are bleak in their nature and by no means an indication of race tendency.

Foreignizing China.

Now that the Chinese in many provinces are adopting foreign dress, foreign food and foreign-style houses they are demanding a larger quantity of foreign merchandise. The sale of foreign clothing, shoes, hats and jewelry is said to be rapidly increasing. Foreign-made furniture also is coming more and more into use, and while a great deal of it is being made in China there is a growing demand for foreign locks and hardware of all descriptions. A considerable increase is noticed in the consumption of foreign food, and canned provisions are enjoying a wider sale. Foreign foods is displacing Chinese food to such an extent that a local guild of Chungking which formerly made huge profits by selling sharks' fins and other Chinese delicacies has suffered heavily of late on account of the growing preference for foreign food. It is hoped by the local guilds, however, that the foreign cost of living will eventually exercise its influence on conditions and that the Chinese will return to their own delicacies. The demand for foreign locks is a bad sign. Burglary must be on the increase.

Lawyers Are Born, Not Made.

If one-third of the lawyers of Canada to-day were to get into other businesses they would be better off and the country would be benefited. Really first-class lawyers are born rather than made; our trouble is that we have been trying to make lawyers of men who were designed by nature to shine in other avenues of activity. It is a hopeful sign of the times, however, that the young man of to-day who hungers for higher education and a "profession" rather than a trade is not forced by a university curriculum to be either a doctor, lawyer, preacher or teacher. The so-called "learned" professions of to-day are much more numerous than they used to be, and the universities are meeting the change in their extended courses of study.

Progress of Aviation.

A large percentage of current literature deals with aviation. Repeatedly are altitude records heightened and distance records lengthened. Aviation records of all kinds are broken day by day. Short flying trips are common daily happenings in European countries. There are fleets of military airships and flocks of military aeroplanes in Europe. France has flotillas of them with pilots and officers at strategic points. Germany has them. Italy has them. England and Russia have them. When Bleriot flew over the English Channel the world gasped. A little while afterward a flock of eight aeroplanes flew over in a single day, and now a flight over the Channel is such a trifling thing that newspapers either report it briefly or do not report it at all. Garros has flown over the Mediterranean; airmen have flown across the Alps and Pyrenees; Ingold, a German airman, has made a continuous flight of sixteen and one-half hours; Legagneux has sailed three and seven-tenths miles into the sky; Prevost has flown at a speed of more than a hundred and seventy-five miles an hour; Pegaud flies upside down and transatlantic flight is talked of. Perhaps it may be accomplished. Nobody doubts now that a flying machine will fly.

DID NURSE SUICIDE?

Vancouver Authorities of Opinion Death Was Self Inflicted.

A despatch received at Berlin from Vancouver says: "That the woman who committed suicide here seven months ago was Miss Annie Noll, of Berlin, was definitely learned to-day, when positive identification was made through personal effects shown to a friend of the deceased, Miss Cora Mix. Before committing suicide Miss Noll destroyed everything that might possibly lead to a clue to her identity, and for this reason her disappearance from Berlin has so long been a mystery. Before her death Miss Noll was connected with the Vancouver Hospital as a trained nurse. She ended her life in the Westminster Hotel seven months ago."

Local relatives do not believe that the woman committed suicide, and are obtaining complete information. They hold to the belief that she was murdered for her money, as they state she must have had from five hundred to one thousand in the bank. The fact that she had sent her trunk to the station and was to leave for San Francisco on a visit to her sister, they maintain, is also evidence against the report of suicide.

Miss Noll was a refined and accomplished young lady, and was popularly known here, where she was engaged as a stenographer seven years ago. Mrs. T. H. Callahan and Mrs. E. Lippert are sisters.

BATTLE TO THE DEATH.

Inhabitants of Italian Village Engage in Deadly Conflict.

A despatch from London says: The Milan correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says there was a desperate battle between people living in the villages of Umito and Vallecchia. The fight, which was the culmination of a long fued, took place in a pasturage lying between the two villages. Several hundred people were engaged in the battle, and they used as weapons shovels, rakes, scythes, axes and guns.

TWO CHILDREN SLAIN.

Murderer Killed Himself After Escaping to His Camp.

A despatch from Moncton, N.B., says: The two little children of Neil Mullin were killed with an axe in their home nine miles from Newcastle on Saturday. Park Sobey, who is alleged to have committed the murders and to have made an unsuccessful attack upon the father of the children, was found dead today in his backwoods camp. The authorities believe he killed himself.

Wireless will be used extensively on lake steamers.

THE CENTENNIAL OF PEACE.

Memorials to Cost $1,000,000 Approved by Sub-Committee.

A despatch from New York says: Memorials marking the centennial of peace between the United States and Great Britain in 1915, at an aggregate cost of $1,000,000, were tentatively approved on Wednesday by a sub-committee of the American Centenary Organization meeting in this city. The organization's Finance Committee must yet ratify the appropriations and conditional contracts made.

Sums of from $35,000 to $75,000 each were set apart for statues of Lincoln in London; Francis Parkman, the historian, in Ottawa, Ont., and Queen Victoria, in Washington, D.C.

Free educational trips abroad for newspapermen of all countries are to be instituted with the proceeds of one of the funds available for the committee's use, it was announced. Ignorance of foreign countries causes writing, which engenders friction, while foreign travel for newspapermen would promote peace, in the opinion of the committee. To writers of poems, hymns and essays extolling peace and the centenary celebration $10,000 in prizes will be distributed. A gift of $10,000 was voted to the City of Ghent, Belgium, where the treaty of 1815 was signed.

The Washington homestead in England, Sulgrave Manor, will have its name changed to Washington Manor, and an institute is to be established there to further peace through lectures of representatives of foreign countries. At all capitals, beginning with Berlin, a monument typifying America's message of peace to the nations of the world will be erected, at a cost not yet specified. Money also will be disbursed to churches, schools and synagogues and schools taking part in the peace celebration.

SUFFERED BIG DEFEAT.

Several Hundred Killed in Fight With Chinese Federal Troops.

A despatch from Pekin says: Regular troops severely defeated "White Wolf" and his brigands, several hundreds of whom were killed.

The regular troops encountered the bandit army at Li Chuan-Hsien, to the north-west of Sian-Fu, capital of Shen-Si Province. They were threatening an attack on Sian-Fu.

Sharp fighting ensued, and resulted in the rout of the brigands, who fled to a position 20 miles from Kien-Chow, further to the north-west.

Heavy reinforcements of regulars have been despatched to the scene, and the brigands, who have pillaged many towns and villages and killed the inhabitants, are being gradually surrounded.

A number of mission doctors have gone from Huh-Sien and Chow Chih to attend the wounded.

WESTERN CORN BLAMED.

Result of Investigation Into Epidemic Among Hogs in Quebec.

A despatch from Quebec says: The epidemic which has been responsible for the death of hundreds of hogs in the parish of Beauport, near here, has been the subject of investigation among farmers in this district, and the conclusion is that the disease is due to the feeding of the hogs with shipments of Western corn.

WITH BULLET IN TEMPLE.

Store Keeper Demanded Beer Before an Operation.

A despatch from Montreal says: When Brought to the Notre Dame Hospital with a bullet in his right temple, Donat Fugere, a storekeeper in Viauville, asked the doctors for a glass of beer and some cigarettes. When refused them, he ran out of the institution, with the doctors after him, dashed into a saloon, ordered his drink and smokes, and only returned to the hospital when he had drunk the beer and had consumed a cigarette.

NEW LIFE

Found in Change to Right Food.

After one suffers for months from acid dyspepsia, sour stomach, and then finds the remedy is in getting the right kind of food, it is something to speak about.

An Eastern lady and her young son had such an experience and she wants others to know how to get relief. She writes:

"For about fifteen months my little boy and myself had suffered with sour stomach. We were unable to retain much of anything we ate.

"After suffering in this way for so long I decided to consult a specialist in stomach diseases. Instead of prescribing drugs, he put us both on Grape-Nuts and we began to improve immediately.

"It was the key to a new life. I found we had been eating too much heavy food which we could not digest. In a few weeks after commencing Grape-Nuts, I was able to do my house work. I wake in the morning with a clear head and feel rested and have no sour stomach. My boy sleeps well and wakes with a laugh.

"We have regained our lost weight and continue to eat Grape-Nuts for both the morning and evening meals. We are well and happy and owe it to Grape-Nuts."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

General Villa and His Gasoline Charger.

The little Napoleon of the Mexican Republic, the acclaimed hero and man of the hour, whose fearlessness has aided him in driving the Federals from Torreon, their last stronghold, is a motorist in the true sense of the word. Acknowledging the supremacy of motor-driven methods of transportation over the old-fashioned methods used on the battlefield since the memory of man, he has deserted the four-footed, snorting charger for the gasoline charger, which covers the ground with the rapidity of the steed of Pegasus. His partiality for the motorcycle is due to the success he had with it at the battle of Ojinaga, when the motorcycle was used by him for despatch duty. During the hammering away at Torreon, his motorcycle couriers covered themselves with glory. This photo was taken at Villa's headquarters at Juarez just before his successful advance on Torreon.

EIGHT KILLED IN HOTEL FIRE.

Gas Plant Exploded In Macoun, Saskatchewan.

Macoun, Sask., April 20.—Eight persons were killed or cremated, one was fatally injured, and eight seriously injured in the explosion of the gas plant of the Macoun Hotel at noon to-day.

Two explosions occurred shortly after noon, thirty persons being in the building at the time. The first explosion lifted the main part of the building like a balloon and the wreckage dropped back into a confused mass, burying a score of people in the debris. The uninjured immediately set to work to extricate the sufferers, when a second explosion occurred, and the mass of wreckage broke into flames, cutting off the rescuers. Two women and five men are known to have been burned alive, and amid their cries the rescuers made superhuman efforts to reach them. Nine others were taken from the wreckage and rushed to the hospital at Estevan.

In the Estevan Hospital Joseph Grant, a carpenter, died, while Miss Margaret Wilson, a teacher of the Macoun School, whose home is at Fergus Falls, Ont., and Miss Stella Peterson, the hotel cook, who has a sister living in Winnipeg, are dying. Little hope is held out for their recovery.

The gas plant is an acetylene generator located in the basement of the hotel.

The building was razed to the ground by the fire which followed the second explosion.

CHINAMEN MUTINIED.

Put Up Vigorous Battle as Ship Lay at Halifax.

St. John, N.B., April 20.—An ugly mutiny broke out on the coal steamer Lingan at her dock here on Sunday afternoon, when six Chinese firemen, resenting the action of Second Engineer John McKavitt in reprimanding them, suddenly threw down their shovels and attacked their officers. McKavitt, although alone, put up a tremendous fight, but the odds were too great. He was hurled to the iron plating and badly mauled.

The chief engineer and other officers, hearing the racket, rushed to the rescue, but were met with volleys of coal, nuts, shovels and iron pins, and, although they finally came to grips with the mutineers and rescued their fellow-officer, were unable to force the Celestials into submission. The help of Deputy Chief Jenkins and six policemen was secured. The mutineers were placed under arrest with much difficulty. McKavitt is suffering from cuts and ugly bruises about the head and shoulders, while others of the officers are also badly beaten up.

MAJ.-GEN. COTTON DEAD.

Ex-Inspector General Passes Away Suddenly at Almonte.

Almonte, Ont., April 20.—Major-General W. H. Cotton, former Inspector-General of the Canadian militia, died suddenly at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Alex. Rosamond, here to-night at 11 o'clock.

The deceased General was born in Montreal January 7, 1848. He was a crack shot, and on two occasions accompanied teams to Bisley, Eng. He won the second prize awarded by the Dominion Artillery Association for an essay on organization and equipment of artillery.

He was in command of the First Infantry Division at the Quebec Tercentenary celebration in 1908. He also saw active service during the Fenian Raids, 1866-70, and won the General Service Medal with two clasps.

Hermann Ahlwardt, a noted anti-Semitic agitator, died as the result of an accident in Leipzig, Germany.

Albert College, at Belleville, must close unless $100,000 is raised.

Immigration officers declare the present type of immigrant of little use as agriculturists.

BEQUEATHED MILLIONS.

Frenchman Left a Will Revealing a Strange Delusion.

Montreal, April 20.—The will of Abraham Lincoln Pacaud, who died at Verdun Asylum on Jan. 29 last, worth $200, has been annulled by Mr. Justice Charbonneau on the ground of insanity.

The deceased, who was once a well-known insurance broker in the city, seems to have been under the delusion that he was a millionaire, and left annuities totalling about $50,000 to various parties, including young ladies the testator had known many years ago in Chicago. After the deaths of the parties named the estate was to go to McGill University to found a department for the cure of malignant diseases, such as cancer, to be known as the "Abraham Lincoln Pacaud Foundation."

ONLY ONE SURVIVOR.

Hauled Through Surf Mere Dead Than Alive.

A despatch from New York says: The identity of the schooner which went ashore in a northeast gale near Long Branch, N.J., was established by life savers as the Charles K. Buckley, from Jacksonville, Fla., for New York. The schooner is a total loss, and Captain Hardy, his wife, and all members of the crew except one seaman named Atchison, were lost while attempting to launch a lifeboat.

Atchison, who remained on deck, was rescued by being virtually lassoed by a line shot across the bow of the schooner from ashore. Atchison got twisted up in the breeches buoy line and was dragged from the deck into the seething sea. Life savers on shore then ran with the line, dragging Atchison up on the beach, more dead than alive. Both Atchison's shoulders and one leg were broken.

BUBONIC PLAGUE OUTBREAK.

Nine Cases and Two Deaths Reported in Havana.

A despatch from Havana, Cuba, says: Seventeen city blocks in Havana have been vacated and turned over to the sanitary department fumigators to fight the outbreak of bubonic plague. Two more suspected cases were reported on Wednesday, making a total of nine cases and two deaths since the outbreak started. No traffic in the infected area is permitted with the exception of street cars, which are searched for bundles on passing through the district. Two cordons of troops form a barrier to prevent ingress into the zone which has been vacated by 18,000 persons. A bill was introduced in Congress on Wednesday to reimburse the merchants in the affected district for the loss they will suffer. No uneasiness is felt.

DOCTOR WILL BE DEPORTED.

Was Arrested Two Months Ago Following the Death of His Wife.

A despatch from Sudbury says: Dr. Karl Sunel, of Sudbury, who has been held at Sudbury since the mysterious death of his wife, two months ago, is to be deported to the United States, from which country he came, although a native of Finland. There is doubt expressed as to the sanity of the doctor, who has gained considerable notoriety through the investigation into the mysterious cause of the death of his wife.

$4,253 WORTH OF WATER.

Drank by Civil Servants in Ottawa Since Typhoid Epidemic.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Federal Government's bill for drinking water from January 1, 1912, to March 1, 1914, was $4,253. This information was furnished in a return tabled in the Commons. Since the typhoid epidemic in Ottawa, some two years ago, all civil servants in the Departments of State at the capital have been drinking spring or distilled water.

Items of News by Wire

Notes of Interest as to What is Going on All Over the World

Canada.

The Allan liners Calgarian and Alsatian will use Quebec as their Canadian port.

Sarnia will be proclaimed a city by the Duke of Connaught on his visit to it on May 7.

Four hundred Hindus are said to be on their way to Vancouver from Shanghai and Hong Kong.

A branch of the Hydro-radial Union of Collingwood was organized on Saturday at Collingwood.

Allan Wesley Weese died without a moment's warning while in his motor boat on the Bay of Quinte.

Artesian wells have been found in Steelton, which are supplying, it is estimated, 350 gallons a minute.

The body of a man thought to be G. J. Pilette, a Belgian, evidently a C.N.R. timekeeper, was found in the bush near North Bay.

Malcolm Johnston, a merchant of St. Thomas, has mysteriously disappeared since Tuesday last; it is feared he has lost his memory.

Premier Flemming has been given leave of absence from the New Brunswick Legislature pending investigation of charges against him.

Thos. Riley was found guilty at London of manslaughter in the death of Geo. Blackburn, bartender at the Hotel Cecil.

The Ontario-Niagara Connecting Bridge Co. is applying for incorporation, to build another bridge across the Niagara above Queenston.

Manila is to be a port of call for the Canadian Pacific Railway Empresses, the time from North America being cut down to seventeen days.

A jury in the London Assize Court awarded Mrs. Alice Eckardt $200 damages against the Smallman & Ingram Company for wrongful search of her person.

Woodstock City Council has decided to send James Wallace, K.C., at present acting judge, to Ottawa to urge the Government to grant free city mail delivery.

The Federal Government is prepared to give Ontario a right-of-way for the extension of the Timiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway to Port Nelson on Hudson Bay.

Sir Francis Langelier, Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, speaking at Morin College, warmly defended the Boy Scouts organization, resenting statements made by La Verte.

George H. Barnum, formerly of Napanee, manager of a Mexican bank which failed, after which he was imprisoned in Mexico, is killed in an [illegible] with his son near San Francisco.

After June 1 the C.P.R. will run its fast passenger trains over the M.C.R. between Windsor and Detroit, cutting two hours off the time saved running by way of London, the saving being by means of the tunnel at Detroit.

An interesting question as to schoolboard's [illegible] of a teacher's time on Saturday last arose in Windsor, arising over L. S. Caley, one of the staff, undertaking to teach a manual training class in Amherstburg on the off day.

Great Britain.

The British Government has instituted proceedings against owners of the Senghenydd colliery in Wales, where hundreds of miners lost their lives in a mine explosion in October last, alleging that there were scores of [illegible] of the Coal Mines Law.

A memorial window and tablet to the late Lord Strathcona in Westminster Abbey [illegible] made by a strong committee. The appeal [illegible] circular to the [illegible] in Britain, [illegible] associated with the [illegible] tribute.

United States.

Eight lives were lost in the wreck of a schooner off the New Jersey coast.

Eleven persons were killed as a result of an apartment house fire in New York on Friday.

McKee Rankin, [illegible] and a native of Ontario, died in New York on Friday.

The trial of [illegible] charged with cruelty to animals by vivisection ended in a [illegible] court room.

Wireless telephone messages between Lackawanna [illegible] accepted wireless [illegible] United States [illegible].

General.

"White Wolf" [illegible] band were [illegible] nese regular troops.

Six alleged [illegible] Sardinia, [illegible] been told in court.

As the [illegible] sion two [illegible] Buenos Aires [illegible]

FORT. AND N. O. RAILWAY.

Strip of Land Five Miles Wide Has Been Reserved.

A despatch from Ottawa says: When the boundaries of Ontario were extended so as to provide for access to Hudson Bay, a five-mile strip of territory was reserved to that province through the new territory of Manitoba as right-of-way for the extension of the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. By way of implementing this undertaking Hon. Dr. Roche has given notice of a resolution to hand over to the Province of Ontario, subject to such conditions as the Government may prescribe, "certain lands, easements and privileges within the Province of Manitoba, and belonging to his Majesty in the right of Canada, required to make provision for the extension of the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, to a port at Hudson Bay, at or near the mouth of the Nelson River, in so far as such lands are vested in his Majesty in the right of the Dominion, including such of said lands as are school lands."

STRUCK BY A HEAVY TIMBER.

Jose Sunstrum, Foreman of Bridge Gang, Instantly Killed.

A despatch from North Bay says: Jose Sunstrum was almost instantly killed at English River, on the National Transcontinental Railway west of Cochrane, by being struck on the head by a falling timber. Deceased was foreman of a bridge crew engaged in tearing down a temporary trestle which had been replaced by a permanent structure. A large timber was dislodged, and in falling struck a projection, and glanced in the direction of Mr. Sunstrum, who saw his danger but could not get clear in time, the heavy timber striking and crushing his skull, death resulting immediately. He was [illegible] tawa, where [illegible] highly respected [illegible] and three [illegible]

TRIED TO KILL MAYOR.

Attempt to Murder New York Chief Magistrate in Midday.

A despatch from New York says: In the midst of [illegible] on Park Row [illegible] on the life of Mayor [illegible] Mitchel just as he was stepping into his automobile [illegible] east end of the City Hall [illegible] shabbily dressed [illegible] years, who had [illegible] a series of grievances against the Mayor's mode of [illegible] city government [illegible] tended for the Mayor [illegible] aim, but lodged in [illegible] poration Counsel [illegible] who was seated at the Mayor's [illegible] and who had been [illegible] of four accompanying [illegible] the Mayor.

BODY FOUND IN THE WOODS.

Note Was Found Giving Directions For the Funeral.

A despatch from North Bay says: The body of an unknown man was discovered lying in the bush near North Bay. A note found near the body written in French gave directions for the disposal of the body. The writer intimated [illegible] and couldn't walk further and said he was going to die. The dead man is believed to have been Georges Joseph Pilette, a Belgian who had been keeping time on the C.N.R. construction, as a C.N.R. time-check was found among his papers. The body showed no signs of violence and he had evidently been dead several days. No money was found on the body.

That Nagging Pain in the Back

is caused by just one thing—weak, strained, irritated kidneys. And there is just one way to stop it...

GIN PILLS

strengthen and heal the kidneys—neutralize the urine—stop those scalding passages—and quickly relieve the pain in the back and limbs. Gin Pills are also the recognized cure for Rheumatism and Sciatica. 50c. a box; 6 for $2.50. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price.

Sample free if you mention this paper. 163

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., OF CANADA LIMITED, TORONTO.

Why Not 7 Per Cent Interest?

If your money earns less than 7%, write to us to-day. We are offering the Bonds of a successful, well-organized company which yield 7% interest and have a profit-sharing feature as well. Your investment may be withdrawn any time after one year on 60 days' notice. Send for circular and full particulars.

NATIONAL SECURITIES CORPORATION, LIMITED.

CONFEDERATION LIFE BUILDING - TORONTO, CANADA.